"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Showers today; Saturday, fair; strong north and northwest winds.
Temperature yesterday—Max., 68; min., 55.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXXI....No. 23,491. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MAY 19, 1922. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

HARDING ASSERTS HONEST COMMERCE IS NATION'S NEED

President Tells Chamber of Commerce We Are on the Threshold of a New Era.

WANTS A MERCHANT MARINE

No Other Desire of the Administration Ranks Higher, He Declares.

POINTS TO RUSSIA'S PLIGHT

Quotes Declaration That It Cannot Be Relieved While Its People Work Without Reward.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—In an address before the Chamber of Commerce of the United States this afternoon President Harding declared the ranking constructive thought in the mind of the Administration was the desire to firmly establish an American merchant marine. With this, the President urged the need of an American commerce "with a conscience." He declared business was reviving, but no business could permanently succeed if it was not honest.

Asserting that no substitute ever could be found for the reward of merit, Mr. Harding turned to the Russian situation as an illustration.

"Not so very long ago," said the President, "there came into the executive offices a very distinguished visitor whose homeland is Russia. He was talking of conditions existing there, and, expressing a hope for its restoration, in which we can all very cordially subscribe. He said:

"'Mr. President, it will never be brought about until the existing system is abandoned. I know peasants of simple honesty and ready industry who have heretofore always been eager to work and produce, but under a system where they retain only that which is necessary for their subsistence and the surpluses are taken from them, the inspiration to produce has been destroyed. Russia can never be restored until the communistic idea has been put aside and the rewards for righteous human activity are restored to the citizenship of that land.'"

For Less Government in Business.

President Harding said the practicability of the doctrine of "less Government in business and more business in Government" depended upon the character of American commercial life.

"If the commerce of America," he said, "were always conscientious, there never would be a single excuse for Government in American business."

The President declared it hopeless ever to return to the old order of American industry and exchanges in trade.

"I know you are interested in world restoration," said Mr. Harding. "So is your Government. But I beg to remind you we must always be right at home before we can be very helpful abroad. I do not know of anything that would help more than to give to the world an example of a commercial nation with an abiding conscience."

To give an illustration of commercial conscience, the President discussed the tariff. After declaring that he did not want American industry to be destroyed to build up foreign enterprises, Mr. Harding cited a hypothetical case of an article bought abroad for 25 cents and sold to the American consumer for $5.

"That is commerce without a conscience," he exclaimed. "You cannot be astonished that there is complaint from both American producer and consumer. You cannot afford to destroy American industry to facilitate an importing trade like that. You cannot afford to have international exchanges of a destructive character."

Gives Views on Foreign Commerce.

Mr. Harding laid down his principles with regard to foreign commerce, saying: "I believe it is possible to trade with the world without any destruction of American productivity. I wish for such an arrangement. Let us sell things that Americans can produce advantageously to those who cannot produce them. Let us buy the things that they have to sell to us and which we do not produce. Out of such exchanges comes righteous relationship and balances of trade and the continued forward movement of the great human procession."

Commenting upon the fact that he was speaking on the convention's "merchant marine day," President Harding expressed the opinion that had this country a merchant fleet in proportion to its commercial importance there would have been no World War. "No nation, he said, ever maintained dominance of trade unless it also was a carrier of trade.

"It is perfectly needless," he said, "to tell a body of business men and women that no thoughtful producer turns to his competitor for his deliveries."

The Jones Merchant Marine and Subsidy bill now before Congress, he declared, took the Government out of the shipping business and insured the maintenance of privately owned American merchant ships.

Text of the President's Speech.

Mr. Harding spoke in full as follows:

"If there is any one realization which flows itself more firmly than another in the mind of one charged with great responsibility, it is the conviction that the business life of the Republic is the reflex of all its good fortunes. I think I can venture to say that commerce and civilization go hand in hand; and were it not for commerce there would be no civilization.

"From the viewpoint of one in authority and having responsibility comes another consideration. Commerce finds its place in all our considerations. Un-

Continued on Page Four.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE—Furnished apartment to let, 7 rooms, 2 baths, all outside; overlooking Columbia College; very beautiful view of Hudson River; June 15 to Sept. 30; $200 monthly. References. Telephone Morningside 0236.—Advt.

Illinois Operators Demand Union Move to End Strike

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 18.—Illinois mine operators today made their first move toward ending the nation-wide coal strike, in an open letter, addressed to Frank L. Farrington, President of District No. 12 of the United Mine Workers.

"Not only Illinois operators, but that part of the public who are consumers of Illinois mined coal would like to know just where you stand with respect to the present mine labor situation which is keeping mines idle and just what you propose to do about it," the letter read.

"Illinois mines have now been idle for seven weeks. Not one move has been made by you or your associates to even undertake negotiations for a new wage scale on which work might be resumed, nor to the best of our knowledge, is anything in prospect. We can see no reason that would justify itself with the public for your attitude or lack of action."

PRICE FIXING PERIL SEEN IN EXPORT LAW

Steel Exporter Admits Home Rates Could Be Made at Meetings to Fix Foreign Prices.

UNDER WEBB-POMERENE ACT

Head of Independents' Shipping Corporation Before Lockwood Committee—Taylor on Merger.

Acting on the theory that the prices of steel for domestic housing construction are fixed by collusion between the United States Steel Corporation and the independent manufacturers, the Lockwood Committee yesterday disclosed the ease with which domestic prices could be fixed through the aid of the Webb-Pomerene law, which permits combinations of competitors for export trade.

Samuel Untermyer's examination of E. A. S. Clarke, President of the Consolidated Steel Corporation, the export selling agency for the independent steel companies, and of Moses Taylor, Chairman of the board of the Lackawanna Steel Company, brought up a series of questions regarding the recently announced Lackawanna-Bethlehem merger and the proposed six-company merger.

Mr. Clarke said that he tried to fix prices for export steel as high as the prices which steel products brought in the domestic market. He admitted that if his directors, the officers of the constituent corporations, "were so minded," they could, at their monthly meetings, find the fixing of export prices, permitted under the Webb-Pomerene law, "a very convenient way of fixing home prices," but he would not say that this was a "natural" thing to do.

From Mr. Taylor Mr. Untermyer sought to bring out the history of the Lackawanna-Bethlehem merger and of the proposed six-company merger and to learn whether the original intention had not been to have a great eight or nine company merger to include the Lackawanna, Bethlehem Steel Corporation and the members of the pending six-company merger.

Mr. Untermyer announced that Mr. Grace and Judge Elbert H. Gary, Chairman of the board of the U. S. Steel Corporation, had been excused because of their attendance at the White House conference of steel men. They will be called next week.

Result of Webb-Pomerene Law.

Mr. Clarke was the first witness called. He said that the Consolidated Steel Corporation was formed in January, 1919, about eight months after the passage of the Webb-Pomerene law, and that he gave up the Presidency of the Lackawanna Steel Company to accept the office of President of the Consolidated at a salary of $50,000 a year, with additional percentage compensation.

The members of the Consolidated are the Bethlehem Steel Company, Lackawanna Steel Company, Lukens Steel Company, Midvale Steel and Ordnance Company, Cambria Steel Company, Republic Iron and Steel Company, Sharon Steel Hoop Company, Brier Hill Steel Company, Trumbull Steel Company, Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company and the Whittaker-Glessner Company. The Midvale and the Cambria are reckoned as one, he said, so the Consolidated has ten members.

The Directors of the Consolidated are Mr. Grace of the Bethlehem Steel Company, A. C. Dinkey, President of the

Continued on Page Three.

STEEL CHIEFS AGREE TO CONSIDER ENDING THE 12-HOUR DAY

41 Executives Dine With Harding—All Favor Abolishing Long Day if Possible.

GARY TO NAME COMMITTEE

Problem Will Be Carefully Studied and the Conclusions Will Be Reported to Industry.

HARDING URGES THE CHANGE

Holds That With Trade Revival Near the Reform Can Better Be Made Now.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—Abolition of the twelve-hour day in the steel industry was favored by forty-one steel company executives from all parts of the country, who were guests at the White House tonight, and were asked by President Harding to consider the matter.

By formal resolution the steel men authorized Judge Elbert H. Gary to appoint a committee of five to make a careful investigation of the matter and report their conclusions to the industry.

It was nearly midnight when the conference of steel men and the President broke up. Then Judge Gary who had been designated as spokesman to the press, made this statement:

"This meeting was called by the President solely for the purpose of discussing the question as to whether or not it is practicable and desirable to abolish the twelve-hour work day. The President stated that he did not desire to interfere with the natural and legitimate progress of business, nor to do anything except to insist that the industry meet, if possible, what seemed to be a strong public sentiment.

"He gave opportunity to all present to express their views on the subject under inquiry. Advantage was taken freely of this invitation.

All for Abolition if Possible.

"After full and frank discussion in which it was apparent all favored abolition of the twelve-hour day, if and when applicable, it was unanimously resolved that a committee of five from the steel industry be appointed by the President of the Iron and Steel Institute to make careful and scientific investigation and report to the steel industry their conclusions and recommendations. The meeting was harmonious and was participated in by Secretaries Mellon, Hoover and Davis, and it is hoped that much good may result."

Judge Gary explained that his statement was not intended to represent President Harding's views, but rather his own. The personnel of the committee, Judge Gary said, would not be decided upon until he returned to New York.

"There will be no undue delay in selecting this committee," he added.

The object of the conference had been practically told earlier in the evening in a statement issued by George E. Christian, secretary to the Secretary. This said in part:

"The President had dining with him a company of nearly fifty representatives of the iron and steel industry and Secretaries Mellon, Hoover and Davis. No announcement of the purpose of the dinner was given to the guests in advance.

"After dining the President stated that he wished to know better the men comprising his company of guests and to very informally discuss with them the complete abolition of the twelve-hour working day in the steel industry. He explained frankly that there was no intention of Government interference in private business, but that we are about to witness a great industrial revival and the one hope of abolishing the excessively long working day was to do it before the full swing is resumed.

"The President explained that he had discussed the matter with individual heads, and found much favorable sentiment, but there is a conviction that the abolition is impracticable without substantially unanimous action by all the employing forces in the iron and steel industries. Hence the dinner and the attending opportunity to discuss the proposal amid free and frank expression on a question of such import to industrial America."

The twelve-hour day was one of the subjects of dispute in the 1919 steel

Continued on Page Three.

Negro Boy Tortured and Burned at Stake In Georgia After Killing White Woman

DAVISBORO, Ga., May 18.—Charles Atkins, a negro, 15 years old, one of four taken into custody today in connection with the killing of Mrs. Elizabeth Kitchens, 20 years old, was burned at the stake tonight.

The lynching occurred at the scene of the murder and followed an alleged confession from the 15-year-old prisoner. He was tortured over a slow fire for fifteen minutes and then, shrieking with pain, was questioned concerning his accomplices.

Atkins was said to have implicated another negro boy, but to have exonerated his own brother, whose name had been connected with the crime in a statement made soon after his arrest.

Members of the mob, comprising nearly 2,000 people, then raised the body again, fastened it to a pine tree with trace chains and relighted the fire. More than 200 shots were fired into the charred body following the boy's death.

Following the lynching of Atkins the mob started out on a search for the negro he had named as his accomplice.

Gainor Atkins and his wife, father and stepmother of the alleged slayer, who were in the hands of the mob, were turned over to the Sheriff. The old negro told members of the posse that his son drove up to his house this morning about 10 o'clock in the automobile stolen from the murdered woman and told him some one had given it to him.

Mrs. Kitchens was shot and instantly killed about four miles from here today when she stopped to place a letter in a mail box at a farm house. The negro hid beside the road, and when Mrs. Kitchens stopped her car he boarded it and attempted to rob her. Before she could use the pistol she carried in the car to protect the mails, the negro is said to have placed a shotgun close to her head and fired, the discharge causing instant death.

Some of the stolen money was found in the negro's pockets.

CONROE, Texas, May 18.—The body of a young negro was found by Grimes County farmers swinging to a tree by the roadside near Plantersville today. The negro, who was known by the name of Early, apparently had been lynched last night.

Early was taken by officers Monday night when screams of a young white girl, whom it was reported he was attempting to attack, aroused the neighborhood. He was placed in jail at Anderson, but escaped Tuesday night. Several searching parties and a Sheriff's posse were formed. Some of the searchers apparently captured the negro last night and lynched him.

BOARD OF ESTIMATE ASSAILED BY MILLER

Governor Says It Can Retard but Not Indefinitely Postpone Transit Solution.

CALLS FOR HYLAN'S PLAN

Tells Queens Chamber of Commerce Queens Does Not Know What a Five-Cent Fare Is.

Governor Nathan L. Miller again assailed the Board of Estimate for trying to obstruct the solution of the transit problem in a speech at the luncheon of the Queens Chamber of Commerce at the Hotel Commodore yesterday. The Governor said such obstruction could retard but could not postpone indefinitely the working out of the problem.

Asserting that the people of Queens did not know what a single five-cent fare was, because they had to pay two or three of them, the Governor advocated the plan of the Transit Commission for the reorganization of the transit lines in the city.

"It is perfectly manifest," he said, "that the proper development of this great centre requires a single unified system, serving the public for a single fare."

The Governor, disclaiming any intention of personal interference, approved the general plan of the Transit Commission for new subway lines, and said he hoped Mayor Hylan would present his plan for rapid transit construction.

Referring to Mayor Hylan's recent assertion that interest on construction cost of an unused line should not be considered as a loss because it would run on anyway, the Governor said he did not understand this logic.

"It would strike me," he added, "that there was a great deal of difference whether you were paying interest on an idle, dead piece of work or interest on something which was serving the needs of the city and which should speedily be returning the revenue which would provide that interest."

Governor Frequently Applauded.

The Governor, who was frequently applauded, said the plan of the Transit Commission would release for the city $250,000,000 in frozen credits in subway bonds and that this would greatly increase the power of the city to provide additional transit facilities. He approved municipal ownership of transit lines as necessary for lessening the congestion of population, but by inference, at least, disapproved municipal operation, which the Mayor has said would be an indispensable provision before the Board of Estimate would approve any new subway construction.

"I am not a believer in the Government undertaking to do things which can be done better by private enterprise," the Governor said, "because the public never does things so well, so efficiently or economically, but there are certain things which compel the application of different principles to controlling situations. Your controlling necessity requires municipal ownership, and therefore the other proposition has to yield in the face of that superior necessity.

"The city now owns what may be termed the backbone of any completed system, and what is now required undoubtedly is the extension of that ownership under some suitable plan to be worked out by those competent to do it. And what that plan should be or what its details should be, I do not undertake to say. That, as I said, is your problem.

Questions Visit to City.

"But it is particularly emphasized by what has been said by your President and by the fact that Queensboro offers these wide spaces, which the city sadly needs for its growing population. No other borough except Richmond has such undeveloped territory, and it is vitally necessary that your borough shall be developed; it is vitally necessary in every aspect, not merely industrial, but as a sociological problem, to insure the comfort and the happiness and the health and the welfare of the millions of people around this great centre—it is vitally necessary that these wide spaces shall be developed. And so the two problems of transit and the other problem of the development of your terminal and port facilities are, in my judgment, the problems most vitally affecting the health and the happiness

Continued on Page Six.

KEEP BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION IN YOUR TRAVELING BAG.—Advt.

POLICEMAN SLAIN, 6TH SINCE JAN. 5

Douglas W. Hay Shot Down by Peddler to Whom He had Given a Summons.

ANOTHER WOUNDED IN CHASE

Slayer Caught After Fusillade—Victim Recently Hurt Saving Children From Runaway.

The sixth New York policeman to die in the line of duty since Jan. 5 was shot to death yesterday afternoon in a Bronx street. Another patrolman was shot through the right hand.

The slain policeman was Douglas W. Hay, attached to the Bathgate Avenue Station, who was cited for a heroic act three weeks ago. He was shot in the back—then shot twice more in the abdomen as he lay on the sidewalk—by Michael Fradiano, an Italian peddler, who resented a summons that made him liable to a fine of $1 or a severe lecture.

The wounded officer was Policeman Edmund Slater of the same station who was hit during an exchange of shots that resulted in the capture of Fradiano. The only explanation offered by the prisoner was, "I thought the cop was going to hit me."

One hour after the shooting District Attorney Edward Glennon had drawn an indictment against Fradiano; the Bronx County Grand Jury had been directed to assemble today and arrangements had been completed for the prosecutor to appear before the jurors at 10 o'clock this morning and seek an indictment alleging first degree murder.

Victim Just Out of Hospital.

The shooting took place at 1:30 o'clock in front of 3,802 Third Avenue, one of a row of apartment houses extending along the east side of the avenue from 171st Street to 172d Street. Policeman Hay had been assigned to that beat on Sunday night, when he reported back at the station house for duty after having been three weeks in Fordham Hospital recovering from injuries he received when he halted a runaway horse as the animal neared a group of school children.

Patroling his beat, Hay neared the corner of 172d Street, and as he did so he noticed Fradiano come out of the basement of the apartment house and throw garbage into the street. For two years the Italian had been doing odd jobs around the apartment houses, running errands and now and then operating a pushcart at 149th Street and Third Avenue during the Saturday night marketing hours.

"That's against the Sanitary Code," said the policeman, as he pointed to the litter near the curb, "and you'll have to pick it up."

Although sixteen years in this country, Fradiano pretended not to understand. Hay repeated his injunction and the man refused to obey.

"You'll have to pick that up or else I'll give you a summons," warned the policeman, and again Fradiano refused.

Policeman Writes Summons.

Hay then produced his book and wrote out a summons directing Fradiano to appear in the West Farms Court today at 10 o'clock. In order to make certain that Fradiano understood the matter the policeman called one of Fradiano's fellow countrymen from the little group that had gathered and the text of the summons was interpreted to Fradiano.

"Wait a minute until I get my hat and coat," said Fradiano. Then he darted down into the basement, where Abraham Kramer, proprietor of a candy store in one of the houses, permitted him the use of a small room.

Apparently convinced that his part was done, the policeman started to walk down Third Avenue toward East 171st Street. He had taken about five paces when Fradiano emerged from the basement with a pistol. According to the stories told later by eight eyewitnesses, the peddler took deliberate aim and shot the policeman in the back. The bullet hit Hay's spine, midway of the column. The policeman still had his fountain pen and book of summons blanks in his hands, and as he fell backward the pen and book were flung into the street.

The witnesses then said Fradiano hurried to his prostrate victim and shot him twice in the abdomen. Fradiano then walked back up Third Avenue to 172d Street, turned the corner and headed east along the short block leading to Crotona Park. Midway down the block he started to run, throwing off his coat and tucking his pistol beneath the belted jumper he wore.

Meanwhile, a block away, at 172d

Continued on Page Two.

ARMY AND NAVY CLUB SPLIT BY FACTION'S VOLLEY OF CHARGES

Grievance Committee Includes Theft and Forgery in List of Accusations.

BANTON GETS FACTS TODAY

Accounting Asked for Funds Raised in $3,000,000 Drive for Officers' Memorial.

SAY INQUIRY WAS BLOCKED

Committee Declares That Inaction of Officials Forced Bringing Matter to District Attorney's Attention.

A Grievance Committee of the Army and Navy Club of America, headed by Martin Vogel, is making an investigation of a series of charges, the chief of which is that no proper accounting has been made for money raised in 1920 when a drive was held in the name of the club for $3,000,000 for a memorial to officers who died in the war.

Some of the charges will be laid before District Attorney Banton today, according to complainants who declare that the investigation has been blocked for months and that the situation calls for an inquiry by the Grand Jury.

Contributions were obtained from the public, especially from the families of slain soldiers for the officers' memorial in 1920. Families were also called upon for photographs, letters, citations and decorations of officers who died in the war, it was said, for the purpose of framing them in a memorial room, which was intended to become eventually a fairly complete record of officers who lost their lives in the war.

Some of the complaining members charge that it has been impossible to discover what became of the money contributions, and that the photographs and letters were neglected and permitted to become waterscaked and that some of them were destroyed.

Former Governor Resigned.

Charges of forgery, misappropriation of club funds, the theft of a $2,500 piano, the illegitimate sale of an $8,500 set of chandeliers and other formalities are made against a former Governor of the club who has resigned. Charges are made that this officer was improperly shielded and assisted by others. Other accusations in great variety are before the Grievance Committee.

Many of the charges were denied yesterday by Governors and other officers of the club, while others were held to be exaggerated. The derelictions of a former Governor, who resigned in the course of his trial on charges, were admitted. Some of the Governors asserted that the money raised in 1920 had been satisfactorily accounted for, and others said they were not clear as to what had happened, because the matter had occurred before their terms in office.

Another charge is that a drive for members, intended to bring ready money into the club's treasury last year, was so mismanaged that $34,000 was spent to procure $24,000 in entrance fees and dues for one year. Much of the $34,000, it was said, was squandered in unnecessary salaries, as high as $175 a week, while a large sum was spent in commissions to club members who obtained other members.

General Weld's Commission.

It was stated in the petition of the complainants that Brig. Gen. De Witt Weld had accepted a commission of $5,000 while Chairman of a committee to effect the purchase of the German Club in Central Park South, which is now the building of the Army and Navy Club. This was defended yesterday as an ordinary real estate transaction in which the firm with which General Weld is connected received a commission from the former owner of the club for negotiating the sale.

The charges relate to only a few men of the total membership of nearly 3,000, some of the most eminent men in the service and many New York business men of the highest standing are officers and members of the club, and were too much occupied with their own affairs to scrutinize the affairs of the club carefully, it was asserted, so that a small group obtained practical control of the club in 1919.

Brigadier General Howard S. Borden, Chairman of the Finance Committee of the club, said yesterday:

"I have no first hand information about the drive in 1920, as it was before my time in office, but I believe that a small amount of money was raised and that it has been satisfactorily accounted for.

"We had some unpleasant occurrences in the club, but they were being dealt with and are being dealt with. I greatly deplore any unnecessary publicity in con-

Continued on Page Seven.

No Trains in Newfoundland; Autos and Steamers Used

ST. JOHN'S N. F., May 18.—Automobiles and steamers were pressed into service today to convey passengers and mail to points isolated by the railway tie-up. Not a wheel has turned on the Newfoundland Railway since Monday when the Reid-Newfoundland Company notified its employes it could not pay their April wages due to withholding by the Government of sums alleged to be due under a guarantee to meet operating deficits.

Towns and villages in the St. John's district received their mail today by automobile and passengers were transported in the same manner. Several persons were injured one having an arm broken, when an automobile overturned on a rough piece of road near this city. Outlying points adjacent to the coast were served by small steamers.

ROBBING AMERICANS ALL OVER GERMANY

G. I. Westheimer Victim of Real Theft, but Others Are Fleeced in Prices.

CONSULATE GIVES WARNING

High Export Taxes Added to Inflated Costs—Aim to Recoup on Reparations.

By CYRIL BROWN.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, May 18.—An American has been the victim of a big hotel robbery here.

G. I. Westheimer, a banker of New York, coming from Munich, stopped in Berlin's foremost hotel on the Unter den Linden and went to a theatre last night. Returning, he found the closets, bureau and desk drawers thoroughly ransacked. Locked trunks and suitcases had been cut open and looted of a bag full of loose diamonds, other jewelry, a gold watch and banknotes, including a £100 note.

The thieves were specialists evidently, and had observed Mr. Westheimer, knew what valuables he had and were fully informed of his movements. In the room they cut the telephone and bell wires. Working leisurely, they selected only the most valuable stuff, which was easily portable.

Many Americans are being robbed daily in Germany by the less picturesque but not less thorough means and the prospects are as the tourist tide rises that the practice of double or quadruple charging American visitors up to the point of "all the traffic will bear" will provoke serious resentment.

How to milk the "valutastrong Amerikaners" is engaging not only the National Government but the Governments of federated German Republics as well as municipalities. Bavarians have temporarily solved the problem by trying to charge Americans and other "valutastrong" outlanders and other what a German pays. In the Prussian Parliament when it reassembles a proposal will come up to charge foreign visitors to Prussia a visitor's tax, to be fixed in gold marks and collected at the prewar rate of exchange. The tentatively proposed charge is four gold marks per diem. Visitors, therefore, are to be charged $1 daily for the privilege of spending their other dollars in Prussia.

At the same time acutely sharpened control of foreigners in Germany, particularly Berlin, has set in. Americans as well as others who look unlike Germans are from now on subject to being stopped by the police in streets, restaurants and other public places as well as being investigated in hotel bedrooms by the "Fremden Polizei," specialized watchers of foreigners. It looks as if Germany, ostrich-like, is trying to kill the tourist goose that lays the golden eggs.

Americans Warned Not to Buy.

Copyright, 1922, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

BERLIN, May 18.—The policy of the German Government, German shopkeepers and German hotel keepers of fleecing Americans is based on the idea of making foreigners, especially Americans, pay the German reparations. This is the statement, not only of numerous Americans who are thronging The Tribune's Berlin Bureau with protests, but it has been confirmed by many American diplomatic and Consular representatives, who have frequently informed the State Department at Washington and asked intervention.

Today there appeared on the bulletin board of the American Consulate General in Berlin as well as in all American official buildings throughout Germany an official warning to Americans telling them not to make purchases in Germany on account of the German sys-

Continued on Page Two.

AMERICAN STAND IS NOW CONDEMNED IN GENOA CIRCLES

Impression Had Been General That United States Would Join at The Hague.

CONFERENCE WORK ENDS

Will Ratify Today Truce and Hague Plan Adopted by Political Commission.

DELEGATES READY TO LEAVE

Interest in Today's Proceedings Centres in Speeches by British Premier and Tchitcherin.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENOA, May 18.—The Genoa conference, which was opened some six weeks ago with large anticipations, will be closed tomorrow with small realizations. At a plenary session, beginning at 3 o'clock, there will be adopted a report of the Economics Commission of little practical importance, the plan for another Russian conference to begin at The Hague on June 15 and the eight months' truce between Russia and the rest of Europe. Today the Political Commission, with the Russians attending, adopted the final drafts of The Hague and truce projects.

Ambassador Child handed to Premier Facta, President of the conference, a new communication from Washington today. The text is not published, but I am informed that it reiterates the American position and contains nothing changing Washington's attitude as set forth in its previous note declining the invitation to attend The Hague conference.

Mr. Child dined with Mr. Lloyd George tonight.

America's Stand Criticized.

In a day in which there was not much work except the packing of trunks the diplomats did a great deal of talking about the American refusal to accept the invitation to The Hague. While the French and their allies are pleased with what may amount to the torpedoing of Premier Lloyd George's Hague conference, the other delegations do not feel the same pleasure. In camps other than the French one hears unkind criticism of the Harding Administration, perhaps more unkind than it deserves seeing the kindly sentiments expressed in the American note.

Dispatches in today's Italian papers from Washington blame the American refusal on the Senate irreconcilables, and coupled with the report, widely spread at the time, that Harding and Hughes would have accepted the Genoa invitation had they not feared the irreconcilables would defeat the naval treaty, this explanation was quickly accepted at its face value.

Just where the general expectation of American acceptance came from is hard to tell. It probably never will be fully explained unless the instructions sent from Washington to Ambassador Child are published. But the fact remains that the English and Italians particularly, and all the delegations generally, thought Washington would accept. Had there not been that expectation the invitation would not have been sent. This general expectation, coupled with the formal Italian announcement Monday night that America had accepted, caused a reaction easily imagined when the refusal was received.

Roles of Three U. S. Ambassadors.

The Genoa situation calls forth general discussion of the rôle of the three American Ambassadors, Harvey, Herrick and Child, in the Russian negotiations. It always has been believed in European diplomatic circles that Mr. Harvey gave Mr. Lloyd George to understand at Cannes that Mr. Hughes would accept the invitation to Genoa.

It was upon the attitude of Mr. Harvey that the French have always said M. Briand made the announcement that the United States would attend. Because Mr. Child has been regarded as reflecting the kindly attitude of America toward Mr. Lloyd George's conference, while it is generally charged that at Paris Mr. Herrick, whose devotion to France some call blind, has been assuring Premier Poincaré that America entirely supported the French view, which is against Premier Lloyd George's plans.

The European diplomats here are probably too harsh when they cast the blame upon Mr. Child, charging that he misled them. There is not the slightest doubt that Mr. Child has been sincere and thought he was doing his duty to everybody in every step he made. I am not in the position to know what instructions Mr. Child had from Washington. In numerous conversations I had with him he never told me America would accept. However, I gained the impression that he thought America would. And apparently the diplomats gained the same impression.

Mr. Child is not an experienced diplomat and perhaps he did not conceal his impression as those with whom he talked would have done, and conversely his favorable impression was taken too officially and too seriously.

As far as I can gather from talks in many quarters Mr. Child said freely that the provisions against separate agreements during the negotiations and the provision that The Hague decisions depended upon the final approval of the Governments were two conditions without which America would not agree to take part in The Hague meeting. I have not found one man who will state that Mr. Child said this flatly, America would accept if those conditions were fulfilled.

Nevertheless, the general impression created was that Mr. Child had been told by Washington to let it be understood

Taken From Death House for Operation On Appendix—Prisoner Is Doing Well

Rutger B. Warder, a condemned murderer, was taken from the death house at Sing Sing last night and was operated upon in the prison hospital for acute appendicitis. It was the first time in the memory of Sing Sing officials that a prisoner had been removed from the death house except by court order.

When Warder was stricken suddenly yesterday afternoon, Dr. Amos O. Squire sent for Dr. Perry Townsend and Dr. Abraham Kosnett to verify his diagnosis. The prisoner was carried from his cell on a litter to the hospital, where a separate room was partitioned off to comply with the law requiring solitary confinement for condemned murderers.

Dr. Squire performed the operation in the presence of the two outside physicians. Special care was taken lest the condemned man "cheat the chair" by dying during the operation or from the effects of the ether. Just before the anaesthetic was given to him, Warder said: "If anybody should ask you, you can tell them that I never killed anybody. Go ahead!" He repeated the sentence, "I never killed anybody!" as he came out of the ether.

Dr. Squire, who remained at the bedside all night, said his patient was resting fairly well after the operation, and had a good heart action. An armed guard remained at the door of the room, and the prisoner will be guarded in this way until he is able to return to the death house.

The law provides that a court order must be obtained to remove a prisoner from the death house, but it also demands that every precaution be taken to see that the prisoner does not die or commit suicide to cheat justice. Warder was taken from the death house once before, when he testified at the trial of Mrs. Henry Werner for the murder of her husband.

Warder was convicted of killing Werner with a shotgun while both men were hunting near Ilion, Herkimer County, last February. Mrs. Werner was tried, but was acquitted. Warder was a hired man on Werner's farm.

Judge Alverson sentenced Warder to die in the week of May 13—this week—but the date was postponed by notice of appeal filed last month.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS—Glorious now for rest and sport. Golf, tennis, horseback. Famous baths. Overnight from N. Y.—Advt.

NEW JERSEY CENTRAL.—All-rail and Sandy Hook Routes, beginning May 21.—Advt.

Seven Post Office Clerks Arrested for Theft of Bonds Worth $1,500,000

Charged with acting in concert in the theft of $1,500,000 worth of negotiable bonds from the United States mails on or about July 18, 1921, seven Post Office clerks were placed under arrest early this morning by Post Office inspectors after they had been questioned at the General Post Office, Thirty-third Street and Eighth Avenue. They were later taken to the West Thirtieth Street Station, where they were booked.

The prisoners were registered as Gustave Fehlman, 22 years old, 60 Sheriff Street; Morris Steinberg, 18, of 195 Clinton Street; Edward Fogel, 24, of 13 Suffolk Street; Abraham Goldsmith, 23, of 357 East Third Street; Harry Shapiro, 27, of 124 Avenue D; Gustave Galles, 22, of 33 Cannon Street, and Irving Weinstein, 22, of 131 Division Street, Brooklyn.

The arrest, it was said, resulted from a confession made recently by a man now serving a five year term in the Federal penitentiary at Atlanta, Ga., following his conviction on a charge of grand larceny in connection with the disappearance of the bonds.

Post Office inspectors who had been working on the case, following the alleged confession, asked Police Commissioner Enright to assign several detectives to assist them in rounding up clerks said to have been mentioned in the confession.

One of the detectives assigned to the case was Joseph McGlynn of Police Headquarters. All day yesterday the inspectors were busy calling clerks to the General Post Office and questioning them.

Early this morning a Post Office inspector called at the West Thirtieth Street Station and asked that a patrol wagon be sent to the General Post Office. There was none available at the time and the inspector left.

Later a patrol wagon, apparently from another precinct, brought in the seven clerks.

stood that if those conditions were fulfilled American would accept. That may have been the fault of other diplomats jumping at conclusions. It may have been the fault of Mr. Child in his manner of conveying his meaning.

Anyhow, the misfortune was unfortunate and irritating in the extreme to those whose hopes were disappointed. One veteran diplomat said at lunch today: "It is a fine reflection on American diplomacy, if such a thing can be said to exist." But then this man is noted for being a "grouch."

Say Secretary Hughes Erred.

Those who discuss the American position calmly say that if Washington doesn't want to have any negotiations with the communists then the situation is clear. But they say if Mr. Hughes really meant what he said when he placed the American rejection of the invitation upon the Russian memorandum of May 11, he built on shifting sands.

The Russian memorandum was different from the basis on which the four weeks' negotiations were conducted. All during those four weeks the Russians had agreed to make concessions if they got a loan. They had agreed to drop their counter-claims against the Allies and the United States. They had agreed to recognize the pre-war debts. They had agreed to give compensation for the foreign-owned property they nationalized. When they could not get a loan they withdrew all their concessions and reverted to their original position in the close of May 11, expressing exactly their stand when the conference opened and before the negotiations had begun.

The Russians know the conditions of their memorandum of May 11 will never be accepted. It represents their starting point for bargaining. It is the subject of concessions for return concessions, by which they mean a loan.

Diplomats here further argue that Mr. Hughes erred in calling the Russian memorandum of May 11 the basis of The Hague negotiations. They point out that the powers did not accept that memorandum at all, but merely lifted out a suggestion for expert study and threw the rest in the waste paper basket. They say it is not at all the basis for The Hague deliberations.

There is no understanding here of the widely published Washington statement that the door remains open for negotiations with regard to American participation at The Hague. The powers have now accepted the plan Mr. Hughes outlined in his memorandum of May 11. Tomorrow there can be no changing of the plan. Generally speaking, the opinion expressed openly of the way Washington can join The Hague party is by revising its decision.

However, it may be pointed out that at the meeting of June 15 the experts will prepare a base for meeting the Russians later. If that base is found, and it suits Washington, America could then come in. And if goes without saying that such a base will be founded on the Russian memorandum of May 11 and will be something with which to combat the Russian position as set forth in the memorandum of May 11.

There is feeling among many diplomats here that this point was not fully appreciated by Washington, and it is understood that Premier Facta, in a note he will send to Mr. Hughes, will call attention to the European point of view in this respect.

Summary of Truce Compact.

GENOA, May 18 (Associated Press).—The Political Subcommission of the Genoa conference adopted today, subject to formal ratification tomorrow by the plenary session of the conference, the plan of The Hague meeting and the compact of non-aggression affirming the continuance of the truce throughout The Hague discussions and for four months thereafter.

The conference did no other business, and the delegations are preparing to leave soon after the final session tomorrow morning, which will be devoted chiefly to speechmaking.

All the delegations, except those of France, Belgium and Germany, attended the Political Subcommission meeting. The non-aggression pact was not signed, but was adopted in the form of a resolution, each State pledging itself to respect it.

Clauses of the Compact.

The agreement contains six clauses, summarized as follows:

Clause I.—Provides for the appointment of a commission by the powers to examine again the divergencies existing between the Soviet Government and other Governments, with a view to meeting a Russian commission having the same mandate.

Clause II.—Not later than June 20 the names of the powers represented at the non-Russian commission and the names of the members of this commission will be transmitted to the Soviet Government, and, reciprocally, the names of the members of the Russian commission will be communicated to the other Governments.

Clause III. The questions to be treated by these commissions will comprise debts, private properties and credits.

Clause IV. The members of the two commissions must be at The Hague on June 26.

Clause V. The two commissions will strive to reach joint resolutions on the questions mentioned in Clause III.

Clause VI. To permit the commissions to work successfully, to aid in the establishment of confidence, the Soviet Government and its allied republics on the one side, and the other governments on the other, pledge themselves to abstain from any act of aggression and subversive propaganda. The pledge for abstaining from any act of aggression will be based upon the present status quo, and will remain in force for a period of four months after the conclusion of the work of the commission.

The pledge concerning propaganda will oblige the Governments not to interfere in any way in the internal affairs of other States, and not to assist financially by any other means political organizations in other countries, and will oblige them to suppress in their territory "any attempt to commit acts of violence in other States or aiming to disturb the territorial or political status quo."

The final adoption of the truce compact was without incident except that Litvinoff inquired whether the truce would prevent powers, other than Russian, from attacking each other. In other words, Lithuania was anxious to know whether Poland would be prevented from attacking Lithuania in connection with the dispute over Vilna or the other boundary questions between the nations. Assurance was given the Lithuanians that the peace would be general.

Chicherin Makes Clear Our Attitude.

Sir Edward Grigg announced on behalf of the British delegation this afternoon that further advices had been received from the United States Government, and that it did not seem likely the United States would participate in The Hague meeting, at least until the scope of the meeting was better understood.

Asked to explain the British delegate's statement, Richard Washburn Child, the American Ambassador, told the correspondent he had conferred with Foreign Minister Schanzer of Italy, Prime Minister Lloyd George being present, and had amplified the American position concerning The Hague meeting already outlined in the note of Secretary of State Hughes.

The object, said the Ambassador, was more fully to explain the attitude of the United States, in order to make it clear beyond the possibility of a doubt.

Mr. Child and Ambassador Hanotaux, Premier Lloyd George conferred again this evening on the subject, however, and again hope is expressed among all the delegations that the United States will finally decide to participate.

Interest in the final session tomorrow centers especially in the addresses of the British Prime Minister and M. Tchitcherin, head of the Russian delegation. Mr. Lloyd George announces that he will not make a set address, but will speak after most of the other delegations have been heard and will endeavor to make his remarks a reply to them.

After the close of the plenary session, probably about noon tomorrow, the British delegation will give a luncheon to the Italian press, at which Mr. Lloyd George will make another address. The British and American press representatives, as well as Premier Facta and Foreign Minister Schanzer and many other prominent Italians, will also be guests.

The British delegation will leave for London on a special train immediately after the luncheon. The Russian delegation will not leave before Monday. There are many rumors that the Soviets may conclude other agreements before they proceed to Berlin.

Owing to the rapidity with which the conference is ending, it is understood that Pope Pius has abandoned his plan to send his substitute Secretary of State, Mgr. Pizzardo, back to Genoa to continue negotiations on the Papal memorandum concerning liberty of religion and religious teaching and the restitution of church properties in Russia. The Vatican will continue its conversations directly with Russia.

Several members of the Bolshevist delegation intended to remain in Berlin until it is time to go to The Hague, and important developments are expected in Russian relations within the next few weeks.

PLAN WELCOME TO PREMIER.

Big Reception Awaits Lloyd George on His Return to England.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 18.—A public welcome at the Victoria Railroad Station is being prepared for Premier Lloyd George. He is expected to arrive from Genoa with Mrs. Lloyd George and Miss Megan at half-past seven Saturday evening and a letter has been sent to his supporters in both houses of Parliament inviting them to assemble to greet him.

Among those signing the letter are Lord Long, former First Lord of the Admiralty; Lord Ullswater, former Speaker; G. N. Barnes and G. H. Roberts, Labor members, who held office during the war, and Sir William Bull. In the letter they say:

"Although fully aware that there has been a difference of opinion on account of the policy and possibilities of the conference, all agree that the Prime Minister has spared no effort to effect that which he believed to be in the best interests of his country and European peace. At Genoa he has represented us and fought his critics with that courage, faith and optimism which was characteristic of his attitude in the war.

"Whatever may be the result of this conference, we would like the world to realize that not a few of us do not forget the splendid services he rendered to the country during the war and admire his untiring efforts since to bring back Europe to normal conditions."

It is also suggested that at some later date a public luncheon should be tendered to Mr. Lloyd George similar to the luncheon to Earl of Balfour on his return from Washington.

The Premier is expected to make a speech in the Commons on Genoa next week.

BITTER AGAINST LLOYD GEORGE

But Clemenceau Thinks British People Are Faithful to France.

PARIS, May 18.—M. Clemenceau, France's War Premier, told a representative of the Echo de Paris that he had been following the different phases of the Genoa conference with great interest, and also the evolution of Mr. Lloyd George.

The correspondent adds that he does not think Mr. Lloyd George would hear anything complimentary if it occurred to him to have a talk with Clemenceau at the present moment.

"But the British people," said M. Clemenceau emphatically, "you can be as certain as I am myself, remain faithful to France."

Asked how he was getting on with his book, M. Clemenceau replied: "I expect to finish the first chapter in three years. The work greatly interests me, and I turn over ideas in my mind. I have got down the outlines. In a word, I take my time."

America Not Opposed to Revision.

BUDAPEST, May 18.—Theodore Brentano, the new American Minister to Hungary, was quoted today by the newspaper Magyarorszag as saying that the United States would not oppose the revision of the Treaty of the Trianon, which concluded peace between Hungary and the Allies, if the Allies consented.

LEAGUE LOSES HOPE IN DISARMING NOW

Experts Conclude There Is No Chance to Reduce Armies for Some Years to Come.

AMERICA MIGHT FORCE IT

Has Been Obtaining League Data on Military Strength — Genoa Increases Europe's Uncertainty.

GENEVA, May 18 (Associated Press).—The nations of Europe are in no mood to disarm, or even substantially reduce the size of their armies, and no material progress toward the reduction of land armaments can be looked for during the next three or four years.

Such is the opinion of the disarmament experts of the League of Nations and the members of the temporary mixed commission on armaments, which is the instrument through which the League has been trying for the last two years to make some headway in the direction of world disarmament.

The commission, created in September, 1920, by the first Assembly of the League, will end its work next June, when a final report will be drawn up for the September meeting of the Assembly. Only twenty replies have been received to date to the questionnaire sent out nearly eight months ago by the League to its fifty-one members asking for detailed information on the present size of armies, the amount of war material on hand and contemplated reductions. All the big world powers, with the exception of Russia and the United States, to whom the questionnaire was not sent, have, in the opinion of the experts, replied with reasonable frankness.

While the questionnaire merely asked for statistical information, the mixed commission and League officials have learned from unmistakable sources that there is no disposition on the part of the European nations particularly, and the world generally, to disarm while the present political situation in Europe continues. The Genoa conference and the Russo-German treaty, in the estimation of the commission members and League officials, have dealt a serious blow to the disarmament campaign of the League. Information reaching the League indicates that the representatives of the various countries are leaving Genoa with greater uncertainty as regards the future than when they started for the economic conference. Consideration of the problem of disarmament itself is out of the question for the present, owing to the Russo-German attitude, the League experts believe. The only outstanding exception to what League circles call the general refusal of the world to disarm is the Washington conference.

But for the initiative of the United States Government, it is pointed out, the report of disarmament since the armistice, excepting, of course, former enemy countries, would be virtually a blank. The only thing that could bring about general land disarmament within the next five years would be another Washington conference, called and strongly supported by the United States. This is the conviction of the League experts, who say that America's great influence, morally, commercially and financially, throughout the world would compel the nations to reduce their armies, when efforts of the League, which is made up of and is the instrument of these States, would fail.

Barring action by the United States, the experts have a little hope in the immediate future for disarmament. The League intends to continue its efforts for disarmament quietly, but it is going ahead with the idea that nothing definite can be done. The officials explain that they will in any event have the machinery all ready for the day when the members decide to disarm.

The League Secretariat feels that no blame can be attached for failure to bring about disarmament, emphasizing the point the League simply is the instrument of its members, and as its members do not want to disarm, the League can do no more than continue its campaign for disarmament and await a change in the political situation.

Although the figures gathered by the commission are being withheld until reported to the Assembly, unconfirmed estimates recently received by League circles that there are 1,000,000 more men under arms in Europe today than just previous to the war. This figure takes into account the wiping out of the German Army.

The Washington Government has shown considerable interest in the League's disarmament work, according to one official. Two requests have been received recently from official American sources asking for all available information in the hands of the League, and the League has forwarded much confidential information to the American Government. League experts have reported that the small States created under the Treaty of Versailles have felt bound as a matter of pride to establish as large armies as possible, but these States are finding it increasingly difficult to obtain money for upkeep, because the banking interests before granting loans demand balanced budgets. This means that the army reduction pressure for this source may bring about some disarmament.

Since it began its campaign for disarmament two years ago, the League has made successive attempts to call a world conference to consider the control of private manufacture of and traffic in arms, but has not been able to arrange a meeting. The League has launched a number of similar efforts for disarmament, but the political situation has prevented serious consideration of them by the members.

The first assembly of the League in September, 1920, recommended that the members undertake not to spend on armaments for two years following the meeting an amount greater than the sum provided for military, naval and air forces in the 1920 budget. A number of the powers agreed to this, but little was accomplished, as the budgets for 1920 of the various States were, exceedingly heavy for armaments.

The mixed commission has held six general sessions and made a complete inquiry into the armament situation of the world. It is composed of representatives of workers, employers, financiers and military, naval and air experts.

LEAGUE DEFENDED AT HAGUE.

Van Karnebeek Calls It Best World Organization Ever Known.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, May 18.—Foreign Minister van Karnebeek, speaking for the first time since his return on Monday from Genoa during a debate on the foreign budget in the first chamber, said:

"It is difficult to express a definite opinion of the Genoa conference, as it is still sitting. The third stage of economic construction, especially regarding Russia, has now been reached, with collective treatment of the Russian problem, which is the basis of the conference. Clarifying work has been performed at Brussels and Genoa which is perhaps not unfruitful and has brought order out of chaos.

"There has been no agreement on the Russian problem, but the attempt has not been abandoned. Perhaps further conferences will be necessary, but at any rate co-operation is the only hope for world recovery.

Defending the League of Nations, Minister van Karnebeek said:

"Patience is necessary. It is unreasonable to expect the League to cure the dislocation of the world in two years. The League is the best international organization the world has ever known."

Replying to criticism of the "despotic attitude" of the Supreme Council, Minister van Karnebeek agreed that it was necessary that the Council should give place to the League, but time was necessary for this development.

TALK OF $1,250,000,000 LOAN.

Reports From Abroad on Morgan's Plans Are Not Credited Here.

Reports cabled to the financial district yesterday purporting to give details of a plan J. P. Morgan and other international bankers will offer Germany for a loan are not given general credence here by bankers familiar with the international situation. A report was to the effect that 5,000,000,000 gold marks (about $1,250,000,000), would be the size of the loan to be made on condition that the Allies reduce the total claim for reparations, that Germany give a lien on her customs as well as collateral security on her railroads, and that she agree to balance her budget and cease the issuance of paper marks.

Mr. Morgan, who has just landed abroad, and who will meet six prominent international bankers for consideration of plans for a loan to Germany, has made no public statement as to the size of this loan or as to the conditions which will be laid down. It was his attitude that a near-by view of the situation was necessary before making any public statement on the problem. However, one of his junior partners, George Whitney, accompanied Mr. Morgan as securities expert, and it was indicated from this that if preliminary negotiations were satisfactory some sort of deposit of securities would be necessary. It has been reported in the financial district that Mr. Morgan prior to sailing for Europe had sounded out the opinion of a number of the leaders in the financial world, as well as leaders in the Administration at Washington and that the intimation had been given that every effort would be made to reach an agreement on a loan to Germany. It is pointed out, however, that it is the attitude of the bankers who will sit about the conference table in Paris that loan negotiations must be approached from a business standpoint, that the bonds must be made sufficiently attractive in price in term of years and in security to compete with bonds already issued and to be issued in the United States, London, Paris and other centres where such securities would have to be sold.

WIRE 4,961,855 WORDS.

10,000,000 Words Also Telephoned About Genoa Conference.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENOA, May 18.—Up to today 4,961,855 words were telegraphed from the Genoa conference by diplomats and journalists.

The number of three-minute telephone calls—European journalists generally use the telephone—represented a continuous conversation of two months and twelve days, during which it is estimated more than 10,000,000 words were transmitted by trained telephonists. The biggest patrons of the Genoa Post Office in tolls were the Japanese delegation, whose bill is 985,000 lire.

Before the conference Italy proposed to pay the expenses of the delegations of the five inviting powers. It is learned that in order to keep the conference together Italy agreed in later weeks to pay the expenses of at least four other delegations. The 20,000,000 lire Italian appropriation for the expenses of the conference has been largely exceeded.

RECALLS FRENCH PROMISE.

Chamberlain Says No Assurance on Military Action Is Required.

LONDON, May 18 (Associated Press).—Asked in the House of Commons this afternoon if France had assured Great Britain that she would participate in a conference on the question of German reparations before taking further military action in German territory, Austen Chamberlain, the Government leader, said no additional assurances were required.

Mr. Chamberlain said if the Reparations Commission should report Germany in default of her payments it would be necessary for the Allies to confer on action to be taken. He said that, after the occupation of Frankfort in 1920, the French Government had informed Great Britain that thereafter, in all interallied questions raised by the execution of the Treaty of Versailles, France did not intend taking any action except in accord with her Allies.

HUGHES CLEARS UP DOUBTS AT GENOA

Message to Child Makes Plain Why We Reject Hague Basis on Russia.

SOVIET ITSELF IS OBSTACLE

Bargaining for Recognition and Loans is Held to Prevent Real Relief.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—Secretary of State Hughes has sent a further communication to Richard Washburn Child, American Ambassador to Italy, with respect to the attitude of the United States Government in refusing to be a party to the proposed continuation of the Genoa conference at The Hague.

The communication went forward yesterday afternoon and entered into considerable detail as to the attitude of the American Government toward the Russian problem. Its contents have been brought by Mr. Child to the attention of Prime Minister Lloyd George and other delegates at Genoa, and have furnished them convincing evidence that the viewpoint of this Government is absolutely unchanged on the Russian problem and that there is no chance of American participation in The Hague conference.

Secretary Hughes sent this communication to Ambassador Child because he wanted him to be armed with something very definite—going into the details of the attitude of the American Government—so that nobody at Genoa could continue to misunderstand the position taken by the Harding Administration in its reply to the invitation from the President of the Genoa conference for American participation at The Hague.

The American note of refusal was considered sufficiently clear-cut and definite. But there was an apparent disposition at Genoa to believe that—by some hook or crook—the United States might ultimately be persuaded to enter The Hague conference on the basis of the plan proposed in the invitation from the Governments of Great Britain, Belgium, Italy and Japan. The further note of instructions sent to Ambassador Child was consequently in the nature of an amplification of the position of the United States Government as set forth succinctly in the previous note of refusal.

The text of the Hughes cablegram was not made public at the State Department. It was not a formal note to the powers, but rather a letter of confidential instructions to Ambassador Child to enable him to explain at length the viewpoint of this Government to representatives of other Governments seeking information from our Ambassador at Genoa relative to the exact position of the United States in its refusal to enter any conference which, it is held, would merely prolong the false hopes held out to the Russian people by the general attitude of the Genoa conference.

It is the firm and unqualified conviction of the American Government that a prolongation of the Genoa conference, either at Genoa or The Hague, by raising Soviet hopes for a big loan and recognition would constitute a distinct menace to the revival of business.

While the dispatch from Secretary Hughes to Ambassador Child was not made public in general purport was disclosed today in an official quarter. Its statement of the attitude of the American Government fully confirms that given in a Washington dispatch printed in THE NEW YORK TIMES this morning to the effect that this Government thinks the discussions at Genoa have been conducted along lines calculated to delude the world as to the real facts in the Russian economic situation; that this Government regards the attitude of the Soviet regime in demanding foreign loans and recognition as being a barrier that cannot be surmounted so long as the Soviet leaders adhere to this stand, and that it is plainly impossible for the outside world to aid Russia so long as Russia is not afforded an opportunity to help herself economically by the institution of reforms on the basis of which business, industry, agriculture and finance in Russia can be brought back to the normal bedrock of security.

It is the conviction of the American Government that the Genoa conference brought into the foreground the questions of recognition and bargaining for money on the basis of recognition of the Soviet regime, instead of seeking to cure the European economic situation, and especially that of Russia, by looking the hard and cold economic facts squarely in the face. This has been a most serious mistake, in the opinion of American officials.

According to the Government's viewpoint this led to a situation at Genoa that ignored economics and would lead to the same kind of an impasse at The Hague. Practically all the negotiations at Genoa emphasized the question of recognition and encouraged the Russian delegation to make demands which, on their very face, were absurd and impossible, in the opinion of officials of the American Government.

The Russian problem was approached at Genoa from the political, rather than the economic angle. The American Government will not lend money to the Russian regime. Officials are convinced that Congress would never sanction such a loan and they think nothing could be more absurd than for Russia to expect any responsible government to give serious consideration to the Soviet proposal for a huge loan.

The American Government insists that if Russia is to obtain financial aid it will not come from governments, but can only be sought from the private financial and industrial interests of the world, and considers it ridiculous to expect bankers and business men to turn their money and energy toward Russia so long as there is no guarantee of safety and protection given these investments.

The Russian note of May 11, in which the Soviet regime refused to recognize the validity of prior debts and financial obligations of Russia, was equivalent, it is held, to a repudiation of Russian financial responsibility. It is not believed by American officials that responsible bankers and industrial leaders of this country or Europe would enter the Russian field in the face of such repudiation, in the absence of definite guarantees and the institution of reforms which this Government considers basic for any economic reconstruction in Russia. These reforms would be security for life and property, firm guarantees for the safety of human life, the sanctity of contracts, rights of private property and freedom of individual enterprise, with a clear demonstration of the intention of Russia to recognize her international obligations.

The mere calling the proposed Hague conference a "body of experts" is insufficient to win the American Government to participate in it. The Hague Commission may be described as such a body, but the truth is believed to be that the plan is to go to The Hague to do the same thing that was sought at Genoa—if the Russian problem is dealt with on the basis of the Russian memorandum of May 11—which imposed impossible conditions and raised what this Government regards as a barrier that must be removed, along with other obstacles before any economic aid can be given Russia from the outside.

The instructions to Ambassador Child enable him to make it clear to the delegates at Genoa that the American Government believes that anything that encourages the Soviet in setting up impossible conditions is not in the interest of the Russian people. If the situation reached a point where the powers desire to conduct a bona fide scientific inquiry into the facts of the Russian economic situation, that would be quite different, in the American Government's opinion, from negotiating with the Soviet leaders on the basis of ignoring economic facts and encouraging them to urge their well-staged demands—as at Genoa. To continue the Genoa conference at another place on a "political" basis, this Government believes, would merely be an incentive to the Soviet leaders to persist in their impossible demands, instead of surrendering to the necessities of the situation.

This summary of the American Government's attitude evidences the gratification of that attitude as called to Ambassador Child yesterday. The delegations of the powers at Genoa should no longer doubt the meaning and intent of the State Department. Its views have been communicated to the Genoa delegates courteously by Ambassador Child. But they have been very plainly told that this Government believes in recognizing the existence of a stone wall, instead of butting into it head-on—and the attitude of the Soviet leaders is considered to be such a barrier.

The path of progress in the Russian situation, officials here hold, is in the direction of realism. The representatives of Soviet Russia and those of other nations interested in Russia must get down to solid facts. It is plain, in the opinion of officials here, that the Congress of the United States would never give a cent in the way of a loan to Russia, and the treasuries of other nations are so nearly exhausted as to make such loans out of the question, even if they were disposed to authorize them.

Therefore, any efforts at financial aid must come from private capital, and before the investing public, to say nothing of bankers, is going to think of financing Russia there must be ample guarantees that they are going to get back the principal with interest. Any suggestion of financial rehabilitation on a large scale inevitably leads to private bankers, and the private banking idea leads to that of an international consortium in which the interests of the leading investment nations would have an opportunity to participate.

How long it will take the Russian leaders to see that such a course is inevitable remains to be seen. Meanwhile, the United States is entirely willing to participate in the work of any international commission of experts which may be selected to examine economic conditions in Russia. Such a commission might be useful in that it would afford an authoritative statement as to actual conditions. It would not be open to denial from every person who felt inclined to make the denial.

This Government believes it knows pretty accurately the real condition of Russia. For the sake of unanimity, however, it is willing that such a commission should be named.

So far as the Administration is concerned, there is no reason why Germany should not be represented on the commission.

Any effort to rehabilitate Russia must be on a comprehensive scale, officials believe. Any attempt to operate on a smaller scale, such as is reported to be in contemplation by the Krupp interests, which are said to have determined to invade 50,000 acres in Southern Russia to be used for agriculture purposes, would certainly be deemed to failure, it is believed.

To run such an enterprise successfully would mean, it was pointed out, that those in charge of it would have to feed the population of that area and the greater part of the surrounding areas; would have to make arrangements for getting out their produce; and would have to be prepared to resist any encroachments from the outside by elements which might attempt to interfere with the work.

Saving System a Barrier.

WASHINGTON, May 18 (Associated Press).—The elaborated statement of the American viewpoint as to the expert discussion of Russian economic problems at The Hague, cabled by the State Department and which formed the basis of Ambassador Child's conferences with Senator Schanzer and Premier Lloyd George today in Genoa, merely made more positive, if possible, the conviction of the Washington Government that Russia must rid herself of Sovietism as the first essential step toward economic restoration.

It was made plain that while the United States does not desire to impede in any way an inquiry by international experts as to what is the matter in Russia and is prepared to join in any such inquiry for the purpose of making such an inquiry, Washington officials are certain that the result would be only to show that the chief economic barrier to Russian restoration is Sovietism. Until the doctrines of government which are woven through the Russian memorandum of May 11 have been overturned and Russia is governed under the same economic theories, whatever the form of her Government, that prevail throughout the rest of the world, she cannot, in the American view, expect to set up again trade and commerce relationships with the world at large.

Not only has the American viewpoint been recommunicated to Genoa through Ambassador Child in amplified form, but it is now known that diplomatic representatives of the powers here have taken a hand in the matter and forwarded very full expositions of the situation in Washington after conferences with Secretary Hughes.

Because of the nature of these communications there would be little surprise in informed diplomatic circles in Washington if the heads of the experts' meeting at The Hague were completely revised before it is approved by the plenary session of the Genoa conference.

The American Government will not join even in a scientific discussion of economic problems in Russia unless the Russian memorandum of May 11 is withdrawn as a condition precedent to Russian participation in such a commission. It is also very clearly understood both here and at Genoa that the United States will not take part in any economic commission's deliberations as to Russia unless it is understood specifically that no political questions are to be taken up.

FRENCH SKEPTICAL ON GERMAN LOAN

Doubt That Berlin Means to Fulfill Requirements Allies Would Insist On.

HERMES MEETS A REBUFF

Financial Opinion in Germany is Divided on the Advantages of a Credit to Pay Reparations.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 18.—There is less than a fortnight's time remaining now before May 31 when the question of a German moratorium will be discussed and Germany can be requested to pay within fourteen days the accumulated sums owed by her. After a short period of optimism, the French, owing to the unsatisfactory nature of the proposals put forward by Finance Minister Hermes, again are forced to conclude that their original view was correct, namely, that the Germans had little intention to pay while they had every intention to use every dilatory means possible to drag matters out until after the finance conference to discuss the question of an international loan.

At first the Germans placed their faith in the Genoa conference, hoping it would bring them relief. They chose the very day the conference opened to dispatch a negative note to the Reparations Commission. Now that Genoa has fallen flat they place their trust in the conference at Paris.

To Frenchmen the German attitude is comprehensible enough. The Germans hope that if the loan becomes an accomplished fact the control of German finances will pass into the hands of an international body of financiers and it is at this question of control that the French are gibbing. France does not want to lose all possibility of enforcing adherence to the conditions of payment, whatever these conditions may be. And she can hardly be blamed for skepticism toward German promises.

The Temps complains, having explained the insufficiency of the proposals put forward by Hermes to the Reparation Committee, says:

"The commission could not be content with this basis of discussion with Germany. He therefore was requested to refer back to his Government and submit further proposals. The members met Hermes unofficially, and the committee will only hold an official meeting with him if Germany submits proposals worthy of consideration. It is under these conditions we are approaching May 31. Before then an international financiers' meeting will assemble in Paris under the auspices of the Reparation Commission in order to examine the question of foreign loans which Germany may require to make.

"Meanwhile we would ask a question. What is the real desire of the German Government? Does it truly desire foreign loans under conditions which be accepted by countries which have a right to reparations? Or is it only maneuvering to attain the following position: On May 31, the financiers' committee having stated that Germany cannot find a foreign loan, Germany will plead the impossibility of payment. The German Government will argue that it in no way willingly failed because it cannot pay unless a loan is made, but cannot find lenders. Germany would then attempt to escape the sanctions and conditions of a moratorium and would gradually escape from making any reparations at all. Will this be the German attitude or will she show good will? The proposals Hermes will put forward will show us at least, temporarily."

BERLIN, May 18 (Associated Press).—In the absence of definite information here on the possibility of a loan to Germany, the suggestion of such a loan today meets with mixed expressions of opinion. The members of the Government being in Genoa, authoritative opinion was not available, but financial and political circles generally are anything but a unit on the subject.

So far, the Berlin press has commented on the subject in a desultory manner. The Neue Preussische Zeitung (Kreuz-Zeitung) analyzes the two possibilities of a short-term loan of a small amount or a long-term loan of a greater sum, stipulating that both are impossible unless the German reparations are reduced. It says a short-term loan would be useless and that the interest payments, which would be necessary in order to retain the ability to obtain credits, would be a burdensome addition to the reparations payments, thus rendering Germany's economic position worse.

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ROBBING AMERICANS ALL OVER GERMANY

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

By CYRIL BROWN.

ban of holding up Americans in Bremen and Hamburg, as well as at inland frontiers, taking the goods from them and fining them heavily.

This is done under the German law demanding from 50 to 200 per cent. duties payable to this Government on all articles for export.

Throughout Germany the consular offices are piled with protests from Americans claiming that the shopkeepers informed them it was not necessary to pay the export tax, whereas the customs officials exacted their money. Opera glasses, clothes, baggage and valuables are the consular warning reads.

Numerous complaints have been received that goods purchased in Germany by Americans have been frequently confiscated at the borders, and in addition heavy fines imposed. In one instance, an American was fined 425 for attempting to take out opera glasses costing $6. The consulate has taken up these cases with the German authorities, who informed it they are helpless.

Therefore it appears it is advisable for Americans not to purchase goods in Germany for export. It is impossible to rely on the word of the German shopkeepers who state that the merchandise can be exported, inasmuch as it has been found that in every case reported to the Consulate the shopkeeper informed the purchaser that the export prohibition was non-existent.

In contrast, Americans desire to purchase articles in Germany it is advisable to obtain an export license by paying from 50 to 200 per cent. upon the cost of the article.

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PARIS, May 18.—The Germans are blaming the Allies, principally the French, for the extortionate charges and tripled prices, Joseph Strauss, Treasurer of the Columbian Colortype Company of Chicago, who has just returned from Berlin, Munich, and Leipzig, said today.

"I congratulate The Tribune for its exposure of German discrimination against Americans," he said. "The Munich police made me pay 1,125 marks for two days permission to remain in the city. The hotel keeper deliberately tripled my bill, and the shopkeepers doubled and tripled the prices of every article I examined. Even the banks, when I changed dollars, tried to reduce the exchange rate, necessitating my visiting several and then getting a German friend to transact the deal.

"When I asked why Americans are robbed, the Germans explained, first, because the dollar was worth so much, and second, because they are obliged, in so doing, because the French, through the Reparations Commission, have taxed German exports 25 per cent. When I asked what the export tax was connected with in Munich, I was answered by a shrug of the shoulders.

"Everywhere the Germans are sullen and awaiting a propitious attack on France. The Germans speak openly of Der Tag like the naval officers did regarding the British fleet before the war.

"The British and Belgians, I found, are uneasy through the realization that another German onslaught is inevitable.

"The Germans will not pay the reparations, but every one has money. I went to the racetrack at Leipzig and found every each betting as freely that I could not get my money down to make a wager. The Germans eat enormous and expensive meals and sit in the cafes drinking beer all day long and then say they cannot pay damages to France."

POLICEMAN SLAIN, 6TH SINCE JAN. 5

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

Street and Washington Avenue, a woman ran up to Policeman Slater and cried "A policeman has just been shot." Slater had heard the shots, but thought the reports were blow-outs of tires. He got to Third Avenue and 172d Street in time to see Fradiano climbing the steep rise inside the park at 172d Street.

Policeman Jeremiah Clifford of Traffic B, and Policeman Martin Hewlett, Traffic A, were in a southbound Third Avenue trolley car on their way to the Supreme Court in Manhattan to testify in a case. They saw the excited group as the car came to the corner and joined Slater in the chase.

As the officers were running down the street a rock thrown by a civilian pursuer struck Fradiano in the small of the back. He stumbled and then ducked behind a tree. He still had two shots in his pistol and he sent one of them down at the policeman struggling up the hill. At the warning of Clifford the police dropped to the ground, returning the one shot with a volley. Just then Fradiano fired his last shot. The bullet struck Slater's hand, causing him to drop his pistol.

Fradiano tossed his pistol away, just as Slater and the two others rushed up and overpowered him. The prisoner was on the way to the Bronx police headquarters in the Bathgate Avenue station while Dr. Gressler of Fordham Hospital was yet on his way from that institution to the scene of the shooting. Still partly conscious, Hay was lying on the sidewalk with women from the apartment house trying to ease him. When one of the women placed a hand on his forehead, the policeman apparently thought it was his wife, Mrs. Annie Hay, mother of his two children.

"Oh, Annie," he murmured. He was placed in an ambulance, but when Dr. Glasier arrived at the hospital the policeman was dead.

Officials Hurry to Station.

News of the shooting telephoned to Police Headquarters sent Chief Inspector William J. Lahey, Inspector Ryan and Deputy Inspector James Foss to the station house. Over the telephone District Glennon assigned Assistant District Attorneys Albert Cohen and William Quigley to question Fradiano and the witnesses and expedite an indictment.

According to Mr. Quigley, the prisoner admitted firing the shots and appeared to be indifferent about the outcome. Fradiano said he was married and that his wife and three children were in Italy. He denied he ever had been in trouble before, either here or in Italy. While Mr. Quigley was questioning the prisoner, Mr. Cohen telephoned the Bronx Supreme Court, set in motion the machinery to assemble the Grand Jurors and left a message for Justice Cohalan advising him that the District Attorney would present the case immediately after the arraignment of Fradiano at 9 o'clock in the West Farms Court.

Policeman Hay, who was in the regular army during the Spanish-American war, lived at 711 Tinton Avenue, the Bronx. He had been a policeman for ten years. Besides his wife, he left two daughters—Lilly, 10, in the class to be graduated in June from Public School 53, and Daisy, 8. His mother, Mrs. Charles Williams, lives at 515 Timpson Place, the Bronx. Mrs. Hay was prostrated by the tragedy.

"A hero!" she asked in response to a suggestion. "Yes, a hero—but I often told him that he was too much of a hero."

According to neighbors, the sole upkeep of the modest Hay home came from the officer's pay.

Bizarre Sale of Pistols.

When Police Commissioner Enright was told of Hay's death, he exclaimed: "Too bad, too bad!" adding after a moment, "The cause of this is a situation that is quite hard to handle. A great many firearms and revolvers are being carried by further polecat, and a number have been brought into the country as a result of the war. The Sullivan law is being enforced, but we find the same magazines and some of the Sunday newspapers contain advertisements of pistol concerns that will mail or express a revolver to any person who is willing to buy. It is too sad about the death of this faithful policeman."

In line with the Commissioner's statement was the finding of a second pistol in Fradiano's effects when the police made a search.

The list of police deaths began on Jan. 5 when Corporal Boddy, a negro, shot and killed Detective Sergeants William A. Miller and Francis Buckley, fifty feet from the West 135th Street station house. Nine days later Policeman Otto Pots of the same station was shot and killed in the back room of the West 123d Street Station by a negro, he was about to take to Bellevue Hospital for examination. Pots was killed by his own weapon, snatched from its holster as the policeman was aiding an ambulance surgeon treat the

IRISH GET NEW HOPE AS LEADERS CONFER

De Valera, Griffith and Collins Meet as Result of Collins's Pacific Speech.

DAIL ADJOURNS TO TODAY

British Troops Evacuate the Last Stronghold in South—Belfast Reports More Disorder.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, May 18.—The political barometer rose again today. Without doubt Michael Collins is the outstanding figure in all the parties in the Dail. His speech last evening, pacific but unyielding, had a wonderful effect in the Dail itself, and the manner in which it brought Eamon de Valera to his feet to deliver a most uncharacteristic reply, in which he offered co-operation under certain conditions, was the best evidence of the remarkable personality of the Chairman of the Provisional Government.

The two parties separated last night on terms of friendliness such as was not manifest since the treaty vote, a fact which brought forth appreciative expressions of opinion in all the newspapers and by all men today.

The realities of the situation in the country must at last be breaking in on the minds of the opposition leaders, and the awful events in Belfast play a big part in influencing their direction toward dropping the hampering, mischievous, destructive tactics.

It may be that Belfast, and the North generally, may yet create a working agreement between Collins and de Valera. A deputation of Nationalists from Northeast Ulster waited on the leaders of both parties early today at the Mansion House, where they laid their case before such men as Collins, Griffith, de Valera, Burgess, Mulcahy, O'Duffy, Rory O'Connor, Lynch and all the political and military leaders.

This aroused eager political interest, which was heightened at the sitting of the Dail when Speaker McNeill announced that the matters under discussion last night were still under discussion, but privately. It was soon observed that neither Collins nor de Valera were in their seats, but all conjectures were set at rest by the intimation that the leaders were conferring privately in another room of University College.

Avoiding the big political issues for the moment, the Dail went on with discussing departmental reports until Deputy McCarthy proposed adjournment, as the leaders in private conference had not concluded. Deputy Boland seconded the motion, and the House adjourned till 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

Discusses Administrative Matters.

DUBLIN, May 18 (Associated Press).—The Dail Eireann today gravely but peacefully discussed administrative matters, especially means for dealing with the serious unemployment situation. But the minds of the members were mainly preoccupied with the proceedings at Mansion House, where in a prolonged conference Michael Collins, head of the Provisional Government; Arthur Griffith, President of the Dail Eireann, Eamon de Valera and others were trying to reach a peace agreement. The conference also included members of both sections of the army.

The session of the Dail was not a lengthy one. Owing to the continuation of the peace conference an adjournment was taken until tomorrow afternoon in an atmosphere of hope for unity, due to the fact that Collins and de Valera came very near to an agreement in Wednesday's debate, notwithstanding that the ideas of other adherents to each side of the controversy were less favorable to accommodation.

The belief was expressed tonight that if any results from the conference of the leaders, it may stiffen the Irish attitude toward the British Ministers in future negotiations arising from the treaty. But the chief desire for a peaceful issue lies in the hope that it will serve to check the spreading acts of disorder arising from the disturbed conditions.

The interval before adjournment was occupied by the Dail in a discussion of ministerial reports. William Cosgrove, Minister of Local Government, submitted a supplementary estimate of £100,000 for public works. Charles Burgess, former Minister of Defense, protested that this constituted a deliberate attempt to deplete the Dail Exchequer and leave it empty if those opposed to the treaty returned to power. Harry Boland said $6,000,000 had been raised in the United States for relief work, of which $4,000,000 had not been expended. This money, he added, should be used for the work contemplated.

Considerable discussion ensued on the seriousness of the unemployment situation. Dr. Patrick McCartan suggested a committee made up of men from both sides of the Dail, to administer the relief fund. Mr. Cosgrove in accepting the proposal said the Provisional Government had allotted £1,000,000 for housing and urged that the Dail should allot £500,000 for relief work.

LONDON, May 18.—A dispatch to the Press Association from Dublin says it is reported that the peace negotiations between Michael Collins and Eamon de Valera have collapsed, but that nothing authentic on the situation is available.

BRITISH QUIT LAST BARRACKS.

Officers Show Resentment as They Give Up Cork Stronghold to Irish.

CORK, May 18 (Associated Press).—The last vestige of British military power in Southern Ireland disappeared tonight when at 7 o'clock the Victoria Barracks was formally transferred to Captain McNeill for the Provisional Government. Later the barracks was turned over to the First Cork Brigade under Sean O'Hegarty.

The resentment of the British officers at the transfer was ill-concealed. One of them smashed the windows of the officers' mess with his hunting crop and another ordered a British soldier to cut down the flagstaff. In reply to Captain McNeill's protest this officer said: "That flagstaff never shall fly a rebel flag."

On the departure of the British soldiers the Republican tricolor was hoisted at the barracks gate and the Cork brigade marched through the city to an enthusiastic demonstration.

PRINCESS ELIZABETH LOW.

King and Queen of Rumania Are at Daughter's Bedside.

ATHENS, May 18.—The condition of Princess Elizabeth, wife of the Greek Crown Prince, is reported by the medical attendants as stationary. Her temperature this morning was a little over 100, pulse 120, respiration 30.

The parents of the Princess, the King and Queen of Rumania, who are now at her bedside, have been the object of sympathetic expressions in all the newspapers.

Good Buying at London Wool Sale.

LONDON, May 18.—There were 10,575 bales offered at the wool sales today. There was a full attendance, the demand continued strong, and all sections bought freely at full current rates. The series will close tomorrow.

FIVE MORE ARE KILLED BY GUNMEN IN BELFAST

Three Men Are Shot Dead on Street Cars—Armed Men Raid Police Barracks.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BELFAST, May 18.—The fresh outbreak by Belfast gunmen has been marked by crimes of exceptional daring. Protestants and Catholics alike have fallen victims to the rival murder gangs.

The most appalling murder was committed this morning in a street car which contained about sixty passengers. Two flax dressers, Samuel McPeake and James Donachy, were going to their work and occupied seats on the top deck of the car. At Agnes Street, in the Crumlin Road area, a large number of people boarded the car and several men took seats behind Donachy and McPeake. The car had gone only a short distance when several shots were fired and the conductor saw two men dash down the stairs, the first carrying a smoking revolver.

Before the conductor could do anything the runaways jumped onto the roadway and darted up a side street. The car was brought to a standstill, and the conductor going upstairs saw two men lying huddled on the floor, one dead and the other dying.

The street car then continued and stopped outside a hospital, where the victims were taken.

Passengers say they thought the car was being fired upon from outside, and they all crouched down, and before they realized what had happened the gunmen had disappeared.

Another man said the gunmen flourished revolvers at the other passengers and ordered them not to move.

Three or four armed youths called at the house of a man named Keown in Spamount Street. They inquired for Keown, but he was not at home. Two of the gang then produced revolvers and fired at Mrs. Keown and her son Arthur, aged 22. The mother was badly wounded in the face, but the son escaped with slight injury.

William G. McKnight, a workman, was passing along Exchange Street this morning when he was shot in the abdomen and died several hours later.

Another murder on a street car took place this afternoon in York Street. Two men boarded the car and mounted to the top deck. The man in front was sitting and without parley shot him dead.

An amazing raid on the central police headquarters in Belfast took place early this morning. The guard heard a knock at the front gate and on challenging the visitors was informed they were "police on duty." The gate was opened slightly when seven or eight men were seen. They were dressed in police overcoats and caps and in height and bearing appeared to be policemen. They were admitted and, closing the gate after them, proceeded to the day room. There they produced revolvers and shouted "Hands up!"

Two policemen, Constable Collins and Special Constable McKeown were present and at first treated the order as a joke. They were quickly disillusioned by the raiders, who in a short fight overpowered the officers and took their firearms.

McKeown then made a dash for the yard in order to give the alarm. He was struck on the head with the butt end of a revolver and several shots were fired at him as he ran. He was hit in the leg and fell in the yard. Meanwhile Collins, who also put up a fight, was shot in the head and body and died soon afterward.

Other policemen in the building were aroused and when the raiders ran up to the arms room they were received with a fusillade of shots. They replied for a few minutes, but, finding reinforcements coming to the aid of the men on duty, decided to abandon the fight and made a hasty retreat.

EGYPT IS PEACEFUL WITH ZAGHLUL AWAY

King Fuad Redecorates the Royal Coaches to Fit His New Dignity as Monarch.

ELECTIONS IN NOVEMBER

Nationalists Demand the Return of Their Leader, Whose Health They Say Is in Danger.

By T. WALTER WILLIAMS.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CAIRO, May 16.—King Fuad of Egypt seemed happy and optimistic on the future of his country when I saw him today walking in the garden of the Abdin Palace in front of the fountain and the private mosque recently completed, while the Queen and ladies of the harem looked on from a lattice-enclosed balcony. He was having some pictures taken and expressed interest that they should come out right, as they were to be shown in the American movies.

The King shook hands and regretted he was unable to accord an interview because during the Fast of Ramadan he only devotes an hour daily to audiences with officials on State affairs. A year ago the King gave me his last newspaper interview as Sultan.

Like all Eastern potentates, King Fuad is fond of regal pomp. Three royal coaches slung on leather springs, built in 1867 for the visit of Napoleon III, and Empress Eugenie to his father, Ismail Pasha, the Khedive, have been dusted off, regilded and emblazoned with a coat of arms in blue and red. They are now gorgeous in appearance and will be used on State occasions and to bring foreign diplomats to the palace. The Spanish Minister rode in one last week from Shepherd's Hotel and created a sensation in the streets.

Dr. Morton Howell of Dayton, the American diplomatic agent, rides in the coach used by the Empress Eugenie on May 26, when he goes to the palace to felicitate the monarch on the feast following the twenty-four days' fast of Ramadan. The coach is drawn by four horses, richly caparisoned, with four Syces running in front ordering the people to clear the way; two Italian footmen in gorgeous livery, wearing tarbousses and standing on a gilded backboard with long gold-headed sticks, and finally an escort of Egyptian lancers.

Political conditions are calm, due chiefly to the absence of Zaghlul.

Lord Allenby said the work of the commission drawing up the Constitution was going steadily ahead and would be finished by September. Elections probably will be held in November. He declined to speak about the withdrawal of British troops from Egypt. He said foreign interests would be protected. Zaghlul had been sent to the Seychelles in the interest of public peace and would remain there. Martial law would be rescinded. He does not expect trouble, he said.

General Sir Walter Congreve, commander of the British forces in Egypt, said he was chartering a ship to convey 2,500 Russian refugees to Bulgaria at the request of its Government to work on the land. Five hundred trained cadets are included among them.

Three British advisors to the Egyptian Government have left for England in the last few days and others were packing up.

Premier Sarwat Pasha said the outlook was for peaceful and friendly relations with Great Britain. He does not anticipate any trouble with the elections.

The question of the Government of the Sudan comes up with the reservations next year.

Morcos Bey Henna, President of the native Egyptian Bar Association and a leading member Zaghlullists, said today an overwhelming majority of the people wanted Zaghlul back because deportation was an injustice to him and an insult to the Egyptian nation.

If kept much longer in the Seychelles medical officials state Zaghlul will die. He is suffering from heart disease, liver and kidney trouble and chronic lung congestion, all fatal in an equatorial climate. They must have him back before the elections, Morcos Bey added. The right to make political speeches had been denied his party, and newspapers supporting Zaghlul had been suppressed.

The committees meet weekly at Zaghlul's house. His wife is Honorary President of the women's committee, which signs appeals sent to towns all over Egypt. She is a bright-eyed, gray-haired, elderly woman working earnestly to get her husband returned from exile and free the country from British dominion. Speaking in French, when interviewed, she said:

"I am anxious for my husband's health because he is a sick man, accustomed to my care and preparing of food. The climate of the Seychelles is hot and humid. If he remains there he will die, the doctors say.

"By means of boycotting English goods all over the country and with the aid of America sending coal and cotton goods to replace those commodities formerly supplied by England, we hope to force the Government to restore Zaghlul to his country. All our people feel grateful to America for its sympathy for our cause. We have pickets outside stores selling English goods who beg Egyptians as patriots not to purchase from them. We are confident our cause is just and will win in the end."

Mme. Zaghlul receives letters from her husband, though he does not refer to his health or prospects of return, she said, as he believes he has a destiny to fulfill.

Benjamin Nathan, who has been selling Manchester goods in Egypt for thirty-five years, with branches everywhere, said today the boycott had made a difference three months ago when it first started, because business was bad and it gave dealers an excuse to cancel orders for goods. Business was picking up now, regardless of the boycott, which British manufacturers do not fear at all.

INDICT MEN CAUGHT IN ALL-NIGHT HUNT

Men Captured in Loft Accused of Burglary in the Third Degree.

Indictments charging burglary in the third degree were returned yesterday by the Grand Jury against David Beitzer of 64 Sheriff Street, Henry Van Gulick of 418 South Portland Street, Brooklyn, Louis Rubin of 1,200 East New York Avenue, Brooklyn, and Abraham Pinkel of 175 Madison Street, who were arrested at dawn Wednesday morning after 250 detectives and policemen had engaged in an all-night hunt for them in the block of Fifth Avenue, Broadway, Nineteenth and Twentieth Streets.

Beitzer was a prisoner in Bellevue Hospital, suffering from four bullet wounds received from the pistol of a policeman when he and the other three attempted to escape, after hiding in one of the buildings for more than twelve hours.

Two of the four men were reported by the police to have served terms in prison, and it was intimated that additional indictments would be returned charging them with being second offenders.

Lieutenant John Stapleton, head of the Safe and Loft Squad, who directed the police on the night of the capture, told District Attorney Banton that he had learned that one of the accused men had a safe deposit box in a bank in this city and that officials of the bank had refused to permit him to examine its contents. The District Attorney said that under the law he was powerless. Stapleton said that he believed that examination of the box would reveal thousands of dollars worth of stolen property.

METHODISTS INVITE BURT.

Italian Conference Wants Him for Observance in Rome.

ROME, May 18 (Associated Press).—The fiftieth anniversary of the fall of the temporal power, which the thirty-ninth conference of the Italian Methodist Episcopal Church is coupling with the semi-centenary of the establishment of the Methodist mission here, will be observed Sept. 20.

The matter was discussed today at the conference, and it was decided to extend an invitation to Bishop William Burt of Buffalo, who was a pioneer in the work of Methodism in Italy, to attend the observance. A resolution expressing esteem and loyalty to Bishop Burt was passed by the conference.

20 DIE IN RUINS OF ROME HOSPITAL

Historic Santo Spirito Burns, Burying Patients Under Its Heavy Walls.

PANIC AMONG THE HELPLESS

King and Queen Hurry to Scene of Disaster and Pope Sends Sympathy to the Sufferers.

ROME, May 18 (Associated Press).—A disastrous fire swept the historic hospital of Santo Spirito, one of the most ancient and picturesque charitable institutions in Rome, early this morning. Collapse of the pavement isolated the chronic ward. Sixteen bodies have been extracted from the ruins and it is believed the death list will reach twenty. Four other patients were badly burned, and one dangerously injured.

The institution accommodates nearly 5,000 inmates, and includes a hospital, lunatic asylum, foundling home and a refuge for aged and infirm persons.

The fire started shortly before midnight in the laundry. At first it seemed insignificant, but it spread rapidly to the neighboring wards, each containing thirty chronic sufferers or infirm patients, who were seized with panic. The shrieks of the unfortunate sufferers mingled with the crackling of the flames while the atmosphere rapidly became dense with smoke.

Nurses and doctors quickly cleared the bedridden from one ward, and in the next ward three of the patients managed to crawl out. Neighboring firemen rushed to the scene, but at the moment of their arrival the electric lights were extinguished, adding to the horror of the situation.

As the immense wooden beams of the hospital fell, there was a heavy, grinding noise and the pavement collapsed, burying twenty of the chronic patients and rendering access to the wards impossible.

Carabineers, Royal Guards, nurses and doctors made heroic efforts to save the unfortunates, rushing through the smoke and fire and bringing out twelve, all of whom, however, were dead from suffocation. Several of the rescuers also were injured. The two wards were destroyed, but the firemen succeeded in saving the rest of the buildings.

The Mayor and the Prefect hurried to the scene and assisted in calming the terror-stricken patients, who were saved, and who were laid on the floors waiting to be moved to the surrounding institutions.

King Victor Emmanuel returned to Rome this morning and went immediately to the scene of the hospital disaster. The Queen and the Princess Yolanda had visited the hospital and expressed solicitude for the still terrified survivors. The Queen and the Princess examined the ruins and made minute inquiries as to how the disaster originated.

Pope Pius, when informed of the fire, requested Cardinal Gasparri, the Papal Secretary of State, to send a prelate to the chaplain of the hospital to convey the Pope's sympathy for the sufferers.

The hospital of Santo Spirito is situated on the bank of the River Tiber, not far from the Vatican grounds. It was founded by Pope Innocent III, in the twelfth century, enlarged by Innocent IV. in the next century and rebuilt under Sixtus IV. in the fifteenth century.

The altar in the hospital chapel was designed by Andrea Palladio, and is reputed to be the only work of this artist in Rome.

Yakutsk Overthrows Soviet Regime.

V. S. Kolesnikoff, Foreign Minister of the Priamur Government, who is visiting New York, announced yesterday that the people in the Yakutsk Province, Siberia, had overthrown the Soviet regime there. His advices stated that special delegations were sent to Vladivostok asking the Priamur Government, as the only anti-Bolshevist authorities in Russia now, to incorporate and adjoin Yakutsk Province to Vladivostok.

WU RUSHES TROOPS TO NORTHERN FRONT

Peking Minister Preparing a Note to the Powers Against Secession of Chang.

TIENTSIN, May 18 (Associated Press).—Chihli troops belonging to the army of General Wu Pei-fu are now passing through Tientsin in large numbers on their way to the northern front to oppose the army of General Chang Tso-lin, entrenched at Luanchow.

The allied military leaders here have warned both sides against entrenching within two miles of the Mukden Railway, but this warning probably will be ignored by the Chinese commanders.

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PAOTINGFU, May 18.—General Wu Pei-fu has received the following threatening telegram from General Chang Tso-lin at Lanchow:

"I am the victim of President Hsu Shih-chang, who sent his brother and secretary to Mukden to persuade me to bring my troops to Chihli, at the same time issuing an order through the War College. Now that I have been defeated and driven as far as Lanchow, the President sends emissaries to persuade me not to withdraw, but to make a further fight, at the same time making it impossible for me to withdraw by giving my offices to others.

"I advise you Chihli war lords to prepare, for since I am in a trap I will fight like a trapped tiger. Should I win I will have revenge upon the old schemer at Peking. If I lose I will bring down upon him foreign complications by disregarding foreign lives and property and flouting international relations. I will fight to a finish and if I am whipped I have my original profession, banditry."

General Wu did not reply and sent the telegram to President Hsu at Peking. General Wu notified the foreign Consuls of General Chang's threat, adding he will attack immediately near Kalgan.

Dr. Sun Yat-sen's expedition seems certain to meet with disaster, but General Wu is withholding his measures for aiding Kiangsi, hoping that Dr. Sun will renounce the Canton Government and accept reconvocation of the 1917 Parliament on which reunification rests.

PEKING, May 18 (Associated Press.)—The foreign powers through their legations here are awaiting an explanation from the Peking Government concerning the status of Manchuria, which General Chang Tso-lin has declared part of his newly established empire.

Foreign Minister Yen is understood to have prepared a note which will be presented soon, explaining that General Wu Pei-fu's troops are being rushed north from Tientsin to crush Chang's army, which recently suffered a bad defeat in the campaign near Peking.

The note will urge the powers to negotiate no treaties with Chang which would violate the agreements concluded at Washington, and at the same time it will emphasize that the General's seizure of the Post Offices, customs, and salt and railway administrations of Manchuria has already involved foreign interests.

HONGKONG, May 17 (Associated Press).—Negotiations are in progress between the South China Government at Canton and both the northern factions in an endeavor to prevent a northward expedition by the army of Sun Yat-sen, head of the Canton Government, it was learned here today.

Kansas City Post in New Hands.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 18.—The Kansas City Post, a local evening and Sunday newspaper, passed last night into the hands of Walter S. Dickey, owner and editor of The Kansas City Journal, a morning newspaper. The consideration was not made public. The seller was The Post Printing and Publishing Company, a Missouri corporation, in which F. G. Bonfils and H. H. Tammen of Denver are shareholders. For the present both newspapers will continue to be published from their respective plants, an announcement published in The Journal states.

New South African Bank Agent.

Leopold R. Morgan, senior branch manager in South Africa of the National Bank of South Africa, who recently arrived from Port Elizabeth, has been appointed agent for the bank in New York. Harry Judson, who has been in charge in New York pending appointment of a permanent agent, will sail for England Saturday to become assistant manager of the bank in London.

PROPOSE HASTENING DEBT NEGOTIATIONS

Exchanges With Britain and France at Same Time May Depend on Politics.

NO BRITISH COMMISSION

France Has Not Sent Official Notification of Intention to Send Delegates.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—Negotiations may be conducted simultaneously with France and Great Britain for the funding of the other war debts of those nations to the United States, it was said today at the Treasury Department.

High officials said that the Allied Debt Commission was still without official notification of the intention of France to send a special commission to this country, but indicated a willingness to treat with the French mission if sent.

Strong probability exists, it was learned authoritatively today, that the British Government will not send a commission to the United States for the present. The delicate political situation in England as revealed by the developments in the House of Commons this week is said to have had the result of causing the Government to hesitate to proceed with such important negotiations as those connected with the refunding of the vast war indebtedness until its own future is more clearly assured. If there is to be a general election in England, then all of the traditions of the Foreign Office demand the postponement of such decisions until the electors have had an opportunity to give their approval to the present Government or signify their wish to replace it.

A decision on this point is said here to be expected as soon as Premier Lloyd George returns from Genoa to England. The British Government is expected, in case it decides to defer the appointment of its commission, to propose to make the full payments of interest on its debt to America as they fall due at the present rate of 4½ per cent, with the reservation that allowance shall be made in the event of the fixing of a more favorable rate as the result of the negotiations.

PARIS STATUES CRUMBLING.

Chemicals in Factory Smoke Injurious to Monuments.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 18.—France is alarmed over an epidemic which is attacking and defacing the historic stone monuments and statues of Paris. Notre Dame Cathedral, the Churches of Sainte Chapelle and Sainte Eustache and the obelisk of Luxor in the Place de la Concorde are among the principal sufferers from the malady.

The attention of the Municipal Laboratory was first drawn to the stone sickness by recent alterations to Bartholome's famous statue, "Monument aux Morts," in the Père La Chaise Cemetery. A sculptor found on one of the figures blisters which disintegrated on being touched. Investigation then revealed that statues on the southwest side of Notre Dame had, in comparatively recent years, lost hair, noses or chins. The same condition was found on other historic churches—the stone columns of La Trinité were deeply eaten.

M. Kling, Director of the Municipal Laboratory, stated today that it was modern city life which had caused the ailments to the buildings. As far as has been ascertained, the trouble is due to smoke from factories. The chemical elements of smoke have proven injurious to stone and are the cause of a malady of comparatively recent existence.

The matter is being diligently studied, with the aim of providing a remedy. There exists considerable fear that France's greatest monuments will be sacrificed on the altar of industry.

You have a right to expect it

The man who can be properly fitted with Ready to Wear clothes has just as much right to fine fabrics and good tailoring as the man who must have his clothes Made to Measure.

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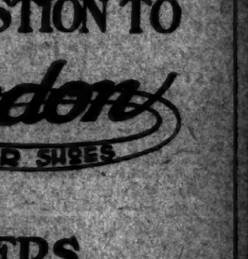

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NO man is so busy that he can't enjoy Schrafft's Candies. Even if he is too busy to telephone, he can dictate "A two-pound Home-Made Package every Friday" and we will know what he means. And what a splendid gift that order would be for someone he really cared for!

SCHRAFFT'S
Superb Confections at Amiable Prices

AGREE TO CONSIDER ENDING 12-HOUR DAY

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

strike, aside from the recognition of organized labor, and there were reports previous to the dinner that the Administration sought to bring the steel men to voluntary acceptance of the eight-hour day with three shifts for plants where operations are continuous.

This is the list of the steel men invited to tonight's dinner:

E. H. Gary, Chairman of the United States Steel Corporation; James A. Farrell, President of the same corporation.

Charles M. Schwab, Chairman of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation; Eugene E. Grace, President of the same company.

Leopold E. Block, chairman of the Inland Steel Company of Chicago.

James Bowron, President of the Gulf States Steel Company, Birmingham, Ala.

E. J. Buffington, President of the Illinois Steel Company.

James A. Burden, President of the Burden Iron Company, New York.

James A. Campbell, President of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company.

Edmund A. S. Clarke, President of the Consolidated Steel Corporation, New York.

George A. Crawford, President of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company.

H. G. Dalton, of Pickands, Mather & Co., Cleveland.

Alva C. Dinkey, President of the Midvale Steel and Ordnance Company.

William H. Donner, President of the Donner Steel Company, Buffalo; George S. Dowes, President of the Lackawanna Steel Company, Buffalo.

C. N. Dyer, Vice President of the Shenango Furnace Company, Pittsburgh.

J. H. Foster, President of the Hydraulic Steel Company, Cleveland.

Alexander Glass, Chairman of the Wheeling Steel Corporation.

Thomas K. Glen, President of the Atlantic Steel Company, Atlanta.

J. B. Kennedy, Chairman of the Brier Hill Steel Company, Youngstown.

Willis L. King, Vice President of Jones & Loughlin Steel Company, Pittsburgh.

Alexander Legge, Vice President of the International Harvester Company, Chicago.

Silas J. Llewellyn, President of the Interstate Iron and Steel Company, Chicago.

Willis F. McCook, President of the Pittsburgh Steel Products Company.

Price McKinney, President of the McKinney Steel Company, Cleveland.

Clayton Mark, Chairman of the Steel and Tube Company of America, Chicago.

William C. Mather, President of the Cleveland Cliff Iron Company.

George W. Merritt, President of the National Enameling and Stamping Company, Granite City, Ill.

William P. Palmer, President of the American Steel and Wire Company, Cleveland.

J. Leonard Replogle, President of the Vanadium Corporation of America.

Frank Richards of M. A. Hanna & Co. of Cleveland.

Percival Roberts Jr. of the United States Steel Corporation, Narberth, Pa.

William A. Rogers of Rogers, Brown & Co. of Buffalo.

John A. Topping, Chairman of the Republic Iron and Steel Company.

Brisbet T. Weir, President of the Weirton Steel Company, Weirton, W. Va.

Jesse F. Welborn, President of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company.

T. H. Wickwire, President of the Wickwire Steel Company, Buffalo.

Horace S. Wilkins, Chairman of the Crucible Steel Company of America, Syracuse.

H. D. Williams, President of the Canadian Steel Company, Pittsburgh.

Richard D. Wood, Chairman of the Allen Wood Iron and Steel Company, Philadelphia.

A. H. Woodward, Chairman of the Woodward Iron Company, Woodward, Ala.

The proposed merger of independent steel companies was not down for discussion at tonight's dinner. Daugherty will look into that matter at a hearing Saturday in response to the La Follette resolution. He has invited representatives of the companies mentioned to meet him here.

Telegrams were sent by Mr. Daugherty today to the Midvale Steel and Ordnance Company, Bethlehem Steel Corporation, Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company, Republic Iron and Steel Company, Lackawanna Steel Company, Steel and Tube Company of America, Inland Steel Company and the Brier Hill Steel Company asking them to attend this hearing.

No Real Commitments Made.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—No commitments were made by the steel men at tonight's White House conference, nor were any plans made for consideration of the proposed abolition of the long workday in the near future, it was said.

Judge Gary and Mr. Schwab were the principal spokesmen for the steel men, although virtually all were called upon to express their views.

The priests, without exception, it was said, recognized the desirability of putting in the eight-hour shift, but many difficulties were pointed out to President Harding, the principal obstacle in the view of the mill owners, being that most of the men employed as laborers were foreigners who wanted to work long hours, in order to receive high pay, make "a stake," and return to their mother countries. The mills could not get American labor to stand the "heat and the muck" of work in the mills, it was asserted.

The steel men described to the President what steps they had made in the direction of putting into effect the eight-hour day, but it was added that those who worked twelve hours were not by any means the hardest worked men in the mills.

The President was told of the comparatively few small mills in the country, such as the Colorado Fuel and Iron and the small rolling mill of the International Harvester Company, which had had the eight-hour day in force several years. It was pointed out that the nature of the steel business was such that there was no middle ground.

It was emphasized by steel men who commented on the dinner that the utmost good feeling prevailed, and that while in a sense the results of the dinner were negative in that no specific progress was made toward a solution, it would be beneficial in getting the industry to realize that the idea of the eight-hour day was prominent in the public mind.

MERGER RUMORS PERSIST.

Harding Dinner Interrupts "Six Company" Conferences Here.

No conferences were held in this city yesterday in connection with the proposed "six company" steel merger, as all of the officials who have been taking part in the negotiations were in Washington to attend the dinner given by President Harding. It was not revealed whether conferences would be resumed today, in view of the report from Washington that Attorney General Daugherty had planned to hold hearings on the proposed mergers in Washington tomorrow.

The steel stocks moved rather tamely on the Stock Exchange yesterday, compared with recent sessions. Thus far all new merger rumors excepting those regarding the six company plan, be including the one that Bethlehem Steel would take over Midvale and Republic, have been denied. Speculative interests in Wall Street, however, are confident that more mergers will be undertaken soon.

Despite all denials, reports persisted yesterday that Charles M. Schwab, Chairman of the Bethlehem Board, had made a bid of $45 a share for Midvale. A previous report put the price at $56. According to Wall Street information the bid was rejected and it was believed that more would be heard of the negotiations.

Gossip in the Street yesterday had it that an official announcement of the closing of the six company merger deal could be expected this week, but this was not confirmed.

PRICE FIXING PERIL SEEN IN EXPORT LAW

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

Midvale Steel and Ordnance Company; J. A. Topping of the Republic Iron and Steel Company, George S. Dowes, President of the Lackawanna Steel Company; S. P. Kerr of the Sharon Steel Tube Company, J. B. Kennedy of the Brier Hill Steel Company, John Warner of the Trumbull Steel Company, J. A. Campbell of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company and J. H. Abbott, Vice President of the Whittaker-Glessner Company. The members of the executive committee are Messrs. Grace, Dinkey, Topping, Campbell, Dowes and Clarke.

Mr. Clarke said the Consolidated was capitalized at $10,000,000, of which $4,000,000 had been paid in by the members who received stock in proportion to their ingot producing capacity. The purpose was to pool the business of the members for the sale of steel and steel products in foreign countries. Its total ingot capacity is 12,360,000 tons.

Mr. Clarke said that the Bethlehem Steel Company subscribed for 12,000 shares of the Consolidated amounting to $1,200,000, Lackawanna Steel Company $600,000, Lukens $200,000, Midvale Steel Company and Cambria together for $1,000,000, Republic $625,000, Sharon $160,000, Briar Hill $280,000, Trumbull $160,000, Youngstown $400,000 and Whittaker-Glessner $220,000.

Export Agency for Members.

The witness said the Consolidated Company was the sole and exclusive export agency for the members and that it had agents abroad. It sells substantially all commercial forms of steel except ships, ordnance and some patented articles which are sold by the members in other ways. The companies pledge their finished products to the Consolidated, which fixes export prices based on what it can get at the point of export. The money is paid to the member companies and 5 per cent. is retained to defray the expenses of business of the Consolidated, which is not a profit-making company.

In 1920, the banner year of the Consolidated, products to the amount of $85,000,000 were sold abroad, said Mr. Clarke.

The witness said that the United States Steel Corporation did its export business through the United States Steel Products Company, of which E. P. Thomas is the head. Provisional price lists to agents abroad are furnished by the Consolidated. Agents are notified by letter or cable of price changes.

"Then you fix at home a price on each of your leading products for sale abroad?" asked Mr. Untermyer.

"Yes."

The witness said that he had known Mr. Thomas, head of the export sales agency of the United States Steel Products Company, for many years. In reply to a question he said that the price changes made by the United States Steel Products Company abroad were not made at the same time as those of the Consolidated. He said that price changes made by the Steel Corporation were furnished him by his agents abroad, but he did not tabulate them.

He was asked if the Consolidated could sell goods abroad higher than the prices of the United States Steel Corporation.

"We have," he replied.

Mr. Untermyer tried to get a concrete case in which the Consolidated sold at higher prices abroad than the United States Steel Corporation. Mr. Clarke could not quote from memory a specific instance, but said that he got higher prices because the United States Steel Products Company was not able to make as good delivery in some cases.

Admits Cheaper Selling Abroad.

Asked whether he conformed the foreign price market to the home market or the home market to the foreign market, the witness said he tried to make the price for the foreign goods at least as high as the home market if competition permitted it and at times he undersold the home market if competition demanded it. Over a given period, however, he said the prices averaged about the same in both markets.

Mr. Untermyer brought out that the witness formulated price changes and suggested them to the meetings of the Executive Committee, which rarely departs from his suggestions. This required him to keep in close touch with the market, and when asked how he got his data he said it was from selling departments of member companies, reports in trade papers and his agents abroad.

Under persistent questioning the witness admitted that he got some of his information as to prices of competitors from Mr. Thomas of the United States Steel Products Company.

Q.—How many of these concerns that are in your company are also concerned with this rumored merger, Mr. Clarke? A.—You refer to what the papers speak of as the "Six-Power Merger"?

Q.—I refer to the "Six-Power Merger" and the two-power merger with the possibility of the eight-power merger as its logical sequence? A.—Well, the Bethlehem Steel Company and the Lackawanna Company are members of the Consolidated; the Republic, the Midvale, Youngstown and Briar Hill are members of the Consolidated.

Q.—Two of the eight companies other than those are members of the Consolidated? A.—Yes.

Q.—The inland is not, what is the other? A.—The Steel and Tube Company of America.

Q.—Do you realize the possibility, if these sentiments were the sentiments of the presidents of various corporations meeting monthly at the office of your company, fixing export prices, that that is a very convenient way of fixing home prices? A.—If the gentlemen were so minded, I presume they could.

Q.—Yes, if they were so minded, that would offer a very convenient method. You know, do you not, that that was one of the objections urged to the Webb-Pomerene bill? A.—I had not heard it.

Q.—Suppose the steel companies of the United States were to avail themselves of the provisions of the Webb-Pomerene bill and to come into your company for the purpose of export, you know, do you not, that under the Webb-Pomerene law that would be a perfectly legitimate thing for them to do? A.—I so understand.

Q.—And you realize that, having gotten into a perfectly legitimate corporation for the purpose of fixing export prices, that would be a very natural thing that they should fix home prices on the basis of export prices, that would be a very natural development would it not? A.—I don't know that it would.

Q.—Do you think human nature is any different in the steel business than in any other business? A.—I do know that it is.

History of Steel Merger.

Mr. Taylor, the next witness, said he was in the banking firm of Kane, Taylor & Co., 5 Nassau Street, and that his office as Chairman of the Board of the Lackawanna Steel Company was at 2 Rector Street. George F. Dowes is President of the Lackawanna, which has a capitalization of $35,108,500 and a bonded debt of $20,000,000.

He was asked how long negotiations had been under way for the original seven- or eight-company merger, and he said that he attended a meeting in the office of Mr. Chadbourne last November, shortly before he went abroad for a trip of six months. The negotiations on behalf of the Lackawanna were conducted, he testified, by President Dowes, John Henry Hammond, Ogden L. Mills and H. G. Dalton, Directors.

Among those present at the meeting in Mr. Chadbourne's office last November he said were Mr. Dowes, Mr. Campbell of the Youngstown, Mr. Dinckey of the Midvale, Mr. Topping of the Republic and Mortimer L. Schiff of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. He said there had never been a discussion of the consolidation of eight or nine large companies. As to the Lackawanna-Bethlehem merger, he had discussed that with Mr. Grace and Charles M. Schwab. He spoke about the matter twice, the second time being last Thursday, when the deal was agreed to by the companies. His first discussion with Mr. Schwab was a year and a half ago.

The contract was passed upon by the Lackawanna's Directors "subject to changes by the Chairman of the Board." He said he had not yet approved the contract, which was in the hands of Mr. Kitchel. Mr. Untermyer turned around to Mr. Kitchel and asked for the document. The lawyer replied that it was "uncompleted." Mr. Untermyer insisted on having it in its present form.

"There is no such document; there is a draft," said Mr. Kitchel with reluctance.

Untermyer Demands Contract.

"I don't care if it is a scrap of paper," declared Mr. Untermyer angrily. "We are entitled to it and we want it. That paper is in your possession, Mr. Kitchel, isn't it?"

"I don't know," the lawyer answered.

"You left it with him?" Mr. Untermyer asked Taylor.

"I left it with him," said the witness. He was asked if, as far as he knew, Mr. Kitchel had parted with the paper. The witness said the contract was "not satisfactory." He promised to ask Kitchel to produce the paper and then Mr. Untermyer questioned him concerning his reasons for saying it was not satisfactory.

Mr. Taylor said that he was to make a report on the mat

HUGHES RULES OUT POLICY OF SEIZURE

Confiscation a Bar to Recognition—Bears on Policy to Russia and Mexico.

WANTS CANDID DIPLOMACY

Deplores Public Indifference to Foreign Affairs in Speech to Commerce Chamber.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—Without mentioning either nation by name, Secretary of State Hughes struck the keynote of the American Government's policy toward both Russia and Mexico when he declared in a speech before the Chamber of Commerce of the United States tonight that nations place themselves beyond the pale of international intercourse when they enter upon a policy of confiscation.

Mr. Hughes said that a fundamental question at this time was the preservation of the essential bases of international intercourse "through the demand for the recognition of valid titles acquired in accordance with existing law and for the maintenance of the sanctity of contracts and of adequate means of enforcing them."

"Intercourse, from the standpoint of business," said Mr. Hughes, "consists in the making of contracts and the acquisition of property rights. Nations may adopt what policies they please for the future conduct of their local affairs, and if these policies are not enlightened the result will inevitably be that production will languish and trade will shrivel up, and they will look in vain for security and confidence; still they will be within their rights in determining their future policy in local matters.

"But if they seek international intercourse they must perform international obligations. When they have invited intercourse with other nations have established their laws under which contracts have been made and property rights validly acquired, they put themselves outside the pale of international intercourse if they enter upon a policy of confiscation.

International Morality the Basis.

"International relations proceed upon the postulate of international morality, and the most important principle to be maintained at this time with respect to international relations is that no State is entitled to a place within the family of nations if it destroys the foundation of honorable intercourse by recourse to confiscation and repudiation, and fails to maintain an adequate system of Government through which valid rights and valid engagements are recognized and enforced.

"This is in the obvious interest of business, and this is merely a way of saying that this course is vital to the prosperity of all peoples, for the activities of business are those of production and exchange upon which the welfare of peoples inevitably depend. If profits are anticipated through a departure from this clear path of honorable dealing they will be found to be illusory."

Secretary Hughes said that he considered it unnecessary to emphasize the "extraordinary importance of our international relations" at this time. He dealt with some aspects of the work of the State Department with the idea of bringing about a better understanding on the part of the business men of the Department as the essential instrumentality through which intercourse with Foreign Governments is conducted.

Candid Diplomacy Wanted.

"The diplomacy of free peoples," said Mr. Hughes, "has its own requirements, advantages and difficulties. It should be open, candid, direct. It has the advantage of being free from dynastic exigencies and has few inducements to continue the tradition of duplicity and intrigue associated with despotic governments. It also has the advantage of responding to public opinion; it reflects the perception of the common interest.

"The difficulty, however, of maintaining an enlightened public opinion with respect to international matters is very great, and it has been increased in this country by the lack of general interest, at least until recently, in foreign affairs. This good-natured indifference, except in grave emergencies, our geographical position, the extent of the country and the wide range of domestic opportunity have developed a sense of self-sufficiency."

Secretary Hughes told the assembled business leaders that "we have only begun to think internationally."

"We find the attitude of the public mind," he proceeded, "to be still ill-adjusted to the magnitude of our financial power and to the international interests which we have suddenly acquired as the result of the World War.

No "Perverse" Reticence.

"Apart from the lack of adequate knowledge of general conditions and backgrounds, there is always the difficulty of conveying to the public a full understanding of the facts of the particular situations which are engaging the attention of diplomatic officers. This has largely be met by a constant effort to make known to the public the general lines of policy, to give adequate information as to particular situations, to take the public into confidence to the utmost practicable extent with respect to particular measures. There should be no reticence for its own sake, or as a mere continuance of a perverse habit; there should be directness, promptness, candor—in short, efficiency.

"It should be understood, Mr. Hughes said, that "there are certain inescapable limitations in the most straightforward" diplomacy.

"I am glad to say," he continued, "that in the dealings of this Government with other Powers there are no intrigues, no hidden purposes, no deceptions. Nothing is done or proposed which, so far as its essential character is concerned, could not be shouted from the housetops. But it does not follow that, in good faith and with practical regard to results, particular steps can immediately be made public. One reason why the methods of diplomacy are so often misunderstood and criticized is that the necessary amenities of the intercourse of sovereign States are not taken into consideration.

"I am not an apologist for inept and dilatory practice, or ceremonial survivals unsuited to our time.

Business Poise and Prestige.

"But it must not be forgotten that Governments deal with each other subject to the obligations of honorable intercourse between equals. Each must be free to make tentative suggestions and later to withdraw them. Each has the privilege to consider a point of essential significance. It does not facilitate the reasonable adjustments which must be made if there is to be resort to practical wisdom and not to force, to create a situation in which nothing can be accomplished without an unnecessary wounding of national pride. Moreover, it cannot be denied that the publication of the details of negotiations must rest on the express or implied consent of both parties.

"Any Government refusing to recognize this fact would find that it had greatly circumscribed its opportunities to serve the interests of its people. In ordinary dealings between individuals the advantages of obtaining the good opinion of other parties to the negotiation—even of competitors—are recognized to be considerable, but the good opinion of nations is not negligible. The peace of the world ultimately depends upon the good-will of peoples alert to everything that touches the national honor.

"The alternative of friendly settlements is resort to coercion, and if you wish peace, you must pursue the methods of friendly intercourse between governments and recognize whatever is essentially involved in these methods. There is no other way."

Cain to Democracies of Peace.

Mr. Hughes declared that in considering the relation of American diplomacy to the business interests of the country it should always be remembered that the Department of State is the "Department of Peace."

"The resources of negotiation, reason and persuasion are within its control," he said. "The very foundation of all business security, in an important sense, is within the keeping of the Foreign Offices of Governments, as to them—as the agencies of peoples—must be entrusted the practical processes by which nations may adjust their mutual interests, settle their disputes and prevent the frightful losses and dislocations of war.

"I have always advocated the judicial settlement of all international disputes which can be regarded as having a justiciable character, and have favored the development of institutions for that purpose. But with due recognition of the importance of this means of settlement, it must be borne in mind that the most serious international controversies, and this is especially true at this time, are not of a justiciable nature, and must be settled, if they are settled at all, by negotiations and agreements. They lie outside the application of defined juristic principles, and the more unstable we find world conditions to be the greater the necessity of the efficient operations of diplomacy and of the adequate organization and support of the peace department of our Government.

Secretary Hughes strongly advocated personal contact in diplomacy and the holding of properly called international conferences.

"Every responsible Foreign Minister longs to get away from interminable note writing through which controversies tend to approach an impasse," he said. "An hour of direct intercourse between responsible Ministers is often worth months of written communications."

SYRIANS ARE RISING AGAINST THE FRENCH

Hostility to the Proposed Mandate Is Leading Toward Open Rebellion.

DAMASCUS, Syria, April 22.—The rising of the Syrian people against the French, who occupy the country under mandate, has spread rapidly during the last fortnight throughout Syria and adjoining States, and is today assuming the character of open rebellion. The Syrians complain of heavy taxation, and demand the abrogation of the French mandate and the right to impose their own taxes.

When Charles R. Crane, former American Minister to China, came to Damascus early this month, leading Syrians complained to him of their heavy taxation and other grievances and asked for American help in obtaining relief. Mr. Crane's departure was followed by the arrest of several prominent Syrians who had spoken with him. The incarceration of Dr. Sahdandehi Gandhi has added to the discontent.

The Arab tribes at Radmore and neighboring districts have revolted and have asked the tribes of Transjordania to help them win political independence in the district of Gerablus the revolutionaries forced French troops to withdraw from Deir El Sor.

In this city popular feeling runs high. There was a public meeting on April 14 to decide on the policy to be adopted in face of the present situation. The military authorities arrested the leaders and broke up the gathering. But, far from being intimidated, the public held another meeting in one of the mosques, and this was followed by a great demonstration in the streets, which the police and the military together succeeded in dispersing only after considerable difficulty.

Later in the same day a deputation of 100 leading citizens waited on the French commanding officers and pointed out the danger to which the country would be exposed if the Government persisted in maintaining its attitude. These protestants were informed that the French authorities were prepared to listen to the grievances of the public through a representative committee, providing the committee would not discuss politics. On hearing this the delegation withdrew, not being able to agree to this condition.

Damascus is still under martial law. No gatherings on the streets are permitted, all people must remain within doors between 7 P. M. and 6 A. M., and those who disregard the above regulations are brought before the military court. The Minister of the Interior has resigned as a protest.

The Executive Committee of the Confederation of Syrian Committees on May 15 addressed a cablegram to President Harding in which was declared, among other things, that "imperialists are making mandated people enslaved colonies," expressing the determination of Syria to refuse the mandate of France, and asking for the help of the United States to this end. Another message was sent to the Council of the League of Nations at Geneva demanding the withdrawal of the mandate to France, and that French troops be removed from the country.

The Council of the League has not yet passed on the question, but Geneva dispatches yesterday stated that France was expected to ask approval of her mandate at a meeting of the Council on July 15, as the consent of the United States, under certain conditions, was expected.

DAUGHERTY FAVORS UTILITY REGULATION

Plays Cards 'Face Up,' He Advises National Electric Light Association.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 18.—Strongly advocating private ownership as opposed to municipal government or political control of public utilities, United States Attorney General Harry M. Daugherty, addressing the National Electric Light Association here tonight, said:

"I trust we have reached the day and determined the way when our backs are forever turned on the old plan of an unfair public and a public utility both demanding something for nothing.

"These questions—that of a fair price for the product and a fair return for the producer—have been too often and too long hawked about and talked about in politics, while the merits of the controversy have been ignored. Too often the controversy originates and is perpetuated for partisan political purposes, to the disadvantage of the investing public on the one hand and the consuming public on the other.

"If the policy of encouraging private enterprise in the public utility field is to be continued, as I believe it will be, rather than Government ownership, you must not only invest and manage the capital and machinery of your enterprises honestly and judiciously, but you must meet the reasonable expectation of fair-minded people. Through regulation by public utilities commissions your business will thrive and the successful development of the wonderful industry will continue."

Mr. Daugherty pleaded for business "in full view of the public."

"With this policy put into effect by commissions composed of fair men," he said, "it can be determined what is a fair price for the product and what is a fair return to the producer. With reciprocal fairness there will be better understanding and more benefit to all. This can be accomplished by playing the cards face up on the public table."

He declared that 95 out of 100 municipally owned and Government owned utilities have failed both as a matter of finance and of service.

Secretary of Commerce Herbert C. Hoover, it was announced tonight, will speak over the long-distance telephone to the convention tomorrow morning.

BOTTOMLEY TRIAL OPENS.

Prosecution Charges the Deliberate Theft of £100,000.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 18.—The trial of Horatio Bottomley, M. P., on twenty-four counts under the Larceny act began today at the Old Bailey. It is expected to last some weeks and will depend in the main on complicated accounts. When he was charged Bottomley pleaded in a loud voice, "Most decidedly not guilty." As he is defending himself he has been permitted during the prosecution's opening and the putting in of the defense to leave the dock and sit with the lawyers, where his accountants can consult with him conveniently.

In opening the case for the Crown Travers Humphreys explained that it turned on the conduct of certain so-called "clubs" in connection with the weekly newspaper, John Bull, of which Bottomley was then editor. Readers were invited to subscribe to a war stock combination, to a victory bond club, to a thrift prize bond club and the victory derby 1920 sweepstakes, and were given to understand their money would be invested in Government securities. Humphreys went into detail concerning the use made of the moneys subscribed and in discussing the £400,000 collected for the victory bond club said:

"The truth is Bottomley made up his mind, and I say this most advisedly, to steal £100,000 and to use it for his own purposes."

MILLER PROPOSES MORE HOME RULE

Cheered as "Next Governor" as He Tells Westchester to Avoid Commission-Form Plan.

SUBURBAN TRANSIT ISSUE

Governor Suggests Separate System—Bi-State Plan for Metropolitan District Possible.

Hailed as "Our Next Governor" and amid the cheering and applause that followed his introduction to some five hundred men and women assembled in the grand ballroom at the Hotel Commodore for the twelfth annual dinner of the Westchester County Chamber of Commerce, Governor Miller delivered a vigorous speech last night, in which he urged the fullest measure of home rule and criticised the practice of counties and municipalities to depend as generally as they do now on special legislation to settle their problems.

Westchester at present is absorbed in the work of a special commission to develop a modernized plan of local government. Governor Miller devoted part of his speech to this subject, recommending that the commission build on existing foundations rather than adopt some new, untried and purely experimental forms of government. The Governor said he was not a believer in the commission form of government which has been urged for Westchester County.

Suburban transit was another theme upon which the Governor dwelt. He warned Westchester that suburban transit facilities had about reached the point of saturation.

"I am told," said the Governor, "that already the trunk lines of the great railroads are entrenching upon their facilities for the long-distance traffic to provide for the present suburban service. Looking at it superficially, I should be inclined to think that you will probably have to provide a distinct system by itself. I doubt that it can be in connection with the rapid transit facilities of the city. I think you will probably have to have a suburban station of your own, properly located at some convenient point in this city with a main line leading to it and arteries extending to all parts of your county.

Governor Miller said that Long Island and New Jersey—the sections in the immediate vicinity of this city—had similar problems and ventured the suggestion that as with the port development, it might require a bi-State commission to develop a transit plan for the metropolitan district.

The Governor expressed his belief that in the interest of efficiency and economy "our County and town government systems need revision," that much unnecessary and overlapping work was done by such local administrations.

"I am not suggesting," the Governor said, "that there be any diminution in the powers of local government, because local self-government is absolutely indispensable to the maintenance of our representative institutions. And let the local governments be impaired in their efficiency if let there be too much centralization of power, either in the State or Federal Government, and the result will be to destroy the capacity of our people for self-government, because we Americans are no-ourselves fitted for attending to our own local affairs. But that does not militate against the proposition that we should make our local government just as effective and efficient as it is possible for them to be.

"I think it is real trouble which has caused so much talk around the State about home rule is that those who talk about it the loudest practice it the least. No sooner does something arise which only the Legislature can do for them than they rush to Albany, and the result is that the habit has grown at Albany to enact all sorts of special legislation relating to the matters which ought to be dealt with locally.

"I think if you could get a compilation of the acts, in truth special but in law general, because applying to a county of more than 400,000 population adjoining a city of more than 1,000,000, you would have a very interesting compilation. The fact, undoubtedly, is that your County of Westchester, with its peculiar needs, has created the necessity time and again for acts in fact special but general in terms, and, therefore, complying with the letter of the State Constitution.

"Now, what should be done? In my judgment, you should obtain from Albany, not the special legislation, but grants of power authorizing the appropriate local body or tribunal to deal with the particular subject matter, and then it should be dealt with wholly by such a tribunal.

"The State Legislature every year passes a number of salary acts, fixing the salaries of county and city officers. Most of them have been vetoed of late. A very few were signed because of special merit, and because there was no other method provided for dealing with those subjects. But the legislative body of the county in my judgment should fix the salary of every county officer from county judge down. The legislative body of the cities should fix the salaries of city officers, and what should be obtained from Albany is the grant of power.

"If instead of running to Albany for every special thing, the subject of how to confer the power and upon what local tribunal to confer it could be studied, we would solve the problem of home rule, if then the Legislature would keep its hands off.

State to grow to a certain population. It is possible for them to adopt at some time or other a city of a million or more, and so the courts have to shut their eyes to the fact that when you say that an act applies to a county which can possibly mean only Westchester County that it is an act of general application to the whole State, and that illustrates how difficult it is by amending your Constitution to secure good government.

"I tell you that the only way you can get good government is by practicing good government, and the only way you can have that is to elect public officials who will place the discharge of public duty ahead of every other consideration."

GETS TERMINAL IN CHICAGO.

New York Central Gets Authority to Buy Chicago River Road.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—The Interstate Commerce Commission authorized the New York Central Railroad Company today to acquire control of the Chicago River and Indiana Railroad Company by purchase of stock not exceeding $750,000 and also authorized the Chicago River and Indiana Railroad Company to acquire control of the property of the Chicago Junction Railway Company by lease.

The Commission's authorization was subject to seventeen conditions set forth in answer to the New York Central's application filed for the purpose of obtaining greater terminal facilities in Chicago.

The territory served by the Junction and River lines, the commission said, is entirely within the so-called Chicago switching district and the Junction and River roads handle traffic to and from all of the twenty-three trunk lines entering Chicago.

The New York Central embarked upon the program of controlling the Chicago River and Indiana Railroad and the Chicago Junction Railway to give it terminals within the city of Chicago. A number of other railroads objected and the commission only allowed the enterprise to proceed upon terms expected to secure the other trunk lines adequate service over the Central's property.

In addition the commission denied the Central's application for authority to purchase the properties or stock of the Junction line. Both shippers and other railroads who have used the terminal facilities to date got consideration in the conditions attached to the general permission which the Central secured by today's order.

Authority to abandon entirely the line of the Chicago & Indiana Coal Railroad in Indiana was granted today by the Interstate Commerce Commission. The company, formerly a subsidiary of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois, is now in receivership, but its line, 162 miles, is probably the longest yet vacated by commission permission.

REBELS SEIZE FRONTERA.

Village Mexican City Until Driven Out by Federal Troops.

MEXICO CITY, May 18 (Associated Press).—The town of Frontera, Tabasco, was entered yesterday by 300 rebels under José Segovia, who did considerable pillaging until Federal troops from Villa Hermosa approached.

The rebels are adherents of General Carlos Green, the rebellious Governor of Tabasco.

Conditions are so disturbed in Tabasco that Minister of War Serrano left for that region today. Dispatches reaching Mexico City today said Segovia was complete master of the port at Frontera for several hours and that his band burned several houses before departing. The dispatches said Federal troops met him later and captured eight of his followers.

The hasty departure for Tabasco of Minister of War Serrano, has caused much speculation here.

It has been known for some time that the situation in Tabasco was delicate, due to the activity of General Carlos Greene, who has been operating both by land and water. El Universal Gráfico this afternoon says the War Office declined to comment on rumors that General Luis Mireles, commanding the Federal troops in Tabasco, has joined with Greene, saying it has no information of anything happening in Tabasco.

FIND NO WARRANT TO ADMIT BOLIVIA

Chilean and Peruvian Delegates Exclude Sea Outlet Question at Present.

TARAPACANS SEND APPEAL

Memorial Urges That Province Ceded to Chile Be Restored to Peru.

WASHINGTON, May 18 (Associated Press).—The relations of Bolivia and Tarapaca to the Chilean-Peruvian conference here again came into prominence today during a lull in the deliberations of the conference.

In statements through The Associated Press Carlos Aldunate for Chile and Melitón Porras for Peru expressed for the first time since the conference began their views regarding Bolivia's repeated claim to recognition. Señor Aldunate declared that the negotiations here had nothing to do with Bolivia, and Dr. Porras said that it was impossible to answer the Bolivian plea until it had been revealed more definitely what the Bolivian Government desired.

The statements issued by Señor Aldunate and Dr. Porras resulted from repeated Bolivian claims to a direct and vital interest in the controversy under discussion here. When his attention was called to statements on the subject made recently by Alberto Gutierrez, former Bolivian Foreign Minister and an unofficial observer at the conference, and Adolfo Ballivian, Bolivian Minister in Washington, Señor Aldunate said the Chile's relations with Bolivia were based on the 1904 treaty of peace and commerce "and are good." He said that the "Tacna and Arica" conference had nothing to do with Bolivia in the judgment of Chile, Peru nor the United States.

"It is said that Bolivia has aspirations to a port on the Pacific," he added. "Everyone is entitled to aspire, but when aspirations refer to the rights of others they are matters of agreement or treaties, not contentious reclamations."

The question of Tarapaca was raised by a committee of native Tarapacans who presented to the Peruvian delegation a memorial asking that their province, ceded by Peru to Chile under the treaty of Ancon, "be restored to our Peruvian home, which we have never renounced, nor shall we ever be able to renounce." The spokesman for the delegation, Manuel R. Almonte presented a brief supporting the plea in detail.

Although it was presented to the Peruvian delegates, the Tarapacan memorial was addressed to President Harding and it was said that a copy would be sent also to the White House. It declares, among other things, that the validity of the treaty of Ancon had been destroyed by Chilean violations, that the cession of Tarapaca to Chile was "obtained without consulting the will of its inhabitants, but against their will," and that "Tarapaca not having been an object of the dispute which caused the war the peace with which the latter ended cannot serve as a title to appropriate it."

SANTIAGO, Chile, May 18 (Associated Press).—The Chilean Foreign Department made public today the following statement regarding the negotiations now in progress at Washington:

Statements in press dispatches from Washington that the Chilean delegation had established the fundamental question of the validity of the Treaty of Ancon are inexact. Neither has the road been opened to the intervention of Bolivia in the deliberations.

"There has been no idea expressed involving doubt of the validity of the treaty, and the possibility of Bolivian intervention has been neither suggested nor is it susceptible of being considered.

"The deliberations have developed a cordial atmosphere in conformity with the conditions of the American invitation."

Sproul a Witness in Cement Case.

Governor William C. Sproul of Pennsylvania yesterday testified before Federal Judge H. Knox to the character of three of the cement manufacturers on trial on a charge of violating the Sherman Anti-Trust law. These defendants were E. M. Young, Vice President of the Lehigh Portland Cement Company, and J. E. and W. D. Lobez, President and Vice President of the Vulcanite Portland Cement Company. The case for the defense was closed. Today the Government will offer evidence in rebuttal.

HARDING SEES NEED OF HONEST COMMERCE

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

doubtedly it had much to do with the bringing about of the World War, and I think I can say just as confidently that it was never once forgotten in the negotiation of peace. It is so inextricably associated with all we do that commerce is always foremost in the life of any people.

"We in America—I am sure it is not unseemly to say it—are commercially a great people, and we ought to be. We are blessed as most bountifully in resources. In the citizenship of this Republic is the blend of every people in the world almost, and I like to say I believe we are unexcelled in genius, we are incomparable in our industry, and we have the talent and the determination—the righteous determination—to be commercially one of the foremost nations of the world.

"This aspiration to excel is ever an impelling one because we have learned from our observations of social and civic life that from the great golden stream of commerce flows everything in life worth while. If it were not for this golden stream that comes from exchanges, from productivity and exchanges, there would be little of education, there would be less of art, there would be few of the finer attainments which make life worth while.

Wants Commerce With a Conscience.

"While I am speaking very briefly, I wish to speak, ladies and gentlemen, for a commerce with a conscience.

"If I were to bring only one admonition to you I would like to charge you men and women of influence and responsibility with the task of eliminating from American commerce those who do not have conscience, whose conscienceless practices bring that criticism which sometimes attends our American activities.

"Something has been said, and I think opportunely said, that we want a period in America with less Government in business and more business in Government. If the commerce of America were always conscientious there never would be a single excuse for Government in American business.

"There is not an agency in American life which can so quickly put an end to abuses and offenses in American commerce as those who are conspicuous in the leadership of that commerce.

"It will not do to pursue the activities with which we Americans are so eminently connected without a mindfulness of everybody involved. Commerce cannot be adjusted alone to the fortunes of the captains of industry. There must always be a thought of the great mass without whom there could be no productivity on the one hand and little consumption on the other.

Effect of the World War.

"And I beg to remind you that the great World War, like every other war which preceded it, but more notably the Great World War, because of its incalculable immensity, has left a state in human affairs quite different from any that ever preceded it. The war would have been a complete waste, it would have been an utter sacrifice of every effort, if we did not find the great human procession on a little higher plane than that which it followed before. An American commerce must keep that in mind. There never will be a time when you can go back completely to the old order of American industries and exchanges in trade.

"I say this because at the very moment we are on the threshold of a new era. Undoubtedly there is more than a business revival in sight. Our country is finding itself again. We are fundamentally right, and we do not intend ever to be discouraged for a long time.

"Business is reviving and we are soon to resume our onward way, and I admonish you of the larger responsibility to keep in mind the new state of human affairs and the awakened aspirations of men.

"I do not think that any business can permanently succeed that is not honest. And I do not think any enterprise ought to succeed that is not honorable. And if you will combine honesty and honor, that enterprise which makes such a slogan will stand unchallenged before the world.

Urges Reward of Merit.

"There is one fundamental that we ought never to forget. No law can ever be enacted or any substitute ever found for the reward of merit. It is the essence of our social life; it is fundamental in our religious life. And I am quite sure that there can be no abiding reward without merit, and I am equally sure that there can be but little of merit without prospect of reward.

"Not so very long ago there came into the Executive Offices a very distinguished visitor, whose home land is Russia. He was talking of conditions existing there and expressing a hope for its restoration to which we can all very cordially subscribe, and he said:

"Mr. President, it will never be brought about until the existing system is abandoned." He said: "I know peasants of simple honesty and sturdy industry who have heretofore always been eager to work and produce, but under a system where they retain only that which is necessary for their subsistence and the surpluses are taken from them, the inspiration to produce has been destroyed."

He said: "Russia can never be restored until the communistic idea is put aside and the rewards for righteous human activity are restored to the citizenship of that land."

Merchant Marine His First Thought.

"I am happy to come today because this is merchant marine day on your program. I am happy to come because there is no one constructive thought in the mind of the Administration at the present time which takes rank over that of a desire to firmly and successfully establish an American merchant marine.

"I do not know of a nation in the world that ever maintained commerce in trade without it was eminent as a carrier of trade.

"It is perfectly needless to tell a body of business men and women that no thoughtful producer turns to his competitor for his deliveries. And you may apply that to nations. And just now the American Republic finds itself in an unusual situation. Out of the critical conditions existing during the World War we builded ships, and ships, and ships. We expended billions to enlarge our shipping to meet the war need, and peace came and found us the owners of the second largest tonnage in the world. We found the Government in business—not fortunately in business, either, so far as the merchant marine is concerned—and so we are asking Congress to give us a merchant marine law under which we hope to put the Government out of the shipping business, and undoubtedly which we hope to put America conspicuously on the pathway of the seas.

"This is essential, not only for expanding commerce, but it is exceedingly essential for American defense. I hope the day will never come when we must resort to war again. I do not believe we would have ever been drawn into the war—I do not hesitate to say I doubt if there had ever been a World War, if America had, prior to the war, commanded a merchant marine commensurate with our commercial importance in the world.

"I hope to see the day come when we shall have so encouraged American shipping that we may carry our products under the American flag with our messages of peace and good will to all the marts of the world.

Takes Up the Tariff.

"I know you are interested in world restoration. So is your Government. But I beg to remind you we must always be right at home before we can be very helpful abroad. We do not mean to hold aloof; we want to play a great nation's—aye, a great people's—part in the world. I do not know of anything that would help more than to give the world an example of a commercial nation with an abiding conscience. I wonder if you understand just what I mean by that. Let me give you one example.

"We are having the problem of tariff legislation. It is not an easy task. I am sure you know where I stand, because I have spoken officially to Congress. I believe in an American industry first of all in the world. I do not want American industry destroyed, to build up some other in foreign lands.

"An illustration was brought to the attention of some members of Congress the other day of imports being brought into the United States because of conditions in the old world. Let me take a hypothetical figure. Imports were brought in, and with the tariff added on a single article, the first cost of which was, we will say, 25 cents, the article was priced to sell to the American consumer at $2. That is a commerce without a conscience.

"You cannot be astonished that there is complaint from both American producer and consumer. You cannot afford to destroy American industry to facilitate in importing trade like that. You cannot afford to have international exchanges of a destructive character.

"Did you ever stop to think how commerce originated? Primitive man was not concerned about it. He only dug into the soil which nature left at his disposal and produced sufficiently to sustain himself and those for whom he was responsible. In a little while one man found that he could produce conveniently more than he needed for himself along some lines. Another produced something else more effectively than he needed for his own consumption. The one over here exchanged his surplus for the surplus of the one over there, and there commerce had its beginning with primitive man.

"If they had started exchanges in the things that each produced alike, nothing would ever have been accomplished.

Want to Trade With the World.

"So it is in international trade. We want to trade with the world. I believe it is possible to trade with the world without any destruction of American productivity. I wish for such an arrangement. Let us sell things that Americans can produce advantageously to those who cannot produce them. Let us buy the things that they have to sell to us and which we do not produce. Out of such exchanges comes righteous relationships and balances of trade and the continued forward movement of the great human procession.

"While we are marching in that procession, it is always wise to keep in mind those who have difficulty in maintaining the pace, and the forward moving army must be one of contentment and continued good fortune. If we may have in America conditions under which men may produce and enjoy life with something of luxury as well as the necessities, we shall have a contented citizenship, and out of a contented citizenship comes patriotic citizenship.

"In the combination of these things I hope to see our America go on as a nation producing, not just hundreds of billions, but as a nation surpassing our possible dreams, a prosperous, happy future where men may gather around the campfires at night and sing their songs of rejoicing and awaken to their tasks and resume their march with that hope which is the righteous inheritance of a free citizenship in this Republic."

CHAMBER ELECTS NEW HEAD.

Julius H. Barnes Succeeds Joseph H. Defrees as President.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—Julius H. Barnes of Duluth, Minn., was elected President of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States late today at the annual convention. He succeeds Joseph H. Defrees of Chicago.

Other officers elected were: Vice President for the Eastern States, A. C. Bedford, of New York; for the Northern States, Thomas E. Wilson, of Chicago, for the Southern States, Harry Black, of Galveston, Texas; for the Western States, Thomas B. Stearns, of Denver. Honorary Vice Presidents: William Butterworth, of Moline, Ill.; L. S. Gillette, of Minneapolis; Charles Nagel, of St. Louis, and A. B. Farquhar, of York, Pa.

Representation of the United States on the Reparations Commission was urged by the Chamber in a resolution adopted today, declaring "that all necessary measures, including approval by Congress, should be taken speedily."

The member-elect adopted a resolution urging "that our Government promptly take its place with the other nations of the world in the International Court of Justice."

Other resolutions approved put the chamber on record as declaring:

"No change should be considered in connection with the Federal Reserve system except such as would add further strength and usefulness to the present plan and continue existing safeguards against partisanship in direction or in service.

"An adequate privately owned and privately operated merchant marine should be maintained under the American flag as a necessary safeguard for the commercial advancement of the United States.

"Opposition should be continued against proposals for the repeal of such basic provisions of the Transportation act of 1920 as confer upon the Interstate Commerce Commission power to correct State rules that increasingly discriminate against interstate commerce."

The Hague rules concerning ocean bills of lading should be recognized as representing a step in advance.

The chamber went on record as deprecating any tendency to reduce "the authorized personnel of the army and navy below a strength conservatively requisite for the preservation of national safety."

Chairman Lasker, of the Shipping Board, told the chamber that the proposed ship subsidy legislation admittedly consisted of "artificial means to meet the situation," and added: "But it is only through the temporary use of artificial means that the situation can be permanently saved, and this administration declares its belief that the adoption of the program which it proposes will save the situation and make America potent in its own rights on the seas."

Mr. Lasker said his experience had convinced him that Government ownership or operation of ships "is as poison ivy in the garden of industry."

Most central banks in Europe are today "in varying degrees of insolvency," Frank A. Vanderlip of New York declared in a cabled review of the Genoa Conference. The plan for a conference at London of such banks therefore promised little of immediate result, he added, and their proposed co-operation in the solution of European financial difficulties would be "difficult to realize."

Describing the Genoa conference as a "clinic" which was circumscribed in the type of "diseases" which it might treat, Mr. Vanderlip recommended that the United States enter the proposed London financial meeting, but only with an understanding that "our Federal Reserve system be kept from alien commitments."

"Officially the conference was not permitted even to examine the more serious diseases," Mr. Vanderlip said. "Nevertheless, unofficially, their nature has come to be more clearly understood.

"The diseases of fantastically excessive reparation claims; of excessive military expenditures causing inevitable unbalanced budgets; of boundary lines that outrage economic and ethical principles; of interest and governmental debts so vast as to destroy the hope of solvency—these diseases could not be officially studied and diagnosed. The disease of the economic isolation of Russia, having a population equaling nearly one-tenth of the world, has been exhaustively studied only to be referred to further study by The Hague commission.

"Owing to the prohibition of discussing more important subjects, the immediate economic significance of Russia has been absurdly emphasized. Under the most favorable agreement conceivable with Russia that country would not be able to make any important contribution to Europe for several years. An agreement with Russia when obtained will for a long time only furnish an opportunity to send goods on credit. Little or no Russian production can be returned in exchange for several years.

"The financial resolutions adopted are sound, but for the present unnecessarily ineffective. They declare the stability of currency value a requisite for economic reconstruction. That is impossible of accomplishment while budget deficits persist. Balanced budgets must await reduced military expenditures. Disarmament could not be discussed here, but must be before budgets can be balanced. Therefore, reduced military expenditures are a prerequisite to stabilizing currency.

"American participation in the London conference is highly desirable, but it is important, however, that it should not involve the custody of our bank reserve in commitments of stabilizing European currencies. I believe that America should study a plan for negotiating some of its gold stock to help Europe stabilize her currencies after the budgets are balanced. The American gold reserve is so large that it will otherwise invite dangerous inflation. Our Federal Reserve system, however, should be kept free from entangling alien commitments. We might organize a parallel institution to co-operate with the central banks of Europe and thus avoid any unfortunate commitment of the Federal Reserve system."

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THE DESCENT FROM THE CROSS AT OBERAMMERGAU.

One of the interesting page stickings in this week's MID-WEEK PICTORIAL is a photograph of The Descent from the Cross in the performance of the Passion Play at Oberammergau, a very realistic presentation. The issue contains 32 pages, over 100 pictures. It has the week's news events of one hemisphere, as well as in the diversified realm of art, science, the drama, movies, fashion, and several pages of the latest sporting news. News stands, 10 cents.—Adv.

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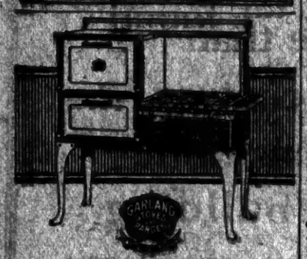

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A delicious addition to the morning bath. Invigorating and refreshing to the senses.

Lemon Verbena, Violet, Rose, Eau de Cologne, Bay Rum.

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CONNERS'S NEW JOB AMUSES BUFFALO

How Can New York Central's Contractor Help Hearst to Win Labor Vote, Is Asked.

FOUGHT SMITH, IGNORED COX

And Now Lives in Florida Most of the Year, So Up State Looks Askance at Him.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, May 18.—When the announcement was made in New York that William J. Conners had taken charge of the political ambitions of William Randolph Hearst and that the opening incident in the serial was to make Hearst Governor of New York State, Democratic hereabouts did not know whether to regard the situation with amusement or alarm. The present disposition is to await developments. There is a powerful mental reservation that Mr. Conners has a Summer's job on his hands.

It is pointed out that while Mr. Conners was at one time Chairman of the Democratic State Committee he left it at the urgent solicitation of Charles F. Murphy; that he does not control the party organization in Buffalo and that due to his consistent hostility to party candidates in recent years he would have to overcome a bitter personal and political antagonism from those Democrats who give him full credit for preventing party victory when it might have been achieved. William H. Fitzpatrick, Chairman of the Erie County Committee, has been branded by Conners in his papers by nearly every name that would pass the censor.

Two other features of the situation are of interest. The first is that if Hearst has any supporters who would stick to him in a fight, this element is among the railway workers and union men in general. He has assumed to wage warfare for and on behalf of organized labor and it may be expected that labor will rise up and don its armor for a battle to the death for its champion. And yet here is the ointment cluttered up with the Conners fly. How can labor follow Conners when he is the contractor for the New York Central Railroad in the Buffalo repair shops. He is one of the contractors inveighed against by the railway brotherhoods and whose contract is declared illegal by the Labor Board.

It is only fair to say that the bitterness of railroad men toward Conners for becoming the medium for farming out the repair work of the New York Central is at white heat. A fund of upward of $5,000 is being raised to defeat any candidate who is out of sympathy with the brotherhood's program, and meetings are being held nightly to further the plan to substitute friends for enemies in the Legislature and in Congress. In every meeting of railway men the contract system is denounced. The question naturally arises as to whether Conners, as the nearest friend of Hearst, was wise in picking himself as Hearst's campaign manager.

And there is another insect in the unctuous liquid. Mr. Conners fell out with Governor Alfred E. Smith and evidence is his attitude toward Hearst a desire to get even with Smith by making his nomination impossible or his election, if nominated, uncertain.

The trouble with Governor Smith came over the appointment of a Supreme Court Justice to fill a vacancy. Conners demanded that the Governor name Edward R. O'Malley, a brother of Justice James O'Malley of New York, to fill the vacancy. Governor Smith argued that O'Malley was a Republican and that other reasons could be mentioned why the appointment of Conners's friend was politically unwise.

The Governor did not wish to break with Conners and argued with him long and earnestly that aside from Conners himself there did not appear to be any one asking for O'Malley's selection. Every judge on the bench in the Eighth Judicial District was a Republican and the Governor insisted it was an opportunity to give a Democratic lawyer recognition. Besides all this, the bar of Buffalo was seemingly unanimous for the appointment of Philip A. Laing, a Democrat, who made a good record as County Judge and had served by appointment on the Supreme Court. Laing was chosen by Governor Smith and Conners refused to support the Governor when he ran for re-election in 1920.

In the campaign when Miller defeated Smith for the Governorship Conners's two papers did not take sides editorially, but favored in the news columns the Republican side of the argument and Conners boasted during the campaign and after that he had taught Governor Smith a lesson. Conners's papers did not give support to Cox for President, although not openly opposing him.

As an evidence that Governor Smith was in accord with public sentiment in making his appointment of a Judge the Republican organization of Erie County endorsed Laing, although a Democrat, for election to the Supreme Court. O'Malley was later one of several candidates for nomination to fill three vacancies in the Supreme Court. He failed to receive enough votes in the primaries to receive one of the three nominations.

The great surprise in Buffalo is not that Conners came out for Hearst but that he came out for any one. He has lived Winter and Summer in Florida for several years and is rarely seen in Buffalo. It was reported at one time that he had taken up his voting residence at Palm Beach, as he has stated that he is the largest individual landowner in Florida. That he should take a further conspicuous interest in politics after his repeated statements that he was through with personal participation in political affairs was something of a shock to his community.

William H. Fitzpatrick is known to be opposed to Hearst, although he has made no public statement on the subject. A former leader of one of the other Western New York counties was asked how he felt about the Hearst candidacy for Governor. He replied:

"This is the way I feel about it. I have declared that I am out of politics, but if Hearst is a candidate, I'll get back in long enough to do what I can to beat him."

Among those who talked on the subject the opinion was expressed that if there was sentiment for Hearst in the State it must be in Greater New York, because the sentiment up-State was almost solidly against him.

GERMANS HAIL KIN'S RETURN

Hamburg Fetes 1,000 Returning on the Hansa From America.

HAMBURG, May 18 (Associated Press).—There were tears mingled with smiles and shouts of joy when the steamship Hansa entered Hamburg harbor today bearing 1,000 German-Americans, most of whom had not visited the Fatherland for a decade.

Uproarious greetings reverberated across the water to the homecomers from the throats of 200,000 persons. Thousands of handkerchiefs, aprons, caps and flags were waved.

As the hull of the ship came within sight of "Deutschland Über Alles" and "Hoch Deutschland" Many houses in the vicinity of the harbor displayed not the new Republican colors but the green, black, white and red.

The German-American visitors were formally welcomed by representatives of the Government, of the municipality of Hamburg and of Schleswig-Holstein, one of the areas lost by the war. An elaborate program for entertaining the guests included a tour of the harbor as guests of the Hamburg-American Line and later visits to Bremen and other Hanseatic cities.

The unusual enthusiasm displayed at the homecoming of the Hansa's passengers was explained by some Germans as representing a demonstration that "blood is thicker than water."

MILLER CAMPAIGN PICTURES ORDERED

Printing of Literature Begun in Anticipation That Governor Will Be a Candidate.

HE STILL WITHHOLDS WORD

But Speaking Dates Are Taken as Indication That He Will Run—Murphy Silent on Hearst.

While Governor Miller has not yet clearly indicated that he will heed the demand of Republican leaders and become a candidate to succeed himself, prominent Republicans appear to entertain no doubt that he will run again. It was learned last night that Miller campaign pictures had already been ordered and that campaign literature, which could be of no possible use unless Governor Miller headed the Republican ticket, was in the printer's hands.

George A. Glynn, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, said the Republican State organization had received no definite assurance from the Governor that he would lead the party in the State campaign.

"The demand from all parts of the State for his renomination is most insistent," said Mr. Glynn. "The Republican organization of every county in the State—I know of no exception—is on record as favoring him for re-election. Up-State you hear no name mentioned except the Governor's in connection with the nomination. Logic points irresistibly to his renomination and re-election to the end that he may continue for another two years the great work he has been doing and carry to completion the great projects now under way that will mean so much to the City of New York."

Governor's Speaking Engagements.

Governor Miller's many speaking engagements are regarded in Republican circles as strongly indicating that Governor Miller has no definite intention of retiring on Dec. 31, the end of his present term. Tonight the Governor will address the New York County Republican Committee at Town Hall and organization leaders are looking forward with much interest to what he will say.

The Governor's immediate plans include a trip to Chicago on which he will start from Albany Monday night. In Chicago the Governor will again meet Governor Allen of Kansas in joint debate on the St. Lawrence River Ship Canal project before the Manufacturers' Association at the Hotel La Salle.

Another of Governor Miller's speaking engagements, which aroused tremendous interest when announced yesterday, will be at the annual convention of the New York State Conference of Mayors in Poughkeepsie next month. The Governor is expected to discuss the tax rate and the need for economy. Mayor Hylan also has accepted an invitation to speak, selecting as his topic "The Human Side of Municipal Government."

Lull in Boom for Hearst.

In the absence of William J. Conners, custodian of the Hearst gubernatorial boom, who is expected to return from Washington today, there was a temporary lull in the campaign to make the editor-politician the next Democratic nominee for Governor. Hearst propagands, however, continued to be spread broadcast among enrolled Democrats just as it has been for several days at the Hotel McAlpin headquarters of Mr. Conners. Through this means the advocates of Mr. Hearst's nomination hope to arouse sentiment among the rank and file of the Tammany organization in the expectation that ultimately it will make itself felt at the Wigwam. So far Mr. Hearst's political lieutenants have not entered into any direct negotiations with Mr. Murphy, reports to the contrary notwithstanding.

"I have not seen Mr. Hearst and have not discussed Mr. Hearst and his candidacy with any of his representatives," Mr. Murphy said at Tammany Hall in response to a direct question.

"What do you think of the prospects for his nomination—are they good?" Mr. Murphy was asked.

"It is too early to talk candidates," said the Tammany chieftain.

"Have you talked with 'Tom' Foley since he announced his intention of bolting the Democratic ticket in event of Mr. Hearst's nomination?" Murphy was asked.

"I have not talked about candidates with any of the district leaders—there is time enough for that," said Mr. Murphy.

Hylan Issues a Statement.

Mayor Hylan, as the text for his daily contribution to the Hearst propaganda, yesterday took up the victory won by Gifford Pinchot in the Pennsylvania primaries. The Mayor's formal statement read:

"In answer to the question 'What do you think of Pinchot's victory?' asked Mayor Hylan today, the Mayor replied:

"It is a wonderful victory on the part of the honest and progressive Republicans who want the Government of their State run in the interest of the people.

"In Pennsylvania they have the primary. In New York State the political, public utility and traction ring sympathisers saw the handwriting on the wall and they repealed the direct primary law. They have gone back to the old convention system in nominations for State officers, so the honest, progressive Republicans in New York State have no chance to nominate a progressive Republican candidate this Fall whose sympathies are with the people.

"The public utility corporations and their friends in both the Democratic and Republican parties are scared to death for fear a man like William Randolph Hearst, who has fought the people's battles for years, or some other candidate who stands for what he stands for will be nominated by the Democratic Party. From now on you will hear a great element from the political vultures in both parties who have been betraying their parties and the people and delivering them to the corporate interests which exploit the people.

"There is both murder and in favor of corporation control at Albany, increased car fare, higher gas and electric rates, and the press they control are beginning to get up an awful roar for fear a man may be nominated by the Democratic Party whom they cannot use. Pitch & combination are out for their own benefits and have no regard for the peoples' rights, but always the same old political 'bunk' to get the honest and honest people fighting among themselves while their pocketbooks are being looted. They did fool the people in Pennsylvania and I don't think they are going to fool the people in New York State."

SEES PERIL TO ANTIPODES.

Northcliffe Warns Australasians Against the Japanese.

LONDON, May 18 (Associated Press).—Lord Northcliffe told the Australian and New Zealand Luncheon Club in addressing it today that he wanted to be very frank about the Japanese menace to Australia. He said that none who realized how the Japanese were getting nearer and nearer to Australia and how fast was the natural increase in population among the Japanese but would understand that a country like Australia, which was practically empty, was in great danger.

"The Japanese," declared Lord Northcliffe, "are the Germans of the East, perpetually burrowing, working, propagandising, emigrating and spying all over the world. They are busy penetrating North America and they are casting covetous eyes on the British dominions."

The Fifth Avenue Shop
349 Fifth Avenue at 34th Street

TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW—

UNRESTRICTED CHOICE OF ANY

CAPE—WRAP—SUIT DRESS or GOWN

IN OUR ENTIRE STOCK

Two great groups—Regardless of loss

$15 and $25

Regular Values up to $89.50

Every garment characteristic of the high standard of style and quality for which this house is noted.

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For Street, Afternoon and Sports Wear

All Sales Final.

The Fifth Avenue Shop
349 Fifth Avenue at 34th Street

SEMI-ANNUAL SALE!

We extend the privilege of selection from OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF EXCLUSIVE

HATS

Divided Into Two Groups

$5.50 $10

Including NEW MIDSUMMER MODELS and importations—previous pricing to $50

Franklin Simon & Co.

A Store of Individual Shops

FIFTH AVENUE, 37th and 38th STS.

Of Special Interest Today

For Misses and Small Women

NAVY BLUE, BLACK OR BEIGE CRÊPE GEORGETTE FROCKS . . .

WITH MOIRE RIBBON GIRDLES

Hand Drawnwork, Fineness of Fabric, and Low Price Distinguish This Frock

39.50

THE FROCK OF ALL OCCASIONS, SPONSORING THE PENCHANT OF PARIS FOR ELABORATE GIRDLES—FINE ENOUGH FOR ANY OCCASION, PRACTICAL ENOUGH FOR ALL OCCASIONS. . . . . .

DRESS SHOP FOR MISSES AND SMALL WOMEN

Second Floor

BROADWAY Saks & Company 34th STREET

Have Arranged for Friday and Saturday Only

A Sale of

Women's Silk Frocks

—of printed crepe de Chine, foulard and satin back crepe—

At 25.00

THE fashion of the moment expresses itself in figured silks, and we present an entirely fresh collection of frocks in the newest figured fabrics.

To the left is a model of red and white figured navy crepe de Chine with a V neck and a circular tunic—a most attractive, simple style. To the right is a figured foulard with four flying panels of navy georgette—as airy as it is serviceable. And in the center is a satin-back crepe frock, distinctive because of its simplicity, employing fagotting and knife pleating as its only trimming. *Fourth Floor*

1,000 New Cotton Frocks

for warm weather wear offer splendid choosing now while there is a complete range of colors and sizes from which to choose.

Gingham Frocks	7.50 to 16.50
French Linen Frocks	12.50 to 18.50
Dark Voile Frocks	10.95 to 18.50
French Hand-Made Frocks of voile, linen and Roumaya crepe	15.00 to 39.50

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

An Extraordinary Sale of

Japanese Cotton Crepe Kimonos

—made in Japan of fine crepe, hand embroidered and in Japan's favored flowers—and offered

At Much Below Regular Prices

At 1.95—Kimonos of excellent quality cotton crepe, made in Japanese fashion and embroidered in various designs.

At 2.95—Kimonos of Japanese crepe in a dozen different designs, hand embroidered in contrasting shades.

At 3.95—Kimonos of fine crepe, exquisitely hand embroidered down the back and front in fine thread and lovely colorings. Eighteen different patterns to choose from.

Colors: Copenhagen, Sunny and light blue; orchid, pink, rose and peach.

Size 36 to 44

THIRD FLOOR

I. R. T. LEASE VALUE IS CUT $38,000,000

Transit Counsel Says Estimate Should Be $30,000,000 Instead of $68,000,000

BY EXPERT'S OWN PROCESS

Asserts That the Company Ignored the Possible Recapture of Some Lines.

The valuation of $68,000,000 placed by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company upon its subway leases was questioned yesterday at the hearing before the Transit Commission by ex-Justice Clarence J. Shearn, its special counsel. In his cross-examination of Henry T. Berry, assistant auditor of the Interborough, Judge Shearn brought out that Mr. Berry based his calculations upon the Interborough's forty-nine-year lease, without considering the provision for recapture of some of the lines by the city, which Mayor Hylan has announced he favored. Judge Shearn contended that upon the Interborough's own method of calculation, which had not been admitted by the commission, the value of the lease would be about $30,000,000.

Judge Shearn asserted that some of the Interborough lines would be eligible to recapture in 1923 under the terms of the dual contracts and that other lines might be recaptured in subsequent years, and that such recapture would wipe out much of the equity claimed by the Interborough on the strength of its lease until 1956 and 1967.

"I call your attention," said Judge Shearn, "to the fact that, if that lease was terminated and had to be acquired, all you could get under any possible theory would be preferential for three years of $9,024,000, the deficit in the preferential which has accumulated, amounting to $6,000,000, and $15,000,000, representing the 15 per cent. upon the amount of your investment, that you have testified to."

Foresees Reduced Equity.

J. C. Edwards of counsel for the Interborough explained that the Interborough would still have the original subway left, contracts. Judge Shearn contended that even if the city recaptured the lines built under Contract No. 3 of the dual subway contracts, Judge Shearn contended that in that case the company's equity would be greatly depreciated by having to pay a deficit, as he said, of $3,000,000 a year on its lease of the elevated lines.

In his testimony Mr. Berry said that while the operating expenses of the company were estimated at $20,762,000 in 1922, they would be reduced to an estimated figure of $19,600,000 in 1923. This would be made possible, he explained, by various economies, including cheaper coal, time and labor saving devices, such as the turnstile and the multiple door cars, and probable wage conditions. Mr. Berry estimated that in 1926, passengers would have increased 200,000,000 a year over the present. At the time his estimates were made, he said, the company had counted on having 250 new cars in operation in 1926, but not in 1923, as recently ordered by the commission. Mr. Berry estimated that the service order would cost the company $500,000 this year and as much more next year. Judge Shearn asserted that the increase in operating expenses would be $2,180,000 a year for the company, when it had fully complied with the commission's orders for improved service and the purchase of new cars. He said there would be about 12,000,000 additional car miles a year operated by the company as a result of the order, and that at a cost of 18.5 cents a car mile, the figure given by Frank Hedley, President of the Interborough, the additional cost would be more than $2,000,000.

Charles Wetmore Kellogg, an engineer and consultant for Stone & Webster, testified that he had reviewed the methods employed by William S. Gorsuch, the Interborough's valuation expert, to reach the total valuation of $400,000,000 claimed by the company, and that he believed them logical and conservative.

Discrepancies in Figures.

Judge Shearn brought out that Mr. Kellogg had prepared the Stone & Webster report on the Interborough in 1919 and the admission from him that many of his estimates had proved to be incorrect.

"Do you recollect that in the report, in which you were demonstrating the necessity for a higher rate of fare for the Interborough," asked Judge Shearn, "that you stated that your estimate was based upon your belief that the cost of labor, after the increase of August, 1919, and of materials would remain substantially the same during the next five years?"

"If that is what the report says," replied Mr. Kellogg. "Of course, you are reading from the report."

Judge Shearn said he was, and asked if there had not been a substantial reduction in the price of labor to the Interborough after the Stone & Webster report. Mr. Kellogg said there had been first an increase and then a reduction.

"There has been a very substantial reduction, hasn't there?" Judge Shearn asked.

"They have had a 10 per cent. cut, I believe," Mr. Kellogg replied. "About two million and a half a year, I think."

"That's a pretty considerable item, isn't it?"

"Yes, it is," said Mr. Kellogg.

"So that as a prognosticator in that case you were not entirely successful, were you?" Judge Shearn continued.

"No, sir," said Mr. Kellogg.

Judge Shearn asserted that Mr. Kellogg had made similar errors in his predictions of the cost of materials, and that he had been equally wrong in his estimates of the company's financial condition for years ahead. Judge Shearn showed that Mr. Kellogg in the Stone & Webster report estimated that the Interborough's net corporate deficit in 1920 would be $8,778,000 while it was actually $2,235,835, and that he estimated the company's deficit in 1921 would be $8,675,000, while it was actually $4,464,026.

"That involves an error of about 100 per cent. in your estimate, doesn't it?" asked Judge Shearn.

"It does, in that particular item," replied Mr. Kellogg. "I can explain that if you are interested. I don't believe you are."

Judge Shearn showed that Mr. Kellogg estimated the company's deficit for 1922 at $7,155,000, while Mr. Berry's estimate of the deficit for this year was only $1,907,000.

"If Mr. Berry is right you were wrong by over $5,000,000 out of a total of $7,000,000, were you not?" asked Judge Shearn.

"Yes," Mr. Kellogg replied.

An adjournment of the Interborough valuation hearing was taken, the date of the next hearing to be set upon two days' notice by the commission. It was said that only a few minor details were awaiting disposition, and that the commission would then consider in view of the evidence presented how much it should modify its Valuation Bureau's tentative estimate of $378,000,000 as the value of the Interborough's Railroad property. The hearings to determine the valuation of the properties of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company will probably begin on May 23.

D. & H. to Lay Off 2,000 Men.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 18.—Notices will be posted tonight in all Delaware & Hudson shops for a reduction of men in the motive power and car departments, the order to be effective tomorrow. The shops principally affected are those at Colonie, Oneonta, Carbondale and Green Island. In railroad circles today it was said that the lay-off would put 2,000 men out of work. Delaware & Hudson Company officials said this afternoon that the order was found necessary owing to the continued depression in business.

BOARD OF ESTIMATE ASSAILED BY MILLER

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

and the welfare and the future of these millions of people.

"I want to say that any one who would dare to play politics with such possibilities, and with the needs of these millions of people, is assuming a grave responsibility."

Governor Miller referred to the history of the State direction of New York City transit, and said the present Transit Commission exercised no powers that had not been possessed by its predecessors, all State commissions. But because it was new in form, he said, an attempt had been made to create an impression that there had been an invasion of the powers of the city in its establishment.

"It is true that, so far as possible, we undertook to clothe the commission with power to prevent obstruction," he continued. "You cannot do that by legislation, however except in part, and you have recently had evidence of the fact that the Board of Estimate is still in the full possession of its powers to obstruct and that those powers are being exercised, although I am happy to say and I have no doubt that you have observed that that obstruction, while it is unfortunate, cannot indefinitely postpone the working out of this great problem."

The Governor referred to the program which William H. Johns, President of the Chamber, had said Queens desired, and commented upon the fact that the proposed Flushing extension was the first item on each program.

"I want to observe that you can only get one thing at a time," he said. "You can only get better transit by starting."

The Governor suggested that the Queens residents submit their suggestions to the Transit Commission, and that Borough President Maurice E. Connolly, who has opposed the Transit Commission's plan because it did not do enough for Queens, should do the same.

"Bring forward the additional necessities and lay the plans on the table," the Governor said, "and I am sure that in the practical working out of these plans relief will be extended to your borough just as speedily as it is physically possible to do it and the means of the city will permit.

Would Release Frozen Credits.

"And in that connection I am minded to make another observation, and that is, you will vastly increase the means of the city to provide these additional facilities, if you can release the 250 millions of now frozen credit of the city in subway bonds that are being supported by the taxpayers. That 250 millions, if released, will unquestionably constitute a revolving credit ample to do all that can be necessary to supply to the very uttermost all of your requirements, and I see only one way that can be secured, and that is by the adoption of some plan."

Governor Miller said the Transit Commission was considering the joint operation of the Queens lines by the Interborough and the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company and that he believed this could be brought about. The three main things to be accomplished, he said, were improved service, new construction and the establishment of the unified system.

"Now these three things, while related, each stands on its own feet," the Governor continued, "and the work of the commission is progression upon these three lines. If they can be fitted in together so much the better. But progress in any one of them will bring relief. What you need is transit, and more transit, and more transit. There isn't any doubt about that. Your present situation, distressing as it is, will be much more acutely distressing one year from now, and two years from now and three years from now, before any real, permanent relief can be secured. You know how long it takes to develop such great undertakings.

Invites Mayor to Submit Plan.

"Your situation is bound to be worse before it is better—and I am appalled by the thought that any one confronting such a situation can have the hardihood, can bear to assume the responsibility of placing a single obstruction in the way which, for the present day, will delay getting what the people of this city imperatively need, and should demand.

"I see that the Mayor has a plan. I say, bring it forward. He has sketched the outlines of it. I am not going to discuss it, but I am sure that the Transit Commission will have no pride of opinion or of authorship. I am sure if the Mayor has something to contribute they will not be afraid of giving him credit for it. Of course, he knows that the Transit Commission alone has the power to initiate these plans.

"It was announced some time ago from the City Hall, I guess from the Corporation Counsel, that nothing coming from the Transit Commission, whatever it is, would be accepted. I hope that that attitude is changing, because it must come from this commission, the lineal successor of the body which has had the power to initiate these new lines. Of course, they cannot be constructed without the co-operation and assent of the city, but I submit that it is time that that attitude should change; I submit that it is time that every one should consider the imperative needs, aye, the necessities, of the people, of the millions of people that require this development, and that every other consideration should yield to these necessities. I think that attitude has changed somewhat, because you have noted that approval has been given at last, after a long and unnecessary delay, to construction work vitally necessary to finish what you had already undertaken."

Problems Obscured by Politics.

The Governor declared that the State had done merely its duty in providing the machinery by the creation of the Transit Commission to solve the problem, and said it would be solved finally only by the pressure of public opinion.

"The problem has been obscured by political discussions for the past four years," he said. "Five-cent fare has been the shibboleth, and I wonder if the people of Queens are acquainted with a five-cent fare. It may be that the people on the trunk line of the subway are enjoying a five-cent fare, but the people of Queens know nothing about a five-cent fare except as you compute the number of times that you have to pay 5 cents, and that number will continue to increase so long as destructive and obstructive tactics are permitted to prevail. Substitute construction for destruction and you can again get back gradually to the thing which will then become a reality instead of being, as now, a myth with which to delude the unthinking people of this town."

Mr. Johns, before introducing Governor Miller, told what Queens wanted in the way of rapid transit and mentioned ten additional routes. About five hundred persons attended the luncheon.

WILL START SURFACE LINE HEARINGS MAY 24

Transit Commission Plans a Month of Inquiry Into Service.

The Transit Commission yesterday set May 24 as the date for the first of a series of surface line hearings. These will be similar to those recently held in reference to service on the Interborough subway lines which resulted in orders to purchase new cars and improve the service.

The commission will consider the New York Railways Company on May 24, the Third Avenue Railway Company on May 25, the Brooklyn City Railway Company on May 26 and the B. R. T. surface lines on May 31. Other service line hearings will be conducted by General Lincoln C. Andrews, the commission's chief executive officer, as follows:

May 24, New York & Harlem Railroad Co.; May 25, Eighth Avenue Railroad Company, and Ninth Avenue Railroad Company; May 26, Second Avenue Railroad Company; June 1, Long Island Electric Railway Company; June 2, Manhattan & Queens Traction Corporation; June 5, New York & Long Island Traction Co.; June 13, Van Brunt Street and Erie Basin Railroad Company; June 14, Manhattan Bridge Three-Cent Line; June 15, Ocean Electric Railway Co.; June 19, Richmond Light & Railroad Co.; June 20, Staten Island Midland Railway Company.

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In making an investment choose one that will help your own Greater New York.

Why do you buy bonds issued by foreign countries or mortgages on property in States of the Union far removed from your own?

We have good mortgages and mortgage certificates here in Greater New York which will pay you 5½% interest, with payment of principal and interest guaranteed.

You will do better for yourself and for your City if you will invest your money in these mortgages rather than in mortgages scattered throughout the United States or in bonds you know nothing about.

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176 Broadway, New York

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MAISON BERNARD

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Women of Discernment Find a Comprehensive Choice of Apparel In This

Great Clearance Sale

Extraordinary Specials For Friday & Saturday At

$50 $65 $75

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45 Evening Gowns—

Elaborately embroidered models as well as charmingly simple effects.

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Suitable for informal wear as well. Exquisitely beaded or embroidered.

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Developed of superior silk crepes and cloths; beautifully embroidered, for both street and sports wear.

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"The Cantor"

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Two Just Prices $5 & $6

No. 316

$6

Tan Russia Calf Raglan Blucher Goodyear Rubber Heel.

Style

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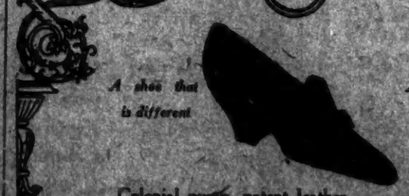

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Men's Shirts of fine white Oxford, with collar attached.

For tennis, tee, town or touring.

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milk costs less than meat, don't make the mistake of thinking it has less nutritive value.

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Remodeling and Enlarging our Store, and during these alterations we offer

2000 Pairs of Slippers

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Delivery Costs in New York Reach Bottom

Quantity production in our new plant enables us to sell all models at prices (effective May 1) that bring trucking costs on city routes to their lowest point.

We can present facts that may save you thousands of dollars yearly.

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To be really well dressed the modern woman must not be conscious of her clothes. Obviously this is impossible with shoes that pinch and bind and irritate.

The Dr. Reed Cushion Shoe is probably the most comfortable shoe made. The leathers are soft yet shape retaining and the resilient cushion sole permits no binding. Nor is there a freakish thing about it; there are styles to please the most fastidious of women.

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1372 Broadway, at 37th Street.
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Pie and

Kraft Cheese with your pie—a perfect combination. Try it also in place of meat for the perplexing Friday dinner; not just "cheese"—Kraft Cheese.

3 varieties: American, Pimento, Swiss, sold by the slice, pound or loaf.
3 VARIETIES IN TINS

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Look For The Label

Powder and Perfume With Cuticura Talcum

An exquisitely scented, antiseptic powder. Gives relief to sunburned or irritated skins, overcomes heavy perspiration, and imparts a delicate, lasting fragrance, leaving the skin sweet and wholesome.

CONDEMNS HYLAN'S CIVIL SERVICE VETO

Reform Association's Report Hints at Reclassification by "Practical Men."

HARDING ALSO REPROACHED

Bureau of Engraving and Printing Removals Viewed as "Drive on Merit System.

Mayor Hylan was reproached by the Civil Service Reform Association in its forty-fifth annual report, made public yesterday, for having vetoed the bill initiated and sponsored by the association providing for a reclassification of positions in the civil service of the city. The reclassifications would have been based on title, salary and duty performed. The removal of civil service employes in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing in Washington by President Harding without explanation was also condemned by the association, which indorses the attitude toward this matter taken recently by the National Civil Service Reform League.

Referring to the Mayor's veto of the bill for reclassification, the report said that at the present time the classification of such positions is not uniform, that titles and salaries differ widely for the same functions or duties performed and that there is no concerted effort to standardize such positions.

"The only excuse the Mayor has offered for his adverse action on this measure, so far as we know, was his desire to promulgate a scheme of reclassification of the service under the supervision of a 'committee of practical men' appointed by him for such purpose," said the report.

"He suggested at the public hearing that he did not wish to have the Legislature have the credit for a reclassification study. The best practical means of accomplishing a reclassification is through the Civil Service Commission, with the co-operation of the budget-making body, the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, or its representatives."

Mayor Hylan was commended, however, for vetoing some of the numerous "bad bills" affecting the New York City Police and Fire Departments. The report said the record of the Legislature might have been characterized as excellent but for these bills.

"The good record in the Legislature itself is due primarily to the ability and unfailing efforts of Senator Theodore Douglas Robinson, Chairman of the Senate Committee on Civil Service, through whose efforts practically all of the serious and far-reaching attacks on the merit system were stopped," the report continued.

Referring to the dismissal of civil service employes in Washington under the heading, "Spoils in the Federal Civil Service," the report said:

"The association can not close its record for the past year without reference to the public utterances of various members of the official family of the administration in the Federal Government and members of the Senate and Congress of the United States. Such statements lead to a feeling of grave concern lest there be a concerted drive to remove from the merit system many positions, particularly those with substantial compensation."

The association expressed the belief that agitation in favor of some form of "veteran preference" will last indefinitely and that the association must therefore continue its efforts to protect the merit system.

PICK SEVEN JURORS IN BUCKETING TRIAL

Counsel Proceed Cautiously in the Case of Indicted American Cotton Exchange.

FIRST TEST OF NEW LAW

Indictments Are Result of District Attorney Banton's Wall Street Investigation.

Seven jurors were selected yesterday in Justice Marcus's Special Criminal Term of the Supreme Court for the trial of the American Cotton Exchange on an indictment charging that the Exchange bucketed about 80 per cent. of the orders received from customers in the South. The case is regarded as a test of the new law against bucketing which provides a maximum fine of $5,000 in the event of conviction, and that two convictions against a corporation shall abrogate its charter.

The case of six Directors of the corporation against whom indictments were returned by the Grand Jury in connection with alleged bucketing in orders on the part of members of the Exchange are to be called for trial at a later date. All the indictments were returned as a result of District Attorney Banton's investigation.

One hundred talesmen were summoned for the trial, but the work of selecting the jury went slowly because of the precautions taken by Assistant District Attorney Hugo Wintner and George Gordon Battle and Albert Massey, counsel for the Exchange, in obtaining jurors who could comprehend the new law.

When Justice Marcus adjourned the trial until this morning the following jurors had been sworn in: John Wrieden, apartment house superintendent, 675 West 172d Street; Jacob Rabinowitz, manager, 4,640 Broadway; William Bloch, furrier, 310 West 112th Street; Walter W. Newcomber, composer and music publisher, 143 West 147th Street; Aaron F. Chamberlain, manufacturer, 828 West 111th Street; Michael T. Manion, merchant, 233 West 153d Street, and Harry T. Ockendon, a restaurateur, 985 St. Nicholas Avenue.

Louis A. Degginger of 435 Central Park West was excused when he told Justice Marcus that he had a prejudice which he feared might influence him. He had previously stated that it was his understanding that when a customer speculated in stock he "took a gamble."

"I think you are shielding yourself with a plea of prejudice," Justice Marcus said to the talesman. Another talesman told the court that he had plunged in the market with a considerable loss as a reminder, and was peremptorily challenged by Mr. Massey. It was the only challenge exercised by either side during the day. The last juror chosen before the adjournment of the proceeding, Mr. Ockendon, said that he and his two brothers composed the corporation operated under the name of "Billy the Oysterman."

It was expected that the jury would be completed by noon today, and that the prosecution will begin the presentation of evidence.

ARMY AND NAVY CLUB SPLIT BY FACTIONS

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

nection with the matter, which cannot but injure the club. The club is a splendid institution, representing great things and is fully capable of dealing efficiently within its own doors with any unpleasant situation.

"The charge against General Weld is ridiculous. He took no commission at all, but the real estate firm to which he belongs received a commission of $5,500 from the owners. He told about the matter at the time and I don't remember any objection that was made to it."

The group insisting on drastic action was described as "the Bolsheviki" yesterday by several club members who discussed the affair. More than 2,000 men in active service, most of them scattered throughout this country and abroad, are members of the club, which includes ex-officers, retired officers, National Guard officers and associate civilian members.

The Governors of the Army and Navy Club at present are Major Elliot C. Bacon, a partner in J. P. Morgan & Co.; Brig. Gen. Howard S. Borden, Brig. Gen. Oliver Bridgman, Colonel Franklin Q. Brown of Redmond & Co., Colonel John J. Byrne, Colonel John Daniel, Captain W. R. Franklin, Colonel Wade H. Hayes, Brig. Gen. Nelson H. Henry, Rear Admiral Livingston Hunt, Major William M. Chadbourne, Brig. Gen. Samuel McRoberts, Lieut. Col. M. C. Martin, Commander Clarence Matthews, Captain Russel Rayner, Brig. Gen. Henry J. Reilly, Brig. Gen. James Robb, Major J. Beaumont Spencer, Major Almuth C. Vandiver, Brig. Gen. William Weigel, Brig. Gen. De Witt Weld Jr., Major Francis Weld, Charles R. Whittemore and Lieut. Colonel F. W. Wilson.

The members of the club who signed the petition, on which they say action has been delayed four months, are Captain Victor Barcas, Commander E. H. De Lany; Captain Charles Holzderber of Henry Clews & Co., a former Governor of the Club, Captain Woodruff L. Post, Lieutenant Barr of the Navy and Commander Bradshaw.

The following paragraphs appear in the petition:

"Petitioners allege that the conditions of the club's finances is unbusinesslike and unsatisfactory. They insist that all members of the club be mailed within fifteen days a financial statement showing principal items of expenditure since the organization of the club, the obligations incurred and outstanding, the authority therefor, and the expected method of fulfillment. Minutiae of detail is not expected or desired.

Want Statement of Irregularities.

"Petitioners desire also a statement of financial irregularities discovered and of action taken thereon, together with explanation of the failure of the Treasurer, the Finance Committee, and the Board of Governors to advise the members thereof. Petitioners are given to understand that such failure is due to a mistaken fear that such disclosure might hurt the reputation of the club.

"Petitioners allege that reports of the Finance Committee and of the Treasurer presented at the recent annual meeting were misleading and misleading as conveying the idea that the financial condition of the club is more satisfactory than is actually the case.

"Petitioners allege that the above reports were adopted at the last annual meeting without proper discussion because of the steam roller organization of the meeting and the arbitrary rulings of the Chairman.

"Petitioners allege that the campaign for membership has been feeble and grossly extravagant. The club now has a membership of only about 1 per cent. of those eligible. Petitioners believe that the practice of paying salaries, commissions or other allowances for procuring members is unnecessary and pernicious. Petitioners suggest the immediate discontinuance of any existing arrangements for such payments.

"Petitioners deplore the attitude of the Board of Governors toward Captain Victor Barcas, to whose observance of ethical standards is due the detection of gross financial irregularities in the club's administration. The posting of the name of Captain Barcas in the notice inviting complaints to your committee, seemingly of doubtful necessity. Several petitioners had no acquaintance with Captain Barcas until their association was unfortunately attributed to the unsatisfactory conditions of the club's affairs.

Frank E. Webb, one of those attacked by the complaining members, said yesterday:

"I understand that the investigation by the Grievance Committee is directed chiefly at a few trouble-makers in the club who are generally known as the Bolsheviki. They have made baseless charges against a great many people connected with the club. Our Board of Governors is composed of the finest men in the United States and the mere fact that the Governors are men of such splendid calibre is a sufficient answer to most of the charges. I will deal most energetically with any charges which may reflect on me personally. The affair will probably end with the abatement of the trouble-makers from the club."

Captain Victor Barcas, one of the signers of the petition, said yesterday that the alleged irregularities were first brought to his attention by employes of the club in April, 1920.

"An investigation and audit," he said, "brought to light the fact that money had been embezzled, checks had been forged, vouchers had been raised and part of the Christmas money had been withheld by a member who was then a Governor. Approximately $2,200 in cash was found in his trunk, which he was compelled to return. He was forced to add to this amount making it total $4,000, and this was paid over as partial restitution.

Said It Was Private Fund.

"His explanation was that he was laying aside a little private fund, unknown to any one else, to aid in alterations at the club house. In spite of these disclosures, he was permitted to remain in a position of great responsibility in connection with the expenditure of $40,000 for alterations in the new club house. Those who investigated this affair permitted him to remain on his promise to make amends.

"When additional irregularities appeared later, charges were made to the Board of Governors in November of last year. The committee which made the investigation sought to whitewash this Governor. When several of us heard of this, a committee of six waited on the Board of Governors at their December meeting. In the course of a stormy session, the resignation of the man on trial was accepted 'for the good of the club.'

"We made an effort to bring irregularities in the club, then known only to a few, to the attention of the members of the club at large at the annual membership meeting in January of this year, but were circulated by the steam-roller methods of a faction which was determined to prevent the charges from being made known to club members. A conference was thereupon called which resulted in sending the petition to the Board of Governors late in January, calling for an investigation of the club's affairs. A Grievance Committee was appointed by the President.

No Action on Report.

"They engaged Major Frank C. Henke, who was not a member of the club, to make a thorough and impartial investigation. He made a voluminous report sustaining the charges of the petition in every detail. It was a scathing report and placed the responsibility where it belonged. Although this report was submitted to the Grievance Committee previous to March 15, no action has been taken by them and they have not as yet reported to the Board of Governors.

"About six weeks ago the Grievance Committee called the signers of the petition in conference, at the Chairman of the committee, General Grote Hutcheson, was ordered to duty with troops in Hawaii. The signers of the petition were led to believe that definite action would be taken in the immediate future. No action having been taken up to this date, we were reluctantly compelled to arrive at the conclusion that it was the purpose of this committee to tire us out. That left us with the alternative of going to bring the matter to the attention of the District Attorney, which we will do today."

Franklin Q. Brown, President of the club, declined yesterday to discuss the charges before the Grievance Committee.

Captain Charles Holzderber, of the firm of Henry Clews & Co., a former Governor of the club, but not the one referred to above, said yesterday that he had seen no accounting of the fund which was raised during the drive for $6,000,000 in 1920, and that he thought no full accounting had been made. "I have heard that the materials regarding dead officers furnished by their families had been neglected and the proposed memorial room where they were to be exhibited has not been prepared as yet.

"I am terribly sorry that anything is being made public about this. It could have been cleaned up inside the club, if it had not been played around with so long."

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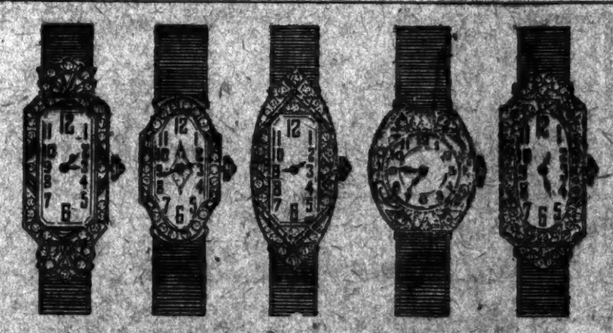

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200 Watches. No two alike $75 to $785

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15, 17, 18 jewel movements, guaranteed

Two Exquisite Watches

Each is rectangular, and attached to a finely woven gold mesh bracelet. One is set with emeralds and diamonds; one with rubies and diamonds. They will make two women very happy.

Diamond Court—10th Street Motor Entrance—Main Floor, Old Building

JOHN WANAMAKER
Broadway at Ninth Street, New York

Lost and Found Advertisements, Page 18.

Business Opportunities (bank and business references required), Last Page.

Macy's Macy's

For the Man who enjoys Outdoor Sports

From the Sporting Goods Section.

There are several things listed below, at special prices, that many lovers of out-door sports will be looking for at this time of year. All Macy sporting goods is of very excellent quality and offered at the "Lowest-in-the-city-prices".

Tennis Rackets, $4.74

100 reinforced panel rackets with very fine Oriental gut strings. Just the proper weight and proportions to be light, easy to swing. A racket of fine quality at an exceptionally low price. Other Rackets, $1.98 to $12.89. Covers 49c to $1.49. Presses, 89c to $1.19. Marking Tapes, $4.89 set. Nets, $3.24 to $13.24.

Golf Balls, $1.88 Dozen

A standard size and weight practice ball. New balls, not repaints. Full of pep. One of the newest practice balls.

Other Golf Balls at the "lowest-in-the-city-prices". Gibson Golf Clubs, $4.49 each. Stewart Golf Clubs, $4.74 each. Excelsior Golf Clubs, $2.24. Golf Bags, 89c to $26.25.

Fielders' Gloves, $1.59

If you are a base ball enthusiast you will appreciate the quality of this fine fielder's glove. The color is black and the padding is full and soft. Well made. Other Gloves, $1.69 to $3.74. Base Ball Suits, $2.24 to $4.19.

Bathing Suits, $3.69

A good all-wool bathing suit in either two-piece or skirt style. Black, gray or heather shades with colored stripes or plain black or navy. Sizes 34 to 46. Other suits, $3.39 to $9.94. Belts, 29c to 47c. Caps, 12c to $1.19.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Center.

Men's "Goodyear" Keds
Canvas Outing Shoes
$1.74

They are "run-of-the-mill" which means in this instance that they are not pure white—just a little unbleached which in no way mars them.

In high or low models with white rubber bottoms, smooth or corrugated. Sizes 6 to 10½.

Macy's—Main Floor Balcony, 34th Street, Rear.

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.
Herald Square New York

Macy's Macy's

Stern Brothers
West Forty-Second Street - and - West Forty-Third Street

Men's Pure Linen
Handkerchiefs

—Qualities noted for their durability.
—Prices which emphasize out-of-the-ordinary value.

Men's Linen Inital Handkerchiefs—
Dozen $3.00 and 5.50

Men's Linen Hemst'd Handkerchiefs
Dozen $2.50 and 4.00

Men's Sheer Irish Linen Handkerchiefs
with tape border.
Dozen $6.00

ACCUSES FARM BLOC OF A TARIFF 'DEAL'

Norris Charges It Supports Committee Rates in Exchange for Agricultural Protection.

VOTE HIGHER PIGMENT DUTY

Underwood Demands a Clear Record on the Bill to Make It the Campaign Issue.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—Asserting that Senate Republicans, or most of them, had decided to accept the pending tariff bill as reported by the Finance Committee, Senator Underwood, the Democratic leader, declared in the Senate today that he wanted the record of the measure so clear that this would be the issue in the Fall campaign and the people could pass judgment on the bill.

"They (the Republicans) are not going to consider the various items as presented," Senator Underwood said, "and the only jury to which we (the Democrats) can appeal is the jury that must pay the taxes."

The minority leader was discussing a paragraph in the bill dealing with duties on pigments for paints. He said this was one of the items that the people could understand and that it could be made clear that the only purpose was to "build up a tariff wall to increase the profits of the producers."

"It has been stated repeatedly here in the debate on this bill," he said, "that the taxes on the various items in this chemical schedule were so small that the people would not feel them. This tax does come home to the people. It comes to the home itself."

Declares Duties Can't Be Justified.

Senator Underwood said the duties proposed could not be justified from a standpoint of revenue or because the industry could not exist without them, as the producers had prospered under much lower rates. He called attention that in 1920 exports of finished paints amounted to $20,000,000, while imports totaled only $3,000,000, and added:

"I suppose the doubling of the tax is to keep that $3,000,000 out entirely."

Discussing the 15 per cent. duty on oxides, which was approved by the Senate, Senator Smoot said a large percentage of paint contained linseed oil, and the farmers of North Dakota producing flaxseed held that a high tariff was absolutely necessary to protect them. The Utah Senator pointed out that the committee rate was one-third less than the Payne-Aldrich rate and that a 100 per cent. differential was involved.

Senator Underwood said the question of linseed oil should be taken care of in the paint and not in the oxide schedule, and that the linseed oil content could not be justly considered a factor in the increased rates on oxide.

The committee originally recommended a duty of 23 per cent., but receded from its amendment, allowing the House rate of 20 per cent. to stand after the Senate had voted down an amendment by Senator Underwood to continue the present low rate of 10 per cent.

An amendment by Senator Norris to make the duty on varnishes 30 per cent. instead of 25 per cent. was rejected, on a roll call, 17 to 42. The committee rate of 35 per cent. then was disagreed to, on recommendation of Senator McCumber, and the House rate of 25 per cent. was approved.

Against the request of the committee, the Senate disagreed to the committee rate of 35 cents per gallon and 35 per cent. ad valorem on spirit varnishes containing 5 per cent. or more of methyl alcohol, leaving the rate on this at 25 per cent. ad valorem as proposed by the House.

Charges a Farm Bloc "Deal."

The committee proposal for a 25 per cent. rate on varnish was the subject of an attack by Senator Norris of Nebraska, who also scored the votes on paint, and said it appeared that the Senate agricultural tariff bloc was in a "deal" to support the committee rates generally in exchange for protection on agricultural products.

"I have been wondering about the farm bloc," he added. "We've been dealing in products the farmer needs and have been increasing the tariff on every one. Where, oh, where, is the farm bloc?"

Noting the presence of only a few Senators, Mr. Norris added that absent Senators "appeared to come in blindly and vote increases that we know are increasing the expense the common people must pay."

Replying to Senator Norris, Senator McCumber, in charge of the bill, said it might be there were no importations of varnishes now, but the bill was framed to be effective for a number of years. He denied that there would be an increase of 25 per cent. in the price of varnish because of the 25 per cent. duties proposed.

With respect to the effect of the proposed tariff on farmers, Senator McCumber said the agriculturists in his State had not asked that everything they used be admitted duty free, but only that they have equal protection with other industries.

Duties on Lead Pigments.

After a four hours' fight the Senate approved committee amendments proposing a duty of 2¼ cents a pound on litharge and of 3 cents a pound on orange mineral. Both of these materials are lead pigments.

Committee rates of 2¾ cents a pound on red lead and 2½ cents a pound on white lead also were approved. The Democrats sought to have each of the four rates reduced ¼ cent a pound, but their amendments were rejected.

The House rate of 23 per cent. ad valorem on chrome yellow and chrome green was approved by the Senate. An amendment by Senator King to make the rate 20 per cent. was rejected, 18 to 46, and at the request of Chairman McCumber of the Finance Committee, the Senate disagreed to the Finance Committee rate of 30 per cent. on zinc dust, lamp black and all other black pigments. An amendment by Senator King to make the rate 15 per cent., as in the existing law, was rejected.

Fat Duty on Salt.

The next fight developed over the committee amendment imposing a duty of 2½ cents per 100 pounds on salt in packages and 1½ cents per 100 pounds in bulk, but these were approved after the Senate had rejected amendments by Senator Walsh to make the figures 5 cents and 2½ cents respectively. The rates proposed by the House were 11 cents and 7 cents. Salt is on the free list in the Underwood law.

Senator Walsh said the 20-cent rate was equal to an advalorem duty of 50 per cent. and gave figures to show no rate was needed, since exports were greater than imports.

Bond Club Ho'ds Outing Today.

Members of the New York Bond Club will hold their annual outing today at the Sleepy Hollow Country Club. A special train will leave the Grand Central Station at 9:05 o'clock. The features of the day will include golf and tennis matches and a baseball game with members of the Boston Bond Club. Prizes will be awarded winners.

SEEKS PROSECUTOR IN WAR FRAUD SUITS

Daugherty Says That if He Fails to Enlist an Eminent Lawyer He Will Act Himself.

BLAMES DELAY ON AUDITING

Asserts Criticism Has Not Changed Justice Department's Plans a Particle.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—Attorney General Daugherty announced today that he would take personal charge of the prosecution of the Government's war contract cases should he be unable to engage an eminent lawyer for the task.

"The key man to conduct these cases," said the Attorney General, "should be one of the leading lawyers of the country. I hope we can get the right man for the place, but the Department of Justice has been handicapped because men of this type are now occupied with many important cases of their own and cannot arrange their affairs at present to devote their full time to the Government. Another setback is the fact that the Government is not able to pay these men as much as they would receive for similar duty in private practice."

Under the $500,000 appropriation for investigation and prosecution of war contract cases the maximum fee stipulated is $10,000, with the exception that the Attorney General may engage one man at a retainer above this sum. The limit for this fee was not set by Congress. Mr. Daugherty said that during the last six months he has conferred with over sixty leading lawyers in an endeavor to persuade one of them to take charge of these cases. It is understood that Henry L. Stimson, former Secretary of War, is among those Mr. Daugherty wanted to enlist for this work.

"I hope that we will be able to obtain the right man to take charge of these cases," Mr. Daugherty said. "I don't want to do it myself, for there are other matters before the Department of Justice, but if I fail to find a man I may have to take charge of this work as a matter of necessity, because in any event I would be directly responsible for prosecuting these cases. Even should the man of the type I am desirous of enlisting be secured I would devote at least half of my time to this work and leave to assistants the ordinary work of my department. Of course whoever is placed in charge of the war fraud cases, it would devolve upon me to give the final answer upon what suits should be brought."

The Attorney General had no direct comment to make upon Samuel Untermyer's attack of last night at Yonkers in which he declared Mr. Daugherty was "a connecting link between the Administration and big business."

Mr. Daugherty declared that one of the reasons for delay in prosecution of war contract cases had been the discovery of mistakes in auditing in "thousands of these cases."

"In creating a special division in the Department for carrying on this work, which has been facilitated by Congress's $500,000 appropriation," the Attorney General continued, "we are organizing a corps of professional auditors.

"Nothing that has been said recently has changed a particle the plans the Department of Justice has made for following these cases. The people of this country have had a year's opportunity to determine whether the Attorney General is of a muckraking character. I will not let an honest man be impugned merely because he is under investigation and before a case has been made out against him. Nothing will be made known about what we will do in these cases until we are satisfied that the Government has a case that will stand a test in court, and there is a reasonable belief that the accused can be convicted.

"No raid, ride or riot will change the policy of this Department in that regard. This talk at the Capitol is not causing the Department of Justice any worry. I will proceed, as I began, to conduct this Department in an orderly, decent way, free from sensation."

FINDS BANKERS WANT BONUS BILL CHANGES

S. Stanwood Menken Says Financiers Are Not Opposed to Principle of Grant.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 18.—Financial men are not opposed to a bonus for deserving soldiers, but are opposed to the bonus measure in its present form in Congress, S. Stanwood Menken, President of the National Security League, of New York City, declared in the course of an address today before the closing session of the annual convention of the Maryland Bankers Association. He indicated that bankers generally agree with President Harding in his demand that Congress evolve a method of financing the bonus before it becomes a law. He thought President Harding's stand for a sales tax to raise such funds met with the approbation of financiers.

Mr. Menken criticised Premier Lloyd George for what he termed bartering in the interests of British trade and said the economic breakdown of Europe vitally affected America. He also advocated lower taxation, a moderate tariff and a strong navy.

George R. James of Memphis, Tenn., made a plea for the agricultural interests of the country, particularly of the South, pointing out the importance to business generally of farm prosperity.

Samuel A. Graham of Salisbury, Md., was chosen President of the association, and T. Rowland Thomas of Baltimore was named First Vice President. Charles Hann of Baltimore was continued as Secretary and William Marriott of Baltimore as Treasurer.

JAZZ UPSETS FUNERAL.

Judge Fines Phonograph Owner for Maintaining Nuisance.

Music may have charms to soothe the savage breast, but it may also enrage the calm one, especially when it comes through a big phonograph horn over a sidewalk from 10 in the morning until 11 o'clock at night, drowning out Eighth Avenue's busiest traffic and forcibly injecting "jaz" into funeral services. So James Secular, proprietor of a phonograph shop at Eighth Avenue and Fifty-fifth Street, had to pay $10 in the West Side Court yesterday for maintaining what Magistrate George W. Simpson decided was a public nuisance.

Fifteen or sixteen neighboring store keepers and apartment tenants were in court ready to tell the world what they thought of Secular's secular music. The only one that testified, however, was Graham Rickelberg, whose undertaking parlors are across the avenue from the phonograph shop.

He said that the family members at a funeral in his chapel, which is next the sidewalk, had asked him to stop the ragtime music that was floating through the windows from Secular's phonograph, whereupon he rushed over to Secular and met with a refusal to muzzle the machine until after the service.

Then Magistrate Simpson imposed the fine for violation of Section 136 of the city ordinances, and Secular said it under protest. He said that his music was not appreciated.

Two Steel Companies to Merge.

ST. LOUIS, May 18.—Plans for the merger of the Consolidated Steel and Iron Company of this city, capitalized at $1,000,000, and the Hoosier Rolling Mill Company of Terre Haute, capitalized at $3,000,000, are practically complete, according to announcement here by J. R. Finkelstein, President of the latter

BOYS' CAMP SUITS AND SAILOR SUITS

We have specialized for many years in completely outfitting boys who visit fashionable seashore and mountain resorts and summer colonies where our productions are always accepted as the standard of dress.

Our English sailor suits are made of imported striped galatea and other durable imported fabrics.

Our models in khaki camp suits are especially practicable for boys who engage in summer sports and rough out-door play.

Boys' sailor suits, $5.50.
Camp suits for boys from 4 to 13 years short sleeves and short trousers, $6.75.
Camp suits for boys from 7 to 15 years with long sleeves and knickerbockers, $7.50
Sweaters, caps, bathing suits, imported stockings, camp and scout shoes.

DE PINNA

Fifth Avenue at 50th Street

Saks & Company

Announce for Friday and Saturday

A Remarkable Sale of

Indestructible

PEARL NECKLACES

—Equally effective for the June bride, the graduating girl or the discriminating woman, whatever the event—

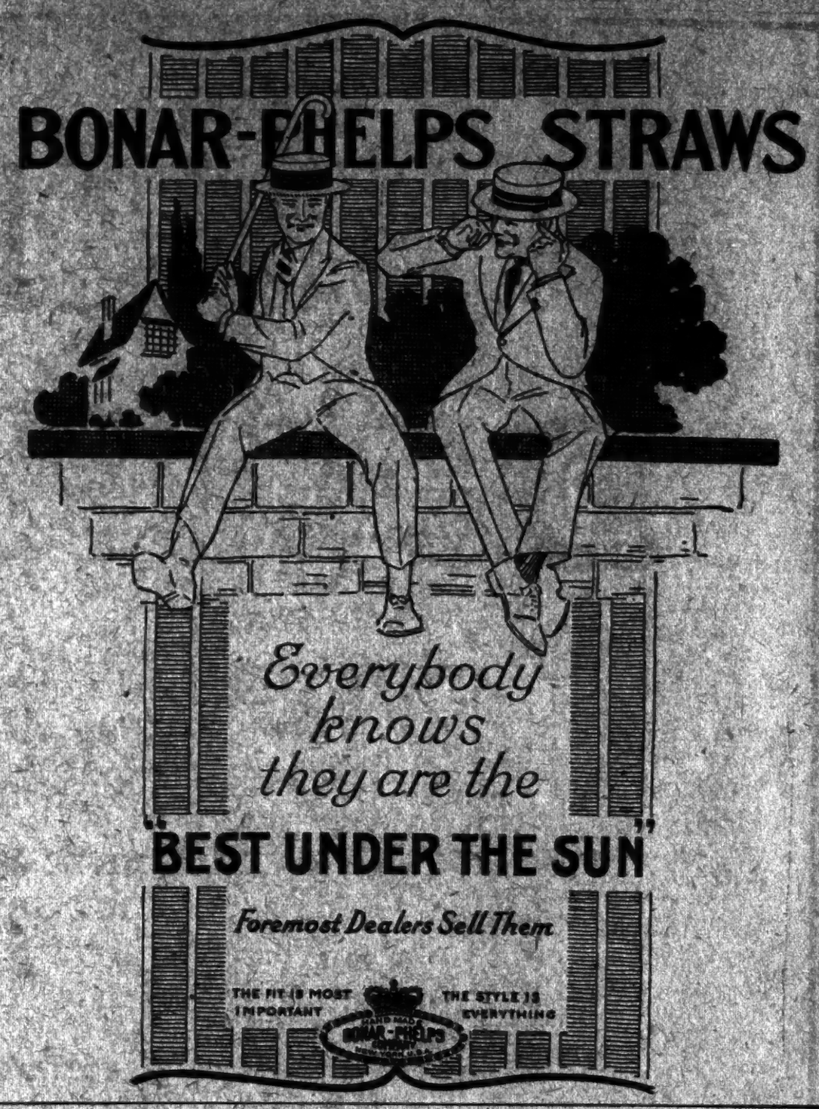
18 to 30 inch strands, *regularly 7.50 to 10.00*, at 2.95
24 to 30 inch strands, *regularly 12.50 to 15.00*, at 4.95
18 to 24 inch strands, *regularly 18.00 to 24.00*, at 7.95
27 to 30 inch strands, *regularly 27.00 to 30.00*, at 10.95

THEY catch the radiance of the rainbow in their inimitable tinting, glowing with all the fire and phosphorescence of the genuine Oriental gem. Each strand is finished with a solid gold clasp and arranged in a dainty gift box.

In creme or creme rose.

STREET FLOOR

Broadway Saks & Company 34th Street



Bonar-Phelps Straws $5 and up
other straw hats $3 and up
Berg Summer Felt Hats
in Ounce Weights

MILLARD

A Shop for Good Hats
50 East 42nd St.
AT MADISON

We Announce

A REMARKABLE REDUCTION

in the Price of Our Six-Room Houses

FROM $1400 TO $1075

These remarkably attractive six-room houses, built originally for army officers, according to government specifications, can now be bought for less than the usual first payment on an ordinary house. They were taken down in sections and can be erected on your lot in a few days. They are delivered, freight paid, to your local station.

They are 22x37 feet, have six large rooms, bath and 8x20-foot porch, 9-foot ceilings, double thick walls and floors with insulating paper between thicknesses and surface slate roof.

Included are white enamel bathtub and toilet, kitchen sink, hot water boiler, hardware for windows and doors, etc. Exterior may be clapboard, shingle or stucco, as desired. They are sturdily built and many just like them have been used throughout the winter. Some have been rented for $60 to $75 a month. This is an extraordinary opportunity to own your own home at a fraction of the usual cost. You could not duplicate them at several times the price.

We have only a few of these houses left. If you are interested do not delay. Look into the matter at once. Send for plans, specifications, etc., or call. Showrooms open daily until 9 P. M., Sundays from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

UNITED PORTABLE BUILDING MFG. CORP.
115 Broadway, New York Phone 5665 and 5879 Rector

We Offer Remarkable Bargains in All-Steel Garages

PECK & PECK

DIAMOND MAZE

A new sport sweater with a very peculiar property

THIS BRILLIANT SWEATER is compounded of six different sized diamonds, three colors and the very best of pure Alpaca wool. Its distinguishing and peculiar characteristic is that with each new color scheme it changes its personality. Some are gay—very gay—others more sedate, but each one is so absolutely different from its fellow that every Diamond Maze sweater is a law unto itself. Original with Peck and Peck; priced $35.

Peck and Peck sweaters, like Peck and Peck hosiery, are sold only at the Peck and Peck Shops, but they are admired all over the world.

PECK & PECK

Fifth Avenue at 42nd St. *Fifth Avenue at 48th St.*
4 NO. MICHIGAN BLVD., CHICAGO
Newport Southampton Palm Beach

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

Business *is* better in Chicago

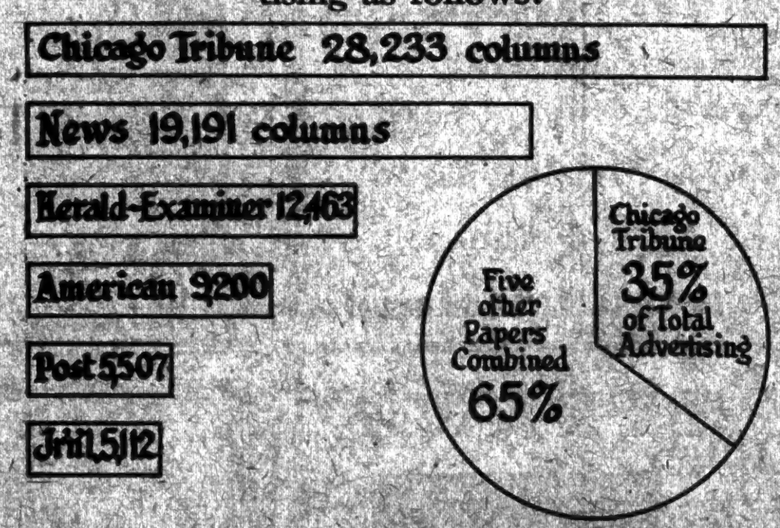
DURING the first two weeks in May the volume of bank business in Chicago, as reported by the Federal Reserve Bank, was 10% more than during the corresponding weeks of 1921.

In the Seventh (or Chicago) Federal Reserve District the increase was 10%. In the entire United States, excluding New York and Chicago, the increase was 3%.

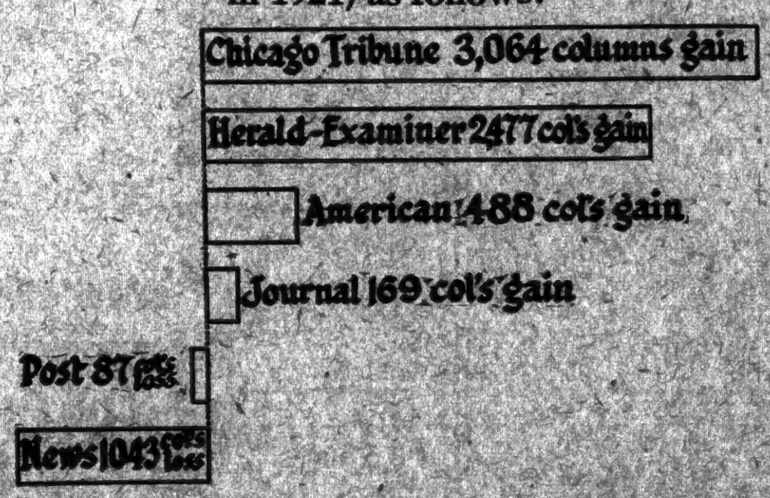
Times are getting better everywhere, but improvement is particularly rapid in Chicago. Now is the time to advertise aggressively for business. And, when placing advertising, remember that

The TRIBUNE *is* first in Chicago

During the first four months of 1922 the six Chicago papers have printed advertising as follows:



During the same period they have gained or lost (compared with the same period in 1921) as follows:



SUNDAY, May 7, 1922, The Tribune carried more than 800 columns of advertising—the largest volume in its history, exclusive of such special issues as the Automobile Show editions. As the Tribune's phenomenal power to produce results for advertisers becomes more generally recognized The Tribune becomes more and more obviously "FIRST in Chicago."

Several Tribune men are stationed in New York. Ask one of them to call; or write for The Tribune's Book of Facts. Address our Eastern Advertising Offices, 512 Fifth Ave., New York City.

The Chicago Tribune

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

MAY CITE MANN ACT AGAINST VALENTINO

Federal Officials Start Inquiry Into Screen Actor's Nuptials With Miss Hudnut.

SHE STARTS FOR NEW YORK

Marriages of Frank Mayo and Godowsky's Daughter, and of Henry B. Walthall to Be Investigated.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 18 (Associated Press).—The Federal Government, through Department of Justice agents, will investigate the marriage of Rodolph Valentino, screen actor, and Miss Winifred Hudnut of New York at Mexicali, Lower California, Mexico, it became known here today.

Valentino will be examined here by Federal officers, it was stated at the Federal Building, and an effort will be made to interrogate the bride as soon as she can be reached at some point between here and New York, her reported destination on a trip which began yesterday.

Frank M. Sturgis, in charge of the Department of Justice bureau here, said that the investigation was prompted by reports made to his office that Valentino had violated the Mann White Slave act.

Investigation of the marriages of two other prominent motion picture actors who took this step after obtaining an interlocutory decree of divorce and without waiting for a final decree is under way, it was announced.

These actors are Frank Mayo and Henry B. Walthall, according to District Attorney Woolwine's announcement. Mayo was married at Tia Juana, Mexico, after the granting of an interlocutory decree of divorce here. His bride was Dagmar Godowsky, daughter of Dr. Leopold Godowsky, the noted pianist.

District Attorney Woolwine and Deputy District Attorney McClelland announced they would start tonight for Mexicali to verify the reported marriage of Valentino and Miss Hudnut, with a view, they said, to instituting criminal proceedings against Valentino for bigamy. They said they would investigate a report that Valentino and Miss Hudnut remained at a hotel at Palm Springs for a night or two following their wedding. They explained that the question of whether the two returned to California had an important bearing on future action.

Miss Hudnut, who was known professionally as Natacha Ramkova, last night boarded a train for New York at Pomona, thirty miles east of here, according to information received by a newspaper. A number of persons accompanied her to the railroad station. In the group, according to Pomona picture fans, was Valentino, who bade her an affectionate farewell.

The report was current in motion picture circles here today that the departure of Miss Hudnut for New York, where her father, Richard Hudnut, is a manufacturer of perfumes, followed an agreement with Valentino that they would live apart until his divorce had become final and then would be remarried.

Valentino, who was born in Italy and is known as an American citizen "by adoption," was married here in November, 1919, to Miss Jean Acker, from whom he received an interlocutory decree of divorce on Jan. 10, 1922. His name was given in the marriage application as Rodolpho Guglielmi and his place of birth in Italy. He was then 24 years old. He came to America as a youth and was employed in New York and elsewhere as a tango dancer. He entered motion picture work about the time of his marriage to Miss Acker in 1919.

PIERCE CHARGES DROPPED.

Committee Reports Justice Was "Indiscreet" in Accepting Gifts.

BOSTON, May 18.—Petitioners for the removal from the Supreme Court bench of Judge Edward P. Pierce were granted leave to withdraw today by a special legislative committee which investigated the charges. The committee's action was unanimous.

It was alleged that Judge Pierce conspired to obstruct justice and accepted gratuities. The committee found that at various times he received gifts of flowers from W. Edwin Ulmer, an attorney, whose interests as counsel or party were before the Supreme Court. It was held, however, that the Judge "was informed by the attorney and believed that the flowers cost but little and that many were surplus stock." The fact that he had voiced objections to receiving the gifts was noted.

It was found also that Judge Pierce permitted the attorney to consult him on questions of business management and policy touching the enterprises which were drawn into litigation before the Supreme Court, and that to a minor extent he advised the attorney on questions of law which might in some form come before the court.

The committee held, however, that no act or attitude of the respondent in his judicial capacity was different because of the gifts than it would have been had the gifts not been made, and that he was a party to no conspiracy and did not exercise pressure or use the prestige of his office improperly.

"At most," said the report, "it may be said that in this matter the receipt of the gifts was indiscreet; under the circumstances the participation of the respondent is the concern of the critics; they imprudent, and in its public aspect the appearance of their relations unfortunate."

TESTS FAST-FREIGHT ROUTE

Chicago Plans to Make Deliveries in England in Seven Days.

CHICAGO, May 18.—Products manufactured in Chicago may be delivered in Europe in seven days if the race started today under the auspices of the Chicago Association of Commerce proves successful. It is hoped to establish a record for the fastest freight shipment from Chicago to Southampton, England, and to prove the necessity for a fast package freight service from here to Europe.

By use of a special forty-eight-hour freight train over the New York Central, a car float loading arrangement in New York and the world's largest steamship, the Majestic, they hope to make the shipment in exactly one week. J. W. McLaren, traffic manager of Morris & Co., has charge of the experiment.

The shipment left here at 1:30 A. M. today, and the trip across the ocean will be started Saturday morning.

DUST STORM IN WEST INDIES

Air Over Virgin and Other Islands Dense and Hazy.

ST. THOMAS, Virgin Islands, May 18 (Associated Press).—For some days past an unusual atmospheric phenomenon has been observed here and on other of the West Indies Islands. The air has been dense and hazy, a heavy, dusty fog, apparently consisting of very light particles of matter, falling continually; the visibility has, in consequence, been very indistinct.

The phenomenon is supposed here to be of volcanic origin, but all of the volcanoes in the West Indies are reported

Georgian Period Model
Style No. 5
$235

Music's Charms Revealed in Your Home

It is a positive satisfaction—the highest degree of musical and artistic satisfaction—to have a Cheney in the home. It brings the melodies of the ages into the quiet of your own domain. It enables you to enjoy and appreciate music as it is not possible to do, even when you hear the artist himself. For The Cheney brings the very personality of the artist to you, and at a time when you are in the mood to appreciate his art.

Beautiful when first it plays, The Cheney enhances in its charms with time, grows mellow in its own melody, and becomes prized as an heirloom as years pass by.

The CHENEY
THE MASTER INSTRUMENT

And not only does The Cheney reveal the charms of music perfectly, but it fits with all its loveliness of cabinet into the setting of your home—refined, unassuming, truly a beautiful part of the picture.

Regular Models $115 to $325
Console Models in a Variety of Styles

CHENEY TALKING MACHINE COMPANY - CHICAGO

The Cheney is sold in New York by:

JOHN WANAMAKER, Broadway & Ninth Street.
ANDERSON & COMPANY, 291 Livingston St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
ARTHORA, 30 Court St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
ARTHORA, 73 Atlantic St., Stamford, Conn.
C. COOPER & SONS, 2,851 Third Ave., N. Y. C.
ERASMUS MUSIC SHOP, 926 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.
LYNBROOK MUSIC SHOP, Lynbrook, L. I.
PALACE TALKING MACHINE CO., 88 Lenox Ave., N. Y. C.
HERBERT S. HUESGEN, 18 East 42d St., N. Y. C.
HUB TALKING MACHINE CO., 150th St. & Lenox Ave., N. Y. C.
SCHUNEMAN & SONS, 402 East 149th St., N. Y. C.
SCHMULLER-SINGER, INC., 133 Canal Street, N. Y. C.
F. L. STEERE, 2,543 Broadway, N. Y. C.
STRAND TALKING MACHINE CO., 813 Westchester Ave., N. Y. C.
WEBER MUSIC, 138 West 23d St., N. Y. C.

New Jersey

Elizabeth — ALTENBURG PIANO HOUSE, 1,140 East Jersey Street.
Paterson—ECLIPSE T. M. CO., 244 Main Street.
Plainfield—C. A. REID PIANO COMPANY, 228 West Front Street.
Trenton—J. A. BARLOW'S SON COMPANY, 130 East State Street.
Hoboken—HARRY R. CORDTS, 1,128 Washington Street.
New Brunswick—MATHUSHEK PIANO CO., 383 George St.

CHALMERS STORES

Newark—870 Broad Street.
East Orange—535 Main St.
Montclair—501 Bloomfield Ave.
Orange—175 Main Street.
Morristown—39 South Street.
Westfield—23 Elm Street.
Summit—Springfield Ave.

CHENEY SALES CORPORATION, Distributors
1107 Broadway, New York City, N. Y.

BRILLO

ALSO LARGER SIZES. COOKING UTENSIL FOR ANY ONE. BRILLO FAILS TO CLEAN
GUARANTEE WE WILL GIVE ABSOLUTELY FREE A NEW ALUMINUM

Kuppenheimer Suits
$35

The best investment you can make in good clothes

It is hardly necessary to assure you that Kuppenheimer clothes at any price represent the greatest possible value.

We do want to emphasize the fact that Kuppenheimer clothes at $35 represent a new standard of value in this city. We invite you to compare them with suits you see elsewhere to fully appreciate their exceptional quality.

Brill Brothers
—the house of Kuppenheimer good clothes
Broadway, at 49th Street
Downtown Stores
279 Broadway, near Chambers 47 Cortlandt Street

Summer Xcursions
Lowest in years,
Santa Fe

Grand Canyon National Park

California
Los Angeles - San Diego - San Francisco
without additional cost

Colorado
Pueblo - Colorado Springs - Denver
without additional cost

New Mexico Rockies

Sale dates: To California, May 15 to September 30.
To other points June 1 to September 30.
Return limit October 31, 1922.
Stop overs in both directions.
Fred Harvey meals "all the way."

Ask for "California Picture Book," "Colorado Summer," "Grand Canyon Outings," "Off the Beaten Path," "Petrified Forest," and "Cool Summer Way."

E. F. Burnett, Dist. Pass. Agent,
A. T. & S. F. Ry.
302 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
Phone: Worth 3677.

GRAND CANYON LINE

Always first wherever Quality Counts

Budweiser
Everywhere

ANHEUSER-BUSCH, INC., ST. LOUIS

Anheuser-Busch Ice & C. S. Co., Inc.
Wholesale Distributors
164th St. & Brook Ave.
Phone Melrose 4888 New York City

ADVERTISEMENT.

Genuine
BAYER

Aspirin

SAY "BAYER" when you buy Aspirin.

Unless you see name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting the genuine Bayer product prescribed by physicians over 22 years and proved safe by millions.

Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proper directions.

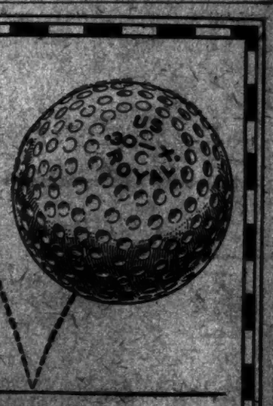
Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

DOBBS STRAWS

Dobbs Fancy Straws at *Six and Seven Dollars* in exclusive weaves, shaped by hand in a variety of distinctive models. The standard Dobbs Fifth Ave is priced at *Five Dollars*

A MEN'S SHOP WITH TAILORED THINGS FOR WOMEN
DOBBS & Co 620 and 244 Fifth Avenue



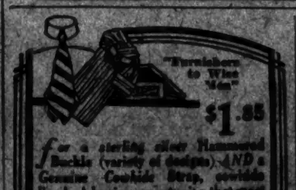
THE wonderful demand for the new U. S. Royal comes not so much from those who are just beginning to play golf, as it does from those who are just beginning to play better golf.

U. S. Royal Golf Balls
United States Rubber Company

MULTIPLEX HAMMOND'S
Instantly changeable type
Many styles, many languages
Just turn the dial to change
New and second hand. Rentals
A New Statistical Condensing Model
A New Folding Portable Model
Hammond Typewriter Corp.
203 Broadway. Worth 2468
FREE Booklet on request.

Preferred for Insertion

Preference for insertion in The New York Times is given to advertisements delivered in complete form in The Times Building by 4 P. M. the day previous to publication.



"Revelation to West Man"
$1.85
for a sterling silver Hammered Buckle (variety of designs) AND a Genuine Cowhide Strap, specially lined. A buying opportunity that most men will not overlook.
Mail orders filled—Postpaid Free.
DANER Co.
NEW YORK STORE
5th Ave. & 48th St.
Tremont Ave., near 3rd Ave.
Fremont Ave., Jerome Ave. Bldg.
BROOKLYN STORE
Fulton St., Cor. Rose Ext.

THE RED HOUSE MYSTERY
By A. A. MILNE
Author of "The Dover Road," etc.
DONALD ADAMS writes:
"It is not demanded that mystery be accompanied by humor, but when the two are combined, as in this case, the result is rare entertainment."
$2.00. At any bookstore
E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Ave., N. Y.

FANS

FEERLESS 1922 MODELS
NON-REVOLVING TYPE

Size.	Old Price.	Our Price.
9 in.	17.00	12.75
12 in.	23.00	17.25
16 in.	28.00	19.50

REVOLVING TYPE

Size.	Old Price.	Our Price.
9 in.	21.00	15.75
12 in.	29.00	21.75
16 in.	34.00	25.50

FULL RADIO LINE
PARTS AND SETS IN STOCK

CONDENSERS 23 plate	$2.98
AMPLIFIER TUBES	3.75
DETECTOR TUBES Guaranteed	4.50
HEAD SETS 2000 ohm	5.50

ELECTRICAL & ENGINEERING CO.
716 Eighth Ave. (45th St.) Bryant 6974

"Don't employ inexperienced men"—Enright

Commissioner Enright tells citizens how to prevent crime: "Don't employ inexperienced men for guards and messengers. Armed, trained men should be employed for this work."

Day or night, in uniform or civilian clothes, trained Holmes Patrolmen are at your service for any kind of duty.

HOLMES PATROL PROTECTION
66 West 38th Street, New York City Day and Night Telephone Murray Hill 8000

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

A Most Astounding Public Response

to William Hard's article "The Last of the Good Bandits." Senators, Congressmen, Members of the Legislatures of a dozen different states, wrote enthusiastically to editor Norman Hapgood about that remarkable article in Hearst's International for April!

Tremendously greater is going to be the public interest stirred up by Norman Hapgood's new

Inside Story of Henry Ford's Jew-Mania

In Hearst's International for June

And also by Gouverneur Morris's new novel "The Better Wife" asking

"Can a Bad Woman Make a Good Wife?"

also in Hearst's International for June

THESE two, together with Frazier Hunt's article on the PEOPLE OF NEW IRELAND, and twenty-four other features, including another four pages of the great A. D. S. SERIAL ADVERTISEMENT, will make the new size June number of Hearst's International

Most Talked About Magazine in America

HEARST'S International is worth far more than THIRTY FIVE CENTS paid for it by people who don't care for a cheap magazine. You will find a copy on every better-class newsstand. If, by any chance, your newsdealer has not a copy for you, send us this name and address and we shall see that you get it with our compliments. But whatever you do, don't miss

Hearst's International
A LIBERAL EDUCATION
119 West 40th Street New York

GREAT JUNE ISSUE: *New Size:* NOW ON SALE

DEPORTED 3 TIMES, SHE IS BACK AGAIN

Mrs. Temperley's Strange Story of Unrequited Love Revealed at Ellis Island.

HER SANITY IS QUESTIONED

Tells of Affection for Former Employer Who Never Spoke to Her—May Be Barred Again.

An unusual story of unrequited love, or, as it is charged, plain insanity, was disclosed yesterday when it was learned that Mrs. Gertrude Temperley, who had been deported to England as insane three times from this country and twice from South America, again was on Ellis Island awaiting action by the immigration authorities. An attorney representing the Legal Aid Society said yesterday that after talking with Mrs. Temperley he had reached the conclusion that she was not in her right mind and had advised the Legal Aid Society, which had planned to defend her, to this effect.

It was stated that the woman, who now is about 45 years old, first was deported from Boston to England in 1905, after a lunacy commission had found her insane. At that time she gave her name as Gertrude Hurley and said she was born in Cork, Ireland. She came back to this country, however, in some manner not explained yesterday by the immigration authorities and found employment as a stock clerk with the firm of Thomas & Betts, dealers in conduits and fittings, 63 Vesey Street.

While she was working there associates noticed that she seemed mentally unbalanced, having developed, it was explained, an affection for Robert McKean Thomas, head of the firm, amounting to mania.

Mr. Thomas, a man of unimpeachable reputation, married and the father of two children, was forced to discharge the stock clerk, and soon after it was discovered that she had been deported from Boston as insane four years before. The attention of the immigration authorities was directed to this, and the woman was again deported.

Next Mr. Thomas began to receive letters from various parts of the world, each protesting love for him and conveying threats against others. In these letters the then Miss Hurley wrote that she was employed as a governess and told of her work, all apparently without regard for the fact that Mr. Thomas was in no way interested; in fact, it was explained by a close friend, Mr. Thomas had scarcely seen the woman while she was in his employ and never had spoken to her. Further, in none of the letters did she allege that she had been wronged in any way.

Then the letters began coming from South America. The woman told of her marriage. She said she had two children. Then in a letter she said she had left her husband, whose name, it was said, was Temperley. In 1920, according to the immigration authorities, she was deported from the Canal Zone. She told a representative of the Legal Aid Society that she also had been deported from Brazil and Bolivia.

As Gertrude Temperley she arrived here on May 10 as a cabin passenger on the steamship Old North State. Since cabin passengers are admitted at the pier if they pass inspection by physicians of the United States Public Health Service who board vessels down the bay, Mrs. Temperley, qualifying not only in the medical examination, which is supposed to detect insanity, was admitted to the United States and went to the Martha Washington Hotel.

Hotel employes said yesterday that the tall, erect and well-dressed woman appeared unusually intelligent, dignified and refined. Soon after landing here she visited the offices of Thomas & Betts and asked to see Mr. Thomas. She was told that he was out to lunch, and waited in the street. Failing to get an interview, she returned to the Martha Washington. It was said that she also attempted to enter Mr. Thomas's apartment at 125 East Fifty-seventh Street.

Mr. Thomas, it was said, got in touch with the Ellis Island authorities, and Mrs. Temperley was arrested at the Martha Washington Hotel on last Saturday on a warrant charging insanity. She told sympathizers that she fell in love with Mr. Thomas while in his employ and that she still loves him, despite of the fact that both are married. She alleged that she was being persecuted and that when she first was "railroaded out of the country" another woman was substituted for her examination while she was kept in an offices in the Manhattan State Sanitarium.

A hearing in the case will be held at Ellis Island on Saturday morning.

'UEBERALLES' CAUSES BIG ROW ON SHIP

Refusal of Passengers to Stand When 'Deutschland' Is Sung Angers German.

DASHES HIS GLASS TO FLOOR

Young Captain Says It Was Germans Who Offended Him on the Seydlitz, Not Americans.

The failure of some of those gathered in the smoking room of the North German Lloyd liner Seydlitz to stand up when "Deutschland uber Alles" was sung led to one young German breaking his wine glass on the floor as a sign of his disapproval, caused a flurry of excitement on board, and furnished cabin passengers a subject for conversation during the voyage from Bremen which ended here yesterday. The excitable young man who dashed his wine glass to the floor—one version was that he threw it at the offenders—was Captain Fritz von Falkenhayn, formerly an aide to General Tomsen, commanding the German Air Force.

There was a convivial gathering in the smoking room on Tuesday night. Many were Germans, but there was a sprinkling of Americans. Several women also were present. Someone started singing German songs and soon nearly every one present was contributing to the chorus. When "Deutschland uber Alles" was started most of those present got to their feet. Some did not. One such group remained seated near Captain Falkenhayn. He stopped singing for a few seconds and glared at the offenders. It had no effect. One version of what happened then was that the Captain asked why they did not stand up. The reply came promptly that they preferred not to do so, and whether courtesy demanded that all should stand was a matter of opinion.

Those in the room noticed that something was wrong, and there was a buzz of excitement as most of those present moved toward the Captain and the seated group, which included several women. After a second of silence the Captain dashed his glass to the floor at the feet of those who had refused to get out of their chairs. Then he strode indignantly out of the room. By this time the place was in an uproar.

Captain Falkenhayn said yesterday that what angered him in the smoking room was that those who did not stand up were not Americans but Germans. In the first place, he said, he disapproved of the singing, and if was not until "Deutschland uber Alles" was started did he get up and take a part in the singing. He said he looked his disapproval at those who remained seated, and, he added, what made the offense worse was that one of the men sat with his feet on the arm of a chair.

Entering gay and picturesque Havana is but a foretaste of interesting sights of the 'round America cruise. The Panama Canal, Cristobal, Balboa, and Los Angeles, are still to come!

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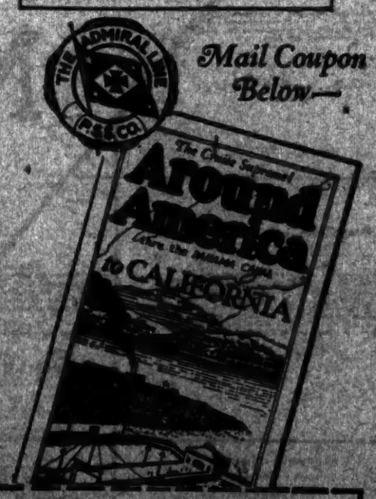

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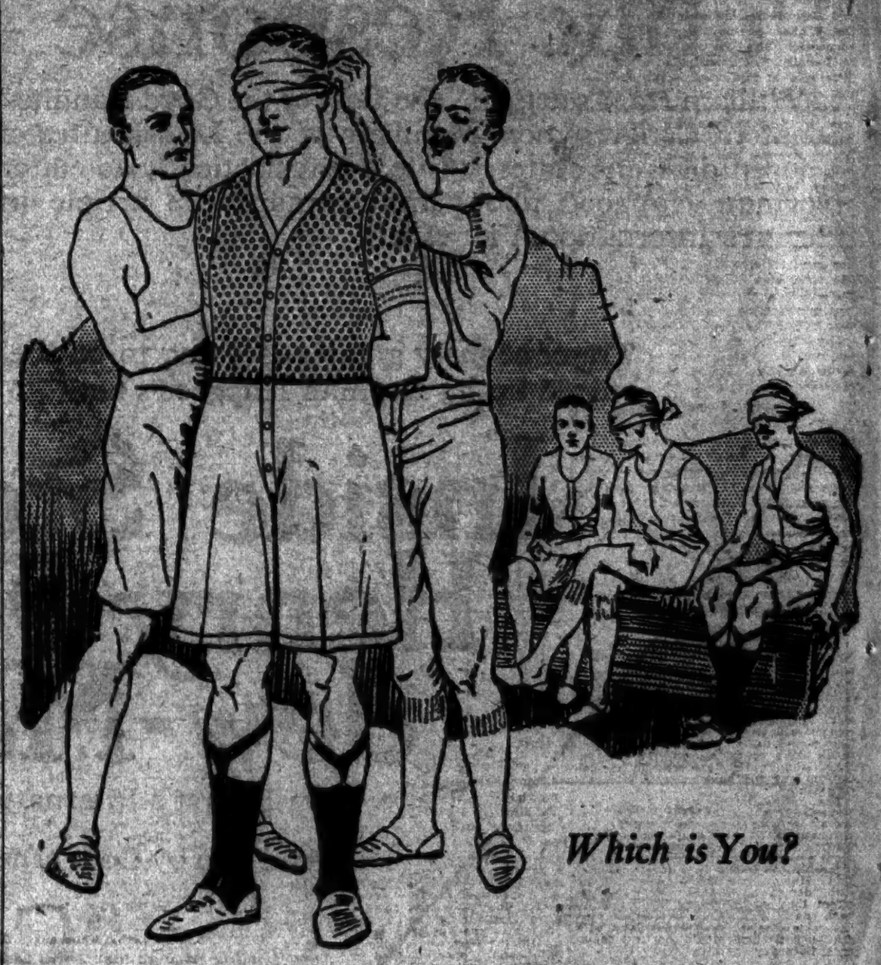

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Mercerized Silk-Like POROSKNIT above waist, with Artificial Silk Stripe below.

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Extra Grade Full Mercerized POROSKNIT above waist, with Real Silk Stripe Cloth below.

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Full Combed Yarn POROSKNIT above waist, with Pajama Pin Check below.

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FANS RUSH TO BUY RUTH GAME TICKETS

Reserved Section and Boxes All Disposed Of at Yesterday's Advance Sale.

PLENTY OF ROOM STILL

25,000 Grand Stand and Bleacher Seats to Be Sold at Polo Grounds Tomorrow.

It took a special squad of police reserves to handle all the fans who wanted to buy reserved tickets yesterday for tomorrow's game in which Babe Ruth and Bob Meusel are slated to return to the Yankee line-up, their five weeks' suspension lifted by Commissioner K. M. Landis. The drizzling rain made no difference to this small army of baseball devotees. As early as 8 o'clock yesterday morning there was a solid line on West Forty-second Street, extending from the Yankee offices to Eighth Avenue, half a block away. The police estimated that there were more than 2,000 in line, with hundreds others joining the procession as the day passed.

Inside the offices a corps of ticket sellers was kept busy satisfying the demand for reserved and box seats for the big game tomorrow. At 5 o'clock, when the doors were closed and the last fan turned away, the Yankee officials said that practically all the reserved and box seat tickets had been disposed of.

Yesterday's rush of fans to buy tickets was the biggest since the world's series last Fall, according to Business Manager Edward G. Barrow.

Hundreds Turned Away.

"We had to turn hundreds away," said Barrow. "I don't remember anything like the rush today except that of last Fall, when the world's series seats were put on sale. Roughly speaking, we disposed of 9,000 reserved and box seats today, and that about exhausts the available supply. But this number is only a small fraction of the total capacity. The Polo Grounds holds about 38,000 people, and there will be almost 25,000 of these tickets to be disposed of at the ticket windows beginning Saturday noon.

"All of our unreserved grand stand and bleacher seats are still available, and there ought to be plenty of room for the fans who are on the scene early Saturday. We will open the ticket booths about noon, and from that time until the beginning of the game the tickets will be sold on the first-come, first-served basis. All indications point to as big a crowd as ever jammed the Polo Grounds, but fans who do not delay too long will have no trouble in getting seats."

The reinstatement of Ruth and Meusel, on which the fans in line yesterday were banking, is still in the air, although all of the Yankee officials are confident that Judge Landis will take some action in time for the two players to perform in tomorrow's game. Colonel T. L. Huston, one of the owners of the club, denied a published story to the effect that arrangements have already been made with the Commissioner for the reinstatement of the pair and said that negotiations would not be begun until Saturday morning.

All Depends on Landis

"We are depending on Judge Landis to be as quick as possible in the matter," the Colonel said. "Colonel Ruppert and I will do nothing until Saturday. Then, on behalf of the two players, we will telegraph an application for reinstatement. After that it will be entirely up to the Judge. We hope and expect that he will telegraph back that they may play in Saturday's game. But for us to take any steps beforehand would be unethical and would not be in accordance with the terms of the suspension, which provide that Ruth and Meusel may apply for reinstatement on and after May 20."

Miller Huggins, manager of the Yankees, was one of the visitors to the Yankee offices during the day, and he brought with him the batting order that will prevail after Ruth and Meusel return to the line-up. Whitey Witt, the hunting right fielder bought from the Athletics, will be kept in the line-up Huggins said. Whether he will play right field or centre was not stated, but the consensus of opinion was that Whitey would cavort in the middle pasture, with Babe in left and Bob Meusel in right.

The Yankees' new batting order will be as follows: Witt, centre field; Scott, shortstop; Ruth, left field; Baker, third base; Meusel, right field; Ripp, first base; Ward, second base; Schang, catcher, and the pitcher. From the above it becomes evident at once that Chick Fewster and Elmer Miller will be sitting on the bench after Babe and Bob come back. Huggins believes that Witt, despite his only fair throwing arm, is a good enough fielder to cover the centre field position, and Whitey's hitting is too robust to allow of his retirement to the reserves.

There was no game at the Polo Grounds yesterday. Along about noon it was decided that the grounds were too drenched, and so the Yankee-Cleveland tilt was called off. The Giants were also idle in Pittsburgh, but the Robins got in their game with the Cardinals at St. Louis.

JUDGE LANDIS TALKS ON RUTH'S STATUS

Baseball Commissioner Says Suspension Will Not Be Lifted Automatically.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 18.—K. M. Landis, baseball Commissioner, who is here today for the ceremony attending the raising of the pennant won last year by the Louisville American Association Club, today confirmed the statement of his secretary in Chicago that Babe Ruth's suspension is not automatically lifted next Saturday. Ruth merely is eligible to apply for reinstatement, Mr. Landis said. Meanwhile, he continued, exchanges are being made by wire between Ruth and the Commissioner's office with a view of clarifying the situation and to enable Ruth to make such representations as he sees fit.

Mr. Landis believes that Ruth's suspension had had a marked effect on baseball discipline, but did not go into details. He also was noncommittal about the probability of abrogating the rule which prohibits "barnstorming" trips, the violation of which brought about the suspension of Ruth, Robert Meusel and William Piercy.

TOUR IS NOT ASSURED.

Yanks and Giants' Officials Take Reports of European Trip Lightly.

Cable reports from Paris yesterday to the effect that games were being arranged there and in England for the Washington Americans and either the Yankees or Giants on a world tour next Fall were taken lightly by officials of both clubs. It was said that overtures had been made to each club for a tour of Germany, France, England and other countries after the present season closes, but that no decision would be reached for some time. The affair rests entirely on the results of the pennant races and on other future developments, according to the local baseball heads.

Five Leading Batsmen In Each Major League

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Player, Club.	G.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.C.
Sisler, St. Louis	21	129	24	57	.442
Witt, New York	24	86	16	35	.407
Cobb, Detroit	21	76	12	30	.400
Miller, Phila.	27	108	25	42	.389
O'Neil, Cleveland	23	88	5	26	.296

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Player, Club.	G.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.C.
Cowdy, Boston	16	50	6	20	.400
Hornsby, St. Louis	23	105	23	41	.390
Toporcer, St. Louis	23	68	16	26	.382
Bigbee, Pittsburgh	27	110	19	41	.373
Tierney, Pittsburgh	14	51	5	19	.373

DOUBLE BY OLSON WINS FOR ROBINS

Scores Two Runs in Eighth-Inning Rally That Sends Cards to 7-5 Defeat.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, May 19.—After taking a terrible beating at the hands of the heavy-hitting Cardinals yesterday, the Robins, who are staggering through their first Western trip of the season, came back and defeated the St. Louis clan today in the second game of the series. The score was 7 to 5. It was only the second victory for the Brooklyn players since leaving the friendly confines of Ebbets Field some ten days ago.

With the Cardinals leading in the eighth inning by 5 to 4, the Robins cut loose with a fusillade of hits and clinched the game by scoring three runs. A two-bagger by Dutch Ruether, who was sent in to bat for Vance, drove in the tying run, and another double by Ivy Olson sent the winning runs across the plate.

Dazzy Vance pitched the first seven innings for the Brooklyn crew and allowed seven hits. He kept the safeties fairly well scattered until the sixth, when the Cards hammered him for three blows, including a home run by the veteran Ainsmith. This bombardment enabled the home players to come from behind and take the lead. After Vance had been removed in favor of pinch hitter Ruether in the eighth, Al Mamaux pitched the final two innings and held his opponents well in check.

Manager Branch Rickey of the home club was also forced to call upon the services of two pitchers. Bill Pertica performed for the first eight innings and went along at a great rate until his collapse in the eighth. Previous to the eventful eighth, Pertica had allowed only four hits. But for a glaring error by Jack Smith, the Cardinals' fleet-footed right fielder, in the fifth inning, Pertica would have held the Robins to one lone run in the first seven frames.

Johnston Makes Two Hits.

Jimmy Johnston was the only one of the visiting players to make more than one hit. He connected for two singles. Wheat, Ruether, Olson, Myers and Vance each drove out a two-base hit. Ainsmith led the Cards at the bat with a double and a home run. The Robins played an errorless fielding game, while the Cards were guilty of three misplays.

After the Robins had gone out in order in the first inning, the Cardinals jumped off to a one-run lead in their half. Smith, the first batter, drew a base on balls and Toporcer filed to Tommy Griffith in right field. On the hit and run play Stock came through with a neat single to left field and Smith sprinted to third. Hornsby drove out a long fly to Myers in centre and Smith tallied after the catch. Stock made a clean steal of second and Fournier walked a moment later, but McHenry filed to Wheat for the third out.

Pertica walked Wheat and Myers, the first two batters to face him in the second inning, but both were left stranded as the next three batsmen went out on outfield assists. In the third inning, however, the Robins broke through and tied the score. Vance surprised the home fans by opening with a two-bagger to left field. The Brooklyn pitcher moved around to third on Olson's sacrifice bunt and completed the circuit when Johnston dropped a short single in right field. Pertica caught Johnston flat-footed off first base with a fast throw, but Fournier dropped the ball and the runner crawled back to safety. Johnston was left at the base as Griffith hoisted one to McHenry and Wheat filed to Smith.

With the help of Smith's error the Robins jammed three runs across in the fifth. DeBerry walked to start the inning and took second on Vance's sacrifice. Olson filed to Smith, but Johnston bounced a single off Stock's shins, sending DeBerry to third. Smith then muffed Griffith's fly, permitting De Berry and Johnston to tally. Griffith went out second on the error and then came home on Wheat's two bagger to centre. Myers filed to Heathcote for the third out.

At this point the Cards were trailing by three runs, but they fell on Vance for two hits in their half of the fifth and cut down the Robins' lead by one tally. Ainsmith led off with a double to centre and Pertica dropped a Texas leaguer in right, putting Ainsmith on third. Smith lifted a fly to Griffith and Ainsmith raced home after the catch. Toporcer then popped to Olson and Stock fouled to DeBerry.

The Cardinals renewed their bombardment against Vance in the sixth and chalked up three runs. Hornsby led with a safe hit toward Johnston. Fournier lined to Myers and McHenry filed to Wheat, but Heathcote poked a double to left, scoring Hornsby. Ainsmith then connected with one of Vance's offerings and drove it into the right field bleachers, scoring Heathcote ahead of him. Pertica fanned for the third out.

Robins Clinch Victory.

Both teams went scoreless through the seventh inning, but the Robins took a strangle-hold on the game in the following frame. Myers open the assault on Pertica with a two-bagger to right field and took third on Schmandt's grounder to Toporcer. Janvrin dropped a Texas leaguer in left field, but Myers, who had hesitated at third base to see whether the ball would be caught, was thrown out at the plate by McHenry's fine throw to Ainsmith. Janvrin took second on the play and then moved around to third when DeBerry beat out a slow roller to Stock. Ruether was nominated to bat for Vance and he promptly came through with a double to centre, scoring Janvrin. DeBerry stopped at third, and the speedy Nels was rushed in to run for Ruether. With the teams tied at five runs each, Olson sent both the runners home with another two-base hit to left. The inning ended when Hornsby threw out Johnston.

The score:

BROOKLYN (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Olson, ss	4	0	1	4	2	Smith, rf	3	1	0	4	0
Johnston, 2b	5	1	2	3	1	Toporcer, ss	3	0	1	1	1
T. Griffith, rf	5	1	0	3	0	Stock, 3b	3	0	1	0	3
Wheat, lf	4	0	1	4	0	Hornsby, 2b	3	1	1	2	3
Myers, cf	4	0	1	7	0	Fournier, 1b	3	0	1	11	1
Schmandt, 1b	4	0	0	2	0	McHenry, lf	4	0	1	3	1
Janvrin, 3b	4	1	1	0	0	Heathcote, cf	4	1	1	4	0
DeBerry, c	2	2	0	1	0	Ainsmith, c	4	2	2	7	0
Vance, p	2	1	1	0	0	Pertica, p	3	0	0	0	3
a Ruether	1	0	1	0	0	Barfoot, p	0	0	0	0	0
Mamaux, p	0	0	0	0	0	c Schultz	1	0	0	0	0
b Nels	0	1	0	0	0	d Mann	0	0	0	0	0
Total	35	7	9	27	4	Total	33	5	9	31	14

a Batted for Vance in eighth.
b Ran for Ruether in eighth.
c Batted for Barfoot in ninth.
d Ran for Toporcer in ninth.
Errors—Smith, Toporcer, Pertica.

Brooklyn	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	3	0—7
St. Louis	1	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0—5

Two-base hits—Wheat, Ainsmith, Heathcote, Ruether, Olson, Myers, Vance. Home run—Ainsmith. Stolen base—Stock. Sacrifices—Dazzy, Olson, Smith, Vance. Double play—Johnston (unassisted). Left on bases—Brooklyn 7, St. Louis 7. Bases on balls—Off Vance 3, Mamaux 1, Pertica 4, Barfoot one. Struck out—By Vance 2, Mamaux 1, Pertica 4, Barfoot one. Hits—Off Vance 7 in 7 innings, Pertica 9 in 8, Mamaux 2 in 2, Barfoot none in 1. Winning pitcher—Vance. Losing pitcher—Pertica. Umpires—Rigler and McCormick. Time of game—1:50.

BASEBALL TODAY 2:30 P. M. POLO Grounds Yankees vs. Cleveland.

JOE RYAN WINNER IN GARDEN BOXING

Pittsburgher Takes Intercity Bout From Weber—Gordon Munce Is Outpointed.

Joe Ryan of the Willow Athletic Club, Pittsburgh, the national 135-pound champion, had a narrow escape from defeat at the hands of Dave Weber, Pastime A. C., in the finals of the Inter-City Boxing tournament held under the auspices of the Metropolitan Association A. A. U. at Madison Square Garden last night.

At the end of three fast rounds, in the 135-pound inter-city final, Weber, according to most of the ringside critics, had a slight margin over his rival, but the judges called for an extra round. In this session, Ryan's reserve strength proved advantageous and he was awarded the verdict.

Ryan earned his place in the final by registering a knockout over Marty Smith of Congress Own Council, K. of C., New York, flooring the local boy with a right to the jaw after two minutes of fast boxing in the second round.

Munce Meets His Match.

Ranking with the Ryan-Weber bout as a feature was the special heavyweight battle between Gordon Munce of the Pastime A. C. and Jim Murphy, a stalwart swatsmith from Penn State. The latter administered to the former national and metropolitan monarch his third consecutive defeat since he was shorn of his national laurels.

At the outset of the go, it looked as if Murphy were in for a sound trouncing, but he discovered an opening in Munce's defensive tactics, and throughout the three rounds he kept the local boxer's head popping back with a stiff left jab, offsetting Munce's more solidly placed body blows. At the end of three rounds, the judges were unable to agree, although the majority of the large crowd present favored the university boxer.

In the extra session, Murphy, in spite of a badly cut left eye and a welt over his right which bothered him perceptibly, outpointed Munce, and the decision was popularly received.

Weber Fights Gamely.

Ryan was held as an almost certain winner over Weber before their bout started, largely as a result of his defeat of Smith, the present State champion, who received his first knockout in the semifinals. Weber, however, was game to the core and during the regulation number of rounds excelled the national titleholder at infighting. Ryan landed a number of solid blows but could not discourage his rival. The announcement of the judges, calling for an extra round, met with the crowd's disapproval, for it appeared to those at the ringside as if Weber had had the better of the argument.

In the extra session Ryan's superior staying power told and he was awarded the decision.

L. Fertel of the Knights of Columbus Centre, Long Island City, a sturdy little boxing match and the holder of the State title, won the Judge's decision over Nat Pincus, an unattached athlete, in the final bout in the 112-pound class in the inter-city contests. Fertel's boxing ability and knowledge of ringcraft proved too much for the willing Pincus. George Helmar of the Enterprise C. C., Philadelphia, was the winner in the 118-pound class from A. Bates of the Wilmerding Y. M. C. A., Pittsburgh, gaining the decision on points.

Labati Wins by Knockout.

In the 122-pound final, Joseph Labati of the Greenwich House scored a quick knockout over John Cever of the Kayovla C. C. of Philadelphia. After forty-six seconds of sparring in the opening session, Labati sent over a solid right to the jaw and Dever found solace on the canvas. The 135-pound class went to Lew Chester of this city on a foul. In the opening session, Roland Bond of Pittsburgh shot in an unintentionally low blow and Chester dropped to the floor. Referee Ed Forbes promptly gave Chester the verdict.

L. Estridge of the St. Christopher Club was the winner in the 160-pound class via the knockout route. Estridge met Sol Jacobs of the Clark House A. A. and dropped his man with a right to the jaw in the second round.

The summaries:

The summary:

116-Pound Class—N. Molinari, K. of C. Centre, Long Island City, defeated Barney Kroll, three rounds, judges' decision; John Flood, K. of C. Centre, Long Island City, defeated Frank Moolihan, St. Raphael's Club, three rounds, judges' decision.

160-Pound Class—L. Estridge, St. Christopher's Club, defeated H. Robinson, Pittsburgh, three rounds, judges' decision; Sol Jacobs, Clark House, defeated D. Wilde, Bridgeport, in 2 minutes 15 seconds of first round, stopped by referee.

135-Pound Class—Intercity Semifinal—Dave Weber, Pastime A. C., knocked out William Harkin, Kayavla A. C., Philadelphia, in 1 minute 50 seconds of second round; Joe Ryan, Pittsburgh, knocked out Marty Smith, New York, after 2 minutes of third round.

147-Pound Class—Intercity Bouts, Semi-Final—Lew Chester, New York, defeated E. Trachtenberg, University of Pennsylvania, three rounds, judges' decision; Roland Bond, Pittsburgh, defeated Tony Rafarba, Bridgeport, three rounds, judges' decision.

112-Pound Class—C. Indelicato, unattached, defeated V. Poppe, unattached, three rounds, referee's decision; J. G. Gold, unattached, knocked out Antony Gatti, unattached, third round.

Special Heavyweight Bout—Jim Murphy, Penn State, defeated Gordon Munce, Pastime A. C., four rounds, judges' decision.

112-Pound Class—Intercity Final—L. Fertelli, K. of C. Centre, Long Island City, defeated Nat Pincus, unattached, New York, three rounds, judges' decision.

118-Pound Class, Intercity Final—Joe Labati, Greenwich House, knocked out John Dever, Kayovla C. C., Philadelphia, in forty-six seconds first round.

175-Pound Class, Intercity Final—Al Johnson, K. of C. Centre, Long Island City, defeated Ben Butler, Trinity Club, Brooklyn, four rounds, judges' decision.

118-Pound Class—Intercity Final—George Helmar, Enterprise C. C., Philadelphia, defeated A. Bates, Wilmerding Y. M. C. A., Philadelphia, three rounds, judges' decision.

160-Pound Class, Intercity Final—L. Estridge, St. Christopher Club, knocked out Sol Jacobs, Clark House A. A., in 2 minutes 25 seconds of second round.

126-Pound Class, Final Bout—I. Falkenstein, 92d Street Y. M. H. A., won from M. Jurkowitz, Fordham University, by default.

147-Pound Class, Inter-City Final—Lew Chester, New York, was awarded the decision over Roland Bond, Pittsburgh, on a foul in the first round.

110-Pound Class, Final Bout—John Flood, K. of C. Centre, Long Island City, defeated N. Molinari, K. of C. Centre, Long Island City, three rounds, judge's decision.

118-Pound Class, Final Bout—C. J. Indelicato, unattached, won from J. Gold, unattached, by default.

135-Pound Class, Intercity Final—Joe Ryan, Willow A. C., Pittsburgh, defeated Dave Weber, Pastime A. C., four rounds, judges' decision.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Buffalo.

				R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	011	100	100	4	11	0
Buffalo	000	010	000	1	8	1

Batteries—Frank and Styles; Fisher, Mohardt, Temlin and Bengough.

At Rochester.

				R.	H.	E.
Rochester	000	200	00—	2	5	2
Reading	000	000	100—	1	2	3

Batteries—Allen and Lake; Bender and Tragesser.

Newark at Syracuse, rain.
Other clubs not scheduled.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Baltimore	19	11	.633
Toronto	19	12	.613
Rochester	15	12	.600
Buffalo	15	16	.484
Jersey City	14	16	.467
Syracuse	13	16	.448
Reading	12	19	.387
Newark	11	19	.367

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Reading at Jersey City.
Baltimore at Newark.
Syracuse at Rochester.
Buffalo at Toronto.

COLLEGE BASEBALL.

Boston University 7, Maine 5.
Williams at Amherst, rain.
Dartmouth at Wesleyan, rain.
Springfield 18, Norwich 8.

DEMPSEY MAY BE AT GARDEN TONIGHT

Champion Hopes to Attend Sports Alliance Benefit—Ten Bouts on Program.

Decisions will be rendered in the ten bouts which make up the all-star boxing card of the National Sports Alliance at Madison Square Garden tonight. The bouts will be for four rounds each. Chairman William Muldoon of the State Athletic Commission has issued special instructions to the referees to disqualify any boxer who fails to deliver the best he has in stock and plenty of action may reasonably be expected.

Jack Dempsey has sent a radio message from aboard the Aquitania that he hopes to be present if possible and that he will be glad to do anything which the committee requests. Twenty first-class boxers, including Champion Benny Leonard, will furnish the evening's entertainment. Chairman Muldoon yesterday instructed Deputy Commissioners Hook and O'Rourke to be at the Garden at 2 o'clock this afternoon to supervise the weighing in of the contestants and to deliver final instructions as to what is expected of them.

Senator James J. Walker, father of the present boxing law in New York State, will be at the ringside and will make a short talk explaining the aims of the Alliance. The funds derived from the show will be used to establish a national headquarters for that body.

The tickets for the show have been placed at a price ranging from $1 to $5. This was done at Senator Walker's request. In order to accommodate the big crowd which is expected the doors of the Garden will be opened early. On account of the length of the program, it will be necessary to start the show at 8 o'clock.

The full card follows:

Benny Leonard vs. Soldier Bartfield, Piet Hobin vs. Phil Krug, Abe Goldstein vs. Frankie Genaro, Dave Rosenberg vs. Tommy Robson, Dave Shade vs. Jimmy Kelly, Joe ("King") Leopold vs. Kid Sullivan, Sammy Nable vs. Billy Mascott, Pete Hartley vs. Jimmy Hanon, Sammy Seiger vs. Jimmy Cooney and Tom Noble vs. Dutch Brandt.

STELLAR BOUT A DRAW.

Coogan and Donnelly Mix for 12 Rounds at Rink Club.

Mel Coogan of Flatbush and Micky Donnelly, hailing from Newark, held each other to a draw in the stellar bout on the card last night at the Rink Sporting Club, in Brooklyn. Both boxers mixed it up freely, and early in the mill Donnelly inflicted a cut over his adversary's right eye, which caused the Flatbush fighter considerable inconvenience. Donnelly played for Coogan's head whenever possible through subsequent rounds, and kept the latter pretty much on the defensive. The Brooklyn boy staged a good rally in the final session, trying hard for a knockout, but was unsuccessful. The loser weighed 135 pounds and Donnelly 138. The bout went twelve rounds.

In the twelve-round semi-final, Johnny Gray, Brooklyn featherweight, got the decision over Harry Martin of Bronxville. The bout was fast throughout.

BOUT IS WELL INSURED.

Promoters Take No Chances on Rain at Martin-Sharkey Meeting.

The Ebbets-McKeever Exhibition Company expect an enormous crowd to turn out for the Pepper Martin-Jack Sharkey bout at Ebbets Field on Saturday afternoon, and, oddly enough, won't be disappointed if rain interferes. The advance sale of tickets indicates that every seat in the grand stand and bleachers will hold a spectator, and should rain prevent the holding of the bouts the Ebbets-McKeever Company will reap their profits just the same through the medium of an insurance policy.

"The advance sale to date is double that of the same day of last week's show," said Dave Driscoll, the club's matchmaker, yesterday. "We simply had to protect ourselves against inclement weather and had a policy written to the extent of $30,000."

MORAN BOUT SUGGESTED.

Plan Is Made to Match American With Carpentier in Paris.

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PARIS, May 18.—Preparations are under way to match Georges Carpentier and Frank Moran for a bout at Pershing Stadium on June 24, the day before the Grand Prix at Longchamps. Charley Herrick of New York is interested in the contest which, it is believed, would draw a huge crowd, as all the Americans in Europe would be in Paris to witness the racing classic the next day.

"If Carpentier defeats Moran it will be a big boost in his stock for his next fight with Jack Dempsey," said Herrick. "Moran has defeated everyone that Carpentier has and the bout would give the fans a good line on Georges's condition against a good man."

Moran is due on the Olympic at Southampton tomorrow.

MIDWEST BOXERS ENTER.

Atherton and Mulholland to Compete in Garden Junior Meet.

Among the entries received yesterday at A. A. U. headquarters for the national junior boxing championship at Madison Square Garden next Wednesday and Thursday evenings were those of Mel Atherton and George Mulholland for the flyweight and light heavyweight classes respectively.

Atherton has won all of his recent bouts by clever boxing and at present stands head and shoulders above all of the other midgets in the Middle West. Mulholland is a young giant who, according to reports from the Indiana district of the A. A. U., carries a knockout punch in either hand.

Salt Lake Gets Pitcher Myers.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, May 18.—The management of the Salt Lake Pacific Coast League baseball club has announced the acquisition of Elmic (Slim) Myers, pitcher, now with the Boston Red Sox. He is expected to join the team at Portland next week.

Game Called in the Fourth.

Special to The New York Times.

AMHERST, Mass., May 18.—Amherst-Williams baseball game was called in the fourth inning, score 3-1. The third and part of the fourth were played in the rain.

American Association.

Kansas City 11, Milwaukee 6 (11 innings).
Minneapolis 7, St. Paul 6.
Indianapolis at Louisville, rain.
Columbus at Toledo, rain.

Southern Association.

Birmingham 15, Atlanta 4.
Nashville 10, Chattanooga 2.
Mobile 7, Memphis 2.
New Orleans 8, Little Rock 6.

Eastern League.

All games postponed; rain.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
All games postponed, rain.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York at Pittsburgh—rain.
Brooklyn 7, St. Louis 5.
Philadelphia at Cincinnati—rain.
Boston at Chicago—rain.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	21	11	.656
St. Louis	19	12	.613
Philadelphia	18	14	.517
Detroit	15	15	.500
Boston	13	14	.481
Cleveland	14	17	.452
Washington	12	19	.387
Chicago	11	18	.379

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	20	8	.714
St. Louis	14	12	.538
Pittsburgh	15	12	.556
Chicago	15	13	.536
Philadelphia	11	14	.440
Brooklyn	12	16	.429
Cincinnati	11	15	.419
Boston	8	18	.308

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Cleveland at New York.
(Game starts at 3:30 P. M.)
St. Louis at Boston.
Chicago at Philadelphia.
Detroit at Washington.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York at Pittsburgh.
Brooklyn at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Cincinnati.
Boston at Chicago.

HAINES TAKES LEAD IN JERSEY SHOOT

Hits 100 Targets in Singles Title Test—Grauch Wins Doubles Championship.

Special to The New York Times.

PITMAN, N. J., May 18.—An unfinished run of 100 was made in the 100 single target event by M. S. Haines of Mount Holly, N. J., at the opening of the nineteenth annual State championship shoot of the New Jersey State Trapshooting Association over the traps of the Pitman Gun Club here today. The shoot will run for three days with a contest to be staged tomorrow for the State single championship at 200 targets.

Dr. C. J. Grauch of Pitman wrested the State championship at doubles from Fred Plum of Atlantic City today by one target. Grauch broke forty-four out of twenty-five pairs of targets, while Plum broke forty-three. W. Danser of Cranbury started in the last of the first trap, but dropped back to third place at the finish. Fred S. Tomlin, State professional champion, led his class in the doubles with forty-six targets smashed. Clarence B. Platt of Bridgeton, present State amateur single champion, and George S. McCarty of Woodbury, American amateur champion, were runners-up in today's event.

Mrs. L. R. Piercy of Jersey City, State women's champion, was the only woman participating in the shooting today. She broke ninety-seven in the second event and was up near the leaders.

In spite of frequent driving showers, the shotgun artists hung up some high scores. They shot over a field of crimson clover and found the vision excellent on the targets.

The summaries:

	100 Single Targets.	25 Pairs D'bles State Champ.
M. S. Haines	100	0
L. R. Slocum	99	0
L. Marcus	98	20
F. S. Slater	97	35
*F. Stear	97	38
Fred Plum	97	43
*F. S. Tomlin	97	46
G. S. McCarty	97	39
C. N. Armstrong	97	39
Mrs. L. R. Piercy	97	0
*N. Apgar, 96, 30; C. B. Platt, 96, 40; *L. Shaab, 96, 0; A. C. Schwarz, 96, 23; W. H. Steward, 95, 40; C. Fremaine, 95, 0; T. D. Hackett, 95, 41; S. E. Porch, 95, 22; A. Schrimpf, 95, 0; A. Duryea, 94, 38; C. Z. Vaughn, 94, 25; S. J. Ostler, 94, 36; J. Schleglhofer, 94, 0; R. H. Leap, 94, 0; D. C. Waites, 93, 30; Dr. C. J. Grauch, 93, 44; *H. Winchester, 93, 0; O. W. Downs, 93, 0; R. M. Birdsall, 93, 0; C. Tilton, 93, 0; R. L. Sanders, 92, 0; *W. K. Hazleton, 92, 31; C. E. Leek, 91, 31; *F. Jugsen, 91, 30; F. S. Gage, 91, 0; H. S. Thompson, 91, 27; W. H. Colfax, 91, 0; F. Muldoon, 91, 0; J. Stackhouse, 91, 34; J. M. Ogden, 90, 0; A. Steward Jr., 89, 36; W. McQuaid, 89, 41; R. S. Smith, 89, 0; C. B. Sutphin, 88, 0; H. Snook, 87, 0; J. Campanelli, 87, 0; R. Garrison, 87, 41; A. C. Kirkendall, 86, 34; M. L. Stevens, 86, 0; E. B. Collins, 86, 34; E. Cozz, 86, 0; C. E. Adams, 85, 31; *J. A. Breslin, 85, 0; H. B. Harper, 85, 0; J. A. Hill, 84, 0; W. S. Fiss, 84, 0; J. H. Wilson, 83, 37; S. S. Stevens, 83, 0; W. Danser, 82, 41; J. V. Ludlow, 82, 0; J. E. Pratt, 78, 0; W. E. Crano, 74, 0; H. Powers, 47, 26; *J. Gaze, 42, 0; **J. L. Wright, 23, 0; R. Lamb, 0, 31.

*Professional; shot two traps only in singles.
**Shot one trap only in singles.

ATHLETES STAND HIGH.

Bunge, Wisconsin's Conference Medal Winner, Is Fine Student.

MADISON, Wis., May 18.—That participation in college athletics is not detrimental to scholarship is seen in the results of the investigation to select the Wisconsin athlete most worthy to receive the Conference medal, awarded at each institution in the Big Ten to the athlete who ranks highest in scholarship and athletic achievement. The winner is George W. Bunge of La Crosse, centre on the football eleven, who played three full years without taking out time. Bunge's scholastic record for his four years' course was 88.53.

Other athletes who stood high in their studies were Mark Wall, winner of three "W's" in track and two in cross-country, scholastic average, 88.77; Warren Taylor, winner of three letters in basketball, 85.20; Carl F. Caesar, winner of six medals, three in basketball and three in baseball, 84.43; Dale Merrick, winner of three "W's" in track, 83.56; W. K. Collins, two letters in football and two in swimming, 83.41; A. J. Knoflin, three letters in track, 83.46; Stevens Gould, three letters in football, 80.74, and Carl M. Sundt, winner of four "W's" in football, one in basketball and three in track, 80.21.

Valgar in Farewell Bout.

Benny Valgar will make his last appearance in this country before leaving for Paris to meet Eugene Criqui, the French featherweight champion, on Saturday night at the Queensboro Club, in a twelve-round bout against Johnny Reisler.

Tannenbaum Beats Rosen.

In Thum's amateur three-cushion tournament last night, Oscar Tannenbaum won from Sol Rosen, 20 to 26, in seventy innings. Both players had a 3 for high run. Sid Cohen and Dave Schiff will play tonight.

SCHAEFER RETAINS HIS BILLIARD TITLE

Defeats Welker Cochran, Challenger, by 1,500 to 1,333 in Championship Match.

WINS IN THE 42D INNING

Victor Has Grand Average of 38.30-42 in Three Nights' Play for World's 18.2 Balklline Crown.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 18.—Jake Schaefer of Chicago retained the world's 18.2 balkline billiard championship here tonight, when he defeated Welker Cochran, challenger in the final block of their 1,500-point match. The final score was 1,500 to 1,333.

It took Schaefer forty-two innings to run out the necessary total, making his grand average for the match 35.30-42. His high run for the three nights of play was 202, made on the opening evening. His high run tonight was 115, although he had runs of 112 and ninety-four in the unfinished twenty-ninth inning which opened the evening's play.

The champion took thirteen turns at the table tonight for his necessary 500 points. He had an unfinished run of 4 in the twenty-ninth inning and the advantage of a 94 point start before Cochran had a chance to give the challenger an uphill battle all the way. He made one good run tonight, a 168 that beat his previous best high run, 157. Welker's grand average for the competition was 31.31-42. His average tonight 34.8-12 showing that although he played an uphill game, he was going better than on ten previous evenings. Schaefer's average to-night was 41.8-12.

Cochran Makes Poor Start.

Cochran, who was 81 points in arrears at the beginning of the block, slid further by missing in the thirtieth and thirty-first frame. Jake came back with fifteen tallies in the thirty-first, one of which was subtracted in the ensuing frame because the champion missed both balls. Cochran in the thirty-second made the most brilliant shot of the entire match, an outside masse, only to lose after he had scored three points.

Jake then made the attempt that missed both balls. Cochran scored one, and Jake came back with 32. The challenger then got the balls bunched and ran 99 points. In that time his shooting was remarkably smooth, until he sewed himself up with the cue ball frozen to the red at the upper rail. He showed a dexterous use of English that counted the ninety-fourth point of the run, but had some hard problems to solve.

Finally, he missed an open table masse, and Jake took up the cue to perform a remarkable four-cushion shot that thrilled the spectators. The play was so well planned that it left the balls in position for a series of points. He started a run as interesting in the manner of their accumulation as the one Cochran had just completed. At one time he drew the ball around the table on three cushions for perfect placement. Then he cut the object ball as cunningly as ever the stunt was performed in a championship match, scored the point and secured position again.

All this was going on with Jake 200 points in the van and going strong. He piled up the tallies in rapid succession, so much so that spectators, who, on the two previous nights, had slept in the gallery, kept their eyes glued on the ivories spinning about the table. He passed his hundred mark and did not quit until the Chicago fans applauded their home product. The run ended with 115 points.

Schaefer Has Run of 112.

Cochran, in his turn, got into a few hard problems and his eighteenth was a cross-table draw that brought down the house. He scored 34 and missed a two-cushion shot by an inch. The match at this time stood: Schaefer 1,236, Cochran 1,066, and Jake, with an even 200-point lead, took the cue in the thirty-fourth frame. He ran 24.

Schaefer made great use of his knowledge of the three-cushion game to get difficult shots. He ran 112 with the balls scattered much of the time. Cochran took the cue and with a 32-point handicap started in to count. He climbed 70 points when

SNOB II. IS SPEEDY IN THE STUYVESANT

Son of Prestige Wins $6,000 Handicap at Jamaica in First Appearance of Season.

MAKES SHOW OF FIELD

Three Races Run in Mud, With Four Favorites Landing—Madden Uncovers Fast Colt.

Snob II., the handsome brown son of Prestige, owned by the Sanford Stud Farms, made his first public appearance of the season before an admiring crowd yesterday afternoon at the Jamaica race course. The animal proved that he had more than good looks to recommend him, for he galloped off with the $6,000 Stuyvesant in most impressive style, making a show of a field which included some of the best three-year-olds in training hereabouts.

The one-mile fixture, which was taken two years ago by the great Man o' War and last season by R. T. Wilson's Sedgefield, possessed interest beyond the ordinary because it brought to the post several candidates for next month's Belmont and served, in a way, as a try-out for that $50,000 classic. Snob II., a French-bred colt, which was raced but little last year, was the one most fancied by the talent on the strength of what proved excellently founded reports that the Sanford trainer had the thoroughbred in fine fettle for his début. The Greentree Stable's trace of entrants, Pirate Gold and Galantman, were next in favor, with G. A. Cochran's June Grass and the Modo Stable's Modo held at comparatively short prices.

When Starter Cassidy lifted the webbing Bud Fisher's Violinist was first to break, but Pirate Gold and Galantman forged into the lead in that order almost immediately, with Column and June Grass nearest to the pace. Snob II., off with only moderate speed, held the extreme rear, in company with Chesterbrook, until the field had swung into the back stretch. Midway down that long straightaway Sande brought the favorite along with an irresistible rush and Snob II. picked up and passed all the contenders with startling ease, assuming the lead before the loop around the far turn.

Galantman Is Second.

For the rest of the trip to the wire the Sanford horse merely galloped along in the pace-maker's place, with Galantman and Pirate Gold always second and third. At the close the winner's margin over Galantman was five lengths, while the latter, easily second best of the eight starters, had an advantage of two lengths over its stablemate, Pirate Gold. The value of the race to the winner was $6,650. The time, made over a sloppy course, was 1:39 3-5.

The handicap, run as the fourth event on the card, and the two succeeding races were run over a track made muddy by intermittent downpours, although the course was in good condition for the opening numbers. The change in conditions caused some scurrying about in the dope sheets on the part of the amateur handicappers in search of mud runners. Still form told its tale pretty accurately in the course of the afternoon, four favorites and two other short-priced horses coming home in front.

Young Cantrob, an apprentice rider from Saratoga, who rode his first winner the other day, gave R. Firmeno's Monastery, the favorite, a nice ride in the Castleton, a six-furlong dash which opened the card, and recorded another victory.

John E. Madden produced for inspection in the dash for two-year-old maidens, which closed the entertainment, a fast colt called Bud Larner. The youngster, a son of The Finn, negotiated the distance in 1:01 despite the poor going and despite being shut off in the middle stages of the race. Bud Larner picked up Certain, the pace-maker, steadily in the stretch run and was up in the final yards to win going away by a length.

Loft Stable's Misfortunes.

George W. Loft's stable met with two misfortunes yesterday. One was the death of his promising young brood mare, Jollation, which died while foaling a colt by Fair Play. The other was that his great jumper, Sweepment, bowed and may not race this season.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

The Castleton; for four-year-olds and upward, to be ridden by apprentice boys who have not won two races; purse $1,000. Six furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Monastery	112	Cantrob	6-5	1½
Executive	98	Bell	4-1	2½
Star Court	110	Glick	8-1	3½
Spangs	108	Shillick	4-1	4
War Map	98	Costello	15-1	5
Cannon	101	Simms	15-1	6
Reaction	98	Cogan	10-1	7

Time—1:15 2-5.

Start good; won ridden out; place same. Lord Harbert, br. g., 4, by Fitz Herbert—Mamanita, owned by Edward Arlington and trained by F. Ryan.

THIRD RACE.

For two-year-old fillies; claiming; purse $1,000. Five furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Lady Myra	110	Carter	9-10	1½
Ego	100	Morris	4-1	2½
Hikoo	108	Mann	9-2	3
Bessie Leighton	103	McAtee	8-1	4

Time—1:00.

Start good; won ridden out; place driving. Lady Myra, ch. f., by Atheling II.—Minnow; owned by Mrs. M. S. Allan and trained by L. H. Tryon.

FOURTH RACE.

The Stuyvesant Handicap; for three-year-olds; purse $6,000. One mile.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Snob II.	117	Sande	11-5	1½
*Galantman	115	Thomas	15-2	2½
*Pirate Gold	118	Lyke	15-2	3½
Modo	115	McAtee	6-1	4
June Grass	118	Keogh	8-1	5
Violinist	110	Kelsay	15-1	6
Column	117	Fairbrother	10-1	7
Chesterbrook	105	Morris	15-1	8

*Coupled.

Time—1:39 3-5.

Start good; won easily; place same. Snob II., br. c., by Prestige—May Dora; owned by Sanford Stud Farms and trained by H. Magnuson.

FIFTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,024. Six furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Pride of India	112	Keogh	3-2	1½
Marcuneon	118	Nolan	8-5	2½
Molly Barnes	105	E. Kummer	15-1	3½
K. of the Heather	118	Sable	11-2	4
Bonnie Bell	110	Morris	30-1	5
Regal Lodge	118	Fairbrother	7-1	6
Joseph Brandt	105	Carroll	20-1	7
Mandy	110	Taylor	60-1	8

Time—1:15 4-5.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Pride of India, b. h., 5, by Dodi—Dominoes; owned by E. Haas and trained by S. L. Harris.

SIXTH RACE.

For two-year-olds; maidens; purse $1,000. Five furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Bud Larner	115	Sande	4-5	1
Certain	115	Fairbrother	3-2	2
Sunrise H.	108	Mann	20-1	3
Clinkstone	112	Lyke	15-1	4
Homestretch	115	Nolan	15-1	5
Mity Vol	112	Carroll	50-1	6
Pulse B.	112	Kelsay	50-1	7

Time—:61 2-5.

Start good; won ridden out; place driving. Bud Larner, ch. c., by The Finn—Dreamy Maid; owned by J. E. Madden and trained by F. J. Taylor.

Weather cloudy; track fast for first two races; weather raining; track fast for third; weather clearing; track now for others.

$60,000 Offer for Snob II. Is Made on Behalf of Cosden

After John Sanford's Snob II. had scored his remarkably easy victory in the Stuyvesant Handicap at Jamaica yesterday, Billy Garth, trainer for J. S. Cosden, made an offer in his employer's name of $60,000 for the colt. The proposition was made to Hollie Hughes, trainer of the Sanford Stud Farms, who, while utterly indisposed to accept, said he would cable the offer to Mr. Sanford, who is now in England. Mr. Cosden, who now has both Clarence Kummel and Chick Lang riding for him, has in his stable such fleet thoroughbreds as Paul Jones, Good Times, Blazes and others.

165 TO 1 SHOT IS LOUISVILLE WINNER

De Bonero Races to Victory at Longest Odds of Season—Blanche Mac Takes Feature.

Special to The New York Times.

LOUISVILLE, May 18.—Backers of De Bonero in the first race at Churchill Downs today were aboard the best bet of the racing season, East or West. De Bonero, a three-year-old maiden, paid $331.20 for every $2 mutuel ticket and was thus, approximately, a 165 to 1 shot. The colt is a get of the noted Tony Bonero. This was his first race of the year and he had gone to the post only twice as a two-year-old. He was racing against horses which had won races and consequently he received very little play. Only $120 was wagered on him.

De Bonero moved into the lead at the start and, showing a liking for the heavy going, maintained his advantage throughout. He finished two lengths ahead of Skiles Knob, which had gone forwardly all the way.

The Chandler Stable's Blanche Mac won the feature race, the Tyler Hotel Handicap at a mile. It was the filly's first start of the season and she showed good speed in covering the muddy course in 1:39 4-5, leading the favorite, Kinburn, by a neck. Blanche Mac was subjected to a severe effort to dispose of Marjorie Hynes in the first half and had to be hard urged to withstand the challenge of Kinburn and Bonus at the end. Kinburn went wide into the stretch, but hung on well, while Bonus faltered near the end.

High Cost, a strong favorite in the six-furlong dash, disappointed his backers, and Elmer K. was the winner by two lengths over Royal Dick, with High Cost two lengths further back. Elmer K. moved into a good lead at once and held away to the finish, winning well in hand. High Cost was in close quarters during the first three-eighths and went wide into the stretch, tiring in the last eighth.

Gangway won his second victory of the meeting when he took the St. Matthews Purse as his rider pleased from Tableau d'Honneur and Tulane. This was a test at a mile and a sixteenth. Blue Mose carried E. R. Bradley's colors to the fore in the second race, gaining a lucky victory over Triumph and Rustem.

Guest of Honor, which won the sprint for two-year-olds in the sixth race, paid $77.10 for a $2 mutuel ticket.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,200; six furlongs. De Bonero, 109 pounds (Kederis), $331.20, $101.40 and $22.10, first; Skiles Knob, 114 (Johnson), $24.40 and $9.60, second; William Oldt, 100 (Breuning), $3.70, third. Time—1:16. Hulle, Binding Tie, Vanessa Willes, Gipsy Queen, Sportsman, Philanderer, Black Rapkin and Rasmus also ran.

SECOND RACE—For maiden two-year-olds; colts and geldings; purse $1,300 four and a half furlongs. Blue Mose, 115 pounds (Barnes), $5, $4 and $3.20, first; Triumph, 118 (Johnson), $5 and $3.60, second; Rustem, 115 (Burke), $3.20, third. Time—0:55 3-5. Dream Maker, Proceeds, Senator Combs, Tender Seth and Bigg Lapp also ran.

THIRD RACE—St. Matthew's Purse; for three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,400; one mile and a sixteenth. Gangway, 112 pounds (Kennedy), $5, $3.20 and $2.40, first; Tableau d'Honneur, 115 (Moore), $3 and $2.40, second; Tulane, 102 (Wilson), $3, third. Time—1:48 3-5. Chacolet and Sir Thomas Kean also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,500; six furlongs. Elmer K., 109 pounds (Breuning), $11.10, $5.50 and $2.30, first; Royal Dick, 106 (Robbins), $12.80 and $4.10, second; High Cost, 114 (E. Foot), $2.40, third. Time—1:14. Top o' the Morning and Adonis also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Tyler Hotel Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,500; one mile. Blanche Mac, 102 pounds (Wilson), $7.80, $3.10, $2.70, first; Kinburn, 102 (Kennedy), $2.60, $2.20, second; Bonus, 101 (Kederis), $2.20, third. Time—1:39 4-5. Marjorie Hynes and Diomed also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For two-year-olds; claiming; purse $1,300; four and one-half furlongs. Guest of Honor, 112 pounds (Kennedy), $77.10, $28.50, $12.90, first; Vedado, 112 (Garner), $8.20, $4.00, second; Annatos, 111 (Johnson), $3.00, third. Nowata, Stonage, Spartina, Miss Claire, Go, Antonia and Valetos also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,300; one mile and three-sixteenths. Nurture, 108 pounds (Kederis), $4.40, $2.70, $4.40, first; Nordeck, 115 (Wilson), $5.70, $3, second; Alex Jr., 112 (Burke), $2.90, third. Time—2:01 2-5. Countess, Damoris, Carson and Le Blanc also ran.

Weather rainy; track muddy.

LOUISVILLE ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds; claiming; purse $1,300; six furlongs. *Dolly Varden 94 pounds, McGee's Pink 94, Bright Leaf 99, *Birdie 98, Lady Dabbi 104, *Wayward Lady 104, *Glynn 105.

SECOND RACE—For two-year-old maiden fillies; claiming; purse $1,400; four and a half furlongs. *Miss Leighton 104 pounds, *Happy Moments 104, Irene Walton 108, *Full Spoon 109, Needy 109, Belle of Blue Ridge 109, Bandon 112, Probable 114.

THIRD RACE—The Jefferson Valley; for three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,500; allowances; one mile. Dorothy Buckner 95 pounds, Lady Astor 92, Dolores 83, Chatterton 108, Tayway 106.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-old fillies; claiming; purse $1,300; six furlongs. *Asta 94 pounds, *Jou Jou 94, Louisera 99, Fetis 103, Fancy Free 103, Marimba 110.

FIFTH RACE—The Jeffersonville Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,300; one mile and a sixteenth. Ambiguity 97 pounds, Tharon 100, Diomed 103, Blarney Stone 106, Mysterious Girl 108, Rag 109, Frank W. 110, Jonett 110, American Boy 113, Brotherly Love 114.

SIXTH RACE—For two-year-old colts and geldings; purse $1,500; four and a half furlongs. Golden Crest 107 pounds, Lucidus 108, Don E. O'Sullivan 110, Larchmont 112, Prince K. 110.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,300; one mile and three-sixteenths. *Randel 99 pounds, *Cyrilla 101, *Lady Lillian 102, *Brittle Maid 105, *Proton 109, *Bond 109, Grand Duke 110, Kimpaloo 111, *Legal 111, Alex Jr. 114, Mormon Elder 118.

Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather raining; track muddy.

JAMAICA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Two-year olds; maidens; claiming; purse $1,000; six furlongs. Jolly Sailor 118 pounds, Vennie 112, Sophie Goldman 111, *Scarecrow 107, Lady Monmouth 105, Margaret Lorenz 103, *Jennie C. 98.

SECOND RACE—Three-year-olds and up; claiming; purse $1,000; one mile and seventy yards. Translate 118 pounds, *Scourgeman 113, Anniversary 112, Gem 112, Camoflour 110, *Bob Fisher 105.

THIRD RACE—Three-year-olds and upward; maidens; six furlongs. Cordelier 120 pounds, Tikoh 115, Refrain 115, John Joseph 115, Miss Ida 115, Jocose 115, Wahsome Stinger 115, Betty Blue 110.

FOURTH RACE—Three-year-olds and up; the Montana Selling Handicap; one mile and seventy yards. Raice 114 pounds, *Billy McLaughlin 115, Billy Watts 110, Tufter 107, Wynnewood 107, Normal 106, Sunnyland 104, Teddy R. 102, *David Harum 102, Cromwell 101, Tangerine 98, Daydog 98.

FIFTH RACE—Three-year-olds and upward; the Quick Step; six furlongs. St. Donard 118 pounds, L'Alcial 115, Superlative 112, Miriam Cooper 107, Lucky Button 107, Desert 98.

SIXTH RACE—Three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Priality 115 pounds, Tarn 115, Rosalsie 110, Arrows R. 110, New Orleans 110, Rainbow Day 110, Mount Hope 110, Mary Agnes R. 110.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather rainy; track slow.

OELSNER IS HONORED BY TENNIS LEAGUE

Receives Top Ranking Among Players of New Jersey—Also Is Awarded Silver Cup.

Edward C. Oelsner, of the Montclair Athletic Club, heads the tennis players of New Jersey in the official ranking list of the New Jersey Tennis League, which was given out yesterday. Oelsner also was awarded the silver cup given to the player winning the greatest number of singles matches last season. The list of players was confined to residents of New Jersey, visitors from other States competing in the State or other tournaments not being considered. The ranking will be accepted by tournament committees in seeding the draw in the various tournaments held within the League boundaries. Eighteen players are included on the list.

Second to Oelsner is R. P. Bennett of Orange, while Carl N. Joliff, Oelsner's clubmate, is third. Oelsner is the No. 20 player in the ranking of the Metropolitan Lawn Tennis Association, while Joliff is No. 17 on that list, the discrepancy in the two ratings being traceable, undoubtedly, to differences in the data available to the two ranking committees. Ludlow Vandeventer, star of the Plainfield Country Club, eighteenth on the Metropolitan list, who, with his brother, Philip Vandeventer, holds the New Jersey doubles championship, is fifth in the singles ranking. Philip Vandeventer is fifteenth. George Throckmorton of the Elizabeth Country Club, brother of Harold A. Throckmorton, former New Jersey champion, is seventh, and Gerald B. Emerson, of Montclair, captain-elect of the Columbia University team, is ninth.

The list follows:

No. 1—Edward C. Oelsner, Montclair Athletic Club.
No. 2—R. P. Bennett, Orange Lawn Tennis Club.
No. 3—Carl N. Joliff, Montclair Athletic.
No. 4—Fred Peters, East Orange Tennis Club.
No. 5—Ludlow Vandeventer, Plainfield and Elizabeth Country Clubs.
No. 6—William E. Bishop, East Orange Tennis Club.
No. 7—George Throckmorton, Elizabeth Country Club.
No. 8—J. F. Stockton, Elizabeth Country Club.
No. 9—Gerald B. Emerson, Montclair Athletic Club.
No. 10—L. Gwynne French, Montclair Athletic Club.
No. 11—Bridgewater Arnold, Orange Lawn Tennis Club.
No. 12—George F. Hayden, Montclair Athletic Club.
No. 13—Hugh Oakley, Montclair Athletic Club.
No. 14—Auguste Roche Jr., Orange Lawn Tennis Club.
No. 15—Philip Vandeventer, Plainfield and Elizabeth Country Clubs.
No. 16—Lindsay Dunham, Elizabeth Country Club.
No. 17—L. Dr. Woodbury, Orange Lawn Tennis Club.
No. 18—Louis B. Dailey Jr., East Orange Tennis Club.

The championship of the New Jersey Tennis League was won by the Montclair Athletic Club. The Montclair contest resulted in a tie with the Orange Lawn Tennis Club, Montclair winning in the play-off by the measure of a single match.

At the annual meeting of the League held at the Bankers' Club, Allen C. Bragaw of the Orange Lawn Tennis Club was elected President; Carl N. Joliff, Montclair Athletic Club, Vice-President, and Louis B. Dailey, East Orange Tennis Club, Secretary-Treasurer. All the clubs represented at the meeting agreed to enter one or more teams in the Metropolitan Veterans' Doubles Tournament to be held at the West Side Tennis Club, Forest Hills, beginning next Monday.

QUINNIPIAC CLUB HAS MANY STARS

Some of Country's Greatest Small-Bore Rifle Shooters in New Haven Organization.

That the Quinnipiac Rifle and Revolver Club of New Haven has among its membership some of the greatest small-bore rifle shooters in the United States is proven by its recent victory in the National Rifle Association indoor championships of the last season and in 1919-1920. In 1920-1921 the Quinnipiacs did not compete for national honors, devoting their time to the winning of the championship of the New England Rifle and Revolver Association. Thus in the last three years the Quinnipiac Club has won the national indoor rifle championship twice and the New England indoor rifle championship once.

In no two of these matches were the conditions the same. In the national championship of 1919-1920 the Quinnipiacs dropped only nine points in 10,000. This shooting was done prone. They got away to a bad start during the last season, being eleventh after the first week's shooting. By the fourth match they were in fourth place, and at the close of the matches, the sixth week, they had tied the Manhattan Rifle Association for first place with 5,790. As the Quinnipiacs' score was better in the final stage and off-hand matches, the title was theirs.

Three of the six shooters on the Quinnipiac team never before took part in a national indoor match. Several of those who had comprised the 1919-1920 team had held national titles, but these men stepped to the rear to give others a chance. The newcomers started where the champions left off. Harry Thomas, leader of the team, is recognized as one of the best off-hand shooters. He shot on the Quinnipiac team that won the New England championship in 1921 and won the American indoor record match this year from a field of 142 entrants.

Henry Gilsman has been shooting rifles of all kinds for many years. He made two of the five possibles at 100 yards at Camp Perry last Fall. He was a member of the international small-bore team last year and also won the New England, from night match. He was a member of the team that dropped only nine points three seasons ago.

William Breuler shot on the 1919-20 team and on the New England championship squad. Frank F. Furbich, Thomas R. Hassell and Frank Fenwick shot in national matches for the first time. Furbich and Hassell shot on the team that won the New England championship. Rogers won the small-bore Marine match at Camp Perry last Fall, and like Gussman, was a member of the international small-bore team. The Quinnipiacs also won the 75-foot team championship and the civilian championship of the United States during the past season.

Other winners of rifle championships were: Intercollegiate, Pennsylvania; Military and High School, St. John's Academy of Delafield, Wis., 50-foot team title, Sheridan (Wyo.) Rifle Club; 75-foot individual, W. K. Lee of Birmingham, Ala., and the 50-foot individual, J. H. Ladd of Sheridan, Wyo.

DELAY FOR COACHING PLAN.

New England Colleges Will Be Slow in Applying New System.

WILLIAMSTOWN, May 18.—Although the plan for making drastic changes in the present coaching systems, including Faculty appointments for coaches, as was recommended at the recent conference of college presidents of New England, appears to have met with general favor, the chances are that the new system will not go into effect for some time to come. Before it is formally adopted, the governing boards of the various colleges must take action. It is also understood that the plan will not conflict with any contracts with coaches existing at the present time.

DOUBLES TOURNEY FOR MET. VETERANS

First Championship to Be Played Next Week—Entries for Three Events Close Today.

Entries for three tennis tournaments to be held within the confines of the metropolitan district will close today. The events are the Veterans' Doubles Metropolitan Championship, the open tournament for women at the Montclair Athletic Club and the members' handicap singles and doubles tournament of the New York Athletic Club. The veterans and women's tourneys will both start next Monday and the New York A. C. event at 2 P. M. tomorrow.

All the clubs of the metropolitan district have been requested to co-operate for the success of the veterans' doubles. This will be the first time that a veterans' metropolitan championship has been contested for. The names of a number of prominent players already have been received by Henry W. Warner of 52 Broadway, who is in charge of the entries. The list will be open until 3 o'clock this afternoon. Play in this tournament will start at 4 o'clock on Monday afternoon on the courts of the West Side Tennis Club at Forest Hills.

William A. Larned, many times national champion, and his brother, Edwin P. Larned, will be one of the teams in the veterans' doubles. Holcombe Ward, national champion, with Dwight F. Davis from 1906 to 1910, and with Beals Wright from 1904 to 1906, also will enter, and it is possible that Davis will be his partner. Another veteran on the list is Clarence Hobart, who held the national doubles with Fred H. Hovey in 1893 and 1894 and who was runner-up to O. S. Campbell for the singles title in 1891. Hobart held the veterans' singles championship two or three seasons ago. Julian S. Myrick, President of the United States Lawn Tennis Association, also will be among the competitors.

For the women's tournament at Montclair, Miss Florence Sheldon, 4 Llewellyn Road, Montclair, will receive entries up to 8 P. M. today. There will be contests in women's singles and doubles and mixed doubles, and first and runner-up prizes will be awarded in each event. Play will start at 2:30 Monday afternoon. Besides Miss Sheldon, the Tournament Committee includes Mrs. F. V. Ward, Mrs. Joseph Howe, Mrs. James McMillen, Mrs. George F. Miller, Mrs. Russ Van Vleck, Mrs. Arthur S. Williams, Orton Brewer, Edward Dillon, Franklin Devitt, Carl Joliff, Frank Kane and James McMillen. The tournament will be referred by Fred H. Hovey, former national champion.

The draw for the New York A. C. tournament will be made at the club's city house this evening, entries closing today with Henry W. Wilson, Chairman of the club's Lawn Tennis Committee. Play will start tomorrow at 2 P. M. and will be held only on Saturdays and Sundays and Memorial Day. There will be prizes for winners and runners-up and also for consolation winners and runners-up. A lawn tennis dinner will be held at the Travers Island Clubhouse tomorrow evening. The club's Lawn Tennis Committee, in addition to Chairman Wilson, includes T. L. Binderwald, A. E. Downes, C. A. Hierstel, J. P. Leo Jr., F. M. Loughman, W. McElligott and H. M. More, with Fred R. Fortmeyer, Secretary.

NO MORVICH-PILLORY RACE.

Plan to Bring Colts Together at Latonia Falls Through.

It was learned yesterday that the plan to bring together Morvich, winner of the Kentucky Derby, and Pillory, which captured the Preakness, in a $50,000 race at Latonia, had definitely fallen through. Tim Healey, trainer of the R. T. Wilson string of racers, announced that he would not send Pillory to Latonia. Only about a week will elapse between the Belmont Stakes at Belmont Park and the proposed race on the Kentucky track, and as Pillory is looked to go to the rich local three-year-old fixture, Healey was unwilling to take the chance of injury to the son of Olambala involved in two hard races and an intervening trip within a few days.

It is possible, but not probable, that Benjamin Block and Fred Burlew will be induced to send Morvich to Latonia for the race at Latonia. With this in mind, the Kentuckians are reported to be negotiating with Trainer Rowe of the Whitney string in the effort to get one of his crack three-year-olds out there for the event.

TEST FOR WEIGHT THROWERS

Special Event to Feature Loughlin Lyceum Meet Next Sunday.

A special all-around weight throwing contest, Irish style, is one of the attractions on the program for the annual Spring outdoor athletic meet of the Loughlin Lyceum, at McGoldrick Field, Brooklyn, next Sunday afternoon. The event has been arranged as a trial for local weight throwers who plan to try for places on the American team to the Irish Olympics in Dublin next August. Pat Ryan, world's title and record holder with the 16-pound hammer, will strive for premier honors. Others expected to compete are Pat McDonald, Olympic 56-pound weight champion; Matt McGrath, holder of the world's record for the "56," and John Conway, of the Pastima A. C., national junior weight throw champion.

The Monsignor E. J. McGoldrick Trophy mile relay, Fidelity Council, Knights of Columbus, Trophy 1,200-yard relay, and the James J. Devine Memorial Perpetual Trophy four-event test are other special attractions on the program.

MAY SEND POLO TEAM.

British Official Cables Assurance That Players Will Visit U. S.

Unofficial assurance that England will send a polo team to the United States this year to compete in the American open championship and in the special tournaments at Philadelphia and Meadow Brook was received recently by the Polo Association from Lord Tweedmouth, an official of the British Association.

The team, if it comes, will arrive about Aug. 1, to obtain about three weeks' practice before the championship tournament begins at Rumson, Aug. 28, continuing until Sept. 2. It is planned for the invaders then to go to Philadelphia for the special events there Sept. 13 to 22, and then to Meadow Brook from Sept. 27 to Oct. 7.

The make-up of the English quartet was not cabled, but it is assumed here that Lord Wodehouse, who played on the English team which unsuccessfully defended the international cup last year, and Walter S. Buckmaster, both of whom have appeared in matches in this country, will be included. Lords Wodehouse and Rocksavage and the Duke of Penaranda are three of the English four now matched with an Argentine team in England.

Vernon Will Play Buxbaum.

Murray Vernon, New York State champion, will play Sam Buxbaum, the Trinity Club star, in one of the semi-final matches of the A. A. U. handball tournament on the new courts at Brighton Beach this afternoon. They will start play at 3:30 P. M.

Schwab Honored at Lafayette.

Special to The New York Times.

EASTON, Pa., May 18.—Frank ("Dutch") Schwab, All American guard, today was elected Chairman of the First Lafayette College Student Self Governing Council.

Mrs. Mallory Beats R. L. Baggs Three Sets in Practice Match

Friends of Mrs. Molla Bjurstedt Mallory, women's national tennis champion, are greatly encouraged with the showing she has been making in practice this week, on the eve of her sailing for England, where at Wimbledon she will make the supreme effort of her career not only to win the British turf court championship, but to wrest the laurels from her old rival, Mlle. Suzanne Lenglen, who is at present holder of the title. Mrs. Mallory has been taking on many of the leading men players of the West Side Tennis Club as her opponents in practice matches, and her most recent and most notable achievement has been to take three straight sets from Ralph L. Baggs, a widely known player with a well-rounded and successful game. Though the exact scores were not kept, they were sufficiently decisive to indicate that the champion is close to the form which enabled her to defeat Mlle. Lenglen, Mrs. Bundy and Miss Browne at Forest Hills last Summer. Her drives have all their characteristic pace and travel to the back-court corners or sidelines with their accustomed certainty of marksmanship. Mrs. Mallory sails for England tomorrow noon on the Celtric.

MISS RYAN VICTOR OVER MRS. BEANISH

Californian Beats English Tennis Star at Brussels and Reaches Semi-Finals.

BRUSSELS, May 18 (Associated Press).—Miss Elizabeth Ryan of California today defeated Mrs. A. E. Beamish of England in their match in the women's singles of the international hard court tennis championship. The scores were 6-2, 6-2. By winning today Miss Ryan reached the semi-finals.

Tomorrow Miss Ryan will play Mme. de Borman, Belgium, and Mlle. Lenglen will meet Miss McKane of England in the semi-finals. The experts predict that Miss Ryan and Mlle. Lenglen will win their matches and, therefore, come together in the championship round on Saturday.

In the men's singles N. Mishu of Rumania defeated Watson of Belgium, 6-4, 6-3, 4-6, 6-2, and Count de Gomar of Spain won from Aeschlimann of Switzerland, 6-0, 6-1, 6-2. Mishu showed good form in his match with Watson, but de Gomar played the best tennis of the tournament when he sent down Aeschlimann to defeat. Manual Alonso, the Spaniard, is still suffering from the injury sustained Tuesday, and de Gomar is now picked by the experts as the probable winner of the singles title.

The match between Miss Ryan and Mrs. Beamish was played under unfavorable weather conditions. A storm broke as the first set was concluded, and the second set was played in a drizzle with the courts heavy. Miss Ryan had her chop volleys working beautifully, and they were especially hard to dig up on the heavy court.

PLAY WILL BE PUSHED.

Harlem Tennis Officials Will Try to Recover Lost Ground.

Inasmuch as the rain, for the second time this week, interrupted the play in the Harlem Tennis Club's singles tournament yesterday, a special effort will be made by the Tournament Committee this afternoon to recover lost ground. One match remains to be played in the third round and four in the fourth. It is expected that Herbert L. Bowman and Elliot B. Hazen will be opponents in the semi-finals in the upper half of the draw, and Dr. George King and Percy L. Kynaston in the lower half, and the effort will be made to make possible the playing of the semi-finals tomorrow afternoon.

TENNIS STARS TO APPEAR.

Tilden, Richards, Shimidzu and Hunter Will Play at Travers Island.

William T. Tilden 2d, national tennis champion; Vincent Richards, national doubles champion with Tilden; Kozo Shimidzu, Japanese Davis Cup player, and Francis T. Hunter, national indoor champion, will appear in a series of exhibition matches to be held under auspices of the New York Athletic Club at Travers Island on Sunday afternoon, May 28, according to announcement made yesterday by Henry W. Wilson, chairman of the N. Y. A. C.'s Tennis Committee.

OARSMAN JUMPS OVERBOARD

Accident Causes His Crew to Lose Race in Harvard Regatta.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 18.—Brown and Nichols School of Cambridge today won the two school races on the second day's card of the Harvard Invitation regatta. E. D. Emerson of the Harvard Engineering School won the senior singles in 7:18.

The feature race of the day was won by Brown and Nichols over Rindge Tech of Cambridge by two feet. The winning crew held the lead throughout the race, but was pushed on the last stretch. In the second school four-oars, the Brown and Nichols crew won from Cambridge High and Latin by a length and a half. In the second heat of the double sculls, the timers caught a dead beat. The Rindge crew, which was the favorite to win the second school race, was disabled by its bow losing his lock at the quarter-mile and jumping overboard with his oar.

The summary:

Senior Singles (Manager's Challenge Cup)—Won by E. D. Emerson, E. E.; C. S. Witt, '24, second; H. J. Williams, '23, third. Time—7:18.

Second School Four Oars—Won by Brown and Nichols, Cambridge High and Latin School, second; Tabor Academy, third. No time taken.

First School Four Oars (Harvard Challenge Cup)—Won by Brown and Nichols, Rindge Tech, second; Noble and Greenough, third. Time—7:00 3-5.

Double Sculls—First Heat—Won by W. H. Mitchell and L. J. Moore; J. D. Bangs and J. F. Whitall, second. Time—4:34. Second Heat—Dead heat between R. H. Barkelew and J. H. Conover and R. F. Brunder and F. J. Wells.

BOSTON U. ENTRIES NAMED.

Fifteen Athletes Chosen for N. E. Intercollegiate Title Games.

BOSTON, May 18.—The Boston University entries for the New England intercollegiate championship games at Worcester tomorrow and Saturday were announced today. There are fifteen, as follows: Linnic, 100-yard dash; Woodward and Robertson, 440-yard; Moody, 880; Stacey and Bowen, mile; Stacey, Bowen, Doddis, Higgins and Dixon, two miles; Richards and Whelton, hurdles; MacDonald, broad jump Laurilla, shot put.

N. Y. Y. C. TO CRUISE AROUND CAPE COD

Fleet in Annual Jaunt Will Rendezvous at Newport and Disband at Marblehead.

The annual cruise of the New York Yacht Club is to be more of a deep-sea affair this Summer than was last year's jaunt, which was sailed between Glen Cove, L. I., and Newport, with the rendezvous of the fleet at the Long Island station, and races for the Astor Cups and the King's Cup held off Newport. This year the New York yachtsmen will rendezvous at the Rhode Island port, cruise around Cape Cod and disband off Marblehead, Mass. The meeting at which the itinerary was determined was held yesterday at the East India House, and the General Orders of the Commodore ordering the cruise will go out as soon as printed.

The date of the rendezvous of the 1922 cruise has been set for Tuesday, Aug. 1. Yachts are expected to assemble off the New York Yacht Club's Newport station before sunset, and in the evening there will be a reception aboard the flagship to captains and their guests. On Aug. 2 the Astor Cups, one for sloops and one for schooners, will be raced for off Newport. The schooner trophy was won last year by Commodore Vanderbilt's Vagrant. The prize for sloops went to Carolina, the 55-footer owned by Vice Commodore George Nichols.

On Thursday morning, Aug. 4, the first of the squadron runs will get under way, and the cruise will be on in earnest. The first run is scheduled from Newport to Mattapoisett, Mass., at the head of Buzzards Bay. This will carry the yachts around Brenton's Reef and the southerly shore of Rhode Island.

Leaving Mattapoisett on the morning of Friday, Aug. 4, the yachts will head southerly and easterly for Vineyard Haven, Martha's Vineyard. And from Vineyard Haven, Saturday, Aug. 5, the fleet will head to the East, pass through the shoals and rips to open sea, rounding Highland Light, and proceed to Provincetown, where it will remain at anchor until Monday morning.

On Monday, which will be the 7th of the month, the squadron will make the open-ocean run to Gloucester, and cruise the following day to Marblehead. On the run from the Massachusetts fish port to the anchorage of the Eastern Yacht Club, the yachts will be called on to round Boston Light Vessel in order to make the run longer.

On Wednesday, Aug. 9, the final day of the New York yachtsmen's classic, the King's Cup will be raced for off Marblehead. Like the Astor Cup for sloops, this trophy was captured last year by Vice Commodore Nichols's Carolina, but as schooners are also eligible, Commodore Vanderbilt is likely to make a strong bid this year with Vagrant. At colors on Wednesday the fleet will formally disbanded by the Commodore, and the captains will be free to return to New York or to cruise further North as they prefer. Severale will probably go on to Bar Harbor.

On the port-to-port runs the sailing yachts will compete, as usual, for the several cups offered for these runs. These are the Navy Challenge Cups, the Rear Commodore's, the Vice Commodore's and the Commodore's Cups and the Alumni Cups. It has not yet been decided which cups will be offered for a specific run.

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First Race at 2:30 P. M.

SPECIAL RACE TRAINS
leave Penn. Station, 33d St. and 7th Ave., Flatbush Ave. Brooklyn, 12:10, 12:45, 1:15 and 1:45 P. M. Special cars reserved for ladies. Other trains leaving New York and Brooklyn at 11:00, 1:00 and 2:00 P. M. Way at 4:00. Also via L. I. R.R. to Jamaica. Same by trolley. ADMISSION $1.65, including Tax.

WESTCHESTER WINS TEAM GOLF MATCH

Scores 30 Points to Jersey's 27 and Long Island's 19 in Interdistrict Event.

RAINSTORM FLOODS GREENS

Jesse Sweetser Again Stars, Tying With Wild of Baltusrol for Low Score of 76.

Special to The New York Times.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., May 18.—By coming through with victories in six out of the eight Scotch foursome matches played in a driving rainstorm that converted greens into miniature lakes and rivers, the Westchester County Golf Association annexed the season's team-match honors in the annual inter-district tournament at the Morris County Golf Club today with a total of 30 points. New Jersey finished a close second with a total of 27 points, while the newly-organized Long Island Association brought up the rear with 19.

When the singles matches had been completed at noon, the New Jersey team, which was battling minus the services of two of its stars, Oswald Kirkby and W. M. Reekie, was leading the strong Westchester aggregation, 21 to 15, with the Long Islanders trailing with an ominous 13. Just before the start of the afternoon round the rain changed from a moderate drizzle to a downpour.

As was the case in yesterday's informal sweepstakes, in which he slashed a couple of strokes off Bobby Jones's competitive record for the course, Jesse W. Sweetser, who won the intercollegiate golf title for Yale two years ago, again starred. Sweetser and R. M. Wild of Baltusrol were the low medalists, each presenting a card that showed 76.

Sweetser was given a rather arduous task by Captain Lee W. Maxwell of the Westchester forces when he was nominated to lead-off against two such notables as Gardiner W. White of Nassau, the metropolitan champion and Long Island general, and Jerry D. Travers of Upper Montclair, four-time holder of the national amateur crown, playing first for the New Jersey representatives. But Jesse never faltered, and when they finished the round he had set a fine example for the others by hanging a pair of points up on the Westchester side of the balance sheet. His 76 was three strokes better than White's and six lower than Travers's, and he was 3 up on the Long Islander and no less than 5 up on his New Jersey rival.

The former Yale star had three birdies to show for his day's work, White had a pair and Travers one—a 3 on the 190-yard No. 13 hole. In the afternoon Sweetser teamed with C. H. Paul, the Westchester Hills club champion, as leaders of the Westchester clan against the Long Island combination of Richard A. Haight and Grant A. Peacock and the New Jersey No. 1 pair, Frank Dyer and J. E. Hale, and once more he and his partner gave a glittering exhibition by winning two points.

Frank W. Dyer, No. 2 man for the New Jersey team, captured a brace of points for his side by administering a defeat to Tommy Armour of Westchester and Grant Peacock of Long Island, the former by 1 up in nineteen holes and the latter by 2 and 1. Armour won from Peacock, 3 and 2. Warren K. Wood of Pelham, former Western amateur champion, added two points to the Westchester total when he defeated A. Kammer of Baltusrol and John N. Stearns, Jr. of Nassau, No. 3 men on the New Jersey and Long Island teams, respectively. His margin over Kammer was 6 and 5 and over Stearns, 5 and 4.

The summaries follow:

Singles.

No. 1—J. W. Sweetser, Westchester, defeated Gardiner W. White, Long Island, and Jerry Travers, New Jersey; White defeated Travers. Points—Westchester 2, Long Island 1.

No. 2—Frank W. Dyer, New Jersey, defeated F. D. Armour, Westchester, and Grant A. Peacock, Long Island; Armour defeated Peacock. Points—New Jersey 2, Westchester 1.

No. 3—Warren K. Wood, Westchester, defeated A. F. Kammer, New Jersey, and John N. Stearns, Long Island; Stearns defeated Kammer. Points—Westchester 2, Long Island 1.

No. 4—R. M. Wild, New Jersey, defeated D. E. Sawyer, Westchester, and Donald McKellar, Long Island; Sawyer defeated McKellar. Points—New Jersey 2, Westchester 1.

No. 5—F. F. Turrell, New Jersey, defeated L. G. Conley, Westchester, and Alfred E. Bourne, Long Island; Bourne defeated Conley. Points—New Jersey 2, Long Island 1.

No. 6—Maurice Risley, New Jersey, defeated Lee W. Maxwell, Westchester, and Findlay S. Douglas, Long Island; Maxwell defeated Douglas. Points—New Jersey 2, Westchester 1.

No. 7—F. Richardson, New Jersey, defeated C. H. Paul, Westchester, and A. Flagg, Long Island; Paul defeated Flagg. Points—New Jersey 2, Westchester 1.

No. 8—J. E. Hale, New Jersey, defeated J. S. Worthington, Westchester, and R. A. Haight, Long Island; Worthington defeated Haight. Points—New Jersey 2, Westchester 1.

No. 9—Hamilton Kerr, Long Island, defeated W. E. Donohue, New Jersey, and C. V. Benton, Westchester; Donohue defeated Benton. Points—Long Island 2, New Jersey 1.

No. 10—H. A. Jones, Westchester, defeated A. D. Swords, New Jersey; Swords defeated Frank Hoyt, Long Island; Hoyt defeated Jones. Points—Westchester 1, Long Island 1, New Jersey 1.

No. 11—H. P. Bingham, Long Island, defeated H. Mellon, New Jersey, and Ray Thompson, Westchester; Thompson defeated Mellon. Points—Long Island 2, Westchester 1.

No. 12—John M. Ward, Long Island, defeated H. B. Penn, New Jersey, and Donald Carr, Westchester; Penn defeated Carr. Points—Long Island 2, New Jersey 1.

No. 13—H. Richard, Long Island, defeated Schuyler Van Vechten, New Jersey, and C. H. Brown, Westchester; Van Vechten defeated Brown. Points—Long Island 2, New Jersey 1.

No. 14—H. S. Buchanan, New Jersey, defeated W. F. Purrell, Westchester, and I. McIlvain, Long Island; Purrell defeated McIlvain. Points—New Jersey 2, Westchester 1.

No. 15—M. K. Waters, Westchester, defeated H. A. Gwaltney, New Jersey, and Mortimer Barnes, Long Island; Gwaltney defeated Barnes. Points—Westchester 2, New Jersey 1.

No. 16—Brett Harris, Westchester, defeated Graniland Rice, New Jersey, and Morton L. Feary, Long Island; Rice defeated Feary. Points—Westchester 2, New Jersey 1.

No. 17—E. W. Conklin, Westchester, defeated H. V. Barrow, New Jersey, and E. W. Nash, Long Island; Barrow defeated Nash. Points—Westchester 2, New Jersey 1.

No. 18—W. F. Ladd, Long Island, defeated Frank E. Prellingshuysen, New Jersey. Points—Long Island 1.

Totals—New Jersey 27, Westchester 18, Long Island 19.

Scotch Foursomes.

No. 1—Sweetser and Paul, Westchester, defeated Dyer and Hale, New Jersey, and R. Haight and Peacock, Long Island; Dyer and Hale defeated Haight and Peacock. Points—Westchester 1, New Jersey 1.

No. 2—Armour and Wood, Westchester, defeated Wild and Kammer, New Jersey, and Stearns and Bingham, Long Island; Stearns and Bingham defeated Wild and Kammer. Points—Westchester 2, Long Island 1.

No. 3—Donohue and Sawyer, Long Island, defeated Turrell and Risley, New Jersey, and Armour and Worthington, Westchester; Turrell and Risley defeated Armour and Worthington. Points—Long Island 2, New Jersey 1.

No. 4—Conley and Maxwell, Westchester, defeated Richardson and Van Vechten, New Jersey, and Richard and Kerr, Long Island; Richard and Kerr defeated Maxwell and Van Vechten. Points—Westchester 1, Long Island 1.

No. 5—Benton and Brown, Westchester, defeated Buchanan and Penn, New Jersey, and Flagg and McIlvain, Long Island; Swords and Penn defeated Flagg and McIlvain. Points—Westchester 2, New Jersey 1.

No. 6—Douglas and McKellar, Long Island, defeated Donohue and Reeves, New Jersey, and Harris and Thompson, Westchester; Donohue and Barron defeated Harris and Thompson. Points—Long Island 2, New Jersey 1.

No. 7—Carr and Waters, Westchester, defeated Buchanan and Gwaltney, New Jersey, and Ladd and J. C. Parrish, Long Island; Buchanan and Gwaltney defeated Ladd and Parrish. (Ladd and Parrish default.) Points—Westchester 2, New Jersey 1.

No. 8—Jones and Conklin, Westchester, defeated Rice and Mellon, New Jersey, and Dr. Haight and W. E. Oler, Jr., Long Island; Rice and Mellon defeated Haight and Oler. Points—Westchester 2, New Jersey 1.

Totals—Westchester 13, New Jersey 8, Long Island 3.

Heads of Three Universities To View Regatta at Derby

Special to The New York Times.

DERBY, Conn., May 18.—Yale is making an official event of the triangular race Saturday in a manner never before attempted. President James Angell of Yale, who is finishing his first year as chief executive and who is a former University of Michigan athlete, will entertain President Hibben of Princeton and President Farrand of Cornell. The Presidents of the three universities have never before gathered for the boat races. President Farrand accompanied the Cornell crew as far as New York City this morning. Among the guests at the races will be Lady Astor and Charles Dana Gibson, aunt and father of Langhorne Gibson of the Yale crew. The Princeton rowing squad reached Derby this evening.

MISS LEITCH REACHES FINAL GOLF ROUND

Champion and Miss Wethered Win Semi-Final Matches in British Title Tourney.

SANDWICH, England, May 18 (Associated Press).—Miss Cecil Leitch, British women's open golf champion, and Miss Joyce Wethered, English closed champion, will compete for the open championship over the Princes course here, both having won their matches in the semi-finals today.

In the semi-final round Miss Leitch defeated Miss Gladys Bastin of the Crowborough Beacon Club, 3 up and 2 to play, and Miss Wethered defeated Miss Joan Stocker of Sheringham by the same score.

Miss Leitch won her match in the fifth round earlier in the day, defeating Miss Joy Winn of Aldeburgh by 4 and 3.

Miss Bastin defeated Miss M. Cox of Royal St. David's 4 by the same score. Miss Wethered won from Mrs. Bond, Ashdown Forest, by 2 and 1, and Joan Stocker vanquished Mrs. Browne by 4 and 3 in the other fifth-round matches.

GREER TAKES MEDAL IN GOLF TOURNAMENT

Leads Field in Qualifying Round at Atlantic City Club With Card of 76.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 18.—Marcus Greer of the Lianerch Country Club, golf champion of Quebec and winner of the recent Bala Tournament, won the gold medal eighteen-hole qualifying round today in the annual Spring tournament of the Country Club of Atlantic City over the links at Northfield.

Greer waded over the course, shooting steady golf from beginning to end under most adverse weather conditions. He went out in 38 and came home in the same figure. His 76 was the only card under 80 in the big field of more than 100 golfers.

His card follows:

Out .....4 4 4 4 4 5 5 4 4—38
In .....4 5 3 4 4 4 5 5 4—76

J. J. Beadle, Greer's youthful clubmate, finished second, with a card of 80. Beadle was paired with Greer.

The summaries:

Marcus Greer, Lianerch, 38, 38—76; J. J. Beadle, Lianerch, 42, 38—80; J. S. Davidson, Shawnee, 40, 41—81; Tom Wootton, Atlantic City, 40, 41—81; Fred Kemper, Whitemarsh, 42, 41—83; Dr. R. R. Bier, Linwood, 41, 44—85; C. J. Johnson, Atlantic City, 42, 43—85; F. J. Keating, Pittsburgh, 42, 43—87; H. Hiersam, Lancaster, 44, 43—87; H. J. Germity, Atlantic City, 45, 42—88; H. S. Tenney, Greenwich, 46, 44—88; Alec Coles, Country Club, 44, 45—89; D. Clegg, Lansdowne, 44, 46—90; W. J. MacFarlane, Atlantic City, 45, 46—91; E. V. O'Hanlon, Whitemarsh, 45, 46—91; D. F. Healey, New York, 41, 50—91.

PRINCETON OARSMEN TO STAY AT DERBY

Crews Leave Tigertown for Tomorrow's Regatta on the Housatonic.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., May 18.—Princeton's varsity freshman and 150-pound crews that will row on the Housatonic Saturday left here this noon for Derby, where they will stay until the races. The varsity and yearling combinations will compete against Yale and Cornell in the first Carnegie Cup regatta, but the featherweights will enter a special event with Yale and Harvard.

The Orange eight will row in the varsity event, and the same combination that won the cup race against Columbia and Penn last Saturday will start in the freshman contest. The 150-pounders have been reorganized in the last week and will row as follows:

Bow, Sills; No. 2, Witherspoon; No. 3, Baird; No. 4, Read; No. 5, Guthrie; No. 6, Cushing; No. 7, Williamson; stroke, Mueller; Coxswain, Minor.

The regatta will be the third for the Princeton varsity and freshman boats and the first of the lightweights.

According to a new ruling of the Athletic Association the members of the 150-pound crew will receive the "P" A. A. insignia, and hereafter will wear a shirt similar to that of the varsity except for the numerals "150" placed under the letter.

SYRACUSE CREWS ARRIVE.

Three Orange Eights Hold Belated Workouts at Annapolis.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., May 18.—The Syracuse rowing party consisting of the members of the varsity, second and freshmen crews under James Ten Eyck, the veteran coach, arrived in Annapolis this afternoon ready for the contest against corresponding crews of the Naval Academy Saturday afternoon. The arrival was somewhat delayed and the Orange crews did not get on the water until after six. However, the sun had emerged and conditions were near for practice than those which attended the Navy crews some time before. The latter had to do their work in a heavy downpour of rain.

NOTED GOLFERS ABSENT.

Mrs. Gavin and Miss Hollins Will Not Play in Metropolitan Event.

When the women's metropolitan golf championship opens at the Morris County Golf Club next week, two of the best known players in the district will be missing. Mrs. W. A. Gavin, who has twice won the classic, most recently at Plainfield last year, will be unable to defend her title, as a result of her appearance in the British women's event, now in progress. It was learned yesterday that Miss Marion Hollins of Westbrook, the women's national titleholder, would be unable to play because of illness. Miss Hollins, who has also been a double winner in the metropolitan event, is now in Washington.

As a result of these withdrawals it is expected that Miss Alexa Stirling, who has transferred to the metropolitan district, will have practically clear sailing in the title.

PENN'S 150-POUND OARSMEN ARRIVE

M. I. T. Crews Will Come Today for Races With Columbia Tomorrow—Rain Stops Practice.

The first of the invading crews which will row against Columbia on the Harlem tomorrow afternoon arrived in this city yesterday. This was the 150-pound crew from the University of Pennsylvania. Some time today the M. I. T. varsity and junior varsity are due on the scene, and by afternoon all three eights will be hard at work on the Harlem preparing for tomorrow's tests, in which the 150-pound Penn eight will meet a corresponding crew from Columbia and the M. I. T. varsity and juniors will row Jim Rice's first and second eights.

Bad weather yesterday interfered with the plans of both Columbia and Penn, but the Red and Blue expects to make up for the lost time by rowing twice today, morning and afternoon. At the same time M. I. T. and Columbia will be applying the last-minute touches, and everything will then be ready for the contest tomorrow.

The Pennsylvania shell, which arrived yesterday, was taken to the Union Boat Club quarters on the Harlem, the boathouse which Columbia used until recently. The Quaker oarsmen will be put up in the Union house, and M. I. T. will be accommodated in the capacious new crew quarters that Columbia has erected near Baker Field, the site of the proposed stadium.

Coach Rice decided yesterday that he will not use his new varsity boating tomorrow. On Tuesday, after the defeat at Princeton, the Columbia tutor took his first boat, turned it upside down and shook out several oarsmen whose work on Lake Carnegie was not satisfactory. But because of poor weather conditions since that time there has been little chance to get the new combination working properly, and Rice will go back to a practical status quo for the present and not change the experiment until after tomorrow's tussle.

After that is finished there will be ample time for changes, since the Harlem regatta is Columbia's last race before Poughkeepsie. Within two weeks Rice will take his two varsity crews, the freshmen and the 150-pounders, to the boathouse on the upper Hudson.

The program for tomorrow's regatta, as announced yesterday, calls for the first race at 2:45 o'clock. This will be a special interclass event between a sophomore and a freshman crew. At 3:15 will come the junior varsity tussle, at 3:45 the 150-pound race and at 4:15 the big race of the day between the varsity eights. The distance of each contest will be a mile and five-sixteenths.

M. I. T. CREWS ARRIVE TODAY.

Bay State Oarsmen Expect to Row on the Harlem This Afternoon.

BOSTON, May 18.—The Massachusetts Institute of Technology oarsmen will leave Boston tomorrow morning in time to get in a practice row on the Harlem River tomorrow afternoon as a final preparation for the races with Columbia University on Saturday afternoon. The Engineers will take along their own shells.

In their final practice on the Charles River the varsity seating was unchanged from last week. The Tech men, although disappointed over their defeat by Harvard last Saturday, have been playing in fine feeling and discouragement over the prospect of not winning a college race this season. They realize the difficulties of putting varsity rowing on its feet and hope to make a good showing against the Morningside oarsmen, who naturally are expected to win over the Engineers.

Two shifts have been made in the second boat. Davis has gone in at No. 3 and bow will be filled either by Hochstetter or Keenan. Evans, who has been rowing bow, has been compelled to quit because of blood poisoning in one hand.

CORNELL WORKS OUT ON THE HOUSATONIC

Big Red Crews Prepare for Tomorrow's Regatta—Tigers Due at Derby Today.

Special to The New York Times.

DERBY, Conn., May 18.—Cornell had the two-mile racing course on the Housatonic to itself this afternoon. The three Ithaca crews reached New Haven this morning and took automobiles early this afternoon for their first look at the river course. They remained till nearly dark, although their rowing was confined to a brisk workout of about five miles. The varsity and freshman eights rowed together and were followed by the coaching squad in a launch placed at their disposal by President Strong of the Yale navy. Their shells, oars and other equipment reached here during the night and were unloaded and waiting for them on their arrival.

The Princeton squad is expected here tomorrow noon. They will row over the course tomorrow afternoon, according to the plans of the assistant managers who reached here today to complete advance preparations.

The Yale crews did not go near the river today, being permitted to witness the annual Yale Tap Day exercises at which members of the senior societies were selected. All three crews of Princeton, Cornell and Yale will work out their final conditioning practice tomorrow afternoon at different hours. Yale will probably practice last. Coach Jim Cotderry of the Yale crews said again this evening that the make-up of the two varsity shells is still undecided. Captain Gibson, Russell and Goodwin of the regular boat will be unable to compete because of injuries. John Freeman, the 147-pound oarsman who drove the 150 regulars to a sensational victory at New London last Saturday, will stroke the varsity. The Harvard 150-pound and class champion crews will arrive tomorrow noon.

SPECIAL TRAIN FOR REGATTA.

Extra Accommodations Will Be Available for Triangular Races.

For the information of those contemplating attending the Yale regatta on the Housatonic tomorrow afternoon the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad announces that it will operate a special train leaving New Haven at 2:05 P. M. and due at Shelton at 2:45 P. M. This train will connect with the regular 2:00 observation train. Returning, the special train will leave Shelton for New Haven ten minutes after the return of the observation train from the last race. Tickets for the observation train are on sale at the office of the Athletic Association in New Haven. It is important to note that the schedules are based on Eastern standard time.

RELAY RACE IS FEATURE.

Rivalry Is Keen in K. of C. Event on Loughlin Lyceum Program.

One of the most important events on the program arranged by the Loughlin Lyceum for its annual Spring track games at McGolrick Recreation Field, Brooklyn, next Sunday afternoon, will be the relay race restricted to teams from Knights of Columbus Councils. There are three teams in this race that will probably stand out above all others, namely, Greenwich, Lexington and Fidelity Councils. The distance of the relay race is 1,200 yards for teams of four men, each running 300 yards.

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MAY 19, 1922.

GAINS AND LOSSES AT GENOA.

The Genoa conference comes to an end today in an obviously chastened and sombre mood. The contrast between what was hoped and what has been achieved is naturally somewhat depressing to the delegates. This is reflected in LLOYD GEORGE'S speech reviewing the work of the conference. He dropped the rhetorical and somewhat alarmist tone which he held before the conference met, as also in its early sessions, and gave a drab survey of the situation in which the whole affair has been left.

While the failures are conspicuous, there are certain gains to be recorded. One of them is the fact that the Genoa conference was not disrupted, but simply died a natural death. The general unity of the European nations was not broken. France and England remain convinced that they must endeavor to work together. Their entente has been strained but not shattered. In the agreement of all the Powers to maintain a truce at least throughout the rest of this year, together with the pledge to make no separate treaties with Russia until after the meeting of the economists and the bankers at The Hague, we have a result at once reassuring and beneficial. Europe is thereby guaranteed a breathing space during which the work of recuperation may be carried on by private initiative. And it must not be forgotten that it is, after all, the farmers, the manufacturers, the merchants, the railroad men, the workers in shop and field and on the sea, who can do more to rebuild Europe than all the statesmen gathered at Genoa.

Mr. FRANK VANDERLIP sums up the work of the Genoa conference in a happy phrase, when he says that it was a great international "clinic." Experts diagnosed the disease, but did not undertake the capital operation necessary for a cure. Still, it is something for Europe to have a man in authority strike his hand upon the spot and say, "Thou ailest here, and here." The English physician, LLOYD GEORGE, did this in his review of the case. He declared, somewhat with the air of a man disillusioned, that the real cause of the disappointment at Genoa lay in the fact that the delegates had found themselves face to face with two absolutely irreconcilable systems of government. He meant, of course, the Communist system of Russia confronting the methods of government and of trade prevalent in all the rest of the world.

It hardly needed the expense and labor of the Genoa conference to demonstrate this. The truth was long ago discovered in this country. The Genoa diagnosis was anticipated at Washington. Secretary HUGHES, following the line of reasoning first adopted by the Wilson Administration, set forth more than a year ago the facts and conclusions which Mr. LLOYD GEORGE now a little late and regretfully announces. But the American Government was not content to show that two irreconcilable theories of government were confronting each other. It clearly pointed out from the first that one of them must give way. And it left no doubt which one that must be. The system denying the right of private property, openly making a mock of treaty obligations and holding itself at liberty to violate valid contracts, could have no dealings with a system in which these principles were essential and sacred. On that subject Mr. HUGHES has had but one voice. He said the same thing in March, 1921, that he says in May, 1922. The gist of his reasoning, then as now, lies in the old question: "How can we walk together except they be agreed?"

The British Prime Minister admits the apparent deadlock, but hopes to surmount it at The Hague by measures of practical agreement. He seems to think that the Russians may not surrender their general economic and governmental doctrines, but that they may show themselves pliable in matters of trade and credits. But if they do, they, as good logicians, will know that they are tacitly abandoning their main principles. It may turn out that in the end they will do so, driven by hard necessity. But the time will come when either directly at The Hague or indirectly at Moscow they will have to admit the utter breakdown of the theories on which they sought to build up the Soviet Government. Between that Government and the things which are vital in modern civilization a great gulf is fixed. It is idle to hope that it can be bridged by any temporary financial structures which it may be attempted to throw across at The Hague. Fundamental principles will rule in this matter, rather than mere business details. And the wisest and kindest course toward Soviet Russia is to beat it into her consciousness that until she abandons her false and disastrous principles of government she must remain outside the sisterhood of nations.

THE CONSIDERATION FAILED.

Votes are the consideration of a bonus. Congressmen who advocate the bonus expect that the consideration will be paid. It is not paid. Evidently the former service men don't know their "friends." Senator PEPPER is renominated in the Pennsylvania Republican primaries by a majority of 211,000-odd over Congressman-at-Large BURKE. Mr. PEPPER declared his opposition to the bonus before he was appointed by Governor SPROUL. Early in February, before Mr. HARDING had written his bonus letter to Mr. FORDNEY, Mr. PEPPER said that he would vote against the Bonus bill because he thought it "unjust to disabled service men, unfair to service men who are not disabled and unjustifiable because it wastes the public money."

Mr. BURKE is not only an old labor organization man, but a bonus enthusiast. Officers of the American Legion, officers of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, and, presumably, such of their Republican veterans and legionaries as are crying for a bonus supported him. On the face of things, Mr. BURKE should have run like greased lightning. He should have had the Republican "labor vote" and the Republican "soldier vote." Where were the laborers and the soldiers last Tuesday? Moreover, four Republican Congressmen, three of whom voted for both bonus bills, and one of whom, a new member, had a chance to vote only for the last one, were not renominated.

What shall it profit a Congressman to vote for a bonus if its intended beneficiaries won't show at the polls their gratitude for the intended benefit? Weeks ago the bonus boomers at Washington had their lesson, when two Illinois Representatives, eager shouters for the great gratuity, were beaten in the primaries. It is no infallible talisman and protection, no political life-saver in Congress districts. When the general sentiment of the party in a State, as in Pennsylvania, expresses itself on the bonus, what a poor thing of straw that enormous bugaboo, the "soldier vote," is seen to be!

THE COAL STRIKE STALEMATE.

"Whether it be a coal miners' union or a farm bloc," said Mr. S. D. WARRINER, speaking for the anthracite operators, "no one organization can "set itself up to dominate things in "which the whole public should have "a voice." Admirable doctrine! Yet it reminds one rather painfully of a classic utterance from behind the bars: "They can't put me in jail for that!" But there the victim was—and here we are. Mr. WARRINER's brave words followed hard upon reports from the bituminous fields that in some localities prices have risen 75 and even 100 per cent., with no discernible progress toward settling the strike.

Mr. WARRINER's remedy is to substitute for recurrent strikes "a long-term agreement" providing permanent means of conciliation and arbitration within the industry. He bases his case on JOHN MITCHELL's insistence upon arbitration. But that was in the strike of 1902, twenty years ago. Since then labor leaders have suffered a severe disillusionment. Arbitrators themselves, even such as might be expected to incline toward the views of employers, have admitted that the distrust of arbitration has a basis in fact, the true cause of workmen being difficult to present convincingly in court. Judge LANDIS is a famous champion of social justice, and his decisions in the case of the Chicago building trades were, on the whole, very fair to the workmen; but his methods were sometimes haphazard and at all times they had an appearance of being arbitrary, which violently antagonized the unions. No one knows better than workmen and the guardians of union treasuries what a strike costs. If they cling to the strike, it can scarcely be without what they think good reason.

Mr. HOOVER is as resolute as Mr. WARRINER against any plan involving Government ownership and control. Precisely what his program is he has not divulged, yet he has clearly indicated, even threatened, intervention to protect the rights of the public. It was to this end that he called yesterday's meeting of representative operators. Likewise, as he has announced, he has asked the American Railway Association and the public utilities associations "to consider the creation of a buying committee." Incidentally, one and all have received assurance that they will not be prosecuted for price fixing. Meanwhile, it has been reported that there are plans to use rate-fixing powers already vested in the Interstate Commerce Commission to stimulate Summer buying and storage of coal, in order to stabilize wages and production.

It is doubtless desirable that, as Mr. WARRINER contends, the industry should govern itself. It is obvious that it cannot yet do so, and that public interest, therefore, requires national intervention. A similar problem hangs over all our great industries, but is nowhere so difficult as in the case of coal. That after six weeks the strike should be in virtual stalemate, with prices rising, reserves falling and no clear plan of a way out, gives little hope of release from the tyranny of organized minorities.

ENRIGHT ON SELF-DEFENSE.

In Police Commissioner ENRIGHT the householder who desires to arm himself for protection has a severe critic. At a conference of New York and Jersey City officials to consider measures against the criminals now so active, the Commissioner delivered himself as follows:

> Having a gun in the house is no protection. A man is awakened in the middle of the night, and even though he had a gun it is probably in a closet or a drawer. Even if he had it by his side, the crook has got the drop on him and he has no chance to use it. If he could use it, he probably couldn't shoot straight enough to hit the side of a barn door.

The Commissioner knows criminals so well in the abstract that he is sure they always shoot first. That often seems to be the case when they encounter his policemen. His argument leads to the conclusion that householders must look to the police alone for protection. Yet many householders served in the war and became familiar enough with firearms not to miss a barn door. Moreover, there is a feeling of security when a man has a revolver in the house for emergencies. As things are now, a permit to have a revolver is hard for the peaceable citizen to obtain. The criminal can get every weapon he needs without difficulty. Sooner or later public opinion will force a change in the law.

THE EIGHT MONTHS' TRUCE.

So far as it relates to Europe, the pledge by the Governments represented at Genoa to abstain from aggression and "subversive propaganda" against each other for the next eight months amounts to little more than putting a statement of fact into the form of a declaration of intention. Nobody in Europe wants a fight now. TROTZKY's warlike exhortations to the Red Army were almost certainly intended as political arguments for use at Genoa. Similarly, the Bolshevist fears of a sudden assault on Russia by Rumania, or Bulgaria, or some other State whose size makes the suspicion ridiculous, with the help of the Wrangel troops that are scattered, disorganized and in large part living on charity, must have been mostly pretense. Russia is in no danger from her small neighbors. As to subversive propaganda, the Bolsheviki are too busy trying to get money from the outside to give very much attention to it now; and "capitalistic" nations need no propaganda against Bolshevism except the visible condition of Russia.

The non-aggression compact, however, applies not only to Europe but to Asia. It does not appear from the Genoa dispatches whether the Japanese forces around Vladivostok and the mouth of the Amur will have to advance from their present positions to commit aggression within the meaning of the agreement, though it is based on the status quo. Siberia will still be the point at which the non-aggression pledge is weakest. It is reported that hundreds of Japanese residents of Vladivostok have asked their Government when the army is going home—not because they want it to stay and "protect Japanese interests," but because they want it to get out, to let Siberia settle down, and to give the Japanese business man a chance to compete for Siberian trade without the handicap of universal hostility to the invader. That a part of the Japanese Government has long wanted to get out is fairly evident, but apparently it is not the part which has the final word. Whether or not the Genoa promises can be so interpreted as to leave the Japanese troops temporarily out of the argument, every Russian considers their presence there an aggression.

STATE AND CITY.

Governor MILLER's address in the Mayor's own borough brought out clearly the different methods and points of view of the two officials. The Mayor asserts that the State is invading the rights and functions of the city. But the Governor shows that the true distinction is not between State rule and home rule, but between State rule and no rule. The Mayor's sort of home rule even rejects the State's offer of co-operation.

In the matter of rapid transit, the Governor recalls that five years passed before it was possible to list the subway contracts, and that earlier efforts failed for lack of courage and vision in making so novel a departure. Conditions now are worse than then, and yet the way is blocked by talk and petty squabbles. Far from playing politics, the Republican Governor appointed city Democrats as the majority of the Transit Commission, and the law creating it left to city officials their due and accustomed opportunity to co-operate. The new law was recently enacted, but has already in its workings shamed its critics. Its reasonable critics have recanted. The Mayor brings out a tunnel plan supported by his personal opinion, against expert opinion, and proposes to finance it on public money, whereas the Transit Commission proposes a plan approved by experts, and to be financed by private investment.

The case is similar regarding the development of the port. The city has made a poor job of its waterfront investments, but wants to go further along the same lines. The needs of the port require the co-operation of two States and 105 cities. It is a national rather than a city matter. The city's obstruction adds to the cost of every meal eaten by every family in the city by making terminal costs unnecessarily large. The Mayor's plan benefits one railroad, whereas the Port Authority's plan benefits a dozen or so. That sort of home rule is against common sense. The Governor states that the city received $17,600,000 through the State's reduction of direct taxation by $28,500,000. This is not reflected in the city budget, whose unprecedented total this year may be even swollen next year. The budget really presents the alternative of breaking the Mayor's sort of home rule or letting it break the backs and hearts of the taxpayers.

MR. BOTTOMLEY IN COURT.

Seldom has a more bouncing, robustious and amusing character than HORATIO W. BOTTOMLEY, M. P., appeared in the Old Bailey. He is there in double guise, as defendant on a charge of fraudulent conversion of funds of the Victory Bond Club, which he founded in the war, and also as counsel for that defendant. He loves litigation almost as much as JOHN WILKES loved liberty or mischief. He has been his own counsel in some famous cases. He says in "Who's Who" that he "is generally regarded as the best 'lay lawyer' in the country." Usually he has a large squad of clerks convey an "immense tin case" of papers into the courtroom. Perhaps more frequently than any other man in England he gets what RUFUS CHOATE called "a rough lick of a Judge's tongue." For months lawyers and Magistrates and Judges have been licking him roughly.

Sometimes, man of the people though he is or was, raiser, when editor of the weekly John Bull, of those affecting cries, "Hang the Kaiser!" and "Make the Hun Pay!" and discoverer of the Irish Navy and its two dreadnoughts, pictured in a Third Avenue saloon; discoverer, too, of the American design to conquer Canada—once at least, a jury of his countrymen failed to "vindicate" him. Last February the author of a pamphlet accusing him of crooked practices in connection with the "war-stock combination" prize scheme was acquitted of the charge of blackmail. Some two weeks ago there was a hearing in Bow Street Police Court on five charges preferred against Mr. BOTTOMLEY of fraudulently converting to his own use money and bonds amounting to somewhat over $1,000,000. He made a long and curious statement. The merits or weaknesses of his defense will appear in the trial begun yesterday. He seems to admit carelessness, or even negligence, but he defies anybody to find any evidence of fraudulent intent in his dealings with the Victory Bond and other clubs.

Most of the members of those clubs were ex-service men or their dependents. Mr. BOTTOMLEY, who undoubtedly did much effective work in stimulating the raising of men and money in the war, referred to his labors in a passage of "emotional eloquence" addressed to the people of England. He spoke of his "large following amongst the people." He was a public man who

> during the tragedy of Armageddon—and I speak from the depth of my soul—became conscious of a new awakening, and, putting all the sordid things of the past aside, consecrated his whole being to the service of his country and of the men who fought and fell in its cause. Week in and week out, by tongue and pen, I did my best to inspire our fighting heroes and to inspirit their dependents. And you are asked to believe that all the time I was scheming to rob them of their savings. I, who, at my own cost, traveling the country night and day, was the King's chief recruiting agent.

In short, a converted man had been accused of fraudulent conversion.

> I, who stood by the boys in the trenches, who sat at their sides in the dressing stations, doing my best to comfort them, who held their hands in the great base hospitals as they passed into eternity—scheming all the time to rob them and their families of their gold! Was there ever born of woman a creature made of such base stuff as to be capable of such a crime? If it be so, and I am he, then, when my turn comes to cross the barrier, may all the tortures of the damned be visited upon my soul. But the dear boys, whether they be sleeping or still with us, know that I have not betrayed them—and you shall scour the country from East to West, from North to South, and you will never empanel a jury which will say that HORATIO BOTTOMLEY could be guilty of so cruel a crime against both God and man.

If the best lay lawyer could rise to these heights in Bow Street Police Court, of what transcendent pleas will he not be capable in the Central Criminal Court? In the United States we have nobody to match him.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

An Election Held and Enjoyed.

Long Beach, having just become a city, did not wait till Fall to elect a Mayor, but "did it now," and though it has accumulated, as yet, only about 900 voters, the municipal campaign which closed this week had lasted for many days and was conducted with as much vehemence as though the result had not been a certainty from the beginning.

For Long Beach among its occasional residents has WILLIAM H. REYNOLDS—or, as some put it, WILLIAM H. REYNOLDS has Long Beach. However that may be, the sometime State Senator, having decided to be Mayor, remembered enough of politics learned in larger contests to take care that there should be the semblance of a hard struggle to awaken popular interest and give importance to the result. It may have been a part of this diplomacy that there was sent down from Albany as a Special Deputy Attorney General one SAMUEL A. BERMAN, entrusted with the solemn duty of seeing to it that all the proprieties were observed in conducting the election. What impropriety was feared is not revealed, or whether on the part of the sometime Senator's followers, who called themselves the People's Party, or of those who had formed an Independent Citizens' Party and put up as Mayoralty candidate Mr. CHARLES GOLD.

Anyhow, Mr. BERMAN had nothing to do, except to wonder at the seriousness with which the members of both these parties took the casting of their ballots, and the apparent sincerity with which they waited till early next morning for the closing of the polls and the counting of the ballots in order to learn who had won the day.

But Mr. BERMAN did more than wonder—he proclaimed that the behavior of the voters "augured well for the future of Long Beach." "Augured well" is a phrase of long-proved excellence, and while not quite everybody in Long Beach may know its derivation, they all know what it means and are content to have it said on such high authority.

The vote—527 for REYNOLDS and 154 for GOLD—also augurs well for the real estate business on that part of the Long Island coast, a fact which need be no cause for sorrow and probably isn't.

A Monarch Best Let Alone.

As if its troubles with American history and the loyalty of teachers were not enough for keeping busy the minds of members of the Board of Education and of their executive officers, there has been cast upon them the colossal task of deciding, not exactly whether HENRY VIII. did or did not start the Church of England—that would have been really too much—but of answering the charge that what they do teach on that subject is not sound and correct.

Realizing, evidently, the dangers of the situation thus created, Superintendent ETTINGER has sought safety in declaring that "as a rule" teachers "do not tell their children what HENRY VIII. was." Arguments could be found for making that a rule without exceptions, as, even for adults, there is little of edification in any of the more nearly correct characterizations of that monarch, and children well may be spared the details of his variegated career. His method of getting off with an old love before, or soon after, the taking on of a new one is not a fit topic for infantile consideration, its efficacy being so much more likely to impress the child mind than its moral and exemplary qualities.

As for the great HARRY's theological views and achievements, as they have been excuses for bitter and wholly inconclusive controversy ever since his distant day, obviously no attempt to judge them should be made in textbooks for other than post-graduate courses. A writ of praemunire, or something like it, might be issued against any teacher who raised in the classroom the still lively ghosts of what the much-married King did to one Church and for another, or to the two of them, each claiming to be the only one there was or could be.

Discussion of Gifts Is Impolite.

There was so much of ill-tempered and discourteous talk in Congress before Mr. MONDELL's offer of a London house for use as the American Embassy was accepted that the prospect of a lot more talk in the same place and of the same kind over the repairing and furnishing of that house is to be deplored.

Whether or not the Government should have taken the gift is a question now decidedly belated. It was taken, and though taken in a way to cause the greatest possible amount of dissatisfaction on both sides, there is nothing to do now except to put the house in order for its new purposes.

That this will cost more than the majority of Congressmen think—or say—should be spent on the housing of democracy's representative abroad is true, so unpleasant things surely are going to be said again. The house probably couldn't be given back to its donor, so the wise course for Congress to follow would be to make proper provision in the foreign capitals for the men whom it sends to do its business in them. Then none will be given again. The performance of this simple and natural duty has been too long delayed.

They Can't Really Be Certain.

Men of science who have been studying VESUVIUS since its present period of activity began are assuring the anxious people living in the vicinity of the volcano that the eruption is not going to do them any great harm. What basis they have for this assurance it is hard to imagine, for the habits of volcanoes are erratic—so erratic that they cannot be said to have any real habits, and the mere fact that they never have done a given thing in the way of devastation is almost a reason for expecting that some day they will do precisely the unexpected.

Perhaps the confidence of the Italian savants rests on the violence of the present eruption. This shows at least that the chimneys from the underworld are open and in working order, and not so stopped up as to make relief of strain possible only by an enormous explosion, such as occurred in Martinique. Of all volcanoes, one that is called "extinct" is about the most dangerous; at any rate, it is capable of doing most harm if it does wake up.

WHOSE OLIVE OIL IS PURE?

The Reflections of an American at the Peanut Dock in Nice.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The clipping from THE NEW YORK TIMES that goes with this letter amuses me. Apparently it has just dawned upon the New York Board of Health that there is such a thing as adulteration of olive oil. The truth is, I am quite sure, that very little pure olive oil has been sold in the American market in the last twenty-five years.

When I was living in Carrara, Italy, forty years ago, Italian oil manufacturers were importing from America a great deal of cotton-seed oil. They mixed this oil with olive oil and sent the mixture to America and other countries in containers marked "guaranteed pure olive oil" or words to that effect.

When in Marseilles about 1906 the Consul General told me pure olive oil was pretty nearly an unknown quantity; and I myself saw a German liner unloading peanuts from Madagascar, thousands of bags, brought to Marseilles to be turned into pure olive oil.

To come down to the present day, a big steamer loaded with African peanuts, or perhaps Madagascar peanuts, has been unloading at the Nice docks for four days and the peanuts have all gone to a big oil factory owned by a Nice firm.

While watching the unloading I saw hundreds of packages of alleged olive oil piled up within a hundred yards of the peanut ship bound for London, Constantinople, Christiania, New York and other points. All the packages were stenciled to the effect they contained pure olive oil. Some of the New York packages were marked "Pure Virgin Olive Oil."

My impression as I looked at the markings on the packages was that there wasn't much, if any, pure olive oil in the lot.

We buy our oil from the house which imported the peanuts just arrived in Nice. It seems to be good oil; it's rated the best in Nice; but we don't know that it is pure olive oil, and are inclined to think it's a mixture.

Apparently, Mr. Copeland thinks olive oil is adulterated in America. If he is right about that, the American process is Adulteration No. 2 in practically every instance—at least that is my belief.

It occurred to me you probably would be interested in my view of the oil question.

AMERICAN.

Nice, France, March 8, 1922.

Hospitals Defended.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of today I note with interest a letter entitled "A Hospital Experience" and under it the name "Disgusted."

The author complains in much detail of treatment as a private patient in "one of New York's alleged best hospitals," and on the strength of this proposes never again to contribute to the United Hospital Fund, with the implication that the fifty-eight leading hospitals of the city which belong to it are in the same boat and unworthy of support.

Of course, there are differences between hospitals and differences between the employes of even the best regulated hospitals; but it is unfair to judge a whole institution from a particular case or a whole group of institutions from the poor management of one of them.

The main thing is that there is room for improvement. There are conditions which should be corrected, and it is only by having attention called to them and by vigilance in following them up that improvement can be secured. It is the duty of those who feel they are not receiving the proper attention to make complaint at the time to the proper responsible authorities. There is no reason to believe that hospital Superintendents or Trustees would ignore such complaints if properly and promptly brought to their attention.

It is obvious also that a patient may be in a hypersensitive condition, both physically and mentally, and unable to enjoy even wholesome food or appreciate fully all that is being done for his welfare and comfort.

Last year the United Hospitals cared for 195,281 bed patients for an average of sixteen days each. Of these 36,560 were private patients and 158,721 were ward patients. The vast majority of this great host would no doubt bear testimony to the care, tenderness and skill which have relieved them of suffering and restored them to health within the quiet walls of the hospitals. Considering the difficulties with which the hospitals have to struggle in securing nurses and high-grade helpers with the means at their command, the wonder is that they can render this enormous public service as well as they do. They can do still better work if they receive more generous public support on the one hand, and if all who have grievances like "Disgusted" will lay them frankly before the responsible hospital officials.

None of the United Hospitals were graded last year by the State Board of Charities below Class 2 as to management, a very creditable record which has been maintained for several years.

Allow me in closing to express appreciation of the generous space and the intelligent handling given by THE NEW YORK TIMES to the hospitals and the health problems of our city.

FREDERICK D. GREENE,
General Secretary United Hospital Fund.
New York, May 18, 1922.

The Equal Rights Amendment.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the "Equal Rights" editorial in THE TIMES of May 17, it was stated that the National Woman's Party has had an amendment to the Constitution introduced into Congress. This is so obvious a misstatement that it would seem to call for correction.

The National Woman's Party has not had an equal rights amendment to the Constitution introduced into Congress.

For more than a year the Woman's Party has been in consultation with the most eminent lawyers in the United States, with the object of eventually drafting a satisfactory Federal amendment which would cut off at one stroke the disabilities and inequalities that have accumulated in legal history, which do not have any relation to social welfare or safety or morals, but in the society of today are arbitrary and do not have any valid reason for existence; also to save the possibility of differentiation based on the facts of nature and industry made in the exercise of the police power.

No final draft of such an amendment has yet been made.

The draft of the amendment quoted by you in your editorial was a tentative draft made in 1921, and the "twenty questions" with regard to this draft are therefore irrelevant and are being used to confuse the issue.

We are, however, endeavoring to secure the removal of discriminations in the law against women in the individual States by a blanket bill, which is the most direct State method.

The Woman's Party (State) blanket bill, modified to meet local conditions, was passed by the Wisconsin Legislature in June, 1921, and was introduced in the New York, New Jersey, Maryland and Virginia Legislatures during the last session.

The bill as introduced in the New York Legislature contains a clause, "This section shall not affect laws regulating the employment of women in industry, trade or commerce, nor existing laws giving special protection to women, or extending privileges which women now enjoy for the general welfare."

It is the desire of the National Woman's Party not to touch protective labor legislation or welfare laws in its bill, and after consultation with competent authorities there is every reason to believe that the New York bill will accomplish the removal of discriminations without imperiling welfare legislation.

JANE NORMAN SMITH,
(Mrs. Clarence M. Smith),
Legislative Chairman for New York, National Woman's Party.
New York, May 15, 1922.

IRISH-U. S. HISTORY.

Points Out Some "Facts Which Were Overlooked."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the controversy between John McFarlane Howie and "Historicus" recently in this column a number of historical facts regarding the records of Irishmen in the Revolutionary and Civil Wars were overlooked, it seems to me.

America's greatest historian, George Bancroft, in his History of the United States, Volume V., page 295 (author's last revision, published in 1878), makes this statement:

"The British gained numerous recruits from immigrants. Cultured men of the Roman Church gave hearty support to the cause of independence; but the great mass of its members, who were then but about one in seventy-five of the population of the United States and were chiefly newcomers in the Middle States, followed the influence of the Jesuits, in whose hands the direction of the Catholics in the United States still remained, and who cherished hatred of France for her share in the overthrow of their order. In Philadelphia, Howe had been able to form a regiment of Roman Catholics. With still better success Clinton courted the Irish as Irishmen. They had fled from rack-renting landlords to a country that offered them freeholds. By flattering their nationality and their sense of importance attached to their numbers, Clinton allured them, alike Catholics and Protestants, to a combination directly adverse to their own interests, and raised for Lord Rawdon a large regiment in which officers and men, including nearly five hundred deserters from the American Army, were exclusively Irish."

In the year 1847 Harpers published a work on The Life of Jeremy Belknap, D.D., embodying, among other matters, portions of the diary kept by Dr. Belknap. His entry in the diary for Oct. 21, 1775, contained this statement:

"All joined in execrating the Irish. Many of the riflemen are of this nation, who are continually deserting to the enemy."

The entry from which this is taken relates to a dinner which Dr. Belknap attended and at which a number of military men and civilians were deliberating on the outlook and plans to increase the efficiency of the army. In the course of deliberations the conversation turned to the question as to what nationalities among the Colonists made the best soldiers. On that point the entry was made.

The foregoing citations also furnish an appropriate background for the foregoing statistics regarding the Civil War. The Boston Globe of Sept. 27, 1891, in relating current festivities of Civil War veterans, gave this statement on page 16, column 2:

"WHO DID THE FIGHTING?

"The following table answers the question: Enlistments 1861-65, native Americans, 1,523,000, 75.48 per cent.; Germans, 177,800, 8.76 per cent.; Irish, 144,200, 7.14 per cent.; British-Americans, 53,500, 2.60 per cent.; English, 45,500, 2.26 per cent.; other foreigners, 74,800, 3.76 per cent.; total, 2,018,800. Desertions, Irish, 72 per cent.; Germans, 16 per cent.; Americans, 5 per cent.; all others, 7 per cent."

It thus appears that desertions among the Irish were approximately 1,000 per cent. greater in proportion to the total desertions than were their enlistments in proportion to the total enlistments.

PAUL NATIONS.
Washington, D. C., May 1, 1922.

City Railway Management.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

According to all we read in the daily papers, including your esteemed paper, the Hylan Administration is anxious to run the city railways. This being so, is it not well for the public to be informed as to the Hylan Administration's qualifications for running such enterprises and should not the Hylan Administration tell us what are the receipts and expenditures of some of the public utilities they are now operating?

During the past two weeks I have for the first time had occasion to use the Ninety-second Street ferry to Astoria, and what follows is what I saw. As you approach the ferry from either the Astoria side or the New York side you see two ferry entrances, but there is only one ferryboat plying across the river which makes all the trips, so to start with, this ferry is using valuable space for two ferry slips when one would be sufficient. The other space could be rented and be a source of income to the city. The sign above the ferry entrance on both sides is about 10 feet high by 100 feet long, painted white with black letters 2 to 3 feet high, stating that it is the Ninety-second Street ferry, operated by the Department of Docks and Construction of the City of New York. Inasmuch as the sign cannot be seen on the New York side until you get to the foot of Ninety-first Street or Ninety-second Street one wonders why the city paid for so large a sign which only has to be read at a distance across the street, when a 2 by 4 foot sign would answer that purpose. If you are traveling by foot you buy your ticket of one man in the ferry house. If you are traveling by a vehicle you have to go outside of the ferry house on the south side of the ferry entrance and buy your ticket of another man. Just why the same ticket seller cannot sell both kinds of tickets is not clear, for there seemed to be no great rush on the four occasions I crossed the ferry. There were not over four vehicles each time and the ferryboat was far from having all seats occupied by foot passengers. If you are traveling by a vehicle you are given a pink cardboard ticket about 3x4 inches square, each ticket perforated, so that as you drive into the ferry slip one man takes off one end of the ticket and about 50 or 75 feet further on as you drive on to the ferryboat another man takes the other part of the ticket. In other words, to one who employs 250 people in a manufacturing enterprise it looks like four men doing two men's work. The extravagance of employing labor seems to be equal to the extravagance in making and painting unnecessarily large signs, and the ferry ticket is about four times as large as it need to be. At the ferry at the New York side there is a terminal for the so-called Hylan buses, which go east and west through Eighty-sixth and Ninety-sixth Streets.

On four occasions that I crossed this ferry I saw from four to eight buses standing idle at the ferry waiting to get the word to go west. While waiting I had time to watch these buses. They never arrived or returned with more than two passengers, many times none, and it was difficult to understand why there should be so many buses always waiting when one bus for each road would be sufficient. It is said that straws show which way the wind is blowing. Perhaps if a thorough investigation was made of some of the public services now being conducted by the Hylan Administration we might find out how desirable it would be to put more of the public utilities in their hands.

The foregoing observations are based on things which lie on the surface, and are easily recognized by any one who passes by. The question arises: What would we find if we should look under the surface of the city's management of these public utilities?

G. H. GUDEBROD.
New York, May 15, 1922.

Credit to 27th Division.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

From SUNDAY'S TIMES: "Veterans expect the biggest day in the history of the Twenty-seventh since it smashed the Hindenburg line."

The press agent for the Twenty-seventh should be notified that this line should read: "Since the Twenty-seventh helped to smash, &c." With all credit to the Twenty-seventh from a former Seventy-seventh.

F. K. VERELAND.
New York, May 14, 1922.

AMERICAN LOCOMOTIVES.

States That They Are Successful in Rumania.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have seen in your issue of March 26, under an item entitled "Central Europe's Outlook," dated Berlin, March 25, and coming from your special correspondent, the following statement:

"The Berlin Lokalanzeiger asserts that American locomotives delivered in that market have proved virtually unusable, being too heavy for Rumanian roadways."

I do trust that in the future, where any remarks are being made relative to American locomotives in this part of the country, before printing them you will refer the matter to this office, which will be glad to give you the correct facts. This statement made in your paper, which is accepted by all of us Americans out here as being authentic and on which we all count, does much to hurt American business, particularly us, the Baldwin Locomotive Works. It is useless for us to tell you of our standing and quite as unnecessary to inform you that on account of our reputation we would not furnish locomotives to Rumania which would be useless.

It appears that our competitors have endeavored by such statements as these to discount our locomotives and the work done by them. I can only give you the report recently made by Engineer Murelli regarding our locomotives, which can be accepted, since this engineer is one of the most capable, conscientious, hard-working and trustworthy engineers employed by the Rumanian Government. In answer to a questionnaire sent out from the Direction General, he replied as follows:

Q.—How are the American locomotives running?

A.—Very well.

Q.—How do they become spoiled?

A.—You have put the good locomotive drivers only on passenger locomotives and not on freight engines, for which these locomotives were actually built. You send out on these engines people who are not even decent firemen but who call themselves mechanics.

Q.—Are the American locomotives any good?

A.—Why do you criticise American engines? Whenever a German engine cannot pull a train they put an American engine on it to bring it in, and it brings it in. These engines were purchased for freight purposes, not for passenger service for which they have been used and for which they have done the work, &c.

The engines furnished by the Baldwin Locomotive Works have been constantly in service since arriving in Rumania. For an entire year they took care of every pound of freight coming over the Carpathians, opening up the lines which until that time had been blocked by a freight congestion impossible to move with the lighter engines employed. There is continual talk of taking these engines off the route in order to repair the track, which has not had new ties for over fourteen years. These engines have been driven down the mountains at a speed of over fifty miles an hour, although built for fast freight with a maximum speed of forty miles an hour. The ties naturally have had a difficult time withstanding this strain. We have found sand in the journals, no oil in the boxes, fuel oil being used in the cylinders, and we do not believe that this was done with the knowledge of the Rumanian officials.

In spite of this, the Baldwin engines are all running and will continue to run and haul Rumanian freight and do their part in re-establishing communications and prosperity in Rumania.

E. ST. J. GREBLE JR.,
Manager Office for Southeastern Europe, the Baldwin Locomotive Works.
Bucharest, May 2, 1922.

On the Adriatic.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I would like to congratulate you on your editorial "On the Adriatic" in today's issue. It would be difficult to give a fairer statement of this problem. All that is now required for the settlement, in its main lines at least, is the loyal application of the treaty of Rapallo. The Italian Government has pledged itself to see this carried out. The Belgrade Government, therefore, awaits with patience till this is done. It is not blind to the domestic difficulties with which the Facta Cabinet has to contend and has done nothing to increase the difficulties of its task.

It at the same time expects reciprocal treatment at the hands of the Italian Government, and any attempt to aid the troublemakers in Montenegro would undoubtedly be resented. I imagine, however, that Italian statesmen thoroughly realize that Montenegro never was and never can be self-supporting. Before the war the population was aided by gifts of food by the Czar of Russia. Now it can only exist incorporated in a larger State, which will assure the prosperity of the country. Only their worst enemies would condemn this br

MISS SACKETT WEDS ALFRED P. HODGMAN

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Sackett Married in Old First Presbyterian Church.

CATHERINE COSS A BRIDE

Vassar Graduate Wed to Hans Huber at Her Parents' Home—Feeny-McBain Nuptial.

The wedding of Alfred Purdy Hodgman, a son of Mr. and Mrs. George Barker Hodgman, and Miss Beatrice Sackett, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Sackett, took place yesterday afternoon in the Old First Presbyterian Church, on lower Fifth Avenue, the Rev. Dr. Harry Emerson Fosdick officiating.

The bride, in silver brocaded satin, with a brain of silver brocade bordered with pearls, and a tulle veil held with a pearl headdress, was attended by her sister, Miss Eleanor Sackett, as maid of honor, in blue over orchid, and the bridesmaids, in orchid over blue, were the Misses Dorothy Hodgman, Katherine Hurd and Hulda Fox. Mrs. George B. Hodgman Jr. was also an attendant.

Alexander C. Neave was best man, and the ushers were R. McAllister Lloyd Jr., B. Theodore Hodgman Jr., George B. Hodgman Jr., F. Thayer Hobson, Guy Richards and Barclay Robinson. The wedding reception was held at the Sackett residence, 247 Fifth Avenue. On their return from their honeymoon Mr. and Mrs. Hodgman will spend the Summer in Brenxville.

Huber—Coss.

Miss Catheline Coss, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wright Dillingham Coss of 46 West Seventy-third Street, and Hans Huber, a son of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Huber of 362 Riverside Drive, were married yesterday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents. The bride is a graduate of Vassar, class of '19. Mr. Huber is a graduate of Cornell and served in the navy during the war. After a short honeymoon they will make their home in this city.

Feeny—McBain.

The marriage is announced of Miss Alison Frances McBain and John Lewis Feeny of 156 East Seventy-ninth Street, which took place last Tuesday afternoon at St. Thomas's Church at 4 o'clock.

The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Ryle McBain of Sharbrooke, Canada. Mr. Feeny was graduated from Williams College and is a member of Squadron A and Williams and Cherry Valley Clubs. He served overseas during the war as a Major of field artillery with the Wildcat Division.

H. W. FARNAM JR. WED TO MLLE. SIVERCRUYS

Ambassador Fletcher at Marriage of Yale Professor's Son to Judge's Daughter in Brussels.

BRUSSELS, May 18 (Associated Press).—Mlle. Suzanne Sivercruys, daughter of Judge Sivercruys of the Belgian Court of Cassation, was married today to Henry Walcott Farnam Jr., son of Professor Henry Walcott Farnam of Yale University. The bridegroom's witnesses were Ambassador Henry P. Fletcher and President Emeritus Arthur Twining Hadley of Yale, while the witnesses for the bride were Paul Van Isegheem, President of the Court of Cassation, and former Premier Carton de Wiart.

King Albert sent his congratulations to the newly married couple, who will return to New Haven at the beginning of July. The bride has been decorated with the Order of Leopold for lectures she delivered in the United States in 1917-18 in aid of Belgium's cause.

H. Schulengel to Marry Today.

H. Schuengel, assistant general manager of the North German Lloyd, who arrived here recently to take charge of the office here while Charles von Meinecke is away on a vacation, is to be married today at noon at the Waldorf-Astoria to Miss Friedal Oberheidtmann. The ceremony is to be followed by a reception on board the steamship Seydlitz, now lying at the North German Lloyd piers in Hoboken.

Wedding Notes.

Miss Ellen Catherine Hovey, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Otis Ellis Hovey of 431 Riverside Drive, and Philip Oudry-Davis, a son of Mrs. Eugenie Oudry-Davis of Pittsburgh, will be married tomorrow at 4 o'clock at the Union Theological Seminary. A small reception will follow at the home of the bride's parents.

Miss Mabelle Teller, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William R. Teller of Shoreham Manor, Bayside, L. I., will be married to William H. Smith of Montreal tomorrow at the home of her parents.

The wedding of Miss Irene Lillis and Edward Lucas Ruhl, both of Davenport, Ia., will take place in that city tomorrow in the Sacred Heart Cathedral. The bride is a niece of Hugh A. O'Donnell of this city.

STREET FAIR IN THE RAIN.

Volunteer Workers Active in Spite of Disagreeable Weather.

An astonishingly large number of the 1,000 volunteer workers at the Park Avenue Street Fair for the benefit of the Association for the Aid of Crippled Children disregarded the weather yesterday, and business went on even in the rain. The tombola booth had a pretty steady run of customers, who bought shares and received prizes.

One lane little boy rode happily around on the merry-go-round in spite of the rain; the girls in Italian dress were out with uncovered heads and tambourines begging for "just a few coppers," which men with umbrellas stopped to give. At the sketching booth the sign "Charles Dana Gibson New Sketching" was streaked with raindrops, but inside the booth Mr. Gibson was busily at work with a young girl sitting for her portrait. The fair will be continued this afternoon and evening if it does not rain.

Girls' Athletic League Fete May 23.

The fourteenth annual park fete of the Girls' Branch of the Public Schools Athletic League will be held on the sheep meadow in Central Park on Tuesday afternoon, May 23. Maypoles for the school children will be a feature of the afternoon, and the Fire Department Band is to play.

Among the members of the fête committee are Mrs. Lewis G. Morris, Miss Martha L. Draper, Mrs. Gustavus T. Kirby, Mrs. Martin Vogel, Mrs. Howard G. Cushing, Mrs. William A. Delano, Mrs. Egerton L. Winthrop, Mrs. Edwin Gould, Miss Juliana Cutting and Mrs. Henry F. Russell.

Hotel Men Dine at Ambassador.

A dinner for hotel men was held last night at the Ambassador, I. Hugsdunan of the Hotel Association of New York acting as host. There were a hundred active hotel men attending, and many flowers and three fountains were used in the table decorations.

Among those present were Albert Keller, R. M. Hazen, S. M. Stadler, L. M. Boomer, Theodore Kroeff, George Rainey, George Tierney and L. E. Greenglass.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Miss Grace Hendrick and Miss Isabel McMillin are giving a small fancy dress party this evening at Miss Hendrick's home, 150 East Fortieth Street.

Dr. and Mrs. John B. Calvert of 165 West Fifty-eighth Street have gone to their country place at Irvington-on-Hudson for the Summer.

Mrs. Robert H. Gamble had Mrs. Morton L. Schwartz, Mrs. Joel E. Fisher Jr., Mrs. James Lenox Banks Jr. and Miss Mary Van R. Lorillard among her guests at luncheon yesterday at Sherry's, where Mrs. Sherwood Aldrich also entertained at luncheon, her guests including Mrs. Langdon Harris and Mrs. Benjamin Wood.

Mr. and Mrs. Paris R. Russell of 45 East Sixty-second Street, who have been at the Ambassador, have opened their country place at Mill Neck, L. I.

Mr. and Mrs. George B. de Forest have taken an apartment at Hill Top Inn, Newport, for the coming Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. George Leland Hunter of 122 East Eighty-second Street sailed yesterday on the Colombo. Mr. Hunter will devote the Summer to the study of tapestries in Switzerland, southern France and Spain.

Mrs. George F. R. Merrill has come from Washington, D. C., and is staying at the Belmont.

Benjamin Reath Riggs has been promoted as Second Secretary to the American Embassy at Madrid. Mr. Riggs is the nephew of Mr. and Mrs. George Riggs of 148 West Fifty-eighth Street, and has served as Third Secretary in Rome under the last three American Ambassadors to Italy.

Mrs. Henry Anderson Gosman gave the first of a series of luncheons yesterday at her home, 686 Fifth Avenue. Among her guests were Mrs. R. T. Wilson, Mrs. Benjamin B. Tilt, Mrs. Schuyler Orvis, Mrs. Robert Ogden Bacon, Mrs. Imre de Jenika Mercsey, Mrs. William L. Bull Jr., Mrs. Homer W. Orvis, Mrs. Eldridge M. Roberts and Mrs. Emily Novelly. Bridge followed the luncheon.

Mr. and Mrs. Don Stuart Momand are being congratulated upon the birth of a daughter at the home of Mrs. Momand's mother, Mrs. William Lowe Rice. Mrs. Momand was formerly Miss Virginia Ten Eyck Rice.

The Misses Marie and Hope Harjes, the daughters of Colonel and Mrs. H. H. Harjes of Paris, have left their apartment at the St. Regis and have gone to Washington, D. C., to visit friends for two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Sampson Stevens entertained at dinner at Pierre's last evening for Mrs. Gifford A. Cochran, Miss Jane Reade and Alfonso de Navarro. Mr. and Mrs. R. Roscoe Mathews also entertained at dinner there for the Princess Miguel de Braganza and her brother, William Rhinelander Stewart Jr.

Mrs. Ellis Jackson has come from Philadelphia for a few days and is at the Lorraine.

Miss Elinor Comstock of 41 East Eightieth Street entertained at dinner Wednesday evening for twenty guests in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Ignace Paderewski and Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Schelling.

Mr. and Mrs. William W. Battle and their daughter, Miss A. Dorothy Battle, have left town for their Summer home at Seabright, N. J.

Mrs. Gurnee Munn and Mrs. Allen Gouverneur Wellman were among Mrs. Amory S. Carhart's guests at luncheon yesterday at the Avignon.

Mrs. Robert H. I. Goddard of Providence and Mr. and Mrs. John Dryden Kuser of Princeton are at the Ritz-Carlton for a visit.

INSPECT THE MAJESTIC.

Newspaper Men Are Luncheon Guests on the Liner.

About 500 newspaper men, foreign correspondents and editors were the guests of the White Star Line yesterday at a luncheon and inspected the new steamship Majestic, the largest liner in the world. The Majestic is now at Pier 60, North River.

Winfield S. Thompson, publicity director for the company, was toastmaster, and the speakers representing the company were P. A. S. Franklin, President of the International Mercantile Marine Company, and Commodore Sir Bertram Hayes, commander of the vessel.

Mr. Franklin, after welcoming the guests, congratulated the Captain and the staff of the Majestic on the success of her first trip. He thanked the newspaper men for their contribution to that success. The Majestic will be a five or six day liner, in the opinion of Mr. Franklin. He pointed out that a person could sail on her on a Monday, reach the other side by the week-end and have an opportunity to see something of the other side and get home in about a fortnight.

Commodore Hayes paid a tribute to the men under his command. He thought that in the general welcome to the Majestic the great credit due to the engineering force had been overlooked. They had performed, he said, a great feat in taking out a vessel that had been built in Germany and with whose engines they had had no great opportunity for study.

Other speakers were Frederick R. Martin, manager of The Associated Press, and John W. Harding, representative of The London Daily Chronicle. Mr. Martin spoke of the interest in marine news, and said the newspapers followed the movement of the big liners. There was applause when he said that he hoped the news of the Majestic would always be good news. Mr. Harding spoke in behalf of the foreign correspondents.

OCEAN TRAVELERS.

Among those sailing tomorrow on the Holland-America liner Ryndam are: Mr. and Mrs. M. Rosenow and H. Bartolomay of Chicago; Bernhardt Kuhn and Miss Marietta Eberle of Boston; Dr. Murk Jansen of Philadelphia; Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Zimmern, Mr. and Mrs. H. Cleyndert and J. Hoekveen of San Francisco; Mr. and Mrs. Luis C. Doval, Mr. and Mrs. A. Crucellas and Miss C. Fernandez of Havana; Mr. and Mrs. R. Hofheimer, Miss Helen Hofheimer, Mrs. M. L. de Leeuw, Miss J. E. de Leeuw and Miss A. van Wensen of St. Louis, and Mrs. Benjamin Franklin of Baltimore.

Among the passengers sailing on the Munargo of the Munson Steamship Line today for Nassau in the Bahama Islands, are: John B. Sheridan, Mrs. Rebecca Gray, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Marshall, Miss Evelyn Marshall, Miss Edith L. Knowles, R. S. Long, E. Wubbe, H. W. Snyder, Mrs. A. V. Johnson, William F. Bates and the Rev. F. R. Dennis.

FRIENDS HONOR D. M. BRADY.

"Fifty Years of Business Success" the Slogan at Dinner.

"Fifty years of business success" was the slogan of a testimonial dinner given for Daniel M. Brady, railway and traction owner, by 200 of his friends at the Hotel Commodore last night. James M. Hustis, President of the Boston & Maine Railroad Company, told of Mr. Brady's advice to him when he began his railway work forty-four years ago with the New York Central.

"Now, Jimmy, boy, if you want to succeed you must be accommodating," Mr. Brady said.

Other speakers at the dinner included W. G. Besler, President of the Central Railroad Company of New Jersey, and Frank Hedley, President, and H. H. Vreeland, Vice President of the Interborough Corporation.

Recalling his entry in the railway business in 1877, Mr. Brady said that of the 500 men identified at that time with the New York Central only three were now living—Chauncey M. Depew, J. L. Bossert, Jr., Paymaster, and himself.

Frank Hedley, on behalf of the hosts presented a equestrian figure in bronze to Mr. Brady.

SUGGEST THE USES FOR WILSON FUND

Saving of Childhood Should Be Rewarded, Says Harriet May Mills.

FAVORS WIDER DEMOCRACY

Brown University Head Would Encourage a Better Industrial Spirit—Contributions Gain.

A questionnaire circulated by the national committee of the Woodrow Wilson Foundation among prominent men and women all over the country elicited many suggestions for the use of the $1,000,000 fund being raised as awards for public service. The replies will be turned over to the first jury of awards to assist them in selecting the first winner of a Woodrow Wilson award.

Harriet May Mills recommended that "the saving and preservation of childhood" should be among the accomplishments considered under the head of "meritorious service to public welfare."

President W. H. P. Faunce of Brown University said that "public service rendered through the introduction of the democratic spirit into industrial enterprises" should be considered.

The following contributions were received yesterday:

Bryant, Robert B.
Baggott, V. B.
Dean, D. W.
Donnelly, Henry.
Edson, Walter.
Foley, Peter C.
Grindell, Marjorie K.
Gordon, Margaret.
Haydock, Flora.
Johnston, Mr. and Mrs. J. E.
Klingenstein, C.
Kettle, Arthur W.
Kenawins, Mrs.
Leventritt, Lee L.
Lewis, Etta M.
Lawson, George R.
Lovejoy, F. T.
Mulqueen, M. J.
Mott, Frank H.
Manning, Fred.
Pratt, Henry R.
Pedro, E. B.
Quigley, James P.
Riggs, George C.
Ross, C. C.
Rich, W. Pitt.
Rose, George A.
Strawson, A. J.
Smith, Mrs. M. P.
Sanbury, J. W.
Sibley, Herbert D.
Snead, Charles H.
Trowbridge, D.
Wallace, T. R.
Valentine, Rose M.
White, Frances M.
Wright, Benj. W. N.
Walsh, John.

Contributions are received at 150 Nassau Street, Manhattan, and the Peoples Trust Company, 161 Montague Street, Brooklyn.

DELEGATES REACH CAPITAL.

New York Women Will Help Dedicate the "Watch Tower."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—The vanguard of the New York State delegation of women coming to take part in the dedication of the "Watch Tower," the new national headquarters of the National Woman's Party on Capitol Hill, facing the Capitol Building, arrived today under the leadership of Mrs. John Winters Brannan, Honorary Chairman of the New York branch of the party.

Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont and Mrs. H. O. Havemeyer, both of whom will speak at the ceremonies Sunday, will arrive Saturday, with Mrs. Marcus M. Marks, Mrs. John Rogers, Mrs. Adelaide Johnson, Mrs. Lydig Hoyt, Mrs. Inez Haynes Irwin and Mrs. Robert Anderson. The New York delegation will be numerically rivaled only by Pennsylvania and Maryland.

"The establishment of beautiful headquarters," said Mrs. Brannan tonight, "from which women will carry on their difficult struggle for freedom is new evidence that women will bring into public affairs a certain amount of the beauty and dignity that we have associated only with homes. Obviously, from the greetings that have come to us from many lands, the women of all the world look upon this occasion as a great step forward for all women. It is for women that we work, and the gain of one is the gain of all.

"In New York State, though we still labor under many serious discriminations in the property laws, control of our earnings and in the matter of jury service, it is true we come much nearer to equality than the rest of the country. Nevertheless, just as in the old suffrage days we continued the fight for other women after we had won the vote, so the women of New York propose to work in the national campaign until all American women stand equal with men before the laws of this country."

Among the greetings from foreign countries reaching the party today was a cable from Governor General Wood of the Philippines, reading:

"Greetings and best wishes to the National Woman's Party."

FILES GUY STILLMAN PHOTO.

Guardian Wants Referee to Study Boy's Facial Formation.

By consent of counsel on both sides, John E. Mack, guardian ad litem for Guy Stillman, yesterday filed with Referee Daniel J. Gleason at Poughkeepsie a copy of a recent photograph of his infant ward. This action followed a day after the formal resting by both sides in the suit of James A. Stillman to divorce Mrs. Anne U. Stillman and disown Guy.

According to one source, the motive that prompted Mr. Mack to present the photograph was to give the referee an opportunity to study the child's facial characteristics. Mr. Stillman's allegation was that the child was the son of Fred K. Beauvais, Indian guide correspondent, and it was presumed that the referee's study of the photograph might aid him in determining the truth or falsity of the charge.

SEES LONG BUILDING WAR.

Norman Expects No Settlement of Wage Dispute This Year.

Following a conference with Patrick Crowley, President of the Building Trades Council; C. G. Norman, Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Building Trades Employers Association, said yesterday he expected no agreement among the building trades this year.

The negotiations have become deadlocked on two points. The employers refuse to make a collective agreement with the Building Trades Council as representative of all the unions in the building trades, and also refuse to sign a new wage agreement for 1922. They are willing to make an agreement for the remainder of this year, but the workers insist on an agreement for 1922, according to Mr. Norman, or an agreement from May 1, 1922, to May 1, 1924, based on the cost of living on May 1, 1922.

RENEWS COPYRIGHT TIES.

Reichstag Reciprocates in Protecting American Authors.

BERLIN, May 18 (Associated Press).—The Reichstag passed a bill today according the same copyright protection to American authors as is accorded to Germans by the United States.

The new law accords protection for works of literature, art and photography on the same basis as is designated in the law of Jan. 15, 1892, and is retroactive in application to the period between Aug. 1, 1914, and July 3, 1921, although it does not apply to the rights of publication, circulation and duplication of any American product which might have been obtained by a third party previous to Dec. 13, 1919.

Tea Dance on Berengaria May 27.

To mark the opening of the new ballroom on the Berengaria, the Cunard Steamship Company will give a tea-dance on board the steamer at Pier 54, North River, on Saturday afternoon, May 27.

'TAP DAY' AT YALE WITH CLOSED GATES

Elections to Senior Societies Given With the Traditional Slap on the Back.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, May 18.—Yale's annual selection of members of its senior societies was held this afternoon with the picturesque Tap Day exercises, when from members of the junior class assembled on the campus fifty-four were slapped between the shoulders in token of election to the four senior organizations. By order of the faculty the gates of the campus were closed, even relatives of the juniors being denied admission.

George Norton of the Yale Daily News board had the honor of being the first man tapped for "Bones," and Charles Luckey of New Haven the last. He is President of the Football Association. Ralph Gordan, the football captain, was also elected to Bones. Ellery Husted of Peekskill, son of the Congressman, was the first man slapped for Scroll and Key, and Winfield Sheffs, Chairman of The Yale Record board, was the last slapped. Thomas Campbell, world champion runner, and Leeming Jelliffe, the swimming team captain, refused election to Wolf's Head, hoping for an election to one of the other societies, but were overlooked later. Caleb Eddy, baseball star, went to Wolf's Head. The list of those elected is as follows:

Skull and Bones—George Washington Norton, Louisville, Ky.; Richard Lodge Tigh, St. Paul; Louis Kepler Hyde Jr., Summit, N. J.; John Sherman Cooper, Somerset, Ky.; Alfred Newton Wheeler Jr., New Haven; Edwin Alfred Jones, Jackson, Ohio; Jonathan Ogden Bulkley, New York; Bernard Barringer Polly, Seattle; Huntington Townsend Day, New York; Ralph Edward Jordan, Bangor, Me.; Francis Otto Matthiessen, Casper, Wyo.; George Campbell Beckot, East Orange, N. J.; Russell Wheeler Davenport, Philadelphia; Maxwell Evarts Foster, Boston; Charles Pinckney Luckey, New Haven.

Scroll and Key—Ellery S. Husted, Peekskill, N. Y.; Buckingham Smith, Pasadena, Cal.; Francis B. Comstock, New Haven; Charles F. Stone, Washington; Charles M. Dole, Andover, Mass.; David R. Husted, Washington; John Brooks, New York; Hayden N. Smith, Buffalo; Jesse Dean Jr., St. Louis; William F. Hawks, Pasadena, Cal.; Stuart H. Otis, Chicago; John L. O'Brien, West Chazy, N. Y.; Winfield Shiras, Pittsburgh.

Wolf's Head—C. M. Trowbridge Jr., Lake Forest, Ill.; Caleb F. Eddy, Wellesley Hills, Mass.; Duer McLanahan, Washington; William D. Banks, New York; James G. Fullerton Jr., Minneapolis; John E. Holland Jr., Chicago; Edwin H. Cummings Jr., North Attleboro, Mass.; Stuart R. McKnight, Brooklyn; Walter A. Donahoe, Seattle; George S. Rice Jr., Petoskey, Mich.; Harry R. Marshall, New Haven; Clarence B. Mitchell, Chicago; James P. Hendrick, New York; William D. Stevens, Nyack, New York; Henri L. J. de Silhour, Washington.

Elihu Club—Frederick S. Shaffer, Cincinnati; Joseph L. Pond, New York; George M. Wheeler, Bridgeport, Conn.; Edward Emerson, Pittsville, Pa.; Robert D. Jackson, Washington; Samuel C. Hopkins Jr., Catskill, N. Y.; David H. Bigelow, Andover, Mass.; Pleford Boyle, Uniontown, Pa.; John Freeman, Philadelphia.

Elections were refused by David Hardwick, Bigelow, Bernard Bavineser Polly, William Leeming Jelliffe, John Freeman, Edward Calhoun Smith, William Stuart Symington 3d and Thomas Campbell Jr.

FLORAL PARK LOTS TO YALE.

Property Left by R. M. Judson is Deeded to University.

About eleven acres at Floral Park, L. I., left to Yale University under the will of R. M. Judson of Bridgeport, Conn., who died about a year ago, were conveyed to Yale yesterday by a deed filed in the County Clerk's office at Mineola, L. I. The property, consisting of fifty lots on the old Baylis farm and an equal number in West Garden City, was conveyed by Mrs. Florence E. Lammers of 10,126 112th Street, Richmond Hill, who had held the property as a matter of convenience to the executors, according to William D. Hart of the law firm of Platt, Field, Taylor & Patterson, 120 Broadway.

The property is valued at less than $15,000, Mr. Hart said. A person familiar with Yale affairs suggested that the property probably would be sold and the proceeds added to the institution's fund.

LEAVE COLUMBIA FACULTY.

Professors Terry and Abbott Will Retire at End of Year.

Dean Harlan F. Stone of the Law School of Columbia University announced yesterday the retirement at the close of the present year of Charles Thaddeus Terry, for thirty years Dwight Professor of Law, and Nathan Abbott, Nash Professor of Law since 1907. It was also announced that Walter Wheeler Cook will cease to be Professor of Law and next Fall will return to Yale, where he has been appointed Professor of Equity. Orrin K. McMurray, Professor of Law in the School of Jurisprudence of the University of California will come to Columbia for 1922-23.

Professor Terry taught contracts at Columbia. He had written extensively on legal topics and is a Trustee of Williams College. Professor Abbott is a native of Norridgewick, Me., and was graduated from Yale in 1877. He got his law degree from Boston University and was Professor of Law in Northwestern University, and from 1899 to 1907 he was Professor of Law in Stanford University.

MRS. HOOVER VISITS CITY.

Attends Meeting to Discuss Opening of Girl Scouts' Camp.

Mrs. Herbert Hoover was in New York yesterday morning to be present at the regular monthly meeting of the executive board of the National Council of Girl Scouts, of which she is President.

The final plans for the opening on June 16 of the National Scout Camp at Briarcliff were discussed. The first arrivals will be a group of fifty older women, the greater number young college women who will present Girl Scout leaders, camp counselors and girl scout executives. The camp will be open for the rank and file of the Girl Scouts on June 30. Mrs. Hoover left the city on the 1 o'clock train for Providence, where she will visit friends on her way to Boston, where today she will attend the third annual review of the Girl Scouts of Massachusetts.

To Celebrate College's Anniversary.

A bridge party will be given this afternoon at the home of Mrs. Nicholas L. Stokes, 251 Central Park West, to celebrate the seventy-fifth anniversary of the foundation of the College of the Sacred Heart at Manhattanville, the pupils at which are endeavoring to raise an endowment fund. Among those who will attend are: Mrs. Delaney Kane, Mrs. Nicholas L. Brady, Mrs. George McClellan, Mrs. John V. Beuvier and Mrs. Irwin A. Powell.

Tag Day for Animal Hospital.

Today is Tag Day for the benefit of the Ellis Prince Speyer Free Hospital for Animals. Elsie Ferguson, Constance Binney, Mabel Adams, Lilian Albertson, Violet Heming, Crystal Herne and other actresses and movie stars will appear in front of the Public Library at Forty-second Street, from 1:30 on, to speak, sing and play from the top of a hospital ambulance. Chorus girls from Broadway theatres will help collect the funds. Moving pictures will be taken.

YACHT HARD DRIVEN TO SAVE PATIENT

Doheny Boat, the Cesiana, Arrives After Five-Day Trip From Martinique.

LOUIS D'ORN ILL ABOARD

Vessel Pushed to Top Speed to Bring Ailing Planter to Specialists Here.

The steam yacht Cesiana, belonging to Edward L. Doheny, President of the Mexican Petroleum Company, arrived yesterday after a trip of five days from Martinique. On board was Louis D'Orn, a planter, who is seriously ill, and the yacht was pushed to top speed to bring him to specialists here.

Mr. D'Orn is a brother-in-law of Elisha Walker, President of the brokerage firm of Blair & Co., 24 Broad Street. Afraid to have his brother-in-law subjected to the discomforts of a trip on a passenger steamship, Mr. Walker asked his friend, Mr. Doheny, to send his yacht to the French West Indies to bring Mr. D'Orn to New York.

The yacht sailed from Jacksonville for Martinique two weeks ago. It was five days at Martinique, waiting until Mr. D'Orn's condition was such that he could be moved. Five days ago she headed north again.

Those on board were Mr. and Mrs. Walker and their five children, Mr. and Mrs. Roger D'Orn, the former a brother of Mrs. Walker; Mr. Louis D'Orn's daughter and Grenville Vernon, a brother-in-law of Mr. D'Orn. Mr. D'Orn was taken in an ambulance to the home of Mr. Walker, at 834 East Seventy-fourth Street. It was said there last evening that the patient was resting comfortably.

GIVE REORGANIZATION PLAN.

Managers Announce Terms for Accounting Machine Companies.

Reorganization managers of the Powers Accounting Machine Company and the Accounting & Tabulating Corporation yesterday announced the plan for rehabilitating these concerns, against which are claims of $8,238,652. Hugh J. Pritchard, John L. Waterbury and William S. James constitute the reorganization committee.

The plan provides that new money provided by stockholders of the Accounting & Tabulating Corporation is to be applied "first, to the payment of the bank loans, until the amount has been reduced 50 per cent.; second, to the payment pro rata of the bank loans, including interest, and of the balance of the claims for royalties in the proportions that the total of each of such claims, as finally agreed upon by the reorganization managers, bears to the total of the two, until the balance of each claim shall be paid in full; and, third, to providing working capital for the new corporation." The general creditors are to receive 25 per cent. of their claims in cash as soon as the plan can be put into operation and the balance in the 7 per cent. debenture in cases bonds of the new concern. The plan is recommended by the Committee of General Creditors, headed by H. F. Litchfield.

A creditors' meeting is called for May 29 to act upon the plan. The Seaboard National Bank is named as depositary for creditors' claims.

BIBLE SOCIETY IN SUIT.

Is Party to Dispute Over Property Involving Building Zone Rules.

A dispute between the executors under the will of Captain Joseph R. de Lamar and the American Bible Society over whether the society can conduct its business of selling Bibles in the former de Lamar home at Thirty-seventh Street and Madison Avenue without violating the Murray Hill restrictive covenant prohibiting transaction of business in buildings in that district, and the building zone resolution of 1916, resulted in the filing of papers in the Supreme Court yesterday.

Under the law the case will be heard by the Appellate Division in the first instance. The papers state that on May 1, 1921, the American Bible Society contracted to buy the de Lamar house for $375,000 and paid $5,000 down.

When the time for closing title was reached on May 10, this year, the society declined to accept the property, and demanded the return of the $5,000, on the ground that because of building operations that would be necessary to make it usable for the society's business there would be a violation both of the Murray Hill restriction and the building zone resolution.

The de Lamar executors, consisting of William Nelson Cromwell, Alfred Jaretzki and the United States Trust Company, contend that the changes anticipated will not so alter the building that the restrictions will be violated. The Appellate Division is asked to decide between them.

MANNING TO SEE HARDING.

Bishop Will Discuss World Conference on Church Unity With President

President Harding will be visited this morning at the White House by the Right Rev. William T. Manning, D. D., Bishop of New York, who will place before him the plans for the World Conference on Faith and Order, for which preparations are now being made among Christian bodies all over the world.

The President, who is interested in international amity through Church unity, has expressed interest in the program of the World Conference, and Bishop Manning will discuss the future plans of the movement.

The World Conference on Faith and Order according to the plans Bishop Manning will present to President Harding, has for its ultimate purpose Christian unity throughout the world. The two leaders in the early movement for this conference were Bishop Manning and the late J. Pierpont Morgan.

"Never was the Church confronted with such an opportunity as she now has," declared Bishop Manning before leaving for Washington. "The conference is to have no power to make binding agreements or to commit the different Churches by its action. It is not expecting to accomplish the reunion of Christendom at one stroke. Its hope will be to make a vast beginning."

Harding Greets King Alfonso.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—President Harding has sent this birthday message to King Alfonso of Spain: "Permit me to extend to Your Majesty in the name of my countrymen as well as in my own, cordial felicitations on this birthday anniversary and my best wishes for Your Majesty's continued health and happiness."

Northcliffe Projects Land Colony.

VICTORIA, B. C., May 18.—Sir William Beach Thomas, noted war correspondent of The London Daily Mail, has arrived here to make plans for a colony on Vancouver Island for a settlement of agriculturists, who contemplate emigrating from the British Isles. He was sent by Lord Northcliffe as a result of what the latter learned of Canada during a visit last year.

THAW ESTATE TRUSTEES ASK FOR COMPENSATION

Claim 5 Per Cent. on $368,418, but Total Value of Estate Is Not Revealed in Court.

PHILADELPHIA, May 18.—The Trustees for the estate of Harry K. Thaw, slayer of Stanford White, who was adjudged a lunatic and committed to the Pennsylvania Hospital for Mental and Nervous Diseases, filed an accounting in Common Pleas Court today, claiming 5 per cent. compensation on $368,418.23 for their services. The total value of the estate was not revealed.

The report showed that the Trustees, J. D. Lyon of Pittsburgh and Walther Riddle, closed Thaw's accounts with his brokers, paid off his notes, redeemed the stocks and bonds he had pledged as collateral and disposed of many miscellaneous securities and reinvested the proceeds in Liberty bonds and other high-class securities. Thaw's expenses for board and treatment at the hospital varied from $600 to $1,000 a month, the report said.

At the time of the filing of an Inventory and appraisement Thaw's estate was valued at $326,317.65. His unpledged securities at the time of his commitment to the hospital were valued at $161,820. In addition, it was stated that he had an annual income of approximately $24,000 from trusts created by his father for his benefit.

In filing the accounting Mr. Lyon asked that he be discharged from his Trusteeship and that some one be appointed in his place. He said that he had practically retired from business and wished to devote his time to travel.

LEVY HEIRS AGREE.

End Contest Over $1,500,000 Estate of Cotton Broker.

The contest of the will of Marshall P. Levy, cotton broker of New York, Atlanta and New Orleans, which has been pending for a year, was settled yesterday after a conference before Surrogate Cohalan, at which counsel for three contesting children participated with the attorneys for the widow and four other daughters. The Surrogate then admitted the will to probate.

Mr. Levy left an estate of $1,500,000, which went to the widow, Mrs. Ella Levy of 40 West Eighty-sixth Street, and four daughters, Augusta, Georgia, Sadie and Hortense, who live with her. Smaller shares of the estate were left to a son, Percy, of New Orleans, and two daughters, Mrs. Yetta Lichtenstein of New Orleans and Mrs. Florence L. Lehman, wife of Hotel Lenox. The basis of the settlement was not announced.

DR. JOHN S. SHEARER DIES.

Professor of Physics at Cornell Served in World War.

Dr. John S. Shearer, Professor of Physics at Cornell since 1910, died Tuesday at the age of 56. He was born in this city and was graduated from Cornell in 1888, becoming an instructor in physics the following Autumn and remaining on the Faculty until 1909. He then came to Columbia, as Professor of Physics for one year, afterward returning to his alma mater.

He was President of the Cornell Co-operative Society and a member of several scientific organizations. During the World War he served in the Sanitary Corps of the National Army, first as Major and then as Lieutenant Colonel. With the A. E. F. in France he was a consultant in roentgenology.

H. F. BLANDY DIES IN RUSSIA

American Relief Administration Worker Was a New Yorker.

MOSCOW, May 18 (Associated Press).—Harold F. Blandy, an American Relief Administration worker of 221 West 121st Street, New York City, died of typhus at Ufa yesterday, according to word reaching Moscow today. He is the first Relief Administration worker to die in Russia.

His body will be embalmed and held until further directions are received from his relatives.

At the 121st Street address the janitor said last night that Mr. Blandy was not known there.

DR. A. LAVERAN DEAD.

Pasteur Professor Won the Nobel Prize for Medicine in 1907.

PARIS, May 18.—Dr. A. Laveran, Professor at the Pasteur Institute, famous for his researches in malarial diseases and sleeping sickness, died today. He received the Nobel Prize for medicine in 1907. Dr. Laveran was 77 years old.

Following his appointment to a hospital at Bona, in Northeast Algeria, in 1878, Dr. Laveran began his studies in malaria, and two years later, at Constantine, in Algeria, he announced his discovery of the parasite causing the disease. Contradictions of his theory were eventually withdrawn, and in 1880 he received the Breant prize for a distinguished discovery in medicine.

Mrs. Bowly, Civil War Messenger.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., May 18.—Mrs. Jane Vanderhorst Bowly, 82 years old, who was a dispatch bearer in the Secret Service of the Confederate Government during the Civil War, died at her home here today. She was the widow of Edmund Bowly, formerly of Baltimore. During the Civil War she carried dispatches from Richmond to other points in the Southern Confederacy.

Rufus Flagg.

ASHLAND, Wis., May 18.—Rufus Flagg, teacher of the Bible and philosophy in Northland College, was found dead in bed today. He was a Trustee of Middlebury College, Vermont, and was a graduate of that institution. He lived in Burlington, Vt., until recently. He was 74 years old.

Obituary Notes.

FRANK SHERIDAN BENNINGHOFF, for twenty-four years representative of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company in Stamford, Conn., died yesterday of heart disease at Mount McGregor, N. Y., at the age of 55. He was a graduate of Yale and a member of the Connecticut bar.

ASHLEY D. SCOTT of this city died last Sunday in Puerto Castillo, British Honduras, according to word received yesterday by his sister, Miss Mary Sample Scott, in St. Louis, where Mr. Scott was born forty-three years ago.

EMIL VICTOR KOHNSTAMM, President of the Oriental Laundry Supply House of H. Kohnstamm & Company, died yesterday in his seventieth year at the Ambassador Hotel. He lived at the Hotel Majestic. Mr. Kohnstamm came to this city in 1873. He is in this country when a boy, entered the business established by his uncle, H. Kohnstamm, and had been active in it for half a century.

MANNING C. T. BECK, a member of the University Club and the St. Nicholas Society, died yesterday at his home, 123 East Sixty-second Street, after a year's illness. He was born in this city sixty-four years ago, a son of the late Dr. John B. Beck. He is survived by his sister, Mrs. Cortlandt Irving, with whom he lived.

JAMES CUSACK, father of the late Bishop Thomas F. Cusack of Albany, died yesterday at his home, 1922 East Fifteenth Street, aged 86. He retired several years ago from the stevedore business.

Born.

HERTZ—Mr. and Mrs. Harry M. Hertz (nee Ray Jeannette Heilbronner) announce the birth of a son, Louis Heilbronner Hertz, on May 11, at the Woman's Hospital.

Married.

BLOMQUIST—HOTALING.—On May 16, Adeline Louise Hotaling to Oscar Blomquist, by Marine Dr. Chalmers R. Wyatt, of the Evangelical Lutheran Church of the Ascension, 146th St. and Edgecombe Av., New York City.

MOGHAM—SACKETT.—On Thursday, May 18, 1922, at the First Presbyterian Church, by the Rev. Dr. Harry Emerson Fosdick, Beatrice, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Sackett, to Alfred Purdy Hodgman, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Barker Hodgman.

LOBRICK—FARANO.—Announcement is made of the marriage on May 18, 1922, at Miss Gloria Farano to Mr. Louis Lobrick, at the home of the groom's mother, 108 Prospect St., East Orange, N. J

Lost and Found

LOST—Southern Pacific Co. stock certificate No. F162258 for 25 shares in the name of Clara K. Lyons. Notice is hereby given to show cause to said company, 165 Broadway, New York, N. Y., why a duplicate should not be issued. Clara K. Lyons, 448 Gun Park Av., Amsterdam, N. Y.

LOST—Tapestry, 5x7 feet, figures, brown, cream; dropped from car on Jackson Av. near Jackson Heights, Friday, May 12; $50 reward. Archibald M. Brown, 146 East 89th. Murray Hill 0432.

LOST—May 10, evening, near Hotel Biltmore, small tan suitcase, notes, prescription pads and books; valuable to owner alone. Dr. C. Perens, 9 East 40th; reward $10; no questions.

LOST—Camera, Eastmanax pocket, size 3¼x4¼, at Pleasantville, New York Station, or on train to New York, 4-6 P. M. Sunday, May 14; reward. Box 33, 200 Cable Bldg.

LOST—Lady's shopping bag, vicinity 621 Madison Av., containing Flushing Railroad trip ticket, endorsed Mrs. Sprague, and cash; liberal reward. Phone Hanover 7154.

LOST—Tan card case, money, key, Broadway, between 112th and 116th, or 113th between Broadway and Amsterdam; reward. Lenox 807 West 113th.

LOST—Thursday afternoon, Pennsylvania subway station, black silk purse, glasses, railroad ticket, valuable papers, keys. 7570 Audubon. Lev.

LOST—Pigskin pass case, March 14, between 28th and Grand Central; passes, cards, receipts; liberal reward; communicate address on cards.

LOST—Bank book 3357, special account Chatham-Phenix National Bank, 116th St. Lenox Av.; please return bank.

LOST—Monday evening, 8th Av. bus, black bag marked E. S. K. in gold; reward. Knothe, 124 5th Av.

LOST—Purse, Peterborough subway, keys, money, etc. Paul's Tipson. Watkins 3867. reward.

Jewelry.

LOST—White topaz pendant earring on Wednesday, May 17, about 4 P. M., while going from 54th to 56th St. on east side of 6th Av.; reward if returned to Courtland Nicoll, 149 Broadway.

LOST—On 7th Av. subway, gold open face Howard watch, knife, chain with fraternity emblems; name J. C. Leathem; in back of watch; reward. Call Worth 9080 or D 296 Times.

LOST—Earring, black ball on gold chain, between 124 St. and Columbus Av., going to 70th St.; reward; return to 1 West 70th, 10th floor, center.

LOST—Watch and chain, gold, with pearls; 102d, 99th, Broadway; reward. 884 West End Av. Apt. 63.

LOST—Sterling silver mesh bag, Neuheim Jung store, May 17; reward. Columbus 4073.

LOST—Small diamond pin, heart shaped, dearly prized as gift; reward. Columbus 7163.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Suit of clothes in Hudson Tube train; Hice & Tuval makers; $10 reward; no questions asked. F. A. Willard, 111 Broadway, New York.

LOST—Sable scarf, 3 skins, Hotel Commodore, Wednesday, night at shoe show; reward. Call Richmond Hill 0969-J.

LOST—Sable scarf, furrier's name Katzman; liberal reward. Phone Cathedral 6757.

Cats, Dogs and Birds.

LOST—Pekingese dog, black, red gold collar, between 100th-96th Sts.; reward. Rosenblum, 216 West 100th.

LOST—Russian wolf hound, grey, black markings; reward. 135 East 19th St. Phone Gramercy 2051.

LOST—Pekingese male, Bobby, vicinity 70th St.; reward. Columbus 1386.

Found.

FOUND—Small amount money, May 12, Park Av.-61st St. T. 2409 Times Annex.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

WACHTEL—TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN. I will not be responsible nor will I recognize any debt or obligation incurred by my wife Clara Wachtel. Dr. Henry I. Wachtel, 261 West 424 St.

RAY RICHTER, 580 East 8th St., sold her grocery store to Julius Hulkower. Creditors apply until Friday, May 19th.
JULIUS HULKOWER.

WANTED—TO COMMUNICATE WITH MR. John Cyriace da Silva, native of Madeira Islands, or his wife. Address E. F. Darrell & Co., 11 Broadway, New York.

MAY 15 I purchased drug store 813 Marcy Av., Brooklyn; not responsible for previous bills; creditors apply to Marie Uhlmann. Abraham Nisselson.

$7,000 MORVICH BET BLOCKED BY ARREST

Schatzburg Expected to Double Loot From Forgeries, Says Fidelity & Deposit Official.

WAS ON WAY TO GET MONEY

Detectives Stopped Trip to Kentucky Derby—Find Bank Accounts of Alleged Swindlers.

When George Morris Schatzburg and three of his alleged accomplices were arrested last Thursday night, charged with a long series of forgeries believed to have netted them more than $10,000, their arrest blocked the plan of Schatzburg to bet $7,000 on Morvich and double his money. This became known yesterday when the search for the alleged forgers' cache was continued by B. H. Foster of the Fidelity and Deposit Company, 120 Broadway.

In an effort to find out what had become of the money garnered by the supposed forgers, Mr. Foster closely questioned Schatzburg, a Canadian, who the police say is one of the most expert freehand forgers ever caught in this city.

"It wasn't much," Schatzburg said to Foster and the detectives. "We ain't got any money."

Not convinced, Foster said he decided to go a little further into the possible disposition by the alleged forgers of the money they had obtained. Foster then explained:

"Going through Schatzburg's effects I found a number of pari mutuel betting machine tickets. With these in hand, I turned to Schatzburg and said:

"'I see you follow the dogs.'

"'Oh, occasionally,' he replied.

"I then turned to young Salo Gross, another of the prisoners, and asked him if he did any betting.

"'I don't play the races,' he protested.

"Questioning Schatzburg further about the races, he replied:

"'I've got a good thing for Saturday.'

"'What is it?'

"'Morvich.'

"I then reminded him that he had said he didn't have any money, to which he replied:

"'Oh, I guess I can get $6,000 or $7,000 to put up on Morvich.'

Foster said that Schatzburg probably would have obtained the money from a safety deposit vault, as it apparently was his intention to do when he started to leave the St. James Hotel on his way to Montreal at the moment when he was arrested.

The arrest of Schatzburg was made simultaneously with the arrests of George Williams, a prize fighter, of 100 West Sixty-first Street; Salo Gross, 127 West Fifty-first Street, and the latter's brother, Isadore Gross.

Williams put up a stiff fight when he was arrested, according to Foster, who said that the pugilist made a vicious pass at Detective Hastings just before Detective Kilroy landed a right to the back of Williams's neck and sent the pugilist down for the count.

Esther Williams, wife of the prisoner, is believed to be a member of a wealthy family of Brooklyn, explained Foster. She is said to have told the detectives how she played the races at famous tracks in the East and was bitterly disappointed because the arrest of her husband had blocked her from seeing the Kentucky Derby.

The search for the cash of the alleged forgers resulted yesterday in the discovery of four bank accounts, according to Mr. Foster. They were in the habit of opening only small accounts. Their checks ran from $5 to $7 each. The purpose of the accounts seems to have been to permit them to procure blank checks and information concerning depositors whose signatures they might desire to forge.

CITY TO SEEK DEATH OF 6,000,000 RATS

Health Squad to Clean Piers to Prevent Entry of Bubonic Plague.

Murray Hulbert, President of the Board of Aldermen, Dock Commissioner John H. Delaney, Street Cleaning Commissioner Alfred Taylor and Health Commissioner Royal S. Copeland conferred yesterday at the latter's office on protecting the city's docks against rats. Dr. Copeland said they decided to conduct a campaign to rid the piers of rats to prevent the introduction of bubonic plague into the city through infected rodents.

"The three departments, Health, Street and Street Cleaning," said the Health Commissioner, "have arranged to have certain employes devote their time to the stupendous job of cleaning the piers of rats. Careful study by scientists has determined that any community has as many rats as people. On this basis New York City, it is safe to say, has 6,000,000 rats within the 800 miles of docks that face this harbor.

"The work of these employes will be to free city property of rats. The Board of Health inspectors will visit all privately-owned establishments to see that they are free from rats. It is desired to have all rat harborages removed. Rats seek dark places. Piles of lumber and rubbish which are undisturbed furnish excellent breeding places. If their harborages are destroyed, rats will soon die."

WIFE NAMES PAULINE LORD.

Mrs. Mitchell Harris Begins Suit for Divorce.

Mitchell Harris, actor, now appearing at the Riviera Theatre, was served there yesterday in a suit for divorce brought by Mrs. Ruth Harris, in which she names Pauline Lord, an actress, now starring in Chicago, as corespondent. Mrs. Harris sued Miss Lord in February for $50,000 for alleged alienation of the affections of Harris. At the time it was stated in behalf of Harris that there was no ground for the suit, which was brought, it was declared, because of counter-charges made by Harris in a suit for separation filed by his wife.

The separation suit has not been brought to trial, and the filing of the new action indicates that it will be abandoned. Harris stated at the time the suit against Miss Lord was brought that she was merely "a coworker in the theatrical profession, whose father, mother and brother are among my most intimate friends."

Blind Orchestra at Sunshine Dinner.

The International Sunshine Society continued its twenty-sixth annual convention with a dinner at the Hotel Pennsylvania last evening, among the speakers being Thaddeus C. Sweet, former Speaker of the State Assembly; Dr. A. C. Hill and Mrs. Walter Comly. Mr. Sweet was praised by Mrs. Cynthia Westover Alden, President General, for his help in having laws passed for the education and care of blind children. A group of seventeen blind children and a blind children's orchestra from the society's Dyker Heights Home, Brooklyn, furnished a musical program.

BOSTWICK CHILDREN, LIVING ABROAD, LOSE

Referee Rules That $1,375,000 Fund Must Be Given to Forrest College.

TRUSTEE ASKS DIRECTIONS

Early Associate of Rockefeller Provided That Money Should Not Go to Any Non-Residents.

The principal of a trust fund now valued at $1,375,000, established by the late Jabez A. Bostwick, one of the early associates of John D. Rockefeller, John D. Archbold and Henry M. Flagler in the development of the Standard Oil Company, will go to Wake Forest College in North Carolina, if the report of Harry N. French, as referee, filed in the Supreme Court yesterday, is upheld.

The referee finds that three grandchildren of Mr. Bostwick are not entitled to the principal of the trust because he provided that they should not receive it if they were non-residents on the death of their mother. They are found to be residents of England.

The grandchildren, who probably will lose nearly half a million dollars each, are the children of Fannie Evelyn Bostwick, who was married three times. Her first husband, Major Carstairs, of the British army, was the father of her daughter Marion, whose marriage to a French army officer was annulled recently. Then she was married to Francis Francis, also an Englishman, by whom she had two children, Evelyn Francis and Francis Francis Jr. A year or so before her death on March 3, 1921, she was married to Dr. Serge Voronoff, the French surgeon who has been an advocate of the monkey gland theory for years.

The Farmers Loan and Trust Company, as trustee under the fund established by Mr. Bostwick for his daughter in 1892, filed suit in the Supreme Court yesterday for permission to account for a direction from the court as to what should be done with the principal of the trust. The trust agreement itself provided in reference to the children of the daughter Fannie that "no child not a citizen and resident of the United States shall participate in the distribution of the stock."

The Bostwick will directed that in the event of his daughter having "no children of American citizenship and residence" upon her death, the securities in the trust were to be delivered to Wake Forest College, subject to the life interest of her husband if he survived and was "an American citizen and resident." The referee finds that under the explicit terms of the will and trust agreement the principal goes to the college at once.

When Mr. Bostwick established the fund he used 1,000 shares of preferred stock of the Housatonic Railroad as its foundation, but soon afterward he substituted 1,000 shares of stock of the original Standard Oil Company. At the time the Standard Oil stock was put into the trust th evalue of the corpus of the fund was $160,000. His daughter got all the income during her lifetime. She spent most of her life abroad after reaching maturity.

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Wholesale Prices to Retail Customers

On Standard Auto Supplies and Tires—and here are prices to verify our claim of Saving you 25% to 50%

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New York's Best RADIO DEPARTMENT

TIMESCO TIRES

	Fabric. Guaranteed 5000 Miles.	Cords. Guaranteed 9000 Miles.
30x3½	$8.10	$12.95
31x4	11.25	—
32x4	13.75	19.75
33x4	14.25	20.75
34x4	14.95	21.75

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INNER TUBES

Guaranteed for One Year

30x3	$1.45
30x3½	1.48
32x3½	1.95
31x4	2.20
32x4	2.35
33x4	2.45
34x4	2.55
33x4½	3.10
34x4½	3.20
35x4½	3.25
37x5	4.30

Breakout Hydrometers	72c
Flash Lights, complete with Battery	59c
Ever-Ready Trouble Lamps	1.79
Audel Automobile Books	1.19
Blue Flame Spark Plugs	24c
Dixon's 677 Transmission Grease, 5-lb.	1.89
Simon's Wax or Cleaner	49c
Socket Wrench Sets—21 Sockets	6.85
Combination Pliers, nickel finish	23c
6, 8 & 10-inch Drivers; Perfect Handle Type	Screw 34c
Chamois—highest grade, 26x28 ins.	1.50

BRASS PUMPS

Fully Guaranted $1.95

Reliable Double Gear Jack

With Folding Extension Handle—a very easy-lift jack—Reg. Price $5.00 ..... Price 3.25

MIRROR

Round 4 in. Diminishing Glass 59c
Round 5 in. Diminishing Glass 79c

Herz Indestructible Guaranteed Plug	39c
Flower Vases, Cut Glass	2.45
Dash Lamps, Nickel Plated	59c
A-C- Titan Spark Plugs, all sizes	55c

FOR FORDS

Milwaukee Timers, for Fords	1.59
K-W Coil Units	1.45
5 in. 1 Socket Wrench Set	59c
Badger Bumpers, Genuine	8.95
Rubber Mats, for Ford Touring	79c
Fenders, for Touring, per Set	10.95

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B'way at 56th St.—NEW YORK CITY—90 Chambers St.

YONKERS—38 Warburton Ave. TRENTON—168 E. Hanover St.
BOSTON—189 Massachusetts Ave. PHILA.—Broad and Vine Sts.
PROVIDENCE—81 Fountain St. BALTIMORE—Howard and Franklin sts.
ATLANTIC CITY—(Motor Shop), 2,207 Atlantic Ave.

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Between Third and Courtlandt Aves.

2d Floor 15 W. 34th St.
(Between Fifth Ave. & Broadway. Opposite Waldorf Hotel)

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"SENIOR" "JUNIOR"

Save Up to $20 in This Sale!

You are getting NOW what ordinarily would be a big saving at the END of a season. Spring selling received a serious setback among clothing manufacturers as a result of April's unseasonable weather—with the result that the stock of six leading New York, Rochester and Baltimore makers came to us at a sweeping reduction. You get the benefit of our enterprise.

Spring Suits with 1 and 2 Pairs of Pants AND TOP COATS **Values up to $45** **$25**

Sack and Sport Models A-Plenty!

Sizes to fit men of all proportions — Regulars from 33 to 50—Stouts, Short-Stouts and Long-Stouts, 37 to 52. Shorts and Stubs, 33 to 44. Slims, 35 to 46. Students' First Long Trouser Suits, 30 to 36.

Many of The Suits Have Extra Pair of Pants to Match—(Long or Knickers)

Worsteds, Cheviots, Cassimeres, Serges, Tweeds, Flannels, Homespuns, etc. Pencil Stripes, Chalk Lines, Overplaids, Club Checks, Silk Mixtures, Light and Dark Colors to suit every taste. No charge for alterations.

Georges 15 West 34th St.
Entire Second Floor
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Stores Also in Newark, Philadelphia and Buffalo

The Home of the Two Pants Suit

Monroe Clothes
"New York's Finest Apparel" "Monroe Clothes New York"

The Home of the Two Pants Suit

$25

$25 will buy at any Monroe Shop Suits that you must pay $35 for at other clothiers—and when we say "must," we mean exactly that—we've shopped the city over, we know what prices elsewhere are, and if you will do likewise, you will buy your Spring Suit *here*

AND SAVE THAT $10!

We have made up thousands of these suits this season with two pairs of pants—we charge $5 additional for the extra pair—we must strongly advise buying your suit the "Two Pants Way"—"The extra pair will double the wear."

$30

At this price we have a truly wonderful collection of Spring Suits for you to select from—the fabrics are beautiful—the models are metropolitan—and the tailoring the kind that means you'll come again.

Every real, worthwhile style idea is represented—and in all sizes—for instance: The stout man isn't limited to just a serge or staple worsted here—no, sir, we have stouts in light shades and other beautiful patterns that the oversize man can't ordinarily get—and at $30 the price is just

$10 LESS THAN ELSEWHERE!

$35

This price at our *Upstairs Monroe Shops* stands for "Suits *de luxe*"—the best example for comparison that we can cite is an incident of yesterday: A gentleman visited our 42nd St. Shop and selected a Topcoat—the salesman noticed the Suit the gentleman was wearing and asked if that wasn't a Monroe Suit—"Why, no, I had no idea you sold clothes like that—I bought this suit at———and paid $65."

WE HAVE THE IDENTICAL FABRIC IN A MONROE SUIT AT $35!

The other suit was silk lined and silk vest back—*but it cost $30 more*—
So we say our claim is modest when we repeat—

Monroe Clothes Save You $10!

$25

We believe we show the greatest variety of Sport model Suits at $25 in New York—*We know* we sell the best values in the country at that price—

250,000 New York men regularly buy their clothes at Monroe Shops—and there's only one reason and that is *VALUE!*

We are not philanthropists—neither are we wizards—but our method of merchandising is different and our margin of profit is smaller—that's why Monroe Clothes come to you

AT A SAVING OF $10!

Come up and give us a chance to prove it!

Monroe Clothes Save You TEN DOLLARS Because Monroe Clothes Come To You

—direct from the maker
—via our lower rent Upstairs Shops
—from America's Largest Clothiers

COME UP WHERE THE PRICE IS DOWN!

Golf Knickers $5
They are champions—Tweeds, Shepherds, Homespuns and Real Irish Linens—You'll say they are wonderful!
(At our 42nd St. & B'way Shop ONLY)

Gabardine Suits $22.50
(coat and pants only)
Both Sport and Plain Models—
Just one more reason why we are AMERICA'S LARGEST CLOTHIERS.

MANHATTAN
42nd Street, cor. Broadway
50 E. 42nd Street, cor. Madison
Nassau Street, cor. Frankfort
5 Cortlandt St., cor Broadway
14th St., opp. Academy of Music
34th Street, cor. Broadway
46th Street, cor. Broadway
59th Street, at Columbus Circle
125th Street, cor. 7th Avenue
181st St., cor. St. Nicholas Ave.

BRONX
Bergen Avenue, at 149th Street
BROOKLYN
587 Fulton Street, at Flatbush
413 Fulton Street
NEWARK—151 Market Street
JERSEY CITY
Newark Avenue and Bay Street
PATERSON—220 Main Street
YONKERS—Getty Square
ALBANY, N. Y.
BALTIMORE
PHILADELPHIA

Genuine
Palm Beach Suits $12.50
You'll find them elsewhere, *but at $17.50.*

This will establish the season's price—
White Flannel Pants $6.50
You can't equal them under $10.

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The New York Times
Times Square, New York

PROGRESSIVES SEEK TO REFORM PARTY

Say Old Guard and Machine Methods Must Go or 1924 May See a Third Party.

TO FIGHT FOR COMMITTEE

They Hope to Be Able to Change Party Policies and Thus Avert Catastrophe in November.

WIDE DISCONTENT EVIDENT

Recent Primary Upsets Are Looked Upon as a Lesson That Leaders Must Heed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—Movement is being started by Republicans formerly classed as Progressives to reform the party from within and thereby prevent the organization of a third party in 1924.

The reaction against Old Guard methods, which has been so marked in every State primary thus far held, has convinced forward-looking leaders that a repetition of the 1912 split can be averted only by the injection of Progressive ideas into Government and party control.

The country is discontented with the National Administration, with Republican machines, and with Old Guard control of the National Committee, declared one Republican Senator who is so conservative as to be numbered as one of the Old Guard advisers. He insisted that the results in Indiana and Pennsylvania represented a revolt against prevailing methods.

The voters, according to this Senator, are dissatisfied with business conditions, and the Administration suffers because of the lack of prosperity. In this reaction against the party in power the voters are also protesting against Old Guard leaders and machine methods in States burdened with increased taxes and official extravagance.

Women Conspicuous in Revolt.

In Indiana and Pennsylvania the defeat of the machine has been made certain by the women who are not held as tightly by party ties as the men. One Republican analyzing the result in Indiana said that besides the general protest against the machine there were many who opposed Senator New because of personal matters. In Pennsylvania the women demanded economy in the State Government and a reduction of taxes and they believed the way to get these results was to name Pinchot and dethrone the machine office-holders at Harrisburg.

The fact that the overwhelming protest has been directed against not only national leaders, but also local conditions in these two States has convinced the Republican diagnosticians that the entire body politic is aroused against prevailing conditions in the States and the nation.

There must be a rehabilitation of the Republican Party in the nation or there will be a third party movement in 1924," said one Republican Senator today. "This is the lesson of the primaries held thus far, and it is not too late for the President to do something to stop the wave of protest. The people are not party followers any longer. They are now voting for their own interests in demanding economy in Government and representatives who stand for business methods in public affairs.

"The protest can be stopped, but it must be done by Congress and the Administration. Personal and party animosity must be placed aside. One good way to proceed now would be for the party to take a business stand on the bonus and theft to agree upon modifications of the tariff law, which would make it a protection for infant industries and a tariff for revenue."

This Senator added that the people were not convinced that either of the great parties stood for proper policies. As a Republican he expressed the hope that President Harding would interpret the popular reaction properly and bring about reforms that would appeal to the discontented, who are largely of the conservative middle class. His conclusion was that unless the Administration was able to rid the party of stand-pat methods and bring it abreast with independent thought there would be such a revolt of voters in November as to give the Democrats control of the next House, and this might lead to the formation of a third party for 1924.

No Third Party Wanted.

A third party movement is not desired by the Progressives, who are now back in the Republican ranks. They saw the results of division in 1912, when Colonel Roosevelt led the movement. So they are counseling reform within the party, in the hope that progressive legislation and a change of leaders will appease the discontented voters.

The first aim of the Progressive element in the Republican Party will be the election of Progressives to the National Committee. The Progressives now control the Indiana organization and they can send one of their men to the National Committee instead of Joseph B. Kealing, an Old Guard leader.

In Pennsylvania the Pinchot forces have captured the State Committee and can elect a successor to Senator Penrose on the National Committee. The women are urging that Mr. Pinchot become National committeeman, but practical politicians in the Pinchot camp are against this. E. A. Van Valkenburg, or William Flinn, is suggested by some for this place. Another candidate is Ralph B. Strassburger, a young leader who opposed Pinchot's nomination.

If the Progressives can gain control of the Republican National Committee or obtain sufficient representation to influence its action, their leaders believe that more can be accomplished than by organizing a third party.

The Republican leaders say that Pinchot's capture of the citadel of the Old Guard will stimulate independents in all the primaries to come. Massachusetts, Illinois, California, New York are chosen as fields for anti-machine revolts.

After the Oregon voting tomorrow there will be a lull in interesting primaries until June 5, when Iowa will vote. Here will be staged a battle between Progressives, represented by the Farm Bloc, and stalwarts. All the indications are that the Old Guard forces will be defeated.

FINCHOT'S PLURALITY IS SLOWLY RISING

Many Country Districts Are Still Missing—Roosevelt's Widow Congratulates Victor.

PHILADELPHIA, May 18.—Gifford Pinchot's plurality over Attorney General George E. Alter in the race for the Republican nomination for Governor was still not settled tonight. It may not exceed 10,000 or it may go to 15,000.

Belated figures from raising districts came trickling in all day. The returns from the last of the missing districts from Alter's home county, Allegheny, operated to cut down Pinchot's lead early in the day. But with the completin of the county totals for both Philadelphia and Allegheny all the districts that remain to be heard from were in areas favorable to Pinchot and his plurality rose slowly from that time on.

With all but 284 of the 7,984 districts in the State unofficially reported, Pinchot had a lead tonight of 8,467. The total vote thus far received gives: Pinchot, 498,709; Alter, 490,302.

Pinchot's vote in the State outside of Philadelphia and Allegheny Counties is 327,308, and Alter's 189,858.

The official count will be started in all counties tomorrow, and most of the missing districts will not be available until this canvass is completed.

Alter carried Philadelphia County by 53,048 and Allegheny County by 49,935.

Speaking of the work of the women in bringing about the result, Mrs. Pinchot, wife of the candidate, said today:

"It is impossible to express what we owe to the women workers. It is the thousands who faithfully performed every possible service that has brought victory. It was not only the leaders, but those in the everyday walk of life, who went from house to house in town or country, canvassing for Mr. Pinchot that brought about the final result. It is Springtime and there has been many a postponed housecleaning that my husband might ride to victory.

"One thing has been very noticeable. The women work entirely on principle. If they think a certain candidate the right one and a man who stands for the proper ideals, they will spare nothing to make him successful. The men cling to party and ties of friendship, but the women have proved by their wholehearted support they believe in clean and honest government."

Mr. Pinchot received today this telegram from Mrs. Edith Roosevelt, widow of Theodore Roosevelt, under whom Mr. Pinchot served as National Forester:

"Hurrah for Pennsylvania. Your friends are delighted."

Mr. Pinchot took occasion to deny that he had his eyes on the White House. He said that during the campaign he repeatedly told the voters that the one reason he thought he could handle "the job at Harrisburg" was because the Governorship was the limit of his ambitions.

Mr. Pinchot is quoted as saying that his job now will be to "clean up the mess at Harrisburg."

HARRISBURG, May 18.—Both candidates for the Republican nomination for member of Congress from the Eighteenth District were claiming victory today. Representative Benjamin K. Focht's supporters declared he had won by about 100 votes, while his opponent, Edward M. Beers, said he had won by about 90 votes.

OREGON BALLOTS TODAY.

Bitter Republican Fights On for Several Offices.

Special to The New York Times.

PORTLAND, Ore., May 18.—The most bitter primary campaign in the history of Oregon came to an end tonight. Polls for voting open at 8 A. M. tomorrow.

There are nine candidates for Governor, but the sharpest contest is on the Republican side, where Governor Ben W. Wolcott, who is seeking a renomination, is being fought by three rivals, State Senator Charles Hall, Adjutant General White, an ex-service man, and Louis E. Bean, Speaker of the House of Representatives. All of the trio are accusing the Wolcott administration of extravagance.

"The Ku Klux Klan and patriotic societies have arrayed themselves against Wolcott and are backing Hall.

Outside of this contest considerable interest centres on the choice of a Republican National Committeeman. O. H. Pithian, who declares himself a Progressive Republican, seeks to depose Ralph E. Williams, who is called a standpatter.

Of the campaigns for Congressional nomination the most conspicuous is that for the seat of Representative C. N. McArthur. Three ex-service men are opposing his attempt to win a renomination alls because he is against bonus legislation. His chief opponent is M. E. Crumpacker, son of the former Congressman from Indiana. The same wave of progressivism that has been felt elsewhere has reached Oregon and there are predictions that Pithian will win.

OLD GUARD HIT, SAYS HULL.

Recent Upsets Called a Rebuke to Those in Control in Washington.

CONCORD, N. H., May 18.—Cordell Hull, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, told leading New Hampshire Democrats gathered at a Jackson Day banquet here today that the recent primaries in Indiana and Pennsylvania showed "a burning desire of Republicans to condemn the record of their party at Washington."

"The big lesson to be learned from these primaries," he said, "is that all Democrats and Republicans are unequivocally opposed to further control of the present Government by the old special interest elements of the Republican Party. This brand is firmly typified in President Harding and his Republican Congress. The American people are the innocent victims of an orgy of special privileges at Washington.

"The Old Guard Republican leadership is in close partnership with the predatory interests and the primary elections in Indiana and Pennsylvania are the handwriting on the wall.

"A political Belshazzar's feast followed the Republican victory of 1920, which was gained by wholesale circulation of falsehoods and money by unparalleled deception and duplicity.

"The Democratic Party will soon step into control and give the country that full measure of intelligent and practical relief that it did after 1912."

PICTURES CROKER GIFT.

He Sent Them Just Before Death to Democratic Club Here.

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DUBLIN, May 18.—One of the last acts of Richard Croker before his death was to send to the Democratic Club in Fifth Avenue, New York, copies of the famous Irish pictures showing the volunteers in College Green in 1779 and the Irish House of Commons in 1780, and one of Sir John Lavery's portraits of Arthur Griffith and Michael Collins.

'God Bless the Janitor,' Says School Official

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 18.—New York janitors who have suffered under the imprecations of tenants will be interested in the remarks of George F. Womrath at the eleventh annual convention of the National Association of Public School Business Officers today. Mr. Womrath is Business Superintendent of the Board of Education at Minneapolis, Minn. "God bless the janitor!" was the theme of his address.

"Janitors are not born, they are made," said the speaker. "There has come a realization that men to whom our school buildings are entrusted must not be able only to shovel coal, sweep, clean and dust, but they must have a thorough knowledge and understanding of the science of heating, ventilation, humidity and sanitation.

"Housekeeping, as janitors have to do in the schools, no longer means the wielding of the corn broom and the feather duster and slopping about soap suds on dirty floors. It means an intelligent exercise of brains in the proper directing of efforts toward the accomplishment of certain objectives, among which are cleanliness, orderliness, tidiness and sanitation."

TRAP 5 STOWAWAYS IN VEROTTA INQUIRY

Capture on Italian Liner Reveals Search of All Outbound Vessels for Fugitives.

FOLLOWS DEATH-CELL STORY

One Prisoner Wanted in Connecticut for Shooting Policeman—Others Quizzed in Secret.

Through the apprehension of five stowaways on the liner Colombo as she was about to steam for Italy yesterday from her berth in the Hudson River at Fifty-seventh Street, it became known that since the beginning of the week detectives under Lieutenant James J. Gegan have been searching all European-bound vessels for Italians believed to be fleeing from arrest.

Neither Lieutenant Gegan nor Detective Sergeants Campomenosi and Scrivani of the old Italian squad, who discovered the stowaways concealed in the crew's quarters, would reveal the reason for the unusual activity. It was reported, however, that the search was in connection with the investigation being made by District Attorney Banton as a result of the confession of Roberto Raffaele, awaiting execution in the death house at Sing Sing for his part in the kidnapping and murder last Summer of 5-year-old Giuseppe Verotta.

The five stowaways, it was said, were concealed in a closet. They were found after four searches by the Colombo's officers, who reported they were unable to discover any stowaways. Detective Sergeants Campomenosi and Scrivani then asked for permission to search the vessel.

Detectives Hear Whispers.

The detectives had been hunting for more than an hour when one heard whispers coming from a closet, the door of which had been partly concealed by the crew's dunnage. The door was locked. When it was opened by an officer the five men were found hiding behind several piles of bags and trunks.

The detectives took the stowaways to Police Headquarters, where they were carefully searched. Concealed in the lining of the coat worn by one of the men was found a scrap of a letter, written in Italian. It warned that unless the recipient fled the country immediately he would be arrested and sent to prison for ten years. The letter was signed "Your Brother."

This stowaway then was submitted to a grilling by Lieutenant Gegan. He at first refused to reveal his identity, but eventually said that he was Pasquale Della Rocca, 34 years old. He gave his address as 237 South Street, Jamaica, Queens. Lieutenant Gegan then asked detectives in Jamaica to make inquiries about the man. The detectives reported that little could be learned about the man there.

Lieutenant Gegan then pressed Della Rocca for more information about his activities in this country. The man said he came to this country from Italy two years ago, and eventually admitted that about a year ago he resided at Ansonia, Conn.

Wanted for Shooting Policeman.

Lieutenant Gegan telephoned to Ansonia, and was referred to Chief of Police O'Dell of Derby. Chief O'Dell told him Della Rocca was wanted there in connection with the shooting of Policeman Stephen Degnan on July 16 last, when the policeman discovered two Italians robbing a farmhouse. Degnan, despite four wounds, captured Joseph Monni, one of the burglars. Monni was sentenced to State prison for ten years, but nothing had been heard of Della Rocca until Gegan reported he had him in custody.

Chief O'Dell said a detective with a warrant for Della Rocca would be sent to this city and that requisition papers for the man would be obtained as soon as possible.

Della Rocca was locked up in Police Headquarters as a fugitive, but no information could be obtained from Gegan about the other four men. They were not locked up in Police Headquarters but were taken to some other place by detectives to be questioned.

Raffaele was reprieved on Thursday last to have mentioned forty or fifty Italians in the confession he was alleged to have made to Benedict D. Dineen, Assistant District Attorney. The first intimation that anything unusual had taken place in connection with the case followed the appearance on that day of Mr. Dineen before Justice Martin in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court to obtain the postponement of the trial of John Melchione, one of the six men indicted with Raffaele in connection with the Verotta murder.

Justice Martin granted an indefinite postponement when it was explained that District Attorney Banton did not desire to call the trial of Melchione "or any others connected with the case at the present time." It was after that that Mr. Dineen had visited Raffaele in the death house became known.

Active Near Scene of Kidnapping.

Since then the police have gone out of their way to deny that they were taking part in the District Attorney's investigation of Raffaele's reported confession. It was learned, however, that since last Sunday detectives attached to the special staff of Inspector Coughlin, head of the Detective Division, have been especially active in the vicinity of the house, from in front of which the Verotta boy was kidnapped in May, 1921.

Raffaele was captured when he called at the boy's home to obtain $2,000 demanded from the parents of the boy following the kidnapping. Melchione and Santo Cassamento, Dante Ruggiero and Antonio Marino, who are also awaiting trial in the Tombs for the murder, were arrested in an apartment across the street from the scene of the kidnapping. It was while Raffaele and the other four were awaiting indictment for the kidnapping that the body of the boy was found in the Hudson River off Piermont, N. Y.

It was reported that men mentioned in the Raffaele confession were not known to the police to be connected with blackmailing plots, but that detectives sought them the men had disappeared.

It could not be learned yesterday, however, whether the searches for stowaways were connected with the Verotta case. It was said at Police Headquarters that the move was initiated on order of Commissioner Enright. The authority for that statement professed to be ignorant of the purpose of the searches.

WON'T ENFORCE "DRY" LAW

Rhode Island Police Chief Also Refuses to Resign.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST WARWICK, R. I., May 18.—Josephat Hebert, Chief of Police, will not resign, despite the fact that the taxpayers have voted to stop his salary, following dissatisfaction with his enforcement of the prohibition law of Rhode Island. "I will remain at the the head of the West Warwick Police Department, salary or no salary, until next November," declared Chief Hebert today. "I was elected by the Police Commissioner to serve until that time, and it will take more than a mere matter of salary to remove me."

The attitude of the Police Commission will not be known until after a meeting called to discuss the situation. Chief Hebert announced he would refuse to enforce the prohibition law until the State Supreme Court had ruled on it.

In addition to holding up the Chief's salary, the taxpayers voted to hold up the salaries of the Secretary of the Police Commission and of the Chief of Police and of Motor Vehicles. There have been hints of graft in these departments.

Lady Astor Tells Dominion Legislators Americans Should Support Lloyd George

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Ontario, May 18.—"The Prime Minister of Britain is doing his best, but I wish America was with him," said Lady Astor today in making what is believed to be the first address delivered by a woman before the Canadian Parliament. "Americans ought to be with him and America knows she ought to be with him," she added. She described England as "big and tolerant," and said the fact that England had elected to her Parliament a woman born in Virginia brought home to America how tolerant and big England was.

Viscount and Lady Astor received a rousing welcome here, the outstanding feature being the greeting given by the war veterans. They were guests of the Speaker at a function in the House of Commons. Lady Astor tonight addressed a large audience in the Russell Theatre. Tomorrow they will be the guests of Lord and Lady Byng at Government house, and will start at 8:30 P. M. for New York City.

Speaking of the Genoa conference, Viscount Astor said:

"The conference has been the greatest possible success, in my opinion. It brought to the surface of publicity every national ambition, suspicion and fear. It exposed on the surface every national European aspiration. People talk as though the Genoa conference had precipitated a conflict of opinion between the nations of Europe. This is not the case.

"At Genoa all the countries of Europe put their cards on the table. The Genoa conference was really a continuation of the Washington conference. To get Russia, France, Italy, Britain, Belgium and other countries of Europe around a common table to discuss their troubles is a great step in advance, a great triumph. It is a preliminary that goes a long distance to a final settlement. When I left England Lloyd George could have won a general election easily on the policy he set forth as regards the then coming Genoa conference. I am too far away to tell what has happened since.

"I am here on this occasion to help out Lady Astor and I have made no speeches. But I have attended all her meetings in New York, Baltimore, Chicago, Philadelphia and Washington, and I have found everywhere that any references she made to the League of Nations received the heartiest applause of all. Another thing, the name of Lloyd George always brings forth tumultuous applause. It appears to me that the man on the street in the United States is strong for international co-operation. It is the Anglo-Saxon common sense point of view once again."

CALL MILADY'S FURS PERIL TO WILD LIFE

Scientists in Session Here Predict Early Close of the Age of Mammals.

TELL OF 8,000,000 HUNTERS

Society of Mammalogists Urges Campaign of Education—Officers Re-elected.

The belief that the age of mammals is speedily drawing to a close, through activities of sportsmen, furriers and natives, was expressed by noted scientists yesterday at a meeting of the American Society of Mammalogists, at the American Museum of Natural History, Central Park West and Seventy-seventh Street.

This opinion, which they based upon statistics at their disposal, was voiced by Henry Fairfield Osborn, President of the museum; William T. Hornaday, Director of the New York Zoological Park; Harold E. Anthony, assistant curator of mammals at the museum, and Professor C. C. Adams of the State University of Forestry, an eminent zoologist. All blamed the progressive tendencies of modern civilization: the use of firearms, which knowledge has spread to the natives of India and Africa, progress in locomotion, and women's demand for fur in Summer and Winter, were leading to animal extinction, speakers said. It will be only a matter of years, they predicted, when wild game will be seen only in museums and picture books.

"We are now witnessing the close of the Age of Mammals," said Dr. Osborn at the end of his address, repeating the sentence for emphasis. Mammal elimination by man, he said, commenced about 400,000 years ago, but became more acute in recent years. In 1877, when he first went West, Dr. Osborn said wild game was still everywhere, while even as late as 1890 elk, deer and antelope were abundant in the uplands of Colorado.

"Nothing in the history of creation," he went on, "has paralleled the ravages of the fur and hide trade, which now, with the bone fertilizer trade, threatens the entire vertebrate kingdom. The legitimate use of furs for protection in cold weather has long since passed. Furs are now a fashion just as feathers were thirty years ago. Furs are worn in midsummer purely for ornamentation and personal adornment or to make a show of wealth.

"This cause of the close of the Age of Mammals can be arrested through the creation of sound sentiment and the education of women and children in the same manner as the National Association of Audubon Society has arrested destruction of birds. But such a movement will be extremely difficult because the fur trade all over the world offers opportunities for money-making, with very little effort and no risk."

In New York State, according to Dr. Hornaday's figures, there are 500 destructionists to every conservationist. In the West, there are 1,000 to one; in Alaska, the ratio is 2,000 to one. In Africa are 100,000 persons destroying wild life to every one preserving it.

All the officers of the society were re-elected. Following the session the members went to the Zoological Gardens in Bronx Park and were the guest of the New York Zoological Society at luncheon.

ASTORS TO SPEAK HERE.

Guests of League for Political Education on Eve of Sailing.

Lord and Lady Astor are to be the guests of the League for Political Education at a dinner to be held next Monday night at the Hotel Astor, it was announced yesterday. They will sail back home the following day. More than 1,400 acceptances for the farewell dinner have been received.

Miss Spence, founder and director of the Spence School, is to preside, and in addition to talks by Lord and Lady Astor, a speech is to be delivered by Miss Alice M. Robertson of Oklahoma, the only woman Representative. Guests are to include Miss Annie Matthews, Register of New York County; Miss Margaret Woodrow Wilson, daughter of the former President; Mrs. Robert Woods Ellis, Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, Miss Mary Garrett Hays, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson, Mrs. Henry A. Wise Wood and Dr. and Mrs. John A. Hartwell.

HALT BOYS' WILD WEST TRIP

Lads Who Wanted to Rob Trains Caught at Ticket Office.

The career of two boys as future Western "bad men" was cut short yesterday afternoon when they were arrested in the Pennsylvania station as they were purchasing tickets for Pittsburgh. Detectives Devery and Cosgrove of the Greenpoint Avenue (Brooklyn) Station said later when the boys were sent to the Children's Society as juvenile delinquents that they had confessed to five apartment thefts in the Greenpoint section within a period of one week.

The two prisoners, William Kindorf, 14 years old, of 137 Huron Street, and John Hollick, 15 years old, of 140 Huron Street, both of Brooklyn, said they showed several schoolmates two large pistols and said that they intended to become train robbers. The detectives waited around the ticket agent's window in the station until the boys came up to the boys at 4 o'clock, when they arrested them.

DESCRIBES SLAYING OF CHICAGO POLICE

Driver of Alleged Labor Death Car Names Two Companions, Examiners Assert.

SAYS ONE FIRED SHOTS

New Evidence, Authorities Declare, Draws Net Tighter Around Indicted "Big Three" of Unions.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 18.—New evidence was reported to have been unearthed today which, it was said, drew tighter the net officials are seeking to draw about "Big Tim" Murphy, Fred Mader and "Con" Shea, the "Big Three" labor leaders indicted for murder.

Chief Fitzmorris said he considered the State's case against the "Big Three" to be considerably stronger than when the murder indictments were returned. A Lithuanian lodging house keeper further implicates two men whom John Miller, confessed driver of the death car, named as his companions, State's Attorney Crowe announced.

The lodging house keeper, who lives near the Miller home, asserted he saw Miller and two other men cleaning weapons in the back yard of the driver's home the day before the bombings and murders.

Two men reported taken in Ohio are thought to have been companions of Miller in the death car when Lieutenant Lyons and Policeman Clark were slain.

Detective Sergeant Martin was reported to be returning from Wilkes-Barre with the man arrested there Wednesday on suspicion of being implicated in the labor outrages.

Miller has admitted a number of facts surrounding the trip of the death car and has named two of his companions, the police say, but they examine him daily at the Austin Avenue Station, in the belief that he has so far failed to tell a complete story.

The two he named, according to the police, are Charles Daudzauskis, alias "Fedinick," alias "Slim," and "Floater" Stanley. The reputations of both of these men are declared by the police to be unsavory.

"Paudzauskis and Stanley asked me to drive them around as they had a job on hand and wanted to look the ground over," the police say Miller confessed.

"They told me to drive them down to Twentysecond and Lumber Streets. When we got there a policeman came up and stopped us. Paudzauskis drew a gun and fired when he was being searched. We drove away but a police car later drove up and ordered us to halt. Again Daudzauskis fired.

"We deserted the car and I reported it stolen to the police."

Information received today by Captain Gallery of the Rogers Park Police Station indicated that the fire in the apartment building at 7,715 Sheridan Road was set by boys at play Tuesday night, and not in reprisal for the employment of workers under the Landis award.

Captain Gallery said his investigation revealed that all workers in the building were union members, and, therefore, no reason was apparent why revenge should be sought. Fire Attorney High, however, said he was not satisfied with this theory and was continuing his inquiry. Mrs. Frances Choate, a resident of the adjoining building, today said she was misquoted in earlier reports that a stranger on the night of the fire shouted "hat" to hell with the Landis award." The man did not mention the Landis award, she asserted.

SAYS WETS MADE NO GAINS.

Prohibition Leaders Analyze Results in Pennsylvania.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—Prohibition leaders stated tdoay that the voting in Pennsylvania had been favorable to them. Wayne B. Wheeler, general counsel for the Anti-Saloon League, said that while "drys" expected to suffer a slight loss, the results showed that beer and wine candidates were not the winners.

The Legislative Department of the league issued an analysis of the Pennsylvania voting, which read:

"In the Twenty-ninth District Otto L. Nick of Erie ran on a beer and wine platform and got only about one vote in four. Milton Shreve was renominated.

"In the Twelfth District Harris Hamlin made beer and wine the dominant issue and was overwhelmingly defeated by Congressman Clarence D. Coughlin.

"In the Sixteenth District Charles Wolfe, appealing to the wet element, was defeated by the present Congressman, Edgar R. Kiess.

"Joseph T. Mayhugh, the wet opponent of Clyde Kelly in the Thirty-third District, received 4,986 votes. Kelly, a well-known dry leader, had 10,508.

"Congressman William J. Burke, who included beer and wine as one of the planks of his platform, was defeated by Senator Pepper by over 200,000.

"There were two wet candidates favoring beer and wine opposed to Congressman Darrow, who was renominated by over 4,000 votes. Congressman Focht was defeated for re-nomination by his opponent, Judge Edwin M. Beers, who has a consistent dry record.

"In two or three other districts the present Congressmen are probably defeated but their opponents are not unsatisfactory to the dry forces."

Gets $10,000 for Catching Bandits.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., May 18.—The Niagara Falls Trust Company paid today to Chief of Detectives George H. Callinan of this city the reward of $10,000 offered for the arrest and capture of the six automobile bandits who held up employes of the company's bank on Oct. 31, stole over $12,000 and shot and killed a city policeman. The bandits were captured and are now in Auburn Prison.

DEMAND 21% CUT IN HARD COAL WAGES

Operators in Counter-Proposal to Miners Say Rise Is Out of the Question.

FORESEE LOWER PRICES

Want Five-Year Contracts and Arbitration Board to Settle Disputes.

The anthracite coal operators yesterday replied to the demands of the United Mine Workers for wage increases by submitting counter-demands calling for wage reductions averaging about 21 per cent. Union officials immediately announced that the proposals had been rejected, but that they would be considered together with the miners' demands, as a basis for future negotiations.

Philip Murray, International Vice President of the United Mine Workers, said that the anthracite miners would remain on strike until their demands for a 20 per cent. wage increase had been granted, or some other satisfactory settlement had been reached.

Declaring that the proposed wage cuts were made with a view of reducing coal prices, the operators proposed a $1.20-per-day reduction in day labor rates, establishing a $3 minimum wage for unskilled men in the industry. Replying to the miners' demand for a 20 per cent. increase in contract miners' rates, the mine owners proposed an 18 per cent. reduction, cutting the pay of these miners—the skilled men—who now average $8.25 a day, about $1.25 per shift. Reduction of 72 cents a day was also asked in the pay of the boys, who now make from $2.45 to $2.96.

Ask Arbitration Board.

The operators' answer, which was presented to the union representatives at a conference in the Union League Club, also proposed that future wage agreements should be made for five years, subject to annual adjustment, instead of the two-year contract demanded by the union. When agreement cannot be reached, the mine owners urge that the Presiding Judge of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Third Judicial District be permitted to appoint a commission of five persons to determine the proper wage rates to avert strikes.

The proposal will be formally considered by the full Scale Committee of the anthracite miners this afternoon. A formal reply rejecting the operators' counter-proposals would be prepared, union leaders said. A letter accompanying the counter-demands said:

"It is evident that the present economic situation demands a substantial decrease in wages if a normal production of anthracite coal is to continue and reasonably steady employment is to be provided. Therefore, in lieu of the wage program submitted by you, the operators propose an agreement embodying the following terms:

"Contract rates shall be decreased 18 per cent. below the rates established by the United States Anthracite Coal Commission in August, 1920.

"Day rates of men shall be reduced $1.20 per shift below the rates established by the United States Anthracite Coal Commission in August, 1920.

"Day rates of boys shall be reduced 72 cents per day below the rates established by the United States Anthracite Coal Commission in August, 1920.

"This general wage structure represents an average decrease of approximately 21 per cent., and will therefore fully maintain the purchasing value of the wages as established by the Anthracite Coal Commission in 1920. It provides a minimum rate of 37½ cents an hour for unskilled men employed outside the mines, with relatively higher rates for other occupations requiring skill and experience."

The letter was signed by Samuel D. Warriner, President of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company; W. J. Richards, President of the Reading Coal and Iron Company; W. W. Inglis of the Glenn Alden Coal Company and W. L. Connell, who represents the independent operators.

To Reduce Prices.

"We have presented these proposals with the view of reducing coal prices," said Mr. Warriner. "We could not possibly meet the demands of the miners for wage increases, knowing that coal prices must be cut soon. We have made a fair and square proposal with the interest of the public in view. Wages must also come down in the anthracite region, because we are getting to come into competition with bituminous smokeless coal, which is being mined much cheaper."

Vice President Murray said the operators were "neither straightforward with the consumer nor fair to the mine workers," adding that the operators are attempting to deceive the public by creating the impression that a reduction in wages would be followed by a decline in the price of coal to the consumer. As a matter of fact the labor cost of producing coal is only one-fourth of the retail price, and a reduction in wages of 20 per cent. would amount to a saving of only 5 per cent., or about 70 cents per ton to the consumer. By proposing a wage reduction," he said, "the operators are attempting to create a smoke screen to conceal the real condition of affairs."

The next joint conference will be held next week when the miners will reply to the operators' counter-proposals.

PROMISES MINE INQUIRY.

Rabbi Wise Accepts the Challenge of the Coal Operators.

Rabbi Stephens S. Wise, in an address on behalf of the miners relief fund in the Town Hall last night, accepted the challenge of the coal operators to investigate conditions in the West Virginia region, and said that "long before it is completed the operators will be sorry they extended the invitation to us." The speaker said that "the people of New York are going to get the facts about West Virginia and the brutal assaults on the thousands of miners of America.

"American democracy and the spirit of the New River operators can not coexist," he added. "One or the other must go, and it will not be democracy.

"We are going to make the investigation," said Rabbi Wise, "but it will not be paid for by the coal operators. I believe the time has come when conditions in West Virginia can not continue to go unchanged and unchallenged—no longer can that State break down the spirit and substance of American democracy."

Rev. Mercer Green Johnston of Baltimore announced that he had been authorized by the United Mine Workers to challenge T. L. Lewis, Secretary of the New River Coal Operators' Association, or any of the West Virginia coal operators to debate in Carnegie Hall next week the question of whether reports regarding conditions were "real or fictitious." The miners would pay one-half of the expense of hiring the auditorium, he said.

More than $1,200 was contributed to the relief fund by the audience.

Gets Separation From Wife Who Didn't Cook Breakfasts

Justice Benedict, sitting in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn, yesterday ruled that "failure to cook a man's breakfast" is ground for a separation and granted a decree to Henry Springler of 169 South Oxford Street, who sued his wife, Mrs. Margaret Springler of 481 Eighty-second Street, Brooklyn.

Springler testified that in the four years of their married life his wife had never cooked his breakfast. Mrs. Springler admitted that she had cooked for her husband only about a score of times, and said this was because when she would get a breakfast for him he would refuse to eat the food and say she didn't know how to cook. This Springler denied.

Although Springler won his suit, Mrs. Springler got the custody of their two children, 3 years and 4 weeks of age. Springler was ordered to pay $10 a week for their support.

WOMAN ARRESTED AS TAXICAB ROBBER

Accused of Taking a $1,500 Fur Coat in a Hold-Up in Pelham Manor.

SAID TO HAVE HAD PISTOL

Salesman for A. Paul, Furrier, Declared She Held It to His Head and Made Him Get Out.

Guarded by two policemen Mrs. Josephine DeCioccio, 28 years old, who said she was a milliner and lived at 133 West 112th Street, was taken to Pelham Manor yesterday and locked up after she had been identified as the woman who in January last held up a salesman for A. Paul, a furrier, at 741 Lexington Avenue, when they were riding in a taxicab in Pelham Manor and escaped with a fur coat owned by Paul and valued at $1,500. Mrs. DeCioccio, who the police allege has a criminal record, was arrested Wednesday night at Coney Island.

Chief of Police Philip Gorgan and Policeman Pierce of Pelham Manor identified her yesterday morning at Police Headquarters as the woman whom they had been seeking in connection with the robbery. They said that on the day of the robbery Mrs. DeCioccio called at the furrier's establishment and selected the coat. She is said to have told the furrier that she would take the coat to her home in Pelham and that her husband would send a check for it.

Paul refused to permit the woman to take the coat without being accompanied by one of his salesmen. When they were riding in the taxicab, the salesman later reported to Chief Gorgan, Mrs. de Cioccio pulled a pistol out of her muff, and, holding it at his head, ordered him out of the machine, ordered the chauffeur to drive her to the Hotel Astor, where she dismissed him after donning the fur coat. The woman denied any knowledge of the hold-up, but was identified by the salesman before Chief Gorgan started with her for Pelham Manor.

Detective Sergeant Marron identified Mrs. DeCioccio as a woman who, in 1920, he arrested for the theft of a coat under similar circumstances from Alexander Schardi, a furrier, of 2,488 Broadway. The coat was valued at $1,000, he said, and got possession of it after she had given a messenger a bogus check in payment.

Several hours after her arrival there she was arraigned before Police Justice Louis and remanded to the Westchester County Jail at White Plains for the Grand Jury. She pleaded not guilty through her attorney, William A. Fearon. The police informed the court that they feared to hold the woman in the local jail over night because they had been told that she was connected with a band of daring criminals in this city.

HELD UP IN GRAND CENTRAL.

Gullible Salesman Told He Was 'Trespassing'—Chauffeur Arrested.

James Creamer, 30, of 949 Amsterdam Avenue, a chauffeur, was arrested last night at Fifty-ninth Street and Seventh Avenue on a charge of attempted extortion, on complaint of Allen Mutty, a salesman, who came here from Boston Wednesday.

Mutty told the police he was approached by a man in the Grand Central Terminal Wednesday afternoon who said, "Don't you know this is private property? You can be arrested for trespassing here. Better dodge in here with me." Mutty said he followed the man into a waiting room and that three other men came up. Two of them showed shields and announced they were detectives.

"We've got you right for trespassing, but you can fix it up," said one of the men. "It will cost you $2,500."

Mutty told them he did not have $2,500 but he had $500 in a Boston bank. He promised to go to Boston to get the cash, and the men let him go when he handed them $20. They demanded that he meet them last night at Fifty-fourth Street and Seventh Avenue with the $500.

Mutty said he walked up to St. Patrick's Cathedral and asked a priest what he should do. The priest told him to notify the police. Mutty told Patrolman Quinn, at Fifty-third Street and Seventh Avenue, of the engagement. They waited a few moments, when, it is alleged, Creamer drove up in a taxicab and said: "The boys sent me to take you up to Fifty-ninth Street and Seventh Avenue."

Patrolman Quinn jumped in the taxicab with Mutty. At Fifty-ninth Street they could find no trace of the other men, and Patrolman Quinn arrested Creamer.

WIVES WANT BOLO ESTATE.

Both Sue Together in French Court for Traitor's Millions.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 19.—An echo of the famous Bolo Pasha case, which was carried into America by Mme. Storch, was heard here yesterday when the two wives of the traitor appeared before the First Chamber of the Civil Tribunal and demanded to share his estate.

According to the law of November 14, 1918, only part of an estate emanating from acts of treason is to be confiscated. The proceeds of Bolo Pasha's treason at the time of his trial was fixed by experts at 10,000,000 francs. The estate at recent valuation amounted to 23,000,000 francs.

It is this surplus that Mme. Soumaille, the traitor's real wife, and Mme. Muller, his second wife, whose marriage was annulled, are seeking. Mme. Soumaille, whose estate is legally separated from that of her husband, declares she entrusted 3,000,000 francs to Bolo Pasha for investment and no accounting of the sum was rendered by him after he went away with Mme. Muller. The latter seeks a part of the estate on the directly opposite grounds that their fortunes were united. The two women, strangely, are prosecuting the suit together.

It is understood that the trustee of the estate will contend that it is a question that all the fortune originated in Germany.

TAKE STEPS TO STOP COAL PROFITEERING

Fifty Non-Union Producers Agree on Plan for Price Fixing at Hoover Conference.

DAUGHERTY APPROVAL ASKED

Proposals to Be Submitted to 1,500 Mines Still Operating Despite Strike.

MEETING OF ALL SOUGHT

Boards Would Adjust Charges on Garfield Rate Basis and Assure Supplies to Consumers.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—Fifty non-union mine operators who, despite the strike, are continuing to supply bituminous coal for consumers, met today with Secretary Hoover and agreed to co-operate in an effort to prevent speculation and profiteering in coal prices because of conditions caused by the strike.

Secretary Hoover said after the conference that he was by no means certain that the plan adopted would prove successful or that the fifty operators could influence the actions of the total of 1,500 mines now producing coal. The fifty, however, control something

STATE HESITATES ON VOTING MACHINES

Lyons Won't Make Contract Until Price Differences Are Explained.

EXPERIENCE OF BIG CITIES

Machines Are Unreliable and Impracticable, Hirshfield Investigator Declares.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 18.—No contract for voting machines for New York City will be closed by Secretary of State John J. Lyons until he obtains information as to why some counties in the State have paid more for the machines than others. Mr. Lyons wired the Boards of Elections of many counties asking for statements as to the cost of the machines and found many variations.

"I intend making an exhaustive investigation as to the difference in prices paid for the machines in various counties," said Mr. Lyons tonight. "I have already heard from a majority of the counties in which machines are being used, and these reports are practically unanimous as testifying to the satisfaction given by the machines, but they also show a considerable variance in prices."

Mr. Lyons said that he would have to receive an absolutely satisfactory explanation as to this variance before he would close any contract, and that any contract would be framed in accordance with the advice of the Attorney General.

William Conant of the Commissioner of Accounts' office testified yesterday before Commissioner David Hirshfield that voting machines were not in use in large cities anywhere in the United States except in a few localities in the northern part of the State of New York. The machines had been tried and discontinued, Mr. Conant said, in Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit, Minneapolis, Denver, Salt Lake City, Omaha, Des Moines, Los Angeles, Pittsfield and Sacramento.

Replying to the commissioner's questions, he said that he had made a thorough investigation of the whole proposition of voting machines and had come to the conclusion that they could not be successfully used in New York City; that they would disenfranchise an average of 120 voters in each of the 2,709 election districts because of slowness in recording each vote; that they were likely to get out of order in the midst of an election and tie up the whole district; that they were too cumbersome to handle and that they would add a tremendous amount to the annual expense for elections.

Says Livingston Opposed Machines.

Mr. Conant said that he had discovered that in 1915 the New York City Board of Elections had investigated the voting machines that were used in Rochester and Utica and had decided against installing them here. Commissioner Jacob A. Livingston, Republican, who is advocating the introduction of the machines now, was a member of a subcommittee of the board which had made the investigation, Mr. Conant said, and had agreed that their use would be not successful in New York. The type of machine used in Rochester and Utica, according to Mr. Conant, is the one manufactured by the Automatic Registering Machine Corporation of Jamestown, the company that submitted the only bid received by the Board of Elections on last Monday.

At noon as Mr. Conant took the stand yesterday, Commissioner Hirshfield asked him to give the results of his study into the subject of voting machines. After enumerating the cities wherein the machines had been tried and found wanting, the witness said that they had also been tried in various communities of Pennsylvania, Michigan, Ohio, New Jersey, Minnesota and Kansas, and that the results in all the States was about the same. In New Jersey, he said, they tried the machines in a few places for about eight years. Then the voters raised such objections that in 1911 the law permitting their use was repealed.

The people, he said, complained that they had to vote blindfold, and were not sure that their preferences were recorded as they desired.

Says Votes Would Be Lost.

"In your opinion," asked Commissioner Hirshfield, "how would they affect voting in New York City?"

"There are 2,709 election districts in the City of New York," said Mr. Conant. "The average number of voters in an election district is 400. The polling places are open on election day from 6 o'clock in the morning until 9 o'clock in the evening, making twelve hours. This would give the voter one and one-fifth minutes within which to vote, which time is not sufficient, according to the experience in Chicago and elsewhere, and would leave 120 voters in each election district without an opportunity to vote. Therefore, the number of election districts would have to be increased, which would mean so many more voting machines to be purchased, and so many more election officials to be employed or more than one voting machine would have to be installed in one election district.

"Of course that is based entirely upon the assumption that the machine will be in good working order and will not get out of order all day and will record the votes every minute during the twelve hours it is in use, and that is another thing which the investigation shows is improbable, because in most of the places the machines do get out of order and have to be repaired or reset on election day and the voting is delayed."

Could Not Discard Paper Ballots.

Continuing his testimony, Mr. Conant said that in 1915, Edward F. Boyle, Maurice M. McKee, James Kane and Jacob A. Livingston, constituting the Board of Elections, had sent Commissioners Boyle and Livingston to investigate the use of the machines in Utica and Rochester. He described portions of their report on the subject.

"This report shows," said Mr. Conant, "that from the standpoint of economy the use of voting machines would not save money, but on the contrary, judging by the experience of the City of Utica, the expense would be greater than under the present form of paper ballots.

"This subcommittee further reported that the machines could not be used at primary elections in the City of New York, which would mean that the regular election machinery would have to be set up for primary days; also that these machines are not properly adapted for the use of Presidential electors and that, in all probability, it would be necessary to use paper ballots in addition to voting machines at Presidential elections."

After listening to Mr. Conant's testimony, Commissioner Hirshfield stated that the machines had not materially changed since the report had been made.

"It is surprising," he said, "to see Commissioner Livingston now agitating for the same kind of voting machine that he found to be so faulty and impractical several years ago."

Clarissa Vance, Actress, Wed Mar. 12

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., May 18.—A marriage license filed at the Town Clerk's office announces the marriage of Philip Dekker, 35, Massapequa, N. Y., theatrical business, and Clarissa Vance, 41, actress, actress of New York City, the daughter of James S. Black, on March 12 by Justice of the Peace Albert E. Hall here.

COMMISSION GRANTS GAS CASE REHEARING

City Petition Fights Rate for Quality of Gas Provided by Kings County Company.

A petition filed with the Public Service Commission yesterday by the city says that, according to the National Bureau of Standards, gas of the quality of 525 British thermal units can be made and sold at a reasonable profit for $1.15 per thousand cubic feet. The Kings County Lighting Company, which manufactures this grade of gas, is charging $1.40.

A rehearing on the order permitting the company to make heat gas was set for next Monday afternoon on application by Assistant Corporation Counsel Hyatt, who said the city's gas expert would need the intervening time to prepare his objection to the order.

Samuel B. Moran, counsel for the company, described the city's attitude as "unreasonable," because it had had all the time needed for presentation of the facts. The commission's order was made in April and went into effect yesterday. It is contended that 650 heat units are equivalent to twenty-two-candlepower gas and not 525 units, called for in the commission's order.

The dispute is considered of importance because it may determine the commission's attitude in fixing the quality of gas, in case an order for substitution of heat gas for candlepower gas is made for the entire city.

POLICEMEN SENTENCED FOR KILLING HIS CHUM

Good Record in Service Does Not Save Him—Gets Four to Ten Years in Sing Sing.

A sentence of from four to ten years in Sing Sing was imposed yesterday by Judge Mancuso, in General Sessions, on Policeman John P. Soden of the Glendale station, for shooting and killing John McGuinness, 36 years old, of 328 West Seventeenth Street, in a saloon at 60 Ninth Avenue on Jan. 20.

Soden, who is 29 years old, and lived at 8 Bethune Street, pleaded guilty to manslaughter in the first degree. J. H. Gilbert, his attorney, told the Court Soden had an excellent record as a policeman, having received honorable mention for shooting and killing a burglar and for rescuing a child at a fire. He also received honorable mention, the lawyer said, for rescuing another policeman who was being attacked by a band of criminals in a house in Seventh Avenue.

Judge Mancuso said that while it was true that Soden had distinguished himself as a policeman, the evidence against him showed that there was no excuse for the slaying of McGuinness. Soden and McGuinness had been schoolmates, and became involved in a quarrel in the saloon.

GRANT PICTURE BRINGS HIRSHFIELD INQUIRY

Finds Nothing to Connect City Officials With Any Attempt to Make Profit.

By direction of Mayor Hylan, David Hirshfield, Commissioner of Accounts, inquired yesterday into the facts regarding the attempt of Miss Laura C. Cogswell to sell to the city a picture of General U. S. Grant for $5,250, while the owner of picture, Christian S. Juell, offered the painting to the Board of Estimate on Wednesday for $500. Mr. Hirshfield announced after the hearing that he had discovered nothing to indicate that any Alderman or other city official had been mixed up in the matter and that so far as he was concerned the case was closed.

Miss Cogswell, who lives in Elmhurst, told the Commissioner, as she did the Board of Estimate on Wednesday, that Juell had commissioned her to dispose of the painting to the city for $5,250. Juell reiterated his denial of this. He said he had purchased the picture from Robert Hyman, an art dealer of 133 Liberty Street, for $300 and had spent about $200 in repairs on the frame and in retouching. Hyman testified that he had bought the painting from an art gallery in University Place several years ago for $100.

GIRL BEATS MAN IN THEATRE

Audience Gets Free Thrill, Her Annoyer Gets $30 Fine.

An incident foreign to the program at Loew's State Theatre, Broadway and Forty-fifth Street, yesterday afternoon, gave the audience an unexpected thrill. A woman shrieked and began to pummel a man, who made a rush from a seat in front to an exit, the woman following. The incident ended in the West Side Court, where Magistrate Simpson offered the man a choice of $30 or thirty days for his "performance." He paid the fine.

The girl, who said she was Gerda Carlsen, a stenographer, of 320 East Eighty-fourth Street, accused the man, Arthur Holland, 50 years old, a jewelry manufacturer, of annoying her. She hit him, she said, and when he ran she followed, hitting as often as she could.

At the West Forty-seventh Street station, where Holland was brought at Miss Carlsen's request, she said that once before she had beaten an annoyer. At that time the policeman advised her to have the next offender arrested.

"I did both today," she said, "and I am glad of it."

In court Holland denied having annoyed the girl intentionally. If he did, he said, it was because he had a coat in one hand and his hat and an umbrella in the other. He has an office at 15 Maiden Lane. He said he was unmarried.

EIGHT OVER 55 END LIVES.

Suicide Epidemic is Reported in Yonne Department in France.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 18.—An epidemic of suicide has broken out in the Department of Yonne, and seven persons have killed themselves in the last forty-eight hours. All the suicides are men over 55 years of age—the eldest being 81. Four drowned themselves, two in wells, one in a neighboring pond and one in a canal. Three hanged themselves in their homes.

In addition to this toll a nineteen-year-old domestic was found by the police under circumstances that suggest suicide, though the official findings are not yet made public.

R. N. Pearce, Broker, Discharged.

Magistrate Joseph E. Corrigan yesterday in the Tombs Court discharged Robert N. Pearce, 38 years old, a marine insurance broker, who said he lived at 108 East Eighty-second Street, after an examination of a charge that in Dec., 1921, he appropriated $5,827 from Siegfried N. Eben, an insurance broker, with an office in the Times Building. Mr. Pearce had been released in $5,000 bail when he was arrested on his return from Europe several weeks ago. Assistant District Attorney Baldwin told the Magistrate that he had insufficient evidence on which to proceed with the charge.

LAWYER TO CONTEST WIFE'S SECOND WILL

Mrs. Gilbert Ray Hawes Leaves $2,000 for Husband's Use to Get Into Home for Aged.

ALLEGES UNDUE INFLUENCE

Says Mutual Wills Made 13 Years Before Gave Entire Estate to Either—Blames a Relative.

Two wills of Mrs. Gertrude D. Hawes, wife of Gilbert Ray Hawes, for more than thirty years a lawyer and of late years a specialist in cases pertaining to the Torrens land registration law, were filed in the Surrogate's Court yesterday. Mrs. Hawes, who died at 229 Riverside Drive on May 8, made a will on July 28, 1919, giving only $2,000 to her husband, whose address is given as 126 Lexington Avenue. The will was offered for probate by Agnes E. Dunlop of 229 Riverside Drive, sister of Mrs. Hawes, who got $10,000; $6,500 went to their mother Mrs. Mary W. Dunlop, widow of Dr. Clark W. Dunlop, who left a large estate some years ago. Mrs. Hawes said that these amounts represented money she had borrowed. She divided her residuary estate among those named and two other sisters, Helen D. Hutchinson of Sewickley, Pa., and Marie L. Taylor of Portland, Ore. The estate is estimated at $35,000 in real estate and $16,000 in personal property.

In explaining the bequest to her husband, Mrs. Hawes recommended that he use it for admission "into a well-regulated institutional home for the aged." Mrs. Hawes, who was involved in much litigation over her father's estate, added:

"I consider him more capable than I am of making a living. Although for the last ten years, through my efforts, I have paid every household and personal expense of both of us, I have kept up all expenses connected with my properties and have paid thousands of dollars for law suits into which my husband has drawn me."

At about the same time that Miss Dunlop filed her sister's will, Mr. Hawes filed one made in 1906, which gave him the entire estate. He went before Deputy Clerk Nagle later in the day and said he would contest the 1919 will and asked that he be appointed administrator of the estate, pending the contest. He said in his petition to be appointed administrator that in 1906 he bought two apartment houses at 305 West Eighty-fifth Street and 341 West 144th Street, with money he had earned, that they were valued at more than $175,000 and yielded an income of $30,000.

Lawyer Hawes said that because of the affection then existing between him and his wife he put the properties in her name and they then made mutual wills, under which the survivor was to take the property of the other. He alleges that when his wife made this will in 1906 she understood and declared that it would "remain irrevocable." He contends that his sister-in-law influenced his wife against him in late years.

EGYPT'S COTTON DILEMMA.

Powerful Syndicate Pressing the Government to Buy More.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CAIRO, May 18.—It is reported here that the Egyptian Agricultural Syndicate is agitating for the Government to buy greater quantities of cotton from the market at Alexandria, as the 2,000 bales already purchased, it is stated, are insufficient.

It is understood that the Government has no funds available, but is anxious to placate the syndicate if possible. The Government faces financial embarrassment or the hostility of the powerful syndicate of landowners.

OBJECT TO "THE HAIRY APE"

Arthur Hopkins Says the Police Complain of Eugene O'Neill's Play.

Charges that Eugene O'Neill's play, "The Hairy Ape," is "obscene, indecent and impure" have been made by the Police Department, and a copy of O'Neill's manuscript has been forwarded to Chief City Magistrate McAdoo, according to a statement issued yesterday by Arthur Hopkins, part producer of the show at the Plymouth Theatre. Although Mr. Hopkins's statement was that the manuscript had been sent to Magistrate McAdoo "at his request," the Magistrate last night denied knowing anything about it.

At the West Forty-seventh Street Station all knowledge of any plan to case the O'Neill theatrical animal was disclaimed by Captain Donohue. And efforts to reach Mr. Hopkins for a copy of a letter he was reported to have received—a missive that was supposed to hint darkly at certain parts of the Penal Code—were fruitless.

In a letter to Owen Davis of the Authors' League the producer suggested that it was high time the jury plan of passing on plays went into effect. Mr. Hopkins said his own idea in producing "is, and always has been, a better theatre."

ANOTHER OPERA NOVELTY.

Russian Singers to Give Moussorgsky's "Khovantchina."

"The Snow Maiden" was sung for the second time by the Russian Opera Company last evening at the New Amsterdam, a performance complete in modern scenic detail by Russian artists and carrying a new wealth of native comedy by these singing actors from Russia also. A change of order for the rest of the week brings "Pique Dame" this evening, "Eugen Onegin" tomorrow afternoon and "Boris Godunov" tomorrow night. Seven different operas staged in a fortnight by the visiting troupe are already one more than the total of six Russian productions, only four being duplicates, known hitherto, on operatic Broadway. Mr. Fedoroff now promises to add two more, Tchaikovsky's "Christmas Eve" in the coming third week, and during a fourth week Moussorgsky's "Khovantchina."

Actors' Fidelity Performance May 28

The annual public performance of the Actors' Fidelity League will take place at the Knickerbocker Theatre on Sunday night, May 28. Among those who will appear will be Mrs. Fiske, May Irwin, Mr. and Mrs. Coburn, Ina Claire, Eileen Hulson, Lenore Ulric, Frances Starr, Julia Arthur, Janet Beecher, Helen Hayes, Gladys Hanson, George M. Cohan, William Collier, Lotta Mann and Holbrook Blinn.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"The Hat Guardian" will be withdrawn from the Princess Theatre tomorrow night.

The premiere of "Lady Fingers" at Henry Miller's Theatre has been postponed to Thursday, June 1.

Margaret Anglin and her husband, Howard Hull, have sailed for Greece. They were accompanied by Livingston Platt.

With the closing of "What the Public Wants" Louis Calvert will return to his original role in "He Who Gets Slapped" next Monday.

"The Rotters," which comes to the Fulton next Theatre next Monday, will open in Stamford tonight.

MUSIC NOTES.

The Board of Directors of the Associated Orchestral Society has elected Chalmers Clifton of Cincinnati as musical director for the next season.

Harold Berkley has been appointed as head of the violin and ensemble departments of the Music Institute of Cleveland, O.

Christian Kriens leads the Kriens Symphony Club and Plainfield Orchestra in a concert tomorrow night at Carnegie Hall.

A. Mannaio, a boy violinist, contesting an orchestra of young players gave his evening at Aeolian Hall.

PRESENT ARMOUR NOTES IN CASE AGAINST SMALL

Total of $11,500,000 Purchases Shown—Checks for $400,000 Interest Also Exhibited.

Special to The New York Times.

WAUKEGAN, May 18.—Notes of Armour & Co. for $11,500,000 and checks for more than $400,000 paid in interest were introduced as evidence today at the trial of Governor Len Small on charges of conspiracy to defraud the State of interest on State Treasury funds.

The documents represent the prosecution contends, part of the deals amounting to $29,000,000 with the "Great Park Bank." The Armour notes were bought by the late Senator E. C. Curtis and his brother, Vernon S. Curtis, on days closely following the depositing of State funds in the "Grant Park Bank." The interest rates on the notes varied from 5½ to 5¾ per cent. Nowhere in the transaction did the name of the "Grant Park Bank" appear, but the name of one of the Curtises only.

The notes, checks and also loose leaf ledger pages, recording the transaction as among "bills payable," were identified by Frederick W. Croll, Vice President and Treasurer of the Armour Company.

The defense objected to the admission of the evidence, but Judge Edwards allowed it to go on the records, reserving a final ruling on some of it till more was introduced.

ELECTROTYPER PAY STANDS.

Arbitrators Decide That $59.50 a Week is Just Wage.

Foundrymen and other workers employed in New York electrotyping plants will continue to receive $59.50 a week under an arbitration decision made public yesterday by former Judge George H. Lambert of Newark, Chairman of a committee composed of two representatives of the employers and two members of Electrotypers' Union No. 100. The employers had sought a reduction to $52 a week. The decision affects 350 mechanics in forty-five foundries.

"The printing industry in matters of circulation and advertising largely increased from 1914 to 1920," Judge Lambert said in his decision. "In 1921 the printing industry decreased but remained above normal, and it is fair to assume that the income from such industry was greatly increased prior to the 1921. The demand for labor continued as great as ever and all electrotypers are still steadily employed.

"After having considered all the briefs and evidence produced, your Chairman feels that there should be no decrease in the scale of wages of the foundrymen and apprentices at the present time."

OUTLINES PURPOSES OF TEACHER INQUIRY

Advisory Council Says It is Merely to Aid the Commissioner of Education.

ITS FINDINGS NOT BINDING

Asserts It Does Not Try, but Scrutinizes the Fitness of Candidates.

The Advisory Council on Qualifications of Teachers of the State of New York, composed of Hugh Frayne, Olivia Loventritt, Conde B. Pallen and Archibald E. Stevenson, to clear up "a misapprehension" as to the council's purpose and its procedure, in a statement yesterday said:

"The council is created to assist the Commissioner of Education of the State in carrying out the obligation imposed upon him by Chapter 666 of the Laws of 1921, the provisions of which impose upon him the duty of determining the good moral character and loyalty of the teachers now employed or hereafter to be employed in the public schools of this State. There are approximately 57,000 teachers employed or hereafter to be employed in the public schools of this State. At the suggestion of the Teachers' Council, a body made up of delegates elected by the public school teachers of this city, this Advisory Council was created.

"The public should understand that the teachers who come before the council are not under charges and are not being tried. The position of a school teacher under this law is in a measure similar to a candidate for membership in a club. No charges are preferred, but the committee on admissions attempts to make a careful scrutiny into the fitness of the candidate. The council also desires to make clear that its findings are in no way binding upon the Commissioner. The purpose of the council is to lay before him such facts as may assist him in reaching his conclusions. It is in the conviction of the council that the public school system should be carried on primarily in the interests of the pupils, and that the parents are entitled to have their children taught by duly qualified teachers, both as to their loyalty to the State and to the Federal Government of this country.

"It is the policy of the council to admit an attorney representing any of the applicants that appear before it so that their legal rights may be duly safeguarded. To protect any applicant from undue publicity the council has adopted the policy of making its proceedings entirely confidential between the applicant and itself. Its procedure is in no sense that of a star chamber trial.

"If it had not been for outside interference, perhaps due to mistaken zeal, the names of those called before the council would not have become public. Several of the cases cited in the current issues of the newspapers do an injustice both to the council and to the applicant."

Henry R. Linville, President of the Teachers' Union, said the council was not only examining into the character of teachers, but also it was looking into their views, especially as to their beliefs in various forms of government. He declared it was untrue that the personnel of the council had been suggested by the Teachers' Council, but that the council had been suggested by William J. McAuliffe, President of the Teachers' Council, characterized by Mr. Linville as "a thoroughly undemocratic and unrepresentative organization." Mr. Linville said that the council was acting on written charges which were presented to them from sources which they would not reveal, and that the charges were being heard in secret.

Hugh Frayne, New York representative of the American Federation of Labor, will be asked to explain to the Central Trades and Labor Council at a special meeting next Thursday night his presence on the Advisory Council. This was decided last night at the regular meeting of the Labor Council.

A resolution was introduced calling for the resignation of Mr. Frayne from the council, setting forth that his presence on the council implied labor's sanction of the Lusk laws. Later, on motion of Abraham Lefkowitz, a delegate from the Teachers' Union, it was decided to withdraw the resolution, and instead hold a special meeting at which Mr. Frayne would be given a chance to explain. Speakers objected to the "star chamber" proceedings of the council in investigating teachers.

RESPITE FOR ROSENWASSER

Condemned Man Had Kissed Family Good-Bye When News Came.

Three hours before he was to have died in the electric chair at Sing Sing last night, Julius Rosenwasser was notified by a keeper that Governor Miller had granted a week's respite. The prisoner nearly fainted from joy.

A few minutes before the news arrived Rosenwasser had kissed his wife, mother and son good-bye for what they thought was the last time. His family returned to New York before the news arrived. They were grieving in the belief that he was dead until they were notified of his respite.

The delay will permit Rosenwasser's counsel to submit newly discovered evidence bearing on the prisoner's guilty. Governor Miller signed the order for a stay of execution last evening at the Republican Club here, after Louis Marshall had seconded the appeal of attorneys for the condemned man. Rosenwasser was found guilty of participating in the murder of Jacob Maurer for his money on the east side two years ago.

Names Woman Building Superintendent.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—Mrs. Harriet Dek Woods of Illinois was nominated today by President Harding to be Superintendent of the Congressional Library building and grounds.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HTS. DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

Winter Garden 50th St. & B'y. Evs. 8:30. Matinee Tomorrow. EDDIE CANTOR in MAKE IT SNAPPY With MAX HALPERIN.

39th St. Thea. Gr'nd Next Monday Seats Now THE ROTTERS (The tale of a respectable family) A satirical comedy by H. F. Maltby With a Selected Cast

SELWYN THEATRE, W. 42d St. Prods. at 8.15. Mat. Wed. & Sat. $1.50 No Higher BARNEY BERNARD and ALEXANDER CARR in Abe and Mawruss "PARTNERS AGAIN" By Montague Glass & Jules Eckert Goodman.

LAST 2 TIMES. LAST MAT. TO-MORROW. Evs. 8:30. Last Mat. Tm'w. 2:30. COMEDY West 41st St. Tel. Bry. 3244. WHITESIDE in THE HINDU

TIMES SQ. W. 42d St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Tomor'w & Thurs. 2:30. THE CHARLATAN

Greenwich Village Thea. 7th Av. & 4th St. Evs. 8:30. Cleverest Comedy "BILLETED" Matinee of the season! TOMORROW

BOOTH WEST 45TH ST. EVES. 8:30. MATS. TOM'W & WED. 2:30. THE NEW COMEDY BY A. A. MILNE THE TRUTH ABOUT BLAYDS with G. P. Huntley and Alexandra Carlisle.

CASINO Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. A CARLTON PRODUCTION. JULIA SANDERSON in TANGERINE Best Seats $2.50. Comedy Series

LAST 3 TIMES WHAT THE PUBLIC WANTS A COMEDY BY ARNOLD BENNETT. GARRICK, 65 W. 35th. Last Mat. Tom'w

MOVED TO GARRICK NEXT MONDAY HE WHO GETS SLAPPED

PLAYHOUSE W. 48th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:30. "UP THE LADDER" With DORIS KENYON.

48TH ST. Thea. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Thurs. THE NEST With LUCILLE WATSON.

NOW SHOWING AT THE APOLLO THEATRE, W. 42nd ST. Mats. 2:30. Eves. 8:30. POPULAR PRICES 50-75-1.00 No Higher—All Seats Reserved

WILLIAM FOX presents Silver Wings with MARY CARR Appearing in person every show. HAPPINESS, INTRIGUE and ROMANCE

CENTURY Th., 62d, Cent. Pk. W. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Wed., 2:30. Tessa Kosta—James Barton—Marion Green in THE ROSE of STAMBOUL

SHUBERT Thea., 44, W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Matinee Tom'w & Wed., 2:30. Frances White—Taylor Holmes in the Musical Comedy THE HOTEL MOUSE

F. RAY COMSTOCK & MORRIS GEST Present GALIEFF'S Chauve Souris From MOSCOW—Direct from LONDON—PARIS THIRD EDITION. Phone Circle 8243. Evs. 8:30. MATS. TOMORROW & TUESDAY.

49TH ST. Ambassador BLOSSOM TIME

MOROSCO THEATRE, WEST 45TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. THE BEST MYSTERY PLAY IN TOWN! THE BAT 2nd Year

FULTON West 46th St. NEXT TUES. EVE. SEATS NOW SELLING ANNE NICHOLS' New Comedy "ABIE'S IRISH ROSE" With an All-Star Cast

REPUBLIC Th., 42d St. W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. MATS. WED. & SAT., 2:30. "Lawful Larceny"

ARE YOU ONE OF THE 199,597 People who have already seen the most talked of play in America, now at the ELTINGE THEA., W. 42d ST. Evs. 8:30. MATINEES WED. & SAT., 2:30

Broadhurst, 44 St. W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Last Mat. Tom'w. LAST 3 TIMES—Last Matinee Tomorrow MARJOLAINE with LENNOX PAWLE

MOVED TO BARRICK NEXT MONDAY HE WHO GETS SLAPPED

Maxine Elliott's 39th St. W. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. R. MAURICE RAMBEAU in a New Comedy THE GOLDFISH With WILTON LACKAYE.

44TH ST. THEATRE, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Thurs. CECIL LEAN & CLEO MAYFIELD in the "Hoop" Musical Comedy The BLUSHING BRIDE

BELMONT THE NEW HIT! W. 48. Bry. 48. Eves. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs. KEMPY with GRANT MITCHELL

ASTOR THEATRE, 45th & B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinee Tom'w & Wed., 2:30. MR. & MRS. COBURN in BRONX EXPRESS A Worthy Successor to "The Better 'Ole."

NORA BAYES THEA., W. 44 Last 2 Nts. Tomorrow MONTMARTRE LAST 3 PERFORMANCES.

LONGACRE W. 48th St. Evs. 8:30. Mat. TOMORROW 2:30. ETHEL LEVEY in "GO EASY MABEL." The Musical Comedy Difference with Estelle Winwood

Vanderbilt Theatre, W. 48 St. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:45. The Comedy Drama 'Fanny Hawthorn' By Shelley Hamilton (MIDDLE WAKES) ORCH. SEATS, For All Performances $2

6TH MONTH—BIJOU Mats. Tom'w and Wed. DOVER ROAD By A. A. MILNE With CHAS. CHERRY

LITTLE THEATRE, W. 44th St. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. at 2:30. The 1ST YEAR SEAT SALE BEG.

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. LAST MATINEE TO-MORROW, 2:30. FOR GOODNESS SAKE LAST 3 TIMES.

NATIONAL THEA., 41 St., W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. CAT AND THE CANARY MATINEES TO-MORROW AND WEDNESDAY

PRINCESS W. 39th St. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Tomorrow 2:30. THE RED GERANIUM The Twin Alert, Greenwich Village

RITZ Theatre, West 48th St. Evs. 8:30. Matinee Tomorrow & Wednesday 2:30. THE ADVERTISING of KATE

SHUBERT-RIVIERA 97th & B'way. Mat. Today & Sat. FRANCINE LARRIMORE in "RICH PEOPLE" NEXT WEEK WM. HODGE in BEWARE OF DOGS or The Law

EUGENE O'NEILL'S "THE HAIRY APE" Plymouth W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Tom'w & Thurs. 2:30.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:30. LAST 2 WEEKS Mats. Today & Wed. at 2:30. "DORIS KEANE GLORIOUS IN 'THE CZARINA'" EVE. WORLD.

LIBERTY WEST 42d ST. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed. at 2:30. TO THE LADIES! Helen Hayes Otto Kruger

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Thurs. 2:30. "IRENE BORDONI A New Comedy with a New Songs "THE FRENCH DOLL"

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs. at 2:30. Last time tomorrow evening of Lenore Ulric's performance as Kiki in the best finished piece of acting of the season. DAVID BELASCO Presents LENORE ULRIC as KIKI

GEO. M. COHAN THEATRE, B'way & 43d St. MATS. WED. & SAT. ED. WYNN "The Perfect Fool"

NEW AMSTERDAM THEA., W. 42 St. Eve. 8. Mat. Sat. 2. GEO. E. WOOD Presents Russian Grand Opera TONIGHT, Pique Dame; Tomorrow Mat., Eugen Onegin; Tom'w Night, Boris Godunov; Wed. Eve., Khovantchina; Wed. Matinee, Tsar Saltan; Thur. Snegourouchka; Fri., Boris Godunov; Sat. Mat., Eugen Onegin; Fri. Khovantchina (Music Eve.) First Time Here. Sat. Mat., Pique Dame; Sat. Eve., Khovantchina.

FRAZEE West 45th St. Evs. at 8:30. LAST 2 Last Mat. Tom'w 2:30. TIMES THE NIGHT CALL The Radio Mystery Play NEXT MONDAY BILLETED "Thrilled a Bit."—Telegraph.

Good Morning Dearie Musical Comedy GLOBE Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.

4th BIG MONTH! the RUBICON! with VIOLET HEMING HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. MATS. TOMOR'W & WED.

AMS. MUSIC HALL, B'way & 47 St. Mat. Sat. at 2:30. SHUFFLE ALONG Tel. Col. 1449. New Yes Sons. EDITH SPENCER

HARRIS W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. SAM H. HARRIS' ATTRACTIONS "A HUGE SUCCESS" SIX CYLINDER LOVE With ERNEST TRUEX

CORT W. 48 St. Bryant 10. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. WALLACE EDDINGER and MARY NASH in "CAPTAIN APPLEJACK" A New Comedy by Walter Ditmar.

MUSIC BOX W. 45th St. Phone Bryant 1476. Matinee Wed. at 2:30. IRVING BERLIN'S "MUSIC BOX REVUE" Written Collier, Florence Moore, Willie Howard, Joseph Santley, Ivy Sawyer, Patsy Kaye, Albert Hassell, Edward Emery. "FIRST MUSICAL SHOW EVER MADE IN AMERICA."—Gilbert.

STREET FAIR

PARK AVE.—46th to 50th.

Continued This Afternoon & Eve.

AMUSEMENT AND THRILLS FOR ALL

Benefit Asn. for Aid of Crippled Children.

Autographs

The demand for autographs of celebrated men and women is continuous. Possessors should give details in the Book Exchange of the Book Review and Magazine Section of The New York Times.

MOTION PICTURES

An Open Letter from William Fox about Nero

"Nero" heralds an epoch in the art of motion picture making. With pardonable pride I believe I can honestly say it transcends what has come before. It is symbolical of progress and high endeavor.

Here is a motion picture made, not by artisans, but by artists. It is a picture rich in drama, passion and elemental things, yet also anthologically and historically superb.

It is an absorbing story of sublime faith and sacrifice, of almost unbelievable tyranny and lust. The scenes were taken against some of the most beautiful backgrounds of Europe and in some of the most historic structures of the Old World.

"Nero" comes as an apostle of realism in the motion picture. The artists who had a hand in its making have given a fresh impetus to endeavor. I present it to the world as a climax of motion picture progress.

William Fox

NERO

THE CLIMAX OF MOTION PICTURE PROGRESS

STAGED BY J. GORDON EDWARDS

Story by Charles Sarver and Virginia Tracy

MUSIC COMPOSED AND ARRANGED BY ERNO RAPEE

LYRIC THEATRE, 42nd St., West of Broadway. Premiere Presentation Mon. Eve., May 22, 8:20 P. M.

THEREAFTER TWICE DAILY, 2:20 & 8:20. All Seats Reserved.

CAPITOL B'WAY at 51st STREET Beginning Sunday MACK SENNETT'S "The CROSSROADS of NEW YORK" COMEDY—ROMANCE—MELODRAMA in Six Parts. By the Producer of "Mickey" and "Molly O" Directed by Richard Jones

NOTE: Mack Sennett produces few pictures of feature length. This is his second this year. He has created something different. See it!

Presentations by ROTHAFEL

CRITERION B'WAY AT 44th St. The Sensation of Paris 'MISSING HUSBANDS' Adapted by Jacques Feyder from Pierre Benoit's Novel "L'ATLANTIDE." A METRO SUPER-SPECIAL.

RIVOLI GLORIA SWANSON B'way at 49 St. Rivoli Concert Orchestra

RIALTO Jack Holt & Bebe Daniels Times in "North of the Rio Grande" Square. Famous Rialto Orchestra.

STATE LOEW'S B'way & 45th St. Cont. 11 A.M. to 12 P.M. NORMA TALMADGE in "Smilin' Through." Marie Dressler, Elizabeth Risdon, "Dancing Mother."

STRAND MARK B'way at 47 St. Constance Talmadge in "The Primitive Lover" Strand Symphony Orch.

PLAZA Mat. 4sc. 6:30 P.M. CONSTANCE TALMADGE in "Polly of the Follies." Also Round 2 of "THE LEATHER PUSHERS."

CAMEO Dir. M. S. MORS 42d St., nr. B'way. Presents Pictures, Ind. Photos. BETTY BLYTHE in "HIS WIFE'S HUSBAND" Cont. 9:45 A. M. Sun. Pictos.

CAPITOL B'way at 51 St. GOLDWYN Presents "WATCH YOUR STEP" Capitol Grand Orchestra.

B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'way & 96 St. TED LEWIS and HIS METROPOLITAN BAND and 7 OTHER BIG ACTS.

COLUMBIA B'way Price Daily Popular 2 & 47th 25c & 50c Pictures CLARK and McCULLOUGH in "CHUCKLES OF 1922"

PALISADES AMUSEMENT PARK Opposite W. 130th St. Ferry. NOW OPEN. Free Circus. Fireworks. Band Concerts.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS STEEPLECHASE CONEY ISLAND NOW OPEN

LUNA CONEY ISLAND Pryor's Band ENTIRE SEASON Free Dancing. Free Circus.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

NEW! Commencing Sat., May 20th NEW!

OPENING THE SUMMER SEASON

The Cafe des Beaux-Arts

Telephone Longacre 7470 Management John & Emil. 50 West 40th Street

STEP ALONG REVUE

A MUSICAL PATH BORDERED WITH PRETTY GIRLS

PRODUCED BY ARTHUR KRETLOW

Nightly in the Rose Room at 7:30—Grill Room 8:30

DINNER $2.00. NO COUVERT CHARGE

Step Along to New York's Coolest Spot

Dancing 11:00 to Close The Exclusive Gold Room Midnight Revue

An Ideal ROOF GARDEN Atop the Beaux-Arts

—THE— KNICKERBOCKER GRILL

B'way & 42d St. ANNOUNCES The Exclusive Engagement of BASIL DURANT and Constance Bennett WHO WILL DANCE NIGHTLY In the New Supper Room Salle De La Luna

TELEPHONE BRY

DR. HAYS ELECTED BY PRESBYTERIANS

Johnstown Minister Made Moderator of General Assembly on First Ballot.

ONLY TWO CANDIDATES UP

Big Majority of Presbyteries Vote to Permit Ordination of Women as Deacons.

Special to The New York Times.

DES MOINES, Iowa, May 18.—The Rev. Dr. Calvin C. Hays, pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Johnstown, Pa., was elected Moderator of the One Hundred and Thirty-fourth Annual General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church this afternoon.

Dr. Hays won over the Rev. Dr. Cleland B. McAfee, Professor of Systematic Theology in McCormick Theological Seminary, Chicago, and formerly of Brooklyn. He has been for sixteen years President of the Pennsylvania State Anti-Saloon League.

There were 891 votes cast. Of these 512 went to Dr. Hays and 379 to Dr. McAfee.

Dr. Hays and Dr. McAfee were the only men nominated. Up to late last night it was expected two others would be nominated. One was the Rev. Dr. Daniel Russell, pastor of Rutgers Church, New York City, and the other the Rev. Dr. W. Beatty Jennings, pastor of First Church, Germantown, Pa. Both decided this morning not to run, as it was seen that the sentiment had crystallized about Dr. Hays and Dr. McAfee.

Nominated by Dr. Thompson.

The Rev. Dr. William O. Thompson, President of Ohio State University, made the nominating speech for Dr. Hays, and the Rev. Dr. John B. Laird, pastor of the Frankford Church, Philadelphia, seconded the nomination.

Dr. McAfee was nominated by the Rev. Dr. Raymond MacDonald Huston, pastor of the Classon Avenue Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn. Dr. McAfee was for eight years pastor of the Lafayette Avenue Church in Brooklyn. His nomination was seconded by the Rev. Dr. Robert Freeman, pastor at Pasadena, Cal.

As soon as the result of the votes was announced Dr. McAfee moved that the election of Dr. Hays be made unanimous. This was done, and Dr. Thompson and Dr. Huston were appointed to escort Dr. Hays to the platform.

The new moderator was formally welcomed by the Rev. Dr. Henry Chapman Swearingen of St. Paul, the retiring moderator, and made a formal speech of acceptance.

The Commissioners paused to give an ovation to Dr. Swearingen for his services to the Church and to express to him and his wife the sympathy of the assembly on the death last month of his only son.

Dr. Hays was born sixty years ago in Middle Springs, Pa. He is a son of the late Rev. Dr. Isaac N. Hays and a nephew of the late Dr. George P. Hays, President of Washington and Jefferson College, Washington, Pa. The new moderator has an unbroken line of 400 years of Presbyterian blood in his veins. He is a Trustee of Washington and Jefferson College. He was until recently President of the Board of Directors of Western Theological Seminary, Pittsburgh, of which he is an alumnus.

Dr. Hays has been for twenty years President of the Home Mission Society of the Synod of Pennsylvania. He is a member of the Board of Home Missions, New York City. He has been pastor at Johnstown thirty-one years. His only other pastorate was at Bridgeport, Ohio.

The assembly opened this morning with a devotional service in the Plymouth Congregational Church, because there is no Presbyterian church here large enough for the gathering. The afternoon session was held in the great Coliseum, where all the business sessions will take place.

Reception by Citizens.

Citizens of Des Moines gave the Commissioners and visitors a reception this evening at the Fort Des Moines Hotel, the official headquarters, and there was a popular meeting under the direction of the Board of Ministerial Relief and Sustentation.

The assembly will continue for seven more days.

The report of the special committee on reorganization and consolidation of the boards of the Presbyterian Church will be made late Monday afternoon. The Rev. Dr. John Timothy Stone of Chicago, Chairman of this committee, will not arrive until Monday.

A large majority of the 304 Presbyteries have voted in favor of permitting women to be ordained deacons and this assembly is expected to so decree.

The overture to elect a man two successive years as a Commissioner to the assembly has been lost, 274 voting against it and 30 for it.

Proposes International Ideals.

DES MOINES, May 18.—Adoption by affiliated Protestant churches of a declaration of international ideals which would place them on record in favor of a permanent association of nations, of the universal use of courts of justice and boards of arbitration and of sweeping reduction of armaments was recommended by the Federal Council of Churches in its report to the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in session here.

The proposed declaration of international ideals follow:

"We believe that nations, no less than individuals, are subject to God's immutable moral laws.

"We believe that nations achieve true welfare, greatness and honor only through just dealing and unselfish service.

"We believe that nations that regard themselves as Christian have special international obligations.

"We believe that the spirit of Christian brotherhood can remove every barrier of trade, color, creed and race.

"We believe that Christian patriotism demands the practice of good-will between nations.

"We believe that international politics should secure equal justice for all races.

"We believe that all nations should associate themselves permanently for world peace and good will.

"We believe in international law, and in the universal use of international courts of justice and boards of arbitration.

"We believe in a sweeping reduction of armaments by all nations.

"We believe in a warless world, and dedicate ourselves to its achievement."

CHARLESTON, W. Va., May 18.—The Rev. R. C. Reed, Commissioner of the Atlanta Presbytery, was elected moderator of the general assembly of the Southern Presbyterian church today. Only two ballots were cast.

Dr. Reed is professor of church history in Columbia Theological Seminary at Columbia, S. C.

Missions were declared to constitute the church's principal task by the Rev. Dr. A. B. Curry, of Memphis, Tenn., in his sermon as retiring moderator.

"The church's efforts," he said, "should not centre on itself, but on a lost world. The church is not the end, but the means. Saving a lost world, establishing God's kingdom on earth is the end; the church is Christ's instrument for accomplishing this end. The church that fails here, fails everywhere."

BAPTISTS ADMIT WOMEN.

Dr. Porter Warns Southern Body It Means Start on "Down Grade."

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., May 18 (Associated Press).—Change in the constitution of the Southern Baptist Convention to admit women to membership on the Executive Committee and various boards was adopted today after a spirited discussion. Dr. J. W. Porter of Louisville, Ky., opposed the change, quoting the Apostle Paul's abjuration of women speaking in the church.

"We have started on the down grade," he declared, "and the time will come when a woman will preside over this convention."

Dr. Porter deprecated the "feminists movement," and said many leading workers of the Women's Missionary Union are opposed to women taking part in the convention.

Dr. W. J. McGlothlin of Greenville, S. C., Dr. A. J. Barton of Alexandria, La., and others pointed out that women already had been admitted to the convention and to its routine committees, and argued that they should be placed on its important boards and committees. The Apostle Paul, Dr. Barton declared, said nothing against women taking part in the practical affairs of the churches.

Recommendations of the Education Board, presented by the Rev. J. W. Gillon of Mayfield, Ky., Chairman, termed Darwinism "not science at all, but theory," and recommended that "Christian scientists" be sought "who will prepare text books for all departments of science which will rightly relate science to the Bible, and set forth the fact that the majority of the greatest men of science have repudiated Darwinism except as an "unproved working hypothesis." The report, which was adopted, complained that "text books cannot be found for the departments of science free from erroneous statements with reference to evolution."

STAND FIRM FOR DRY LAW.

Southern Methodists Praise Prohibition Record of Congress.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., May 18 (Associated Press).—The Committee on Temperance and Social Service of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, today called on members of the church "to keep the friends of Federal prohibition in Congress."

"The only certain place to determine the issue is in the primary and general elections," says the report, and adds: "Indifference means defeat; united activity means victory."

The report declares unequivocally against the manufacture of light wines and beer, demands that "while the Eighteenth Amendment is a part of the Constitution it should be honestly and uniformly enforced," and says that Congress, "in spite of desperate efforts of wet members, has by overwhelming majorities done its sworn duty."

In revising the legislation governing the operation of the Missions Board, the General Conference wrote an entirely new constitution for the board, which abolished the office of General Secretary and provided that the body shall reorganize under three departments—foreign missions, home missions and women's work.

Members of the College of Bishops are at work on assignments as to Episcopal districts. The Missouri Episcopal District, embracing three annual conferences in that State, with the annual conference of Denver, Col., has invited Bishop W. F. McMurray of Louisville, Ky., to take charge of that district.

DENIES HE WAS UNFROCKED.

Former Wyoming Minister Says Bishop Removed Him.

DENVER, Col., May 18.—The Rev. G. C. Richmond, former minister of Evanston, Wyo., denied today the statement published that he had been "unfrocked" by Bishop N. S. Thomas of the Episcopal Church in Wyoming.

The Rev. Mr. Richmond declared, in speaking of the happenings before he left Evanston, Wyo., that he had been so active in reform work and in fighting the liquor and gambling interests there that he had been assaulted and mobbed, and that he had been requested to give up his parish by these interests and to leave Evanston. He also said that, because of his work and bitter utterances against the violations of the law, Bishop Thomas finally had requested him to give up his church at Evanston.

"There is a great difference between being 'unfrocked' and vacating a pastorate," he declared. "I was removed from the pastorate because of the strength of the fight that I put into my campaign against vice. I know of no place where it has ever been considered a sin for a minister to fight the vices of drinking and gambling."

Mr. Richmond said he had come to Denver with the intention of making his home here. He formerly served in pastorates in Syracuse, N. Y.; Philadelphia, Rochester, N. Y., and other Eastern cities.

WOOD-PULP SILK SALABLE.

Verdict for Cohen Brothers Manufacturing Co. Upholds Quality.

In the account of the verdict of the jury before Supreme Court Justice Lydon giving $19,257 to the Cohen Brothers Manufacturing Company of 16 West Thirty-second Street, in a suit against the Edmund Wright-Ginsberg Company on a guaranty that William Heller would accept and pay for silk ordered, the headlines incorrectly stated that the jury upheld a contention that the artificial silk, made of wood pulp was not merchantable, whereas the article itself stated the contrary.

The verdict for Cohen Brothers Manufacturing Company was based on a finding that the goods were merchantable, and also that Heller, who held them for forty days, until after the market broke, kept them for an unreasonable length of time before raising the objection that they were not merchantable. It was also stated yesterday that a suit to recover $51,000 paid for goods on the ground that they were not merchantable, was not brought by Heller but by the Foreign Textile Corporation, alleged to be a branch of the Edmund Wright-Ginsberg Company. This case has not yet reached trial, having been brought after the suit of the Cohen Brothers Manufacturing Company was filed.

TO EJECT TIPPING MEMBERS.

Olympia Field Club of Chicago Starts Campaign Against Feeing.

CHICAGO, May 18 (Associated Press).—A formal campaign against tipping, with severe penalties for both tipper and tippee, has been started by the Olympia Field Club, said to have the largest membership of any golf club in the world, with four eighteen-hole links and a fifth planned.

In a letter sent to members today the House and the Sports and Pastimes Committees emphasize that the rules forbid tipping of waiters, course starters and caddies, pointing out that the practice leads to undemocratic discrimination in favor of the more liberal tippers. The members are informed that any infraction of the rule will cause the member to be cited to appear before the Board of Governors and the recipient of the gratuity to be dismissed from service. Members have found that they could get the best caddies by a liberal distribution of money to caddies and caddy masters and that they could get quick service in the restaurant and unlicensed chances to start when they pleased by feeing the waiters and the course attendants.

MAYORS' SEATS IN DANGER.

27 Threatened by an Ohio Supreme Court Decision.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, May 18.—The seats of 27 Ohio mayors, including George L. Olen of Youngstown, who were elected on independent tickets last Fall, are believed by most attorneys to have been made untenable by a recent decision of the State Supreme Court.

In deciding a contested councilmanic election in Cincinnati, the Supreme Court held that all independent tickets in municipalities of over 2,000 population were void, the General Assembly never having enacted laws to make the constitutional provision for independent candidates operative.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Irregular After Early Strength—Bond Prices Firm—Sterling Higher.

In yesterday's various markets, although there was no such uniformity of trend as had occurred on several other days this week, there were several incidents of particular interest, mostly unrelated to one another. The stock market moved with much uncertainty. But sterling once more touched the high mark of the upward movement; rise of a halfpenny in silver bullion brought the London price to the highest since the beginning of last December; spot cotton at 21.65 cents per pound went still further beyond last year's high point, and the Wall Street rate for time loans on Stock Exchange collateral dipped to 4 per cent. (the lowest rate since the middle of 1917) with a few short loans placed at a fraction less.

This reminder of the trend in money rates suggested what is largely the key to the present situation in many markets; the effect of very low money rates and increasing facilities for credit on the spirit of speculation. That is the quite invariable result on occasions of the kind; it was foreseen when the Federal Reserve's percentage of cash to liabilities rose to 75 at the opening of the year, and has been perhaps the main reason for the New York Reserve Bank's unwillingness to cut its rediscount rate fixed on the 24 of last November.

Yesterday's weekly statement of the Reserve system showed no pause in the relaxation of aggregate demands on credit. Outstanding rediscounts were reduced $5,900,000 in the whole system and $3,100,000 at New York; outstanding note circulation was cut down again, and the reserve percentage increased. This continued reduction of demands on the system's credit continues to excite surprise; but it must not be forgotten that even very considerably increased borrowings to conduct reviving trade would be easily counterbalanced through the extensive paying-off of "frozen credits" by farmers who have sold their grain or cotton at the present remunerative prices.

The confused movement in yesterday's stock market was a natural enough result of a situation crowded with highly imaginative "rumors," into which some one has injected a bit of sober truth. Wednesday's Wall Street stillness in the matter of "prospective mergers" prepared the way for abrupt declines yesterday in the stocks which had been bid up extravagantly the day before on the basis of such stories. While stocks of that sort were breaking sharply yesterday and the two actual "merger shares" were standing still, efforts were made in a scatterbrained way to bid up something else. This gave a superficial appearance of strength to parts of the market; but the day's real trend was reactionary.

The bond market showed a good deal of strength, although ill-distributed. Sterling's advance to $4.45, the high rate previously touched for a moment on May 10, served as reminder, first, of the placid indifference of European exchange to the collapse of Lloyd George's Genoa experiments; second, to the persistence with which the foreign value of the British currency now-adays, after each reaction, returns to a higher level than before. When this happens in face of a balance considerably less favorable to England on merchandise trade account and of complete suspension of gold shipments from London to New York, it is safe to say that sentiment is playing the larger part. Sentiment could hardly have failed to be affected by the British Government's declaration that it proposes to take up its American indebtedness and in due course to restore its paper currency to par.

MONEY.

THURSDAY, MAY 18, 1922.

Call loans on Stock Exchange ruled unchanged at 3½, and 3¼ per cent. on the outside. Time money featured by going through 4 per cent. rate for first time since pre-war days, a little 30-day money being negotiated at 3½, industrial collateral underlying this loan. For other maturities dealers report accommodation up to 90 days at 4, with money freely offered at this rate, while four to six months' is lending at 4¼. Commercial credit markets ruled without feature and at prevailing discounts, interior banks accounting for bulk of buying.

Call Loans.

Renewals.	High.	Low.	Last.	Wednesday's Last.
3½	3½	3½	3½	3½

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60-90 days	4 @4½
4, 5 and 6 months	4½
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days	4 @4½
4, 5 and 6 months	4½

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 4 to 6 months	4½@4¾
Other names, 4 to 6 months	4¾

Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 4½; 16 to 90 days	4½
Liberty bonds, Victory notes and Treasury certificates of indebtedness, 15 days, 4½; 16 to 90 days	4½

Open Market Rates.

Call loans against acceptances	3

Prime bankers' acceptances eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve Banks. Rates quoted are for discount at purchase:

	Bid.	Asked.
30 days	3¼	3¼
60 days	3¼	3¼
90 days	3¼	3¼
4 months	3¼	3¼
5 months	4	3¾
Non-member and private bankers, 60-90 days	4	4¼

London Market.

Money on London market up ¼ at 1¾ per cent.; short bills unchanged at 2 5-16@2½ per cent., and three months' unchanged at 2 5-16@2½ per cent.

Gold bullion unchanged at 90s 5d. Taking the British Mint standard price of £5s per fine ounce as par, the market quotation for gold would represent a price of 109¼ at London. On the same basis the highest London price for gold for the year to date was 115¾ on Jan. 6. The highest price since open trading in gold was reached at London in September, 1919, was 119¾; on Feb. 5, 1920, the lowest 109¼ on April 26, 1922.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchanges of checks at the New York Clearing House, $817,000,000; balances, $80,000,000; Federal Reserve Bank credit balance, $42,000,000; clearings this day a year ago, $610,484,434.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London up ¼d at 37d. New York price for domestic silver was quoted yesterday at 91⅝c per ounce, the Mint price; foreign silver ⅝c higher at 78⅝c.

Range of prices for silver bullion for the year to date:

	Highest.	Lowest.
London	37d, May 18	31 1/16d, Feb. 8
New York	79⅝c, May 18	62⅝c, Feb. 8

Range for the year 1921:
London ..... 49¼d, Dec. 27 — 30¼d, Mar. 7
New York ..... 73⅝c, Dec. 27 — 45⅝c, Mar. 7

BANK CONFERENCE GIVEN UP

Wall Street Hears Meeting Suggested at Genoa Will Not Be Held Now.

According to reports in the financial district yesterday plans for a conference of heads of the world's banks of issue as suggested by Sir Robert Horne, at Genoa, have been abandoned, at least for the present, because of the lack of harmony at the Genoa conference and the contemplated adjournment to The Hague.

The Federal Reserve Board heard indirectly some weeks ago that an invitation to this conference would be sent, but no official request has thus far arrived. While the Federal Reserve Board officially has not intimated whether a representative would be sent or not, had a formal invitation been received, the general understanding in the financial district has been that preparations had been made for Benjamin Strong, Governor of the New York Federal Reserve Bank, to attend.

Listed on Stock Exchange.

The Committee of Securities of the New York Stock Exchange has admitted to the list Sinclair Consolidated Oil Corporation $5,000,000 additional interim receipts for first lien collateral fifteen-year 7 per cent. gold bonds, Series A, due March 15, 1937, and Union Bag and Paper Corporation interim certificates for first mortgage gold bonds, twenty-year 6 per cent., Series A, due May 1, 1942.

FASTER EXCHANGE TICKER.

New Machine Expected to Speed Up Quotations One-Fourth.

Officials of the New York Stock Exchange hope to install shortly a new system of sending stock market quotations over the ticker which it is estimated will speed up ticker service at least one-fourth. The new instrument is already installed on the eighth floor of the Exchange Building, but is not as yet connected up with the main line because the operators will require a few weeks to become thoroughly familiar with the instrument.

Only one man is now used actually to send quotations over the ticker. The new system will require four. Each man will operate a machine constructed like a typewriter, but instead of typing the characters the machine will perforate a roll of tape. This perforated tape will be used to send quotations over the ticker. Stock Exchange officials say they have yet to find a man who can operate the machine fast enough to jam the ticker.

Frisco Re-elects Officers.

At the Directors meeting of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railway Company yesterday the officers were re-elected for the ensuing year. The following Executive Committee was chosen: D. F. Bennett, E. N. Brown, F. H. Baker, W. S. Franklin, J. W. Kendrick, J. M. Kurp, T. G. Smith, E. V. R. Thayer and Thomas F. Wooklock.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

THURSDAY, MAY 18.

Day's Sales.	Wednesday.	Tuesday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.	Year to Date.	Same Period 1921	1920.	1919.	1918.
1,308,452	1,694,300	958,400	420,055	1,258,332	101,884,030	69,711,959	109,120,148	96,247,748	57,040,811

1922 High.	1922 Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.
69	45	200	Adams Express	64½	64½	63¾	63¾	—1¼	63¾	65
18¾	13¾	1,100	Ajax Rubber	16½	17	16½	16½	—⅜	16½	16¾
⅞	⅝	700	Alaska Gold Mines	¾	¾	¾	¾	+⅛	¾	1
3	⅝	2,000	Alaska Juneau (5)	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	—⅛	1⅛	1¼
116	107	100	All Amer. Cables (7)	116	116	116	116	+1	114	117
69¾	58¼	2,700	Al. Chem. & Dye (4)	68	69¾	67½	67¾	—¼	67½	68
52	37¾	1,400	Allis-Chal. Mfg. (4)	48¾	49¾	48¼	48¼	—⅛	48¼	49¾
41¼	29¾	600	Am. Agri. Chemical	38	38	37¾	38	—⅛	37¾	38
70¾	56¾	200	Am. Agri. Chem. pf.	64	64¾	64	64¾	+⅜	64	65
44	31¾	5,400	Am. Beet Sugar	41¼	42¼	41¼	42	+⅛	41¾	42
49	41¾	900	Am. Bosch Magneto	45¾	45¾	44	44	+1	44	45
50¾	32¾	1,100	American Can	48¾	48¾	47¾	47¾	—⅛	47½	47¾
106	93¾	100	Am. Can pf. (7)	106	106	106	106		105	106
164	141	900	Am. Car & F'dry (12)	159¾	160¼	159¼	159½	—½	159½	161
130½	115½	100	Am. Car & F. pf. (7)	120	120	120	120	—½	119¾	121
14	7	200	American Chicle	12¾	12½	12¼	12½		12¼	12½
28¾	19¼	2,900	American Linseed	27¾	28¾	27½	27½	—¼	27¼	27½
60	41	200	Am. Linseed pf.	58¾	59	58¾	59	—¼	57	59½
6½	4⅛	800	Am. Drug. Syndicate	6	6⅛	6	6⅛	+⅛	5⅝	6¼
143½	127¾	200	Am. Express (8)	136	137	136	137	—½	137	139
17¾	12	600	Am. Hide & Leather	15¼	15¾	15¼	15½	+⅛	15¾	16
72½	58	1,400	Am. Hide & L. pf.	69¾	71	69¾	70½	+⅝	70½	70¾
114½	78	400	American Ice (7)	107¾	107¾	107	107	—¼	106½	107½
83¾	72	100	Am. Ice pf. (6)	82	82	82	82		81½	82
48	38¾	14,500	Am. International	47	48	46¾	47		46¾	47
13¾	9¾	1,000	Am. La F. Eng. (1)	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾	+⅛	13¾	13¾
36¾	29¾	4,200	American Linseed	34	35¾	33¾	35¾	+1⅛	35¾	35¾
58¾	54¾	600	Am. Linseed pf.	56¼	56¾	56½	56½	+2	54¾	57¾
117¾	102	600	Am. Locomotive (6)	114	114¾	113½	113½	—⅜	113½	114
101½	82	8,600	Am. Radiator (4)	99¼	101½	99	100¾	+2¾	100¾	101
8⅞	3⅝	900	Am. Safety Razor	7⅛	7⅛	7	7⅛	+⅛	6¾	
18¾	5⅞	3,000	Am. Ship & Com.	17⅛	17⅛	16⅝	16⅞	+1	16¾	17⅛
124¾	62¾	24,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	66¼	66¾	64½	64½	—1⅛	65¼	65½
98½	86¾	1,200	Am. S. & R. (1)	97½	98	97½	97½	+¼	97½	98
40¾	30¾	1,500	Am. Steel Found. (3)	38	38¾	38	38¾	+⅛	38¼	38½
76¾	54½	5,400	Am. Sugar Refining	75¾	76½	75	76	+1	75¾	76
103¾	84	100	Am. Sug. Ref. pf. (7)	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼	+⅜	103¼	105½
36¾	23¼	1,800	Am. Sumatra Tob.	36¾	36¾	36	36¾	+⅜	36	36¼
124½	114½	1,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. (9)	122¾	122¾	122	122	—¾	122	122¼
144¾	129¾	600	Am. Tobacco (12)	141	141	140¾	140¾	+⅜	140	141
139¾	126	200	Am. Tob., Cl. B. (12)	137¾	137¾	137	137	—⅜	136½	137
14	6	100	Am. W. Wks & Elec.	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾	+⅛	12	12¾
32¾	17¾	100	Do participat. pf.	31½	31½	31½	31½	+⅜	31	32
92¾	78¾	2,700	Am. Woolen (7)	92¼	92¾	91¾	91¾	—⅛	91¼	92
109¾	102½	100	Am. Woolen pf. (7)	106¾	106¾	106¾	106¾	+¾	105½	107
27¾	22¾	100	Am. Writ. Paper pf.	33¾	33¾	33¾	33¾	+⅛	32¾	33¾
20¾	12¼	4,400	Am. Zinc, L. & S.	19¼	20¾	19¼	19¼	—⅛	19¼	19¾
47½	36	300	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf.	46½	47½	46½	47½	+2	46	47½
65¾	47	21,500	Anaconda Copper	54½	55¾	54½	55¾	—⅛	55¼	55¾
102	91¾	2,500	A., T. & S. F. (6)	99¼	100¾	99½	100¾	+¼	99¾	100
91¾	85	400	A., T. & S. F. pf. (5)	91½	91½	91½	91½		90¾	91¼
5½	⅝	200	Atlanta, Birm. & Atl.	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾	—¼	3¾	3⅞
105	83	300	At. Coast Line (7)	102	102	102	102	+⅛	102	102½
5½	2¼	2,500	Atlantic Fruit	3⅜	3⅜	3¼	3⅜	+⅛	3⅛	3⅜
39¾	23½	2,800	At., Gulf & W. Ind.	37¼	38	36¾	36¾	+⅜	36¾	37
27¾	16½	1,200	At., Gulf & W. I. pf.	27¾	27½	27¼	27½	+⅛	27	28
117	114	200	At. Refining pf. (7)	114	114¾	114	114¾	+¾	113½	115¾
22¾	13¼	200	Atlas Tack	20¼	20¼	19¼	19½	—½	19½	20
28	9¼	5,800	Austin Nichols	25	27¼	25	26½	+2½	26½	26¾
120	92¾	4,000	Baldwin Loco. (7)	117	117	116¼	116¼	—¾	116¼	116¾
49¾	35½	5,300	Baltimore & Ohio	46¼	47¼	46½	47	+⅛	46¾	47¼
81¾	62½	100	B. & O. pf. (4)	60¾	60¾	60¾	60¾	+¼	60¼	60¾
56¾	19¾	3,500	Barnsdall, Class A	48	50	48	49	+1¼	48¾	49
38	19¾	300	Barnsdall, Class B	34½	34¾	34	34	—⅛	33½	34¼
1⅝	½	300	Batopilas Mining	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼		1	1¼
50	33	200	Bayuk Bros.	48	48	48	48	—2	40	50
79	51	2,000	Beth. Steel (5)	76½	78½	76	78	—¼	76	77
82¾	55½	4,200	Beth. Steel, Cl. B (6)	77¾	77¾	77¾	77¾		77¼	77¾
114	104	100	Beth. Steel pf. (8)	112	112	112	112		109½	112
6¾	4¾	100	Booth Fisheries	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾	+¼	6¾	6¾
12	8½	300	British Emp. Steel	11½	11½	11	11	+¼	11	12
78¾	55	200	Brit. E. S. 1st pf. (7)	76	76	75	75	—¾	74	74¾
29¾	19¾	1,000	Brit. Emp. S. 2d pf.	28¾	29	28¾	29	+¾	27¾	28¾
110	100	200	B'klyn Edison El. (8)	108	108	108	108	+1½	107½	108¾
27¾	8¾	3,000	B'klyn Rapid Tran.	25	25	24¾	24¾	+⅛	24¾	24¾
22¾	9¾	200	Do cfs. of dep.	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾	—⅛	21¾	21¾
106¾	70	200	B'klyn Union Gas	101½	102¼	101½	102¼	—⅛	101½	103
52¾	42	5,300	Brown Shoe	48½	52¾	48	51½	+3¼	51½	52
92¾	89	400	Brown Shoe pf. (7)	90	91	90	91	+2	90	95
63	60½	172	B., R. & Z. (3)	63	63	63	63	—1	63	63¼
135	111	2,100	Burns Bros. (10)	133	133½	133	133¼	+½	133¼	133½
43¾	28¾	1,000	Burns Bros. Cl. B (2)	39¾	41¾	38¾	41¾	+1½	41¼	41¾
97½	87¾	400	Bush Term. Bldgs. pf. (7)	97	97	97	97	+½	96½	97
8	5½	3,400	Butte Copper & Zinc	7¾	8	7¾	7¾	+⅜	7¾	8
33¾	20¾	14,900	Butte & Superior	31¼	33¾	31¼	32¾	+1½	32¾	33
34	26	3,200	Butterick Co.	27½	29½	27½	28¾	+1½	28¾	29¾
15¾	10¼	200	Caddo Cent. O. & R.	12½	12½	12½	12½		12	13¾
84	68	1,300	Cal. Packing (6)	78½	78½	78½	78½	—¼	78¼	79
59¾	43¾	1,100	Cal. Petroleum	57	57	56¾	56¾	—½	56	58¾
9½	5¾	13,400	Callahan Zinc Lead	8½	9¼	8¼	9	+½	8¾	9
62¾	57¾	400	Calumet & Ariz. (2)	61¾	61¾	61	61		61	62
145	119¾	600	Canadian Pac. (10)	140¾	140¾	140¼	140½	—¼	140	141
16¾	11	400	Carson Hill Gold	14½	14¾	14¼	14¼	+1	13¾	14¾
6	5	200	Case (J. I.) Plow	4½	4½	4½	4½	+¼	4½	5
40¾	29¾	10,000	Central Leather Co.	38½	40¼	38¼	40	+1	39½	40
74	63¾	1,300	Cent. Leath Co. pf.	71	73½	71	73¾	+3¼	72½	73
39¾	32¾	5,100	Cerro de Pasco Cop.	39¼	39¾	38	39	—½	39	39¼
61	34	1,100	Certain-Teed P. (4)	49½	51	49½	51	+2	50½	51
79¼	47¾	2,000	Chandler Motor (6)	74½	74¾	72¾	74¾	+2	73½	74
68¾	54¾	3,000	Chas. & Ohio (2)	65¾	66¾	65¾	65¾	+½	65¾	65¾
9¾	1¾	500	Chicago & Alton	8¾	8¾	7¾	8¾	+¾	8	9¾
19¾	3½	400	Chicago & Alton pf.	16¾	16¾	15¾	15¾	—¼	15½	16¾
39¾	12¾	600	Chi. & East. Illinois	39	39¾	39	39¾	+¼	39	39¾
59	51¾	1,900	Chi. & East. Ill. pf.	58½	57¾	56¾	57¾	+1½	58	57
6¾	5¾	300	Chicago Great West.	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼		6¼	6¾
22¾	14¾	400	Chi. Great West. pf.	21	22¾	21	22¾	+1¼	22	22¾
29¾	16½	1,400	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	26¼	26¾	25¾	25¾		25½	26
47	29	1,900	C., M. & St. P. pf.	43¾	43¾	42¾	43	+¼	42¾	43
76¾	59	1,500	Chicago & N. W. (5)	74¾	75¾	74¾	74¾	+¾	74½	75¼
113	100	100	C. & N. W. pf. (7)	113	113	113	113	+1	111	113
85¾	59¾	8,600	Chi., R. I. & Pac.	84¼	85¾	84¼	85	+1	85	85¼
85¾	70¾	100	Do 6% pf. (6)	81¼	81¼	81	81		81	81¼
88¾	65	100	C., S. P., M. & O. pf. (7)	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾	+¾	96½	97¾
23	15½	35,100	Chile Copper	21¾	23	21¾	22¾	+1½	22¾	22¾
32¾	25¾	10,000	Chino Copper	31	32¾	31	31¾	+¼	31¾	31¾
60¾	43	300	Cluett, Peabody	55	57	55	57	+2½	55	57½
59¾	41	7,100	Coca-Cola (4)	55¾	59¾	55¾	58¾	+3¾	59¾	59¾
37	34	11,000	Col. Fuel & Iron	35¾	37	35¾	36	+¼	35¾	36
59½	38	300	Col. Southern (5)	48¾	49	48¾	49	+¼	49	50
80¾	64¾	500	Colum. G. & E. (6)	87¾	88	87¾	87¾	+¾	87¾	87¾
5½	1½	2,700	Columbia Graphophone	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	—¼	4½	4¾
70¾	55¾	3,700	Comput Tab R. (4)	69¾	69¾	68	68¾	+1¼	68	68¾
62¾	47	100	Consol. Cig. pf. (7)	65¾	65¾	65¾	65¾		60	66
120¾	85	1,000	Consol. Gas (7)	118¾	118¾	117¾	117¾	—¾	117¾	118¾
18¾	12	22,700	Consol. Textile	13¾	14¾	13¾	14	+¾	13¾	14
108¾	94¾	100	Corn Prod. Ref. (16)	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾	+¾	101¾	102
45¾	31¾	22,100	Cosden Co. (2¾)	43¾	45¾	43	44¾	+1¾	44¾	44¾
35¾	22	100	Cuba Cane Sugar	35¾	35¾	35¾	35¾		35	40
79¾	52¾	4,000	Crucible Steel	72¾	74	72¾	72¾	—¾	72¾	73¾
95	80	100	Do pf. (7)	93	93	93	93	+¾	93	94
28¾	14¾	8,900	Cuba-Am. Sugar	22¾	24¾	22¾	23¾	+1½	23¾	24
88	62	100	Do pf. (7)	88	88	88	88	+2¾	88	93
18¾	8¾	4,600	Cuba Cane Sugar	15¾	16¾	15¾	16¾	+1½	15¾	16¼
35¾	25	5,700	Dav. Rub. (1)	34¾	36¾	34¾	35¾	+¾	35¾	35¾
69¾	49¾	8,900	Davison Chemical	56¾	60¾	56¾	59¾	+¾	58	59¾
22¾	15¾	1,300	De Beers Mines	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾	+¾	21¾	21¾
122¾	106¾	100	Del. & Hudson (9)	121¾	121¾	121¾	121¾		121¾	122
127¾	110½	2,900	D., L. & W. (10¾)	121¾	121¾	119	121¾	+5¾	121	121¾
106¾	100¾	100	Den. & R. G. (8)	107¾	107¾	107¾	107¾	+1	107¾	108
28¾	16½	1,200	Domes Mines Co.	26	26¾	25	26		25	25¾
10¾	3¾	100	Dul., S. S. & At. pf.	9	9	9	9		8½	9¾
77¾	70¾	700	East. Kod. new (5)	76¾	77	76¾	77	+¾	76¾	77
43¾	42	300	Elec. St. Bat., new	43¾	43¾	43¾	43¾	+¾	43¾	43¾
92¾	78¾	100	Elk Horn Coal	82½	82½	81¾	81¾	—¾	80¾	82
87¾	76¾	1,100	Endicott-John. (5)	85¾	87	85¾	86	—¼	85¾	86¼
112¾	104	100	Erie pf. (7)	110	110	110	110		110	110¾
14¾	7	1,200	Erie	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾	+⅜	13¾	13¾
25	11½	700	Erie 1st pf.	22	22¾	22	22¾	+⅜	22¾	22¾
16¾	7¾	400	Erie 2d pf.	15¼	15¾	15¼	15¾	+⅜	15¾	15¾
85¾	75¾	300	F. Play.-Lasky (8)	82	82	81¼	81¼	—¾	81¼	81¾
96	91¾	600	Do pf. (8)	93¾	93¾	93	93	—¼	93	94
16¼	9	700	Fed. Mining & Sm.	15¾	16¾	15	15	—¼	13¾	15¾
53¾	27	1,300	Do pf. (5)	53¾	53¾	51¼	51¾	+¾	51½	52
118	75	300	Fisher Body (10)	117	117¾	115¾	117¾	+¾	117¾	118
100	76¾	100	Do Ohio pf. (8)	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾	+¾	95	97
19¾	11¾	500	Fisk Rubber	18	18	17¾	17¾	+¾	17¾	18
22¾	12¾	24,500	Freeport-Texas	20¾	22	20¾	21¾	+¾	21¾	21¾
67	55¾	3,100	General Asphalt	61¾	61¾	61	61¾	+¾	61¾	61¾
76¾	65	700	General Cigar (6)	73¾	73¾	72	72	—1½	72	73¾
186¾	138	400	Gen. Electric (12)	165¾	165¾	165¼	165¼		163¾	166
13¾	8¾	35,900	General Motors	12	13¼	12¾	13	+¼	12¾	13
82¾	67¾	300	Gen. Motors deb. (6)	82¾	82¾	82	82	+¾	81¾	82
16	13¾	200	Gilden Co.	14	14	14	14		13¾	14¾
44¾	34¾	800	Goodrich (B.F.) Co.	41	41½	40¾	40¾		40½	40¾
36¾	26	9,400	Granby Consol.	30¾	31¾	30¾	31	+¾	31	31¾
74¾	70¾	2,600	Great North. pf. (7)	74¾	75¾	74¾	75¾	+¾	75	75¾
45¾	31¾	1,800	Do cts. for c. p. (4)	41¾	41¾	41	41		41	41¾
34	26¾	1,500	Greene Cananea Cop.	33	34	32¾	34	+2	32¾	34
16¾	9¾	600	Guantanamo Sugar	12	12¾	12	12¾	+¾	12	12¾
90¾	44¾	2,500	Gulf States Steel	85	85	83¾	84	—¾	83¾	84
2¾	½	1,400	Habirshaw Elec. C.	2	2	1¾	1¾	—¼	1¾	2
25¾	15	200	Hendee Mfg.	20¾	20¾	20	20¾	+¾	19¾	20¾
83¾	70	300	Houston Oil	78	78	78	78	—¾	78	79
21¾	10¾	1,000	Hupp Motor Car (1)	20¾	20¾	20¼	20¼	—¾	20¼	20¾
10	3½	7,000	Hydraulic Steel	9¾	10	9¾	9¾	—¼	9¾	9¾
109¾	97¾	400	Illinois Central (7)	108¾	109	108¾	108	+¾	103¾	104¾
4¾	3¾	1,000	Indiahoma Refining	4½	4½	4¼	4¼	—¼	4½	4¾

First Mortgage Public Utility Bonds

Mississippi River Power 5's 1951—@93¾—5.45%

Pacific Coast Power 5's 1940—@94—5.50%

Eastern Texas Electric 5's 1942—@91—5.75%

Northern Texas Traction 5's 1933—@92—6.00%

Seattle Everett 5's 1939—@89—6.05%

Ohio Gas and Electric 6's 1946—@96—6.35%

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BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, MAY 18.

	1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's Sales:					
Liberty bonds	$7,383,750	$4,059,100	$30,200,500	$10,725,000	$3,505,500
Other domestic bonds	9,957,000	3,057,500	2,683,000	3,079,500	1,038,500
Foreign bonds	2,444,500	2,190,500	885,000	368,000	545,000
Total all bonds	$19,785,250	$9,307,100	$33,868,500	$14,172,500	$5,089,000
Year to date:					
Liberty bonds	$804,423,850	$698,400,230	$1,195,454,350	$936,119,250	$354,627,000
Other domestic bonds	789,503,950	352,310,800	235,278,080	203,885,985	118,791,500
Foreign bonds	262,295,800	109,924,000	119,994,300	151,080,000	96,121,000
Total all bonds	$1,856,223,600	$1,140,635,030	$1,550,721,730	$1,291,085,235	$569,539,500

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT WAR LOANS.

Range Since Inception High	Date	Low	Date	Range '22 High	Low	Sales	Issue	Coup.	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge	Closing Bid	Asked	Yield
102.16	Aug. 23,'22	99.00	June 5,'22	100.00	99.84	181	Liberty 3½s, 1932-47	3½	99.92	99.84	99.92	+.04	99.84	99.92	3.54
99.70	Apr. 12,'22	95.50	Jan. 13,'22	99.60	94.92	....	Liberty 3½s, registered						99.60	99.90	4.01
99.70	Apr. 12,'22	88.14	July 11,'21	99.70	95.70	....	Lib. 1st cv. 4s, 1932-47								
99.30	May 17,'22	93.80	May 10,'22	99.10	97.80	....	Lib. 1st cv. 4s, reg.								
100.08	Oct. 28,'11	91.60	May 21,'20	99.88	96.00	16	Liberty 4s, 1927-42	4s	99.56	99.56	99.56	—.08	99.54	99.84	4.00
99.94	Mar. 15,'22	91.50	May 21,'20	99.94	96.10	5	Liberty 4s, reg.		99.13	99.13	99.13				
100.00	Aug. 7,'19	95.00	June 4,'20	100.10	98.00	....	Lib. 1st 2d cv. 4¼s, '32-47						100.00	100.20	....
100.03	Apr. 12,'22	94.00	May 21,'20	100.08	98.00	146	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, 1932-47	4¼s	99.92	99.72	99.92	+.12	99.82	99.90	4.28
99.92	Apr. 12,'22	94.00	July 22,'20	99.92	98.00	1	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, reg.		99.72	99.72	99.72	—.04			
100.08	Oct. 4,'19	91.00	May 21,'20	99.92	98.24	4,818	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, 1927-42	4¼s	99.92	99.68	99.82	+.04	99.82	99.86	4.28
99.76	Apr. 12,'22	94.00	Dec. 16,'20	99.76	98.00	1	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, reg.		99.50	99.50	99.50	+.04			
100.00	Apr. 12,'22	93.90	Dec. 16,'20	100.00	99.74	1,445	Liberty 3d 4¼s, 1928		99.92	99.66	99.84	+.06	99.84	99.90	4.28
99.90	May 10,'22	92.44	May 19,'20	99.90	94.12	30	Liberty 3d 4¼s, reg.		99.34	99.00	99.00	—.02	99.00	99.02	4.34
100.03	Mar. 17,'22	92.44	May 19,'20	100.03	96.00	2,072	Lib. 4th 4¼s, 1933-38	4¼s	99.94	99.68	99.90	+.10			
99.78	Apr. 12,'22	92.44	May 21,'20	99.78	95.70	474	Liberty 4th 4¼s, reg.		99.72	99.66	99.66	—.10	100.00	100.04	3.90
100.48	Jan. 12,'19	94.94	May 21,'20	100.53	99.94	4	Victory 4¾s, 1922-23	4¾s	100.00	100.00	100.00	—.02			
100.08	Feb. 1,'22	94.80	Dec. 20,'20	100.08	99.88	....	Victory 4¾s, registered								
100.84	Mar. 31,'22	94.70	May 21,'20	100.84	100.06	622	Victory 4¾s, 1922-1923	4¾s	100.86	100.76	100.86	+.10	100.76	100.72	4.12
100.90	Apr. 6,'22	94.68	May 21,'20	100.90	99.84	99	Victory 4¾s, registered		100.66	100.66	100.66	+.03			

FOREIGN BONDS.

Argentine 5s	2	87¼	Sel'f	105¼	5s, 1931	3	86¼	61	101¼	King Denmark 5s	2	97¼	1	105¼	1	105¼
1	84¼	2	87¼	City Tokio 5s	3	86¼	2	101¼	1	110¼	8	97	11	105¼	191	106¼
temp 7s	2	87¼	5	71¼	1	86¼	2	101¼	1	110¼	1	97¼	2	100	6½s, 1929	
100¾	2	87¼	2	71¼	2	86¼	1	101¼	6s, int ctfs		Sel'f	97	Rep of Cuba		5	106¼
Sel'f... 100¾	2	87¼	2	71¼	2	86¼	1	101¼	1	96¼	81	97	5s of 1904		10	106¼
13	87¼	City Zurich 8s	2	112¼	2	86¼	1	101¼	2	96	90	97¼	1	90¼	8	106¼
5	87¼	2	112¼	temp 5s, '37	1	86¼	1	101¼	1	96	Sel'f	97	2	90¼	12	106¼
4	87¼	1	112¼	140	100	1	101¼	11	96¼	4	97¼	Rep of Uruguay s f 8s			5½s, 1927	
100¾	87¼	1	112¼	British Sterling	1	101¼	1	96¼	25s15f	97¼	4	108¼	State of Queensland s f 7s		1	102¼
Sel'f... 100¾	City Marseilles	Czechoslovak	8s, 1947, tr rcts	1	101¼	1	96¼	10s6f	97¼	1	110¼				7	102¼
2	100¾	Sel'f... 99¾	Rep 8s, int ctfs	1	101¼	1	96¼	2s7f	97¼	2	110¼				1	102¼
1	100¾	12	87¼	1	96¾	Jap Govt. 4½s, sterling loan	2	96¼	King Norway 8s	2	111¼				2	102¼
Chinese Ry 4s	Sel'f... 87	2	87¼	15s7f... 95¾	10	96¾	10	96¼	14	111					3	102¼
1	84	2	87¼	14	95¾	2s7f... 95¾	10	96¼	2	111¼					1	102¼
City Bergen 8s	2	87¼	2	95¾	2	95¾	60	96	2	111¼					3	102¼
1	111	2	87¼	2	95¾	2d Series	1	99¾	King Sweden 5s	2	101¼	6s interim ctfs			U S of Brazil 8s	
City Berne 8s	2	87¼	2	95¾	10	95¾	2	99¾	2	101¼	Sel'f... 101¼	1	102¼		1	105
1	114¼	2	87¼	2	95¾	4s, start loan	1	99¾	22	101¼	7	102¼			1	105¼
City Berlin 8s	1	87¼	2	95¾	3	95¾	76%	King Neth s f 6s, int ctfs	14	102	25	102¼			10	105¼
2	61	1	87¼	4	95	2	77	1	96¼	Paris-Lyons-Med 6s, int ctfs	1	103¼			1	105¼
Sel'f... 96¾	2	87¼	Dan Munic s f 4½s, Ser A	1	95¾	10	76¾	Sel'f... 96¼	1	63	State of Rio Grande do Sul 8s				5	105
14	87	City Pilo Alegre s f 8s, int ctfs	1	111	1000 tr rcts	1	95¾	2	96¼	Sel'f... 62¾	3	102¼			1	105¼
2	87¼	Sel'f... 102	Ser B	24	10	1	95¾	King Belg 6s	20	96¼	1	63			7	105¼
1	87¼	2	102¾	2	110¼	1	95¾	2	96¼	1	63				U S of Mex 5s	
2	87¼	6	102¾	Dept of Seine temp 7s	11	96	1	102¾	2	96¼	3	102¼			7	87¼
5	87¼	City Rio Janeiro s f 8s	10s7f	96	11	102¾	6	102¼	2	96¼	25	103			8	87¼
1	87¼	1	104	4	96	1	96¼	The	10	96¼	6	103¼			1	87¼
Sel'f... 87¼	Sel'f... 108	9	96¼	25	97	2	108	10	97						2	87¼
1	87¼	8s, 1947, int ctfs	1	96¼	1	96¼	10	108¼	1	82¼	State of San Paulo s f 8s				8	87¼
10s6f... 87¼	1	104¼	54	96	2	108¼	1	108¼	2	80¼	1	104			1	87¼
1	87¼	Sel'f... 108	French Gov 8s	1	108¼	2	108¼	10	80¼	Rep of Chile s f 8s, 1926	13	108¼			1	87
City Christiania s f 8s	2	104¼	1	104¼	1	108¼	1	108¼	1	97	2	108			Large	
1	111	2	104¼	21	104	1	108¼	1	97	1	108	4	108¼		5	63
City Copen 5½s	4	103¼	Dom of Can 5s, 1926	5	104¼	Sel'f... 107¼	2	97¼	1	108	Swiss Confederation s f 8s				10	63¼
7	92¾	2	103¼	15	99¾	1	104¼	2	97¼	2s7f... 103	1	117¼			4s	
Sel'f... 92¾	2	103¼	28	99¾	1	104¼	2	97¼	s f 6s, 1941	Sel'f... 117¼	Un. King of Cz				14	57
1	92¾	1	103¼	10	99¾	1	104¼	2	97¼	1	105¾	Brit & Tre 5½s, 1922			1	97¼
City Lyons 6s	2	103¼	1	101	1	104¼	2	97¼	1	105	1	109¾			1	97
2	87	City San Paulo s f 8s, int ctfs	5	100¾	1	104¼	1	107	5	105	15	106¼			5	97¼
1885	88¾	1	105¾	1	100¾	1	104¼	1	107	s f 6s, 1946					9	97
90	87	1	103¼	11	100¾	1	104¼	1	107							
2	87¼															

DOMESTIC BONDS.

N Y City 4s, 1959	3	99¼	15	70¼	Cub Am Sug col 6s	s f deb 6s	14	70	ref & ext 5s	gtfs of dep	6	90¼
2	99¼	pur mon 5s	2	70¼	2	105	1C	104¾	1	48	3	40¼	Stan
4s, 1960	25	92	2	70¼	5	104¼	1	104¾	7	45¼	adj 5s	40¼	17
1	99¼	1	94¼	cv 6s, Ser B	1	104¼	1	106	M St P&SSM 1st con 4s	1	12¾	gold 7s	109
4½s, 1960	s f 6s	2	74¼	2	75	2	105¾	1	107	5	83¾	N Y, Sus & W 1st ref 5s	6	107¼
1	100¾	4	89¼	1	74¼	1	105¾	2	107	col tr 6½s	10	97	2	108
1	100¾	4	89¼	1	74¼	1	105¾	1	107	1	102¼	N Y Tel ref 5s	2	108¼
4½s, 1963	Bruden Copp s f 6s	1	75	1	74¼	1	105¾	1	107	11	102¼	16	104¼	2	108¼
1	99¾	21	99¾	1	75	1	105¾	1	107	1	102¼	10	105	Pac & E Inc 4s	Per Mar 1st 4s
Adams Exp 4s	Bklyn Edison Co gen 5s	1	102¾	gen 4½s	1	105¾	1	107	Mo, K&T 1st 4s	22	81	1	104¾	2	98¾	1st 5s
2	76¾	4	102¾	ref 4½s	2	85¾	1	107	pr lien 5s, A, when issued	6	83¾	1	104¾	2	98¾	1
Ajax Rubber s f 8s, int'm certificates	gen 7s, Ser D	1	107	51	84¾	1	107	1	107	pr lien 4s, B, when issued	1	104¾	s f deb 6s	Phila Co 1st & rf 5s, ser A	1	97¼
1	102¾	1	107	1	84¾	1	107	1	107	1	65¾	1	104¾	1	97¼	1	97¼
Am Ag Chem 7½s	1	107¼	C,M & P Bd 4s	1	84¾	1	107	1	107	5s, C, w i	2	105¾	1	105¾	1	97¼
10	103¾	4	70	Chi & N Wn gen 3½s	1	85	1	107	2	80¾	adj 5s, w i	6	105¾	4½s	1	97¼
5	103	5	63	2	70¼	1	85	1	107	2	80¾	1	94¾	1	97¼	Pierce Oil s f deb 8s, when issued	1	97¼
2	103¾	7s, 1921	1	85	gen 4s	1	85	1	107	15	80¾	1	94¾	1	97¼	1	102
2	103¾	2	99	1	85	1	85	1	107	5	80¾	1	94¾	2	98¼	Phila Co 1st & rf 5s, ser A	2	101
2s10f... 102¾	Bklyn Un El 1st 5s	1	85	1	85¾	1	85	1	107	1	80¾	1	94¾	5	96	1	97¼
4	103	stamped	6	85	7s	1	85	1	107	1	80¾	s f deb 6s	1	97¼	1st 5s	1st Term 5s	1st 5s	101
Am Col Oil 6s	2	85	2	109	1	85	1	107	1	80¾	1	94¾	1	97¼	2	98¼	1	99
Am Sm & Ref 1st 5s	Cal Gas & El 5s	2	109¼	Chi Rys 5s	2	85¾	1	107	1	80¾	1	94¾	1	97¼	1	101	Porto Rican Am Tob 6s	1	101¼
5	92¾	1	94¾	2	85¾	2	85¾	1	107	1	80¾	1	94¾	1st cv 5s	1	99	2	101¼
10	92¾	Can Nor con 5s, Ser A	2	85¾	2	85¾	1	107	1	80¾	1	94¾	1	104	Nor Ger Lt 1st ext 5s, Ser A	1	101	Producers & R s f 8s	2	102
Am Sug Ref temp 6s	1	97¾	2	85¾	2	85¾	1	107	1	80¾	1	94¾	1	104	1	97¼	Mo Pac 1st 6s	1	102¾
4	100¾	Can Gen Elec deb 6s, Sr A	2	85¾	2	85¾	1	107	1	80¾	1	94¾	1	104	2	97¼	52	100	with warrants	2	109
Sel'f... 100¾	trust rcts	1	105	10	85¾	2	85¾	1	107	1	80¾	1	94¾	1	104	Nor & Western conv 4s	Sel'f... 99¾	Pub Ser Corp s f 8s	1	97¼
5	100¾	5	101¾	10	85¾	2	85¾	1	107	1	80¾	1	94¾	1	104	1	100	1	100	1	84	Read gen 4s	1	84
5	100¾	Can Nor 6½s	1	111¾	2	85¾	1	107	1	80¾	1	94¾	1	104	1	99¾	10	100	1	100	1	100	1	83¾	1	83¾
2s7f... 100¾	1	111¾	2	85¾	2	85¾	1	107	1	80¾	1	94¾	1	104	1	99¾	10	99¾	1	99¾	1	99¾	1

New York & Queens Electric Light & Power Co.

First Cons. (now 1st) 5s, 1930

@ 98 and interest to yield about 5.30%

For the year ended December 31, 1921, the net earnings were more than ten times the annual interest charges on these bonds.

Inquiries invited

Wm Carnegie Ewen
Investment Securities
2 WALL ST.—NEW YORK
Telephone Rector—3275-4

Odd Lots

John Muir & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
61 Broadway 26 Court St.
New York Brooklyn

100 Share Lots

BONDS FOR INVESTMENT

CALLAWAY FISH & CO.
Members N.Y. Stock Exchange
37 WALL STREET
NEW YORK

Shawinigan Water & Power Co.

1st & Refunding 6% Bonds Due 1950

To yield about 5.80%

JACKSON & CURTIS
Established 1879
43 Exchange Place
New York

Investments Legal for Savings Banks in New York

Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis 1st Cons. Mtge. 5s
Due 1928
Price to yield about 4.60%

Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Debenture 4s
Due 1928
Price to yield about 5.00%

Southern Pacific 1st Refunding 4s
Due 1955
Price to yield about 4.75%

LOW, DIXON & CO.
MEMBERS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE
37 Wall Street New York
Telephone Hanover 4175

STUTZ'S NET LOSS $632,370 IN 1921

Motor Company's Balance Sheet Shows a Big Improvement Over 1920.

LIABILITIES CUT $1,000,000

Condition Still Better This Year—Report of Merger With Frontenac Is Denied.

A detailed financial statement of the Stutz Motor Car Company of America, Inc., has just been mailed to stockholders. It shows an operating loss for the year of $26,006 and a net loss of $632,370 after providing for inventory and other losses.

Reports have been current for several days that the Stutz Motor Car Company was to be merged with the Frontenac Motor Company, and that the Stutz shares would regain popularity in the financial district in this manner. This, however, was denied yesterday by Directors of the company, who said that the entire energy of the corporation and its officials was being directed toward manufacturing and sales efficiency. It is stated that in common with other large motor corporations, sales and profits of Stutz have shown remarkable improvement in the first quarter of 1922.

The shares of the Stutz Motor Company have not been actively traded in since they were stricken from the Stock Exchange list in 1920 as the result of a corner by Allan A. Ryan, then an official of the corporation. Most of the shares now are in the hands of trustees and transactions in the stock are infrequent. Prices last year ranged from $106 per share down to $40.50. There have been no sales of the stock within the last few months. It is generally believed in the financial district that the shares eventually will be distributed again and that they may be quoted on the New York Stock Exchange.

William M. Thompson, President of the company, in his report to stockholders, reviews conditions in the automobile market last year. He says that the efforts of the corporation and its officials have been centered almost entirely on problems of manufacturing and sales efficiency, and describes improvements in the car.

There was a decided change in the balance sheet at the end of 1921, as compared with the end of 1920. The inventory was reduced from $3,049,238 to $1,890,608, while accounts and notes receivable declined from $255,297 to $75,222. Current liabilities including notes were $302,482, as compared with $1,339,871 at the close of the previous year.

The detailed income account for the year compared with 1920 follows:

	1921.	1920.
Net sales	$3,071,411	$8,169,358
Operating expenses	2,742,396	6,655,344
Gross profit	$329,015	$1,514,012
Adm. exp. &c.	356,078	302,718
Operating loss	$27,063	*$1,201,294
Interest, &c.	1,057	.....
Net loss	$26,006	†$1,357,385
Income taxes	.....	530,000
Dividends	.....	900,000
Balance	$426,008	$1127,385
Invest., adj. &c.	206,364	.....
Deficit	$632,370	$127,385

*Profit. †Includes other income. ‡Debit.

The general balance sheet as of Dec. 31, 1921, compares as follows:

Assets.	1921.	1920.
Land, bldgs., equip., &c.	$4,287,414	$4,344,202
Inventory	1,890,608	3,049,238
Accts. and notes rec.	75,222	255,297
Cash	66,163	317,049
Deferred charges	135,258	135,637
Other assets	2,442	1,026
Total	$6,553,809	$8,052,523
Liabilities.		
Capital stock	$1,000,000	$1,000,000
Current liabilities	302,482	1,339,871
Reserve for dep.	473,623	588,238
Prof. and loss surp.	4,777,704	5,404,414
Total	$6,553,809	$8,052,523

GERMAN SHIP DIVIDENDS UP.

All the Big Companies Pay More for 1921 Than 1920.

BERLIN, May 18.—All German shipping companies paid considerably higher dividends for 1921 than for the previous year, according to figures made public here. The Hamburg-South American Line paid 28 per cent. for 1921, as compared to 16 per cent. in 1920. Both the Hamburg-American and the North German Lloyd companies paid 10 per cent., as compared to 8 per cent. in 1920, and the Hamburg and Bremen African Line paid 15 per cent. in 1921, as against 10 per cent. in 1920.

The average per cent. of dividends declared by the eleven companies concerned was 14 8-11, as compared to 12 4-11 per cent. for 1920.

The total gross profits amounted to 370,000,000 marks, while the aggregate net profits amounted to only slightly more than 124,000,000, this wide difference being reported as due to writing off large sums and voting funds for reconstruction purposes.

The Hamburg-South American Line's net profit for 1921 was 7,067,000, as against 4,033,000 marks for 1920, and its ships are valued at 497,000,000 marks. The gross profits of the Hamburg-American Line during 1921 were 96,000,000 marks and its ships are valued at 231,053,000 marks. The gross profits of the North German Lloyd Line amounted to more than 100,000,000 marks, and its ships are valued at 90,063,000 marks.

IDLE FREIGHT CARS DECREASE

Total Drops for the Week Ended May 8.

Idle freight cars for the week ended May 8 totaled 521,746, as compared with 529,658 on April 30, or a decrease of 7,912, according to a statement issued by the American Railway Association. Of the total, 353,239 were surplus freight cars, that is cars in good repair in excess of current freight requirements. The remaining 168,507 were freight cars in need of repairs in excess of the normal number until for service.

Surplus box cars amounted to 86,604, or 8,049 under the figure of the previous report, while surplus coal cars decreased 8,801 within the same period, the total surplus being 226,276 cars. The total number of coke cars was 5,250, a decrease of 37, and the surplus stock cars totaled 14,097, a decrease of 1,094.

APRIL GROSS DECLINES.

Kansas City Southern First Class 1 Road to Report.

The April, 1922, report of the Kansas City Southern Railway Company, the first Class 1 report to be issued, shows gross revenues amounting to $1,541,618, a decrease of $320,124 compared with April, 1921. Operating expenses were scaled down from $1,362,700 in April last year to $1,168,660 this year, while operating income, after payment of taxes, stood at $364,200, a decrease of $150,654 compared with April, 1921.

For the first four months of the year gross business of the Kansas City Southern amounted to $6,330,234, a decrease of $1,117,304 compared with a year ago. Operating income, after expenses and taxes, was $1,158,840 for the four months compared with $1,667,579 in 1921.

Lee Rubber & Tire Earnings.

The Lee Rubber and Tire Company for the first quarter of 1922 reports net earnings of $139,380, against $77,743 for the same period last year. The quarterly dividend calls for the payment of $75,000.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Sterling Sells at $4.45, Duplicating Previous High—Little Interest in Other Rates.

The only significance attaching to yesterday's dealings in the European exchanges was the fact that sterling sold at $4.45, duplicating the year's high made on May 10. Rates for the other countries, while fractionally lower than Wednesday indicated no extraordinary pressure of selling, but rather inactivity due to lack of demand.

The Chinese rates swept higher again, advances of from ¼ to 2¼ cents interspersing these currencies. Chilean peso was firm, other South Americans irregular.

In the subjoined table the quotation on sterling represents dollars and decimals of a dollar; all others represent cents and decimals of a cent. Quotations preceded by the decimal mark indicate a price measured in fractions of a cent.

THURSDAY, MAY 18, 1922.

Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low.	Wednesday's Final.	Wednesday's Final.
LONDON	$4.45.	$4.44⅞	$4.44⅞	$4.44⅞
PARIS	9.12	9.07	9.07	9.12
ROME	5.20½	5.13	5.13½	5.20
AMSTERDAM	38.78	38.68	38.70	38.75
BERLIN	.34¼	.33⅝	.34	.34⅝
MADRID	15.76	15.68	15.74	15.68

CLOSING RATES.

Parity of exchange is given as reported by the United States Mint, except in countries with a silver standard, where parity fluctuates with the price of silver.

Europe.

	Thursday.	Wed'sday.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.86⅔ per sovereign.				
Demand	$4.44⅝	$4.44⅞	$4.44⅞	$4.00⅞
Cables	4.45	4.45	4.44⅞	4.00⅞
Com., 60 days	4.42¼	4.42⅛	4.41⅞	3.96
Com., 90 days	4.41	4.41	4.40⅞	3.94
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	9.07	9.12	9.12⅛	8.77½
Cables	9.07⅛	9.12½	9.14	8.80
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.				
Demand	5.13½	5.23	5.30	5.57
Cables	5.14	5.23½	5.30½	5.57½
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	8.26½	8.31	8.33½	8.77
Cables	8.27	8.32	8.34	8.78
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.34	.34⅝	.34⅝	1.64
Cables	.34⅛	.35¼	.34⅞	1.64½
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.01⅛	.01⅛	.01⅛	.26½
Cables	.01⅜	.01⅜	.01⅜	.27
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	1.92	1.92	1.92½	1.48
Cables	1.93	1.93	1.93½	1.48½
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	21.30	21.30	21.25	18.25
Cables	21.35	21.35	21.30	18.30
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.				
Demand	2.09	2.10	2.09	2.30
Cables	2.10	2.11	2.10	2.31
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.				
Demand	4.20	4.20	4.30	5.70
Cables	4.22	4.22	4.32	5.75
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	38.70	38.75	38.52	38.02
Cables	38.75	38.80	38.57	38.04
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.13	.13	.12⅞	.48½
Cables	.13⅛	.13⅛	.13⅜	.49
JUGOSLAVIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.37	.36⅝	.36⅝	.80
Cables	.37⅛	.37⅛	.37⅛	.80⅛
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	18.50	18.58	18.80	15.92
Cables	18.55	18.60	18.85	15.97
POLAND—Par 19.3 cents per mark.				
Demand	.02⅛	.02⅛	.02⅛	.13
Cables	.03	.03	.03	.13⅛
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.				
Demand	.70	.70¼	.70	1.73
Cables	.70⅛	.70⅝	.70½	1.79
SERBIA—Belgrade: Par 19.3 cents per dinar.				
Demand	1.45	1.47	1.46	3.15
Cables	1.49	1.48	1.46	3.19
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.				
Demand	15.74	15.68	15.52	13.68
Cables	15.76	15.70	15.54	13.68
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krona.				
Demand	25.60	25.55	25.57	23.68
Cables	25.65	25.60	25.62	23.73
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	19.15	19.17	19.27	18.00
Cables	19.17	19.19	19.29	18.02

Far East.

CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking.				
Hongkong, demand	59.75	59.125	57.25	49.75
Hongkong, cables	59.875	59.25	57.50	49.85
Peking, demand	89.50	87.25	84.50	72.00
Shanghai, demand	82.50	80.87	78.25	66.00
Shanghai, cables	82.75	81.125	78.50	66.50
INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, nominally stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling.				
Demand	29.125	29.02	28.90	26.00
Cables	29.22	29.20	28.95	26.25
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso.				
Demand	49.25	49.25	49.25	46.50
Cables	49.50	49.50	49.50	46.75
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	38.75	38.75	38.75	35.50
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.				
Demand	47.375	47.33	47.375	48.25
Cables	47.50	47.43	47.43	48.50

South America.

ARGENTINA—Par 42.44 cents per Argentine paper dollar.				
Demand	36.56	37.00	36.31	31.575
Cables	36.625	37.06	36.375	31.50
BRAZIL—Par 32.45 cents per paper milreis.				
Demand	14.00	13.96	14.06	13.75
Cables	14.06	14.09	14.125	13.875
CHILE—Par 36 cents per paper peso.				
Demand	12.40	12.25	11.37	12.14
Cables	12.43	12.28	11.20	12.17
URUGUAY—Par $1.0342 per gold peso.				
Demand	80.04	81.50	80.00	67.26
Cables	80.85	81.51	80.21	67.56

Canada.

MONTREAL—Par 100 cents per Canadian dollar.				
Demand	99.7	99.1	98.70	89.7

Russian Currency.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows: Par 51.40 cents per ruble.

	Bid.	Asked.
100 ruble notes, per ruble	.15	.25
500 ruble notes, per ruble	.05½	.06½

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The American Exchange National Bank has been appointed transfer agent for the preferred stock of the American Kerosene Corporation.

Ira H. Parsons, formerly with Wood, Struthers & Co., has become associated with J. G. White & Co.

Mahon & Co., members of the New York Stock Exchange, announce the admission to their firm on May 18 of Charles F. Kingsley.

Shennard & Co., members of the New York Stock Exchange, have issued a circular on the copper situation.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	62.44	61.71	62.13	+.28
25 industrials	96.87	95.95	96.19	—.03
50 stocks	79.66	78.83	79.16	+.12

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
May 17	79.51	78.27	79.04	+.32
May 16	79.66	77.75	78.36	+.27
May 15	79.01	77.91	78.09	—.65
May 13	78.95	78.27	78.74	+.29
May 12	78.73	78.06	78.45	+.62
May 11	78.09	76.93	77.78	—.19

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

May.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1922.	80.16	May 3	68.31	Jan. 10	79.16
†1921.	73.13	May 6	67.32	May 23	67.75
1920.	86.29	May 10	77.74	May 30	82.47
1919.	84.96	May 29	78.50	May 1	80.78
1918.	74.22	May 18	67.52	May 6	69.85
1917.	83.78	May 21	70.77	May 9	82.77

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1922.	80.16	May 3	68.31	Jan. 10	79.16
†1921.	73.16	May 6	64.90	Mar. 12	70.22

Full Years.

1921.	73.13	May 6	58.35	June 21	68.56
1920.	94.07	Apr. 8	62.70	Dec. 22	67.88
1919.	98.97	Nov. 5	69.73	Jan. 21	85.08
1918.	80.16	Nov. 12	64.12	Jan. 15	73.38
1917.	90.46	Jan. 4	64.47	Dec. 19	65.98

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change. Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	80.03	+.06	+.04	+10.16

DAILY RANGE OF BONDS.

May 17	79.95	+.04	May 9	80.16	—.20
*May 16	79.91	—.10	May 8	80.46	—.02
May 15	80.01	—.05	May 6	80.48	—.02
May 13	80.06	+.07	May 5	80.50	+.07
May 12	79.99	+.06	May 4	80.48	—.02
May 11	79.93	—.12	May 3	80.50	—.03
May 10	80.04	—.13	May 2	80.56	—.06

YEARLY RANGE OF BONDS.

*1922.	80.56	May 2	75.01	Jan. 9	80.08
†1921.	71.80	Jan. 20	68.85	Jan. 3	69.87

Full Years.

1921.	76.21	Nov. 30	67.56	June 20	75.57
1920.	78.14	Oct. 21	65.67	May 21	68.86
1919.	79.05	June 2	71.05	Dec. 19	72.06
1918.	82.36	Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 27	78.78
1917.	89.47	Jan. 20	76.24	Dec. 20	78.80

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

Recovery in High-Grade Securities at Paris and London.

LONDON, May 18.—Gilt-edged securities and oil shares were active and prices generally were firmer on the Stock Exchange today. Old 2½ per cent. consols, ¼ lower at 58; British 5 per cent. war loan, ¼ higher at 99⅝; 4½ per cent. war loan, unchanged at 96.

Rand Mines, unchanged at 2⅝; De Beers Mining, ⅛ higher at 11⅞.

PARIS, May 18.—Prices were firm on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 15 centimes higher at 56 francs 90 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan, 5 centimes higher at 76 francs 55 centimes.

Exchange on London, 4 centimes lower at 45 francs 83 centimes per sovereign; American dollars were quoted at 10 francs 97½ centimes, against 10 francs 98½ centimes yesterday.

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.
Argent. (recta.)	4	1932-54	64	66
Argent. (unlisted)	5	Sep., 1945	83	84
Belgian (restorn.)	5	Sep., 1919	73	76
Belgian Prem.		1920	76	79
Brazil	4	1889	48½	49½
Brazil	4½	1888	56½	58½
Brazil	5	1895	57	59
British Victory	4	Sep., 1919	78¼	81¼
British Funds	4	Mar., 1960	77½	80½
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	Oct., 1922	90¾	93¾
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	Oct., 1927	93¾	96¾
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	1929	93¾	96¾
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5½	1929-47	87	90
Brit. Exch.	5¾	1925	93	96
Canada	5½	Nov., 1933	101½	102½
Canada	5	Mar., 1937	90	93½
Italy War Loan	5		40¼	41¼
Mid. R. R.	6	1936	81	82½
Paris-Orleans R. R.	6	1956	81¼	82¼
Chile	1st 5s	1911	67	68
City Copenhagen	4	Apr., 1901	71	72½
City Peletas	6	1911	60½	62½
Colombia	6	1913	65	68
Costa Rica	5	1911	61	64
Cuba	5	1919	63	67
French Loan	5	1920	84¼	86¼
French Govt. Vic.	5	Jan., 1931	68½	70½
French Loan, 17	4	Jan., 1943	56¼	58
French Loan	5	May, 1920	81	82½
*Russ. ruble bds.	5½	Feb., 1926	4	5
*Russo. external	5½	Dec., 1921	18½	20
Do (Nat. City Bk. ctfs.)			17	19
*Russ. external	6½	June, 1919	21	23
Do (Nat. City Bk. ctfs.)			19½	21½
Russ. rentes of 1914	6		6	8
Sweden	6	June, 1939	101½	102
Switzerland	5	Aug., 1929	102½	102½
Uruguay	6	1919	73¼	74½

*Dollar bonds issued in this country.

Short-Term Government Obligations.

Following are the prices bid in the open market yesterday for United States certificates of indebtedness and notes of the different issues:

Month.	Year.	P.C.	Bid.	Asked.	Approx. Yield.
*June	1922	4¼	100	100¼	3.15
*June	1922	5½	100⅛	100⅜	3.60
August	1922	5½	100¼	100½	3.18
*September	1922	4¾	100⅜	100⅝	3.24
September	1922	5¼	100¼	100⅜	3.26
October	1922	5½	100⅜	100½	3.30
*December	1922	4½	100⅛	100⅜	3.37
*March	1923	4½	100½	100⅝	3.44
May	1923	4¾	100.70	100.74	3.96
*June	1923	5½	101⅛	101⅜	4.12
*September	1924	5½	102⅛	102½	4.13
*March	1925	4¾	101⅜	101½	4.19
*March	1926	4¾	101⅜	102	4.18

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

Kansas City Southern System—

	1922.	1921.	Decrease.
April gross	$1,541,618	$1,861,742	$320,124
Net after tax	364,200	414,855	150,654
4 mos. gross	6,330,234	7,447,538	1,117,305
Net after tax	1,158,840	1,667,579	508,739

PUBLIC UTILITY.

Southern California Edison—

	1922.	1921.	Increase.
March gross	$1,030,307	$909,146	$121,161
Net after tax	614,349	583,662	30,686
Bal. aft. chgs.	423,629	427,968	*4,340
8 mos. gross	3,448,589	3,105,976	342,613
Net after tax	1,972,372	1,763,201	209,171
Bal. aft. chgs.	1,416,963	1,303,953	113,009

Appalachian Power—

April gross	332,711	279,039	53,672
Net after tax	122,632	89,482	33,150
Bal. aft. chgs.	46,181	8,082	38,099
Bal. af. pf div	40,906	6,166	34,642
12 mos. gross	2,653,865	2,412,948	240,917
Net after tax	1,215,405	1,066,706	148,699
Bal. aft. chgs.	268,636	133,016	135,620
Bal. af. pf. div.	229,302	111,448	117,854

*Decrease.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Jones Bros. Tea April Sales—

	1922.	1921.	Decrease.
April sales	$1,459,624	$1,490,535	$30,911
4 months	5,674,233	5,737,140	62,907

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Continued from Page Twenty-three.

DOMESTIC BONDS.

Sierra & S Fr Pow 1st 5s 4.... 96½ Sinclair Con Oil conv 7s 7.... 104½ 10.... 104⅞ 25.... 104½ 4.... 104⅝ 42.... 104½ 4.... 104⅝ 5.... 104½ 3.... 104⅝ 2.... 104½ col 7s, w i 3.... 99⅝ Serf.... 99⅝ 20.... 99⅝ 3.... 99⅝ 15.... 100 18.... 99½ 1.... 99⅝ 1.... 99⅝ 3.... 99⅝ 2.... 99⅝ 23.... 99⅝ 1.... 99⅝ 2.... 99⅝ Sinclair Crude Oil pen 8½s, A temp 13.... 99⅝ 9.... 99⅝ So P R Sugar col s f 7s 17.... 99½ So Bell T & T 1st 5s 1.... 86 2.... 86½ So Pac col 4s 5.... 87 conv 4s 3.... 91½ 2.... 91½ 1.... 91½ 4.... 91¼ 20.... 91⅞ 10.... 91½ 1st ref 4s 5.... 87⅝ 5.... 87½ SouthRy 1st 5s 17.... 83½ 15.... 83⅝ develop 6½s 20.... 99½ 2.... 99½ 1.... 99⅝ 1.... 99½ 2.... 99⅝ 15.... 99⅝ gen 4s 1.... 68⅝ 2.... 67 20.... 68⅝ 1.... 67 1.... 68⅝ 10.... 67 13.... 68⅝ 4.... 68⅝ Std Mill 1st 5s 1.... 98½ Std Oil of Cal deb 7s 1.... 106½ 4.... 106 20.... 106½ Steel & Tube gen s f 7s 6.... 101½ 2.... 101½ Tenn Coal, I & R gen 5s 1.... 87½ Tenn Copper conv 6s 1.... 98 Ter As of StL ref 4s 1.... 81⅝ Tex & Pac, La div B L 5s 32.... 90 2d Av ref 4s 2.... 38½ 1.... 46½ adj 5s 9.... 61 2.... 60⅝ 2.... 60⅝ 5.... 61 Tidew Oil 6½s 4.... 102⅞ 2.... 102⅝ 4.... 103 Tobacco Prod s f 7s 3.... 103½ Tol,StL&W 4s 1.... 68⅝ 1.... 68⅝ 1.... 68⅝ Tol, Walh Vy & O 1st std 4½s, Ser A 2.... 94 Tri-City 5s 22.... 100 Union Pacific 1st & ref 4s 2.... 83⅝ 1st 4s 10.... 91⅝ 7.... 91½ conv 4s 3.... 94⅝ 6s 1.... 103⅝ 1.... 103⅝ 1.... 103½ 5.... 104 Un Tank Car equip 7s 1.... 108⅝ 3.... 103½ United Drug conv 8s 3.... 109 1.... 108½ 5.... 109⅞ 1.... 108⅞ U S Rubber 1st & ref 5s 1.... 89⅞ 1.... 89⅞ 5.... 89⅝ 2.... 89⅝ 7.... 89⅝ 3.... 89⅝ 8.... 89⅝ Ts 15.... 102½ 3.... 102⅞ T½s 1.... 109 3.... 107⅞ US Sm,R & M cv 6% notes 2.... 103⅞ 1.... 103½ U S Steel Cp s f 5s 3.... 103 4.... 101⅞ 4.... 101⅞ 9.... 101⅞ 6.... 101⅞ Vera C & Pac 1st 4½s 1.... 48 Va-Car Chem 1st 5s 15.... 100⅝ 11.... 101 20.... 100⅝ 5.... 100½ 2.... 100⅝ 11.... 100⅞ 50.... 101 14.... 100⅝ 15.... 100⅞ 12.... 100⅝ 16.... 100⅝ conv deb 6s 4.... 99 14.... 99½ deb 7½s 25.... 104⅝ 4.... 104⅝ 5.... 104⅝ 16.... 104⅝ 11.... 104⅞ 32.... 105 20.... 104⅝ 4.... 105 19.... 104⅞ 38.... 104⅝ 2.... 104⅝ 22.... 104⅞ 133.... 105 1.... 104½ 1.... 104⅞ 16.... 105 2.... 105½ 5.... 104⅝ VaCoal & C 5s 1.... 90 Virginian Ry 1st 5s 4.... 85⅝ 2.... 86½ Wabash 1st 5s 4.... 87½ Wests Elec 5s 20.... 100⅝ Wests Pac 5s 2.... 97⅝ imp 6s, Ser B 1.... 99 Wn Un Tel col tr 5s 4.... 98⅝ Gas 25.... 109½ Wn Un fund & real est 4½s 6.... 91¼ Westingh E & M 7s 2.... 107⅞ 12.... 107⅞ 13.... 107⅞ Wickw Spen Steel s f 7s 6.... 100⅝ 1.... 100⅝ Wilson & Co 1st 6s 8.... 99⅝ 2.... 99⅝ 5.... 99⅝ conv s f 6s 2.... 94⅝ 6.... 95 3.... 94½ 1.... 94½ 1.... 94½ 3.... 94⅝ imp cv 7½s 1.... 105½ 1.... 105½ 1.... 105½ 25.... 105½ 1.... 105½ 4.... 105½ 3.... 105 WisCen gen 5s 1.... 91

New Issue of New York State Hydro-Electric Power Company Bonds

$1,322,800

Northern New York Utilities, Inc.

First Lien and Refunding 6% Bonds
(Series "B")

Due May 1, 1947. Not Subject to Redemption Prior to Maturity

Issuance of these Bonds has been approved by the Public Service Commission of the State of New York.

The following information is summarized from a letter of J. N. Carlisle, President of the Company:

Northern New York Utilities, Inc., owns and operates gas properties in Watertown, N. Y., and electric light and power properties in Watertown, N. Y., and over 30 adjacent communities, serving a population of about 70,000 in a territory both rich agriculturally and thoroughly diversified in its industrial development. The properties of the Company include 51,250 h. p. electric generating capacity of which 49,000 h. p., including 12,000 h. p., which is 50% of the ultimate capacity now under construction, are hydro-electric, together with a gas plant with an installed capacity of 2,215,000 cubic feet per day.

The growth of the Company, as well as the industrial growth of its business field, is evidenced by the fact that since 1914 the business of the Company has more than trebled, its gross earnings increasing from $446,107 to $1,471,493, and its net earnings from $251,522 to $785,536. Net earnings for twelve months ended April 30, 1922, were 2¼ times the interest charges on the total present funded debt, including this issue.

We recommend these Bonds for investment and shall be pleased to send upon request a circular describing the issue in detail.

Price 100 and Accrued Interest

To Yield 6% for 25 Years, not subject to prior redemption.

E. H. ROLLINS & SONS F. L. CARLISLE & CO., Inc.

The statements contained in the above are not guaranteed, but are based upon information which we believe to be accurate and reliable.

$82,000
Spartanburg Co.
South Carolina
5% Funding Bonds
Dated April 1, 1922
Due April 1, 1928-42

Assessed Valuation (⅓ of actual) ..$32,992,355
Bonded Debt..... 1,702,103
Population, 1920 Census, 94,265

Legality approved by Messrs. Storey, Thorndyke, Palmer & Dodge, Attorneys, Boston, Mass.

PRICES
Maturities 1928-32 To yield 4.70%
Maturities 1933-42 To yield 4.60%

Spartanburg County is listed by the United States Department of Commerce as one of the fifty leading Agricultural Counties in the United States. According to reports from the United States Census Bureau, its crop and live stock products in 1919 were valued at $20,887,542.

CALDWELL & CO.
46 Cedar St., N. Y. Tel. John 5128
Nashville St. Louis Chicago Cincinnati Chattanooga Knoxville Birmingham

Securities Bulletin

Gives market abbreviations, range for 1921, record high and low prices, present dividend rate, trade features, etc., on 275 stocks, conveniently arranged under proper classification.

Copy sent upon request

M. C. Bouvier & Co.
Established 1889
Members New York Stock Exchange
20 Broad St. New York

Chattanooga Railway & Light Co.
1st & Ref. 5s of 1956

Tennessee Ry., Light & Power Co.
Common Stock

A. M. POLACK & CO.
Tel. Broad 8100 25 Broad St.

BONDS
Investment Suggestions on request
DOMINICK & DOMINICK
Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway Telephone Rector 1201

Richards, Parish & Lamson
111 BROADWAY
Cleveland NEW YORK Cincinnati

INVESTMENTS
John Nickerson, Jr.
61 Broadway New York

Safe Bonds *for* Investment
HALSEY, STUART & CO. Inc.
14 Wall St. Phone Hanover 8460.

State and Municipal Bonds

Legal for Savings Banks, Executors and Trustees, as indicated below

STATE BONDS

Exempt from all Federal Income Taxes

		Rate	Due	Yield About
$10,000	State of New York C-M-N-J	4%	1961	3.80%
25,000	State of New York C-M-N-J	4½%	1963	3.85%
55,000	State of New York C-M-N-J	4½%	1964	3.85%
25,000	State of California C-M-N-J	4%	1937	4.10%
25,000	State of California C-M-N-J	4%	1938	4.10%
100,000	State of Missouri C-M-N-J	5%	1933	4.15%
30,000	State of Missouri C-M-N-J	5%	1934	4.15%
150,000	State of Oregon C-M-N-J	4½%	1944	4.20%
150,000	State of Oregon C-M-N-J	4½%	1945	4.20%
100,000	State of North Carolina N	4½%	1949	4.30%

MUNICIPAL BONDS

Exempt from all Federal Income Taxes and Tax Exempt in New York

50,000

American Light & Traction Company

Five-Year 6% Gold Notes (Without Warrants)

DUE MAY 1, 1925

Price to Yield about 5⅝%

Details on Request

Kean, Taylor & Co.
5 Nassau Street New York

ST. PAUL DEPOT CO. PLANS BOND ISSUE

Bankers Here Expect to Obtain $10,000,000 to $15,000,000 Securities Within a Few Days.

NEW UTILITIES OFFERING

Northern New York Company Markets $1,322,800 Non-Callable 6 Per Cent. Issue at Par.

Plans have been made for a new bond issue of between $10,000,000 and $15,000,000, to retire the near-by maturities of the St. Paul Union Depot Company of St. Paul and to provide additional funds for the $11,000,000 improvements now under way. It is expected the issue will be sold to a syndicate or New York bankers within the next few days and be offered to the public next week. It is proposed to replace the corporation's short-term debts with long-term bonds, probably of twenty-five-year maturity. The St. Paul Union Depot Company provides the terminal facilities for all of the railroads entering that city.

F. L. Carlisle & Co., Inc., and E. H. Rollins & Sons are offering a new issue of $1,322,800 Northern New York Utilities, Inc., first lien and refunding, series "B" 6 per cent gold bonds, at par and accrued interest. The bonds are dated May 1, 1922, and are due May 1, 1947, and are non-callable. The proceeds will be used to reimburse the company for past capital expenditures and to provide $1,000,000 to pay for the company's new hydraulic development of 12,000 horse power at Browns Falls, Lewis County, N. Y. The company owns and operates gas properties at Watertown, N. Y., and electric light and power properties serving thirty communities in Northern New York.

A syndicate composed of Kelley, Drayton & Co., Watling, Lerchen & Co. of Detroit, and William L. Ross & Co., Inc., of Chicago, is offering at par a new issue of $1,750,000 Columbia Sugar Company first mortgage 7½ per cent. sinking fund gold bonds, due July 1, 1932. The bonds are secured by a first mortgage on all the company's fixed assets.

The First National Company of Detroit is offering $4,000,000 Kansas City Stock Land Bank 5 per cent. farm loan bonds at 100 and interest, to yield about 4¾ per cent. to 1932 and 5 per cent. thereafter.

George B. Gibbons is offering a new issue of $130,837 Town of Harrison (New York) registered 5 per cent. improvement bonds dated May 1, 1922, and maturing serially 1923 to 1952, to yield 4.20 per cent.

Harris Forbes & Co. are offering $4,000,000 Tri-State Telephone and Telegraph Company first and refunding mortgage 5½ per cent. gold bonds, Series A, at 102½ and interest, to yield about 5.30 per cent. The bonds are due May 1, 1942, and are non-callable for ten years. They are redeemable at the option of the company from May 1, 1932, to May 1, 1933, at 105, thereafter decreasing one-half of 1 per cent. each twelve months.

Announcement was made yesterday that the books have been closed on the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company issue and the Commonwealth Power Company issue.

Finland Authorizes £4,000,000 Loan

HELSINGFORS, Finland, May 18.—The Finnish Chamber of Deputies has passed a bill authorizing the Government to raise a foreign loan of £4,000,000, it was announced today.

SWIFT REPORTS A DEFICIT.

But Compania Internacional Declares a 90-Cent Dividend.

CHICAGO, May 18.—Although conditions in the meat industry were such that the Compania Swift Internacional did not operate at a profit during 1921, according to the annual report of the President, Edward F. Swift, today, a dividend of 90 cents gold per share was declared, payable Aug. 15, 1922.

Prospects for the coming year are encouraging, Mr. Swift said in his report, and the company expects to continue paying semi-annual dividends. The company's statement, however, showed a net loss for 1921 of $6,700,199.19.

Declining market prices last year, the unfavorable exchange rate, an oversupply of meat on the British market, and the widespread unemployment in England, resulting in reduced purchasing power, were given as the reasons for the loss. The International product is sold principally in Britain and Europe.

Beef, mutton and lamb business is now on a profitable basis, the report continued, accumulated stocks having been sold.

The annual statement showed a net surplus of $12,626,977.15, with a capital stock of $22,500,000 and no bonds or preferred stock outstanding. The dividend declared today will be payable to stockholders of record July 15.

ANACONDA LOSES $16,999,555

Maintenance of Idle Properties Cost $6,680,603 in 1921.

ANACONDA, Mont., May 18.—John D. Ryan, Cornelius F. Kelley and Benjamin B. Thayer were re-elected to the Directorate of the Anaconda Copper Mining Company, each for a term of three years, at the annual stockholders meeting here yesterday. Other Directors are A. H. Melins, George H. Church, Andrew J. Miller, William Rockefeller, Nicholas F. Brady and Charles F. Brooker.

The report of the company reviews the demoralization of the copper industry in 1921 and reports a loss of $16,999,555.19. This includes $5,242,603 charged to interest and depreciation and $5,680,508 to maintenance of properties during non-operating periods. The sum charged off for "adjustment of inventories" was $2,888,673. The remainder was in liquidation of stocks.

Gold Shipment From South America.

The steamship Metapan, from South America, yesterday brought one case of gold to G. Amsinck & Co., thirty-six bars and three cases of gold to William Schall & Co., fifteen cases of gold to the Equitable Trust Company, six bars and one case of gold to the Mercantile Bank of the Americas, four bars of gold to the Commercial Bank of the Spanish Americas, four cases of gold to the Bank of New York and one bar to Banco Londres and Rio Plata.

Bankers to Honor Thomas L. Pierce.

A party of New York bankers, including Harvey D. Gibson, President of the New York Trust Company; Ernest Stauffen, and Fred Housman, left yesterday for Cumberland, Md., to attend a dinner tonight for Thomas L. Pierce, formerly of the New York Trust Company and now President of the Liberty Trust Company, Cumberland.

To Resell du Pont Common Stock.

Dominick & Dominick are heading a group which is offering at 112½, to yield 7.12 per cent., a block of common stock of E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co., recently purchased from a large stockholder. Application for listing on the Exchange has been made.

Talk of Mallinson Merger.

Reports of more merger possibilities spread yesterday. One was that H. R. Mallinson & Co. were considering a proposal to take in a large corporation. The report could not be confirmed.

LONDON RESERVE RATIO UP, FRENCH NOTES DOWN

Bank of France Circulation Reduced 275,470,000 Francs—Bank of England Loans Lower.

Yesterday's statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes for the last week:

Gold coin and bullion	decreased	£5,712
Reserve in banking department		
gold and notes	increased	£13,000
Notes of circulation	decreased	£61,000
Loans on Government securities		
	decreased	£4,425,000
Loans on other securities	decreased	428,000
Public deposits	increased	787,000
Other deposits	decreased	£4,149,000
Notes in reserve	increased	£22,000

Proportion of the bank's reserve to deposit liabilities this week is 18.66 per cent.; last week it was 18.07 per cent.; two weeks ago it was 17.27 per cent. Highest reserve percentage of 1922 to date was that of April 27, 19.25 per cent.; lowest, 8.23 on Jan. 7. The lowest percentage since the war began was 7.50 on Dec. 30, 1920.

The statement compares as follows with the corresponding week one year and two years ago:

	1922.	1921.	1920.
Total gold holdings	£128,277,224	£128,268,224	£112,473,463
Res. in bk. dept. notes and coin	18,415,000	18,341,000	16,041,000
Notes in circulation	122,070,440	123,194,760	110,881,130
Public deposits	16,009,785	14,017,845	20,020,091
Other deposits	126,190,307	105,796,418	101,380,289
Government securities	44,304,000	29,931,129	26,513,285
Other securities	78,101,022	91,010,326	82,602,176
Ratio of reserve to liab.	18.66	18.25	16.90

The Bank of England's official minimum discount rate remained unchanged at 5 per cent., to which it was reduced on April 14, after standing at 6 per cent since May 11, when the date of a 6 per cent rate had been in force since Nov. 4, 1921. At the date of 1921 it stood at 6½ per cent., against 7 in 1920, 5 in 1919, 5½ in 1918, 5 in 1917, 5½ in 1916, and 5 in 1914.

The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes in francs:

Gold in hand	increased	214,000
Silver in hand	increased	407,000
Notes in circulation	decreased	275,470,000
Treasury deposits	decreased	1,271,000
General deposits	increased	130,000,000
Bills discounted	increased	13,240,000
Advances	decreased	25,000,000

Advances to the State remained unchanged at 22,400,000,000 francs.

The principal items in the statement compare as follows with the same date one and two years ago, in francs:

	1922.	1921.	1920.
Gold	5,527,416,925	5,516,281,320	5,526,324,165
Silver	383,381,495	371,045,495	340,345,810
Circulation	26,017,331,000	26,454,000,270	28,051,511,020

The highest point which the French bank's outstanding note circulation had ever reached was 29,945,194,000 francs on May 1, 1921. The highest point in 1922 has been 27,441,000,000 francs on Jan. 4; lowest, 25,131,000,000 on March 23, which was also the lowest of any week since Aug. 29, 1918. The bank's official discount rate remained unchanged at 5 per cent., to which it was reduced on March 17, after a 6½ per cent. rate had been in force since July 29, 1921.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

(Quoted on a percentage basis.)

	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Asked.
Atch., T. & S. F.	1922-23	6	3.10	2.50
Atl. Coast Line	1922-23	6	3.10	2.50
Atl. Coast Line	1922-23	6½	3.25	2.50
Baltimore & Ohio	1922-23	6½	5.80	5.20
Baltimore & Ohio	1922-23	6	5.70	5.20
Bethlehem Steel	1922-23	6	6.10	4.60
Buff., Roch. & P.	1922-23	6½	3.10	2.50
Canadian Pacific	1922-23	6½	3.00	2.50
C. R. I. & P.	1922-23	6½	3.00	2.50
Ches. & Ohio	1922-23	6½	5.80	5.20
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1922-23	6	3.10	2.50
Chicago & N. W.	1922-23	6½	5.60	5.00
Chicago & N. W.	1922-23	6	5.50	5.00
Chicago & N. W.	1922-23	6	5.50	5.00
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1922-27	6½	5.65	5.37
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1922-23	6	3.40	2.50
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1922-23	6	3.40	2.50
C., C., C. & St. L.	1922-23	6	5.00	4.50
Del. & Hudson	1922-23	4½	3.10	2.50
Erie Railroad	1922-23	6½	5.90	5.50
Great North. Ry.	1922-23	6	3.10	2.50
Illinois Central	1922-23	6½	3.40	2.50
Illinois Central	1922-23	6	3.50	2.50
Illinois Central	1922-23	6½	3.40	2.50
Louis. & Nashville	1922-23	6	3.40	2.50
Louis. & Nashville	1922-23	6	3.40	2.50
Louis. & Nashville	1922-23	6½	3.40	2.50
Michigan Central	1922-23	6	3.50	2.50
M., K. T. & S. L.	1922-23	6½	8.60	8.00
M., St. P. & S. S. M.	1922-23	6	3.70	2.50
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1922-23	6	6.15	5.50
Nat. Rail. Car L.	1922-23	6	8.10	7.00
N. Y. Central	1922-23	6½	3.50	2.50
N. Y. Central	1922-23	6	3.45	2.50
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1922-23	6½	3.45	2.50
Norfolk & Western	1922-23	6½	3.40	2.50
Norfolk & West.	1922-23	6	3.40	2.50
Northern Pacific	1922-23	6	3.50	2.50
Pac. Fruit Exp.	1922-23	6	3.60	2.50
Penn. Gen. Y. Exp.	1922-23	6	3.40	2.50
Penn. Gen. Y. Exp.	1922-23	6½	3.40	2.50
Pere Marquette	1922-23	6	3.50	2.50
Pitts. & L. Erie	1922-23	6	3.50	2.50
Reading Co.	1922-23	6½	3.20	2.00
Seab. Air Line	1922-23	6½	6.00	5.50
Southern Pacific	1922-23	6½	3.40	2.50
Southern Pacific	1922-23	6	3.40	2.50
Southern Railway	1922-23	6½	3.40	2.50
Southern Railway	1922-23	6	3.40	2.50
St. Louis & San F.	1922-23	6	3.40	2.50
Union Pacific	1922-23	6	3.25	2.75
Virginian Railway	1922-23	6	3.10	2.50
Wabash Railway	1922-23	6	3.60	2.50

SHORT-TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Date.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld.
Alum. Co. Am.	6	Nov., 1922	100¼	100½	4.50
Alum. Co. Am.	7	Dec., 1922	100¼	100½	4.50
Am. Cot. Oil	5	Sep. 1, '21	100	101	6.15
Am. I. & S.	5	May, 1922	100¼	100¾	6.21
Am. I. & S.	5½	Oct., 1922	100¼	100¾	6.21
Am. T. & T.	6	Dec., 1924	101¼	101¾	5.60
Am. Thread	6	Dec., 1922	100	100½	4.50
Am. Tobacco	7	Nov., 1922	100¼	100¾	4.50
Anaconda Co.	7	Jan., 1923	100¼	100¾	4.50
Anaconda Co.	7	Jan., 1924	100¼	100¾	5.00
Anglo-Am. Oil					
Co. Ltd.	7½	Aug., 1925	102¼	102¾	6.40
Arm. & Co. ev.	7	July 15, '20	104¼	104¾	6.25
A. G. S. R.R.	6	Apr., 1923	100¼	100¾	6.50
Bell Tel. of Can.	7	Apr., 1925	102¼	102¾	5.50
Beth. Stl. Co.	7	July 15, '22	105	105½	2.80
Can. Nat. Ry.	6½	Dec., 1922	100¼	100¾	4.25
Can. Nat. Ry.	6½	Dec., 1923	100¼	100¾	5.25
Can. Pac. Ry.	6½	Mar., 1921	101¼	101¾	5.00
Cent. Agent.	6	Feb., 1921	99¼	99¾	7.00
Cent. Gas Co.					
New York	7	Dec. 1, '22	101¼	101¾	4.15
Cedary Pac.	7	July 15, '22	101¼	101¾	5.00
Fed. Sug. R.	6	Nov., 1921	100	100½	5.75
The F. Goes					
Co. Ltd.	7	Apr., 1924	100	100½	6.50
Gulf Oil Co.	6	Mar., 1922	100¼	100¾	5.50
Gulf Oil Corp.	7	Feb., 1923	101¼	101¾	6.40
H. Heinz	7	Dec., 1922	100¼	100¾	6.50
Hock. Val.	6	Mar., 1922	100¼	100¾	6.50
Hup. Motor	7	Mar., 1923	101¼	101¾	6.15
H. J. H. Co.	7	Sep., 1922	99¼	99¾	
Kan. Ga. Pipe	7	Nov. 15, '22	101¼	101¾	5.00
Kansas Pow. Co.	7	Jan., 1923	100¼	100¾	6.50
Laclede Gas	7	Jan., 1920	100¼	100¾	7.00
Nat. Cik. & R.	6	Dec., 1922	99	99½	7.00
Nat. Gas Co.	7	May, 1922	101¼	101¾	4.50
Norris & Co.	7	Dec., 1922	100¼	100¾	6.50
Sears, R. & Co.	7	Oct. 15, '23	100¼	100¾	6.25
Sloss-S. S. & I.	7	Aug., 1922	99¼	99¾	6.40
Solvay Co.	6	Oct., 1922	100¼	100¾	5.50
Sort. R. T. Co.	7	Apr., 1923	101¼	101¾	6.50
St. L. R. Co.	6	Sep., 1922	100¼	100¾	6.50
Stand. Oil Co.					
N. J.	7	Nov. 15, '22	100¼	100¾	4.50
Swift & Co.	7½	May, 1923	102¼	102¾	5.00
Swift & Co.	7	Oct. 15, '23	101¼	101¾	6.25
Swift & Co.	7	Apr. 15, '23	101¼	101¾	6.25
Texas Co.	7	Mar., '23	101¼	101¾	5.00
Utah Sec. Co.	8	Sep. 15, '22	100¼	100¾	8.00
Vacuum O. Co.	7	Apr., 1922	100¼	100¾	5.50
Wa. Sh. Co. ev.	7	Apr., 1922	100¼	100¾	5.50

New York City Bonds

Exempt from all Federal Income Taxes and New York State Income Taxes

New York City 4½% Bonds are not only the cheapest New York City bond in the market today, but they are selling at prices to yield more than long bonds of many of the larger cities of the United States.

New York City 3½s ..... are offered to yield 4.00%
New York City 4s ..... are offered to yield 4.00%
New York City 4¼s ..... are offered to yield 4.06%
New York City 4½s ..... are offered to yield 4.18%

Comparative yield from bonds of other cities:

	Yield		Yield
Boston, Mass.	3.85%	Newark, N. J.	4.10%
Rochester, N. Y.	3.90%	Cincinnati, O.	4.10%
Buffalo, N. Y.	3.95%	St. Louis, Mo.	4.10%
Providence, R. I.	4.00%	Baltimore, Md.	4.15%
Pittsburgh, Pa.	4.05%	Cleveland, O.	4.20%
Philadelphia, Pa.	4.10%	Chicago, Ill.	4.20%

Income from New York City bonds when held by individuals and estates domiciled within New York State, is not only exempt from Federal Income Taxes but also from New York State Income Taxes. The value of this additional exemption is indicated in the table below, showing that a yield of 4.24% to 4.31% is required from State and municipal bonds subject to the State Income Tax, and a yield of from 4.73% to 9.95% on bonds subject to both Federal and State taxes, to equal the yield of 4.18% on New York City 4½s.

Net Income	Yield from the 4½s not subject to Federal or N. Y. State Income Tax.	Equivalent Yields from State and Municipal Issues taxable in N. Y. State.	Equivalent Yields from bonds subject to both Federal and New York State Income Tax.
$ 25,000	4.18%	4.24%	4.73%
50,000	4.18%	4.26%	5.16%
75,000	4.18%	4.27%	5.64%
100,000	4.18%	4.28%	6.20%
150,000	4.18%	4.29%	7.12%
200,000	4.18%	4.29%	7.74%
250,000	4.18%	4.30%	8.20%
500,000	4.18%	4.30%	9.28%
1,000,000	4.18%	4.31%	9.95%

We recommend for investment New York City 4½s at present prices

Complete information upon request

All issues of New York City Bonds Bought, Sold and Quoted.

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Czecho-Slovak Republic 8s, due 1951
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Investors in the United States who buy bonds of the Government of the Dominion of Canada, or bonds of the provinces or municipalities of the Dominion, have as security for their money the pledge and taxing power of a people with a world-wide reputation for making good their obligations.

We shall be pleased to make recommendations on application.

Canadian Bond Corporation of New York
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MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
120 Broadway, New York
TELEPHONE, RECTOR 6295

National Bank of Commerce

CLINTON GILBERT
2 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. 4567 Rector

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds issued in this country and in American currency values.

	Bid.	Asked.
Argentine 5s, 1909	M. & S. 84¼	85
Argentine 7s, 1927	F. & A. 100¼	100¾
Belgium 6s, 1925	J. & J. 102¼	102¾
Belgium 7½s, 1945	J. & D. 108	108¾
Belgium 8s, 1941	F. & A. 106¾	107
City of Bergen 8s, 1945	M. & N. 110	111
City of Berne 8s, 1945	M. & N. 112¾	113¼
City of Bordeaux 6s, 1934	M. & N. 87¼	87¾
City of P. Alegre 8s, 1961	J. & D. 102	102½
U. S. of Brazil 8s, 1941	J. & D. 105	105¼
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	A. & O. 99¼	99¾
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1929	F. & A. 100¼	100¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	A. & O. 98¼	99
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1952	M. & N. 100	100¼
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1941	F. & A. 105	105¼
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1926	A. & O. 102¾	103¼
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1946	M. & N. 105	105¼
Chinese Gov. 5s, 1951	J. & D. 54	54½
City of Christiania 6s, 45	A. & O. 111	111½
City of Copenhagen 5½s, 1944	J. & J. 92¼	93
Czechoslovakia Rep. 8s, 51	A. & O. 98¾	99
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1904	M. & S. 90	91
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	F. & A. 89¼	89½
Rep. Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	F. & A. 78¼	78¾
Denmark 8s, 1945	A. & O. 110¼	111
Denmark 6s, 1942	J. & J. 95	96
Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. A, '46	F. & A. 110¼	111¼
Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. B, '46	F. & A. 110¼	111¼
Dutch East Indies 6s, 1947	J. & J. 95¾	96¼
Dutch East Indies 6s, 1962	M. & S. 96	96½
French Ind. & Exp. 7½s, '42	J. & J. 99¼	99¾
French Gov. 7½s, 1941	J. & D. 101¼	101¾
French Gov. 8s, 1945	M. & S. 104¼	104¾
Italy 6½s, 1925	F. & A. 95¼	96
Japanese 4s, 1931	J. & J. 75¾	76¼
Japanese 4½s, 1931	F. & A. 80	81
Japanese 4½s, 2d ser., '33	J. & J. 89¼	90
City of Lyons 6s, 1934	M. & N. 87¼	87¾
City of Marseilles 6s, 1934	M. & N. 87¼	87¾
U. S. of Mexico 4s, 1954	J. & D. 64¼	65
U. S. of Mexico 5s, 1945	Q. Jan. 67	68¼
Mex. Irrigation 4½s, 1943	43	44
King. of Neth. 6s, 1972	M. & S. 97¼	97¾
King. of Norway 8s, 1940	F. & A. 111	111¾
Paris, Lyons-Med. 6s, 1958	82¾	83
State of Queensl'd 6s, 1947	F. & A. 102	102¾
State of Queensl'd 7s, 1941	A. & O. 110½	111
State of Rio Grande do Sul 8s, 1946	A. & O. 103	103¼
Rio Janeiro 8s, 1946	A. & O. 103¾	104¼
Dom. Republic 5s, 1958	F. & A. 81	82
State of Sao Paulo 8s, 1936	J. & J. 103¾	104
State of Sao Paulo 8s, 1952	M. & S. 100¾	101¼
Dept. of Seine 7s, 1942	J. & J. 94	94¾
King. of Sweden 5s, 1939	J. & J. 101¼	101¾
Swiss Confed. 8s, 1940	J. & J. 117¼	117¾
City of Tokio 5s	M. & S. 71¼	72
Rep. of Uruguay 8s, 1946	F. & A. 105	106
City of Zurich 8s, 1945	A. & O. 112¾	113¼
Un. K. 5½s, 1922	F. & A. 100¼	100¾
Un. K. 5½s, 1929	F. & A. 100¼	100¾
Un. K. 5½s, 1937	F. & A. 100¼	102¼

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT PRE-WAR LOANS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r. 1930	102¾		Pan 2s, c. 1936	103¼	
2s, c. 1930	102¾		Pan 3s, r. 1961	79	
3s, r. 1946	87		Pan 3s, c. 1961	79	
3s, c. 1946	87		P I 4s, r'33	90¾	
4s, r. 1925	100		P I 4s, c'33	90¾	
4s, c. 1925	100		Dist. of Col 3-65s	98	
Pan 2s, r. 1936	103¼				
Pan 2s, c. 1936	103¼				

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Ad Remedy	17¼	18¼	Ann Arbor	16½	17¼
Do pf	39¼	40¼	Do pf	45	47
Air Red	53¼	54	Art Metal	14½	16¼
Alb & Susq	205		Do stfs	14½	
Alle & W	100¼		Assoc R	154	156
A. G. & D.			Asso D G	83¾	86¼
pf	107¼	108	Do 1st pf	90	92¼
Allis-Ch	36		Do 2d pf	88	88¾
pf	88	90¼	Atlas P'wd	125¼	
Am S 1st			Do pf	79	80
pf	45		Aug. Chl	133¾	135
Am Bk N	70	71¼	Aut Ref pf	1,100	
Do pf	114	64	Aut Vac pf	94	94¾
Am B Sug			Auto Sales	3¼	4
pf	73	76	Do pf	11	15
Am B S &			Bald Loc pf	112	113
Fdy	49	51	Bar Lead	31	33
Do pf	100	101¼	Do pf	90	93¾
Am Can	33		Beech Nut	38	
Do pf	93	95	Bayuk Cigs		
Am Car pf	113¾	116	pf	100	
Am C & F	5	6	Beaut pf	104	106
Am S Bas			Beth S 7%		
pf	117		pf	93	96
Am Sm pf			Beth Steel		
A	92¾	93	pf	77	77¾
Am Snuff	125	134	Bing Van	7	9¾
Do pf	91¼	96	B, R & P		
Am Tel Tel			pf	92	95
pf	88	89	Brill & Ex	43	
Am Woolen			Do pf	93	
pf	89	93	Burns Bros		
Do pf	97	98	C	165	175
Am Zinc	7¼	8¼	Do pf	73	
pf	19¼	19¾	Bush Term		
Am W W			Do pf	125	
Do pf	38	40	Cal P pf	86	
Ana Min	33	33¼	Can Sa	51	52

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Case (J I)			Most Pow		
pf	82	89	pf	108	
C R R of			Mor & Ess	77¼	80¼
N J	175	188	Nat Acme	18¾	19
C'tain-teed			Nat Bis	146	148
1st pf	91	93	Do pf	110	110
Do 2d pf	85	90	Nat C & S	39¾	40
Chi Pn T	84¼	85	Do pf	86¼	89
C., R. I. &			Nat En pf	88	90
P 7% pf	96¼	98	Nat Sta of		
Chi. Rd. P.			Mex 1st pf	11	13
A & Con.	64½	65¼	N Y, C &		
C., C., C. &			St L 1st		
St L	65	69¾	pf	80	83
Do pf	87	88¾	Do 2d pf	68	73
Cl & Pitts	53	57	N Y Dock		
Do spec	52		pf	60¼	64¼
Clu-P T pf	92	94	N Y L &		
Col F & I			West	95	100
pf		120	N Y Shipb	18	20
Col & S 1st			N & W pf	74	76
pf	60¾	62¼	Ni Ni Power		
Do 2d pf	54	56	pf	103	104
Col Gr pf	16¼	17¼	Nunnally	12¾	13
Con Cigar	67	69¼	Ohio P S	51	51
Cons Dist	¾	1	Otis Elev	139¼	140
Cont Can	65	65¼	Do pf	99¼	
Do pf	106¾		Otis Stl pf	61	64
Cont Tea	70¼	70¾	Owens Bot	36	36¾
Corn Pr R			Do pf	101¼	
pf	115	116	Pac Coast	12¾	23
D & Cp pf	72	80	Do 1st pf	37	50
Del & H	90		Do 2d pf	13	30
Do pf	40		Pac Mail	7¾	7¾
Det U Ry		65	P P & Tex	68	69
D. S S &			P J & B		
A	4¼	5¾	pf		68
Dr Hosp	19	21	Penney pf	98	100
Do pf		82	Philip J		
E Kod xd	107		pf	89¾	92
Eth H Coal			Pierce O		
pf	37	39	Oil	7	7¾
Eq Bright	8	9	Pitts Coke		
Do pf	28¾	30	pf	94¼	96
Erie & P	53		P, Ft W &		
Fairbanks	18	20	C	121	
Fisher Body			Do 1st pf	132	
pf	103	109	Pitts S pf	64	100
G, W & W	¾	¾	Pr Stl Car	70	80
Gen Cig	63	65	Do pf	97	99¾
Do pf	90		Pure Oil xd	101	101¾
Gen A pf	94	96	Do pf		
Gen Cigar			Q & Q		
pf	100	105	C Stk Dis	64¼	65¼
Do 6 pf	91¼	93	Do pf		
Gen M pf	81¾	82	Ray Con		
Do 7% pf	94¼	95¾	pf	19	20
Gil Oil xd	55	70	Do 1st pf	62	72
Glidden	67	69	Do 2d pf	31	42
Grey & P	16	17¾	Real Silk		
Gum Shoe			Hosp Tob		
pf	85	90	A	63	80
G, H & N	15	18	Do pf	90	100
Do pf	45	50	Reo Mot	17	19¾
G S S 1st			Do 1st pf	92	
pf	99		Rutl'd pf	30	35
Hack Wat	10		Savage A	19¾	19¾
Do pf	32		Sears-R pf	163¾	165
Hartman			Seal Tests	43¼	44
div	65	66	S-L S &		
Homestake	30	32	pf	76	85
Hupp M	13	14	Sel Ind		
Hy C L pf	77	78	pf	92	96
Int Ag pf	10¼	11	Stand Milk	12	15
Int H pf	110	113¼	Do pf	90	98
Int Nic	38	39	Do 2d pf	85¾	
Int Paper	63	65	Stew Warn		
Int Sal	90	95	pf	101	105
Int Shipb	18	19	Studeb Co		
Iron Prod	3	5	pf	110	112
Jewel Tea			Sug Est 1st		
pf	104¼	105	pf		68
Kelly Sp	7	8	T C I &		
2d pf	33¼

Exempt from all Federal Income Taxes

Bradford, Va.

30-Year Direct Obligation

5½% Bonds

DUE JANUARY 1, 1952

Assessed Valuation	$5,542,739
Net Debt	258,000
Population about	5,000

Price to yield

5%

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REMINGTON ARMS COMPANY, Inc., First Mortgage 6% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds. Due May 1, 1937.

Business more than 100 years old.

Total net assets over $3000 per bond. Net current assets over $1400 per bond.

Average earnings during the past eight years over 4½ times the interest on this total funded debt.

Current assets more than eleven times current liabilities.

Price 95 and interest, to yield over 6.50%.

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Conservative BONDS Yielding 6 to 7½%

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AMERICAN SMELTING INQUIRY IS FINISHED

Management Is Criticised in Majority Report of Stockholders' Committee.

PRAISED BY THE MINORITY

Elihu Root Says Criticism Is Unfounded and Prosperity Is Due to the Guggenheims.

The report of the Stockholders' Committee of Investigation into the affairs of the American Smelting and Refining Company, of which Henry Evans is Chairman, was mailed to stockholders of the corporation yesterday. With the report was a statement prepared by the minority or dissenting members of the committee, as well as the comments of Elihu Root on the majority report.

The report of the majority committee says that the investigation has disclosed certain transactions in which officers and Directors of the company were interested, and which, in the opinion of the committee, are subject to criticism. The minority report, which approves the Guggenheim management, says that "without the support of the Messrs. Guggenheim and their companies and associates this company could have had no such splendid career in the past nor such prospects as it has for the future." Elihu Root, in his summary of the two main points of criticism against the Guggenheim management, said: "I have come to the clear conclusion that both of these criticisms are without just foundation."

Mr. Root's association with the investigation came about in this way:

It was agreed that the committee should conduct the investigation through its own agents and should report its own conclusions, but that, before distribution of the report to stockholders, the committee should submit it to the company; that, if the company so desired, the report should be examined on its behalf by Judge William H. Taft, and that if, after conference with the committee, Judge Taft should not concur in the conclusions reached by the committee, his own views should be printed and distributed to stockholders along with the report. It was later understood that Elihu Root should act in the place of Judge Taft.

The majority committee will, it is understood, send out a letter calling for proxies to be voted at the annual meeting on the last Tuesday of June. This meeting was to have been originally held on the first Tuesday in April, but was postponed in order that the report of the Evans Committee could be in the hands of the stockholders prior to the annual election. It is understood, however, that the majority committee will not carry on an aggressive campaign for proxies, but will rather leave it to the individual stockholder to decide what action to take.

Says There Is No Bias.

In this connection the majority report says: "The committee has endeavored to set forth the facts as it understands them without undue emphasis and without bias. The whole matter is submitted to the consideration of the stockholders."

The membership of the Stockholders' Investigation Committee includes Henry Evans, Chairman; Clarence H. Kelsey, Henry K. Pomroy and Willis D. Wood, who filed the majority report, and Lyman Candee, E. C. Jameson and Wilfred Shore, who filed the dissenting report.

The report of the majority covers 142 pages dealing with numerous items based mainly upon charges which were made against the management of the company. The investigation occupied virtually one year. Senator Root in a summary of the results of the investigation says:

"The report of the majority of the committee and the material prepared by their accountants and counsel and assented to by the report contains no charge or suggestion of graft or dishonesty or peculation in the management, or in the multitude of employes of the company."

The majority report summarizes the conclusions of four of the seven members of the committee in an introduction as follows:

"At the stockholders' annual meeting held on April 6, 1921, counsel for the committee stated the purpose of the committee to conduct an impartial investigation into the affairs of the company, and the spokesman for the company's management responded with an expression of willingness that the books and records of the company should be opened for examination.

A Successful Business.

"The company has been in existence for more than twenty years. It was originally organized as one of the great industrial enterprises of the country, and has maintained its position as such. This has been accomplished by various wise developments, such as the extension of the company's lead smelting operations, through purchases of the ores of the Coeur d'Alene mining district, and otherwise.

"Also the future opportunities for copper smelting were foreseen, and after the organization of the Securities Company were provided for, to the ultimate profit of the Smelting Company, after all the common stock of the Securities Company had finally been acquired.

"And in general it may be said that the company has made large earnings, that it stands today with a great and valuable plant and organization, and that it has a large potential earning capacity in normal times.

"It also may be said that the business management of the company has been successful, and that a highly efficient organization has been built up.

"The chief points to which the majority committee direct criticism, as stated in their introductory summary, are as follows:

"The majority committee will, it is understood, send out a letter calling for proxies to be voted at the annual meeting on the last Tuesday of June. This meeting was to have been originally held on the first Tuesday in April, but was postponed in order that the report of the Evans Committee could be in the hands of the stockholders prior to the annual election. It is understood, however, that the majority committee will not carry on an aggressive campaign for proxies, but will rather leave it to the individual stockholder to decide what action to take.

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SIMMS PETROLEUM REPORTS A DEFICIT

More Than $7,000,000 Written Off for Leases That Have Been Abandoned.

DRILL 14 PRODUCING WELLS.

28 Others Being Sunk—Earnings for First Quarter of 1922 Show $711,358 Net Surplus.

The report of the Simms Petroleum Company, Inc., and its subsidiaries for 1921 shows a net deficit of $1,590,700, after all expenses for operation and charges for depreciation, depletion, interest, rentals and other adjustments. In addition $5,099,292 was written off for the abandoned Dibrell lease and $360,104 for other leases abandoned, which, with other adjustments and the above deficit, brought about a profit and loss deficit of $12,757,837 in the general balance sheet, against a profit and loss deficit of $3,768,856 for 1920.

Edward T. Moore, President, in a statement to stockholders says:

"Besides the Dibrell lease of about 2,400 acres, your company forfeited leases aggregating 6,462.08 acres during 1921, having a book value of $360,104.48. These leases were permitted to expire for one of two main reasons—either they had been disproved by operations of this or other companies and no longer justified payment of rentals or drillings, or they were dropped in the interest of saving excessive rentals in territory where the company had other protection deemed sufficient for its requirements.

"In connection with the company's operations Mr. Moore says: 'During the first quarter of 1922 the company completed fourteen producing wells, eight of which were located on its Mexia leases, five on the Owens lease in the Bunger pool (Young County, Texas), and one on the Jackson A lease in the Caddo section of Stephens County, Texas. At the end of March, 1922, they were drilling, or rigging up to drill, twenty-four wells on leases owned by the company.

"The company is continuing its general policy of acquiring and developing close-in and highly probable leases, and expects in this way gradually to add new production to that now owned."

Added to the annual report is a statement of earnings covering the first three months of 1922. This shows a net surplus for the period of $711,358, before depletion and abandoned leases, against $32,916 in the same period last year.

CRUDE OIL OUTPUT UP.

Daily Average in Week Ended May 13 Was 1,422,400 Barrels.

Crude oil production in the United States in the week ended May 13 averaged 1,422,400 barrels daily, according to figures compiled by the American Petroleum Institute. The daily average the week before was 1,407,450 barrels, and in the corresponding week last year 1,317,240 barrels.

The daily average gross production in barrels of the various fields is given as follows:

	1922			1921
	May 13.	May 6.		May 14.
Oklahoma	380,200	373,600		292,900
Kansas	95,000	97,300		86,400
North Texas	60,000	59,400		60,150
Central Texas	149,100	149,300		122,170
North Louisiana and Arkansas	123,550	118,250		87,810
Gulf Coast	108,650	109,600		107,200
Eastern	113,000	110,000		136,600
Wyoming and Montana	74,400	74,850		71,450
California	340,000	340,800		339,000
Total	1,422,400	1,407,450		1,317,240

According to figures collected by the American Petroleum Institute, the imports of petroleum (crude and refined oils) at the principal United States ports in the week ended May 13 totaled 2,873,200 barrels, a daily average of 410,457 barrels, compared with 3,278,500 barrels, a daily average of 468,357 barrels in the week ended May 6. Receipts at Atlantic Coast ports in the week ended May 13 were 1,292,700 barrels, a daily average of 184,571 barrels, against 1,799,500 barrels, a daily average of 257,071 barrels in the week ended May 6.

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 18.—Seventy-nine new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $2,537,300, were chartered today. They include:

Bear Garment Manufacturing Co., Manhattan, $20,000; J. Goldberg, E. Blanch, S. Kaufman (Attorneys, McLaughlin & Stern, 15 William St.)

Rudable Dress Co., Manhattan, $5,000; M. A. Mark, A. Falts, W. T. Mulcahy. (Attorneys, Horstmann & Kozinn, 805 Tremont Av.)

Wilder Development Co., Manhattan, $50,000; M. and S. and M. Filder. (Attorneys, Hrams & Hrams, 334 Fifth Av.)

J. Shipper & Winer, Manhattan, $15,000; H. Fisher, A. Shipper, E. J. Fine. (Attorney, J. Schottland, 100 Broadway.)

Thunderbolt Amusement Co., Manhattan, roller coaster, &c., $10,000; M. Goldstein, D. Rosenberg, W. Nadelman. (Attorney, L. Ringle, 280 Broadway.)

H. C. J. Holding Co., Manhattan, auto devices, $10,000; S. B. Wittner, C. H. Kirchberg, A. Leader. (Attorneys, Anderson, Phillips & Moss, 165 Fifth Ave.)

Strauss & Charlott, Bronx, structural iron, $5,600; S. Strauss, M. and I. Chaloff. (Attorney, B. M. Shaw, 250 Broadway.)

August Bode, Queens, fur dyeing, $20,000; A. Hode, J. H. Lowenstein, L. Levy. (Attorneys, Levy, Gutman & Goldberg, 277 Broadway.)

M. G. Clothing Co., Manhattan, men's clothing, $50,000; E. M. Haas, J. Levy, I. Cohen. (Attorneys, Cohen, Haas & Schimmel, 302 Broadway.)

Niagara Bag Co., Minsola, $20,000; C. and M. Kuerger, F. Scheer. (Attorneys, Levy, Gutman & Goldberg, 277 Broadway.)

Camp Akiwa, Brooklyn, manage camp, $10,000; M. H. W. Finum, M. Jaurebech. (Attorney, B. Blech, 50 Court St., Brooklyn.)

A. O. M. Lunch Co., Manhattan, $10,000; J. O. Mahoney, R. N. King, W. W. Foster. (Attorneys, King & Wilkinson, 27 Cedar St.)

Woodhaven Department Store, Queens, merchandise, $20,000; F. Cramer, A. I. Civell, M. Maitz. (Attorney, J. Kaplan, 261 Broadway.)

Commodities Exchange, Manhattan, $50,000; I. Grefbert, J. Stone, P. Marks. (Attorney, M. Strunsky, 1,123 Broadway.)

Mechanicsburg Hosiery Mills, Manhattan, $25,000; I. and M. Lipschitz. (Attorney, D. E. Singer, 37 Cedar St.)

Yaop Samuelson & Co., Manhattan, women's suits, $50,000; A. and A. Samuelson. (Attorney, W. Platto, 27 Cedar St.)

R. A. H. Radio Manufacturing Co., Manhattan, $30,000; H. Harris, E. Arnold, K. Hellmuth. (Attorneys, Linck, Pressler & Cranes, 46 Cedar St.)

Wichita Realty and Holding Corp., Manhattan, $9,000; A. Weber, D. Mandelson, L. Lieberman. (Attorney, A. Greenberg, 152 West 42d St.)

Belmont Trading Corp., Manhattan, goods and commodities, $7,500; R. Epstein, R. Salmon, O. F. Ditchey. (Attorney, J. M. Wolff, 2 Rector St.)

Fordham Concrete Corp., Bronx, construction, $10,000; M. V. Sullivan, A. Maine, B. Lesinger. (Attorneys, Buchdahl & Males, 276 5th Av.)

Freshers Cigar Co., Manhattan, $10,000; S. F. Frank, G. Greenstein. (Attorney, A. B. Freedman, 38 Park Row.)

George W. Braunsdorf, Highland, Ulster Co., make piano felts, $25,000; G. W. and H. P. and G. J. Braunsdorf. (Attorney, L. M. Williams, 233 Broadway.)

Animated Outdoor Advertising, Rochester, with motion pictures, $10,000; M. C. Hair, W. R. Holmes, E. M. Dunn. (Attorney, J. J. Mulligan, Rochester.)

Pelz Corporation, Manhattan, commission, 5,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each, 4,000 common (no par value); auto accessories, $400,000; L. S. Pelz, O. Greenstein, S. Berck. (Attorney, Henry Meyers & Mamet, 277 Broadway.)

Top Realty Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; S. B. Kies, S. Wasserman. (Attorney, L. E. Peck, 291 Broadway.)

D. and S. Motor Car Co., Yonkers, $5,000; R. B. Dale, Jr., J. S. Sullivan, I. A. Campbell. (Attorneys, Condit & Hite, White Plains.)

Sea Coast Operating and Holding Corp., Queens, theatricals, &c., $250,000; K. J. Lacey, G. H. Parsons, F. W. Rogers. (Attorneys, Weiler & Rogers, Jamaica.)

Paul's Pharmacy, Manhattan, $5,000; M. J. Kraechel, J. E. Hissrich, F. J. Kinsler. (Attorneys, Donnelly & Kadel, 2,804 Third Av.)

Fit Well Garment Co., Manhattan, women's apparel, $5,000; W. Berstein, R. L. Cohen, W. Kuhnert. (Attorney, M. M. Moskowitz, 1,265 Broadway.)

Mecca Realty Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; H. Bacher, Jr., I. Fedorak, A. Victor. (Attorney, D. K. Shapiro, 1,123 Broadway.)

Atlantic Oil Co., Bolivar, Allegheny Co., $125,000; S. W. Cady, J. S. Johnston, T. C. Smith. (Attorneys, Hiss & Hiss, Bolivar.)

Homar Corp., Manhattan, securities, $100,000; H. Dollins, C. MacCrosse, D. Hawkins. (Attorneys, Sullivan & Cromwell, 49 Wall St.)

Eureka Lace Co., Manhattan, manufacture and lace, $10,000; L. Barnett, M. Friedman (Attorney, M. Levine, 125 East 16th St.)

James N. Tribidas, Manhattan, tobacco, $25,000; J. W. and H. Tribidas, E. Goldstein (Attorney, D. A. Pepper, 299 Broadway.)

Hawthorne Stationery & Printing Co., Manhattan, $5,000; S. and M. Augenblick, E. Breslind (Attorney, H. D. Goldberg, 59 Nassau St.)

Fetzer & Co., Manhattan, interior decorators, $5,000; E. C. Fetzer, S. Kaufman (Attorney, J. W. Remer, 40 Nassau St.)

Peerless Rock Corp., Yonkers, $50,000; E. D. and N. D. Haskell, C. W. Robertson. (Attorney, H. E. Habel, Buffalo.)

Cobellis Bovilloca Co., Manhattan, confection, $10,000; F. Bovilloca, L. Cobellis, L. Ignesia. (Attorneys, Raimo, Brugnoli, Russo & Dierocco, 290 Broadway.)

Yellowstone Taxi Association, Manhattan, $10,000; E. L. Bernstein, A. S. Markus, F. S. Joseph. (Attorney, S. S. Rosenberg, 302 Broadway.)

State Taxi Corp., Bronx, $10,000; D. Hirsch, L. and J. Faber. (Attorney, L. Lempil, 6 Columbia St.)

Metrolysis, Brooklyn, make metal articles, $10,000; F. J. Booth, J. M. Pugh, A. E. Friedman. (Attorney, R. E. Bergman, 304 Willis Av., Bronx.)

Radio Products Mfg. Co., Manhattan, $5,000; M. Tecklaff, G. Bohse, F. Czerwenka. (Attorney, R. L. Levenson, 799 Broadway.)

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Lux Rite Dress Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $20,000.

Fratini Marble Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $30,000.

Ovington Bros Co., Manhattan, $1,000,000 to $2,000,000.

RESIGNATIONS.

Sarah Maas, fabrics and laces, 1,000 shares no par value; rep., T. H. Mahony, 100 East 45th St.

Gordee Products, Del., articles from chemical compounds, 500 shares preferred stock, $100 each, 1,500 common, no par value; rep., F. L. O'Malley, 19 Broadway.

Coulter Mfg. Co., Del., iron founders, 2,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 2,000 common, no par value; rep., L. H. Thompson, Buffalo.

Mausoleum Co., of Amsterdam, N. J., rep., C. H. McCoun, 1,270 Broadway.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Klein Whitehead Co., Manhattan.

Hammond & Co., Manhattan.

Howard Realty & Development Co., Manhattan.

West Side Paper Stock Co., Manhattan.

Skyline Air Craft Corp., Manhattan.

E. L. Van Wesel, Manhattan.

Henry Alden, Manhattan.

A. D. Auto Service, Manhattan.

Mundheim Bros. & Ranner, Manhattan.

Premier Metal Goods Corp., Manhattan.

Lester & Kaufman, Manhattan.

L. F. Wanner Co., Mill Rock.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, May 18.—New charters.

Commercial Motors and Parts Co., Camden, $120,000; James A. Zilch, Ida M. Zilch, Frank C. Meetser, Camden.

Perth Amboy Terminal and Coal Co., Perth Amboy, $150,000; John C. Toolan, Harry T. Wilents, Perth Amboy; Leone Elroy, Woodbridge.

Reliable Cooperage, Perth Amboy, cooperage enterprise, $100,000; Samuel W. Hornsby, Jr., Max A. Shapiro, Abraham Brey, Perth Amboy.

Western Live Poultry and Egg Co., Newark, $100,000; Meadel Simon, May Farber, Mandel Farber, Newark.

Crescent Armored Wire Co., Trenton, manufacture, $500,000; C. Edward Murray, Sr., C. Edward Murray, Jr., J. Cornell Murray, Trenton.

Cooper Brothers, Trenton, dairy products, $10,000; Victor L. Cooper, Oliver H. Davis, E. E. Ackerman, Trenton.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, May 18.—Charters filed today.

Wing Motors Corp., Manhattan, $10,000,000. (Corporation Trust Company of America.)

De Camp Consolidated Glass Castors Co., manufacture, $25,000,000; James W. De Camp, Blackwell, Okla., F. H. Hutchins, New York, Hilbert E. Mathieson, Orange, N. J. (Corporation Trust Company of America.)

Racine Horseshoe Tire Corp., New York, $4,000,000. (U. S. Corporation Co.)

J. C. Hearin Co., Wilmington, manufacturing and merchandising, $2,150,000. (Corporation Trust Company of America.)

Grandell Fuel Company, Wilmington, $500,000. (Capital Charter Co.)

Mandalay Steamship Corp., Wilmington, $500,000. (Corporation Trust Company of America.)

Fragrant Roller Company of America, for printers, $250,000; Lee L. Latour, A. F. Maxwell, Warren Small, Omaha, Neb. (Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

Frankford Davidson Co., Pittsburgh, chemicals, $200,000. (Capital Trust Company of Delaware.)

A. W. Francis Baking Co., Wilmington, $150,000. (Colonial Charter Co.)

Marys Enchanted Co., Wilmington, waterfilters, $160,000. (Colonial Charter Co.)

Eureka Radiator Co., Wilmington, for autos, $150,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

Dafter Steel Equipment Co., furniture, works, $100,000; David A. Longacre, John A. Longacre, Northtown, Pa.; J. B. Callahan, 3d, Philadelphia. (Delaware Registration and Reporting Co.)

Central Pennsylvania Manufacturing Co., Wilmington, real estate, $150,000. (Delaware Charter Co.)

Minneapolis Motor Bus Terminal Co., $100,000; F. W. Tubbiets, E. L. Bryant, F. G. Lederbaum, Minneapolis. (Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

D. Swan Manufacturing Co., seats, $100,000; E. Swan, Ed. Bluff, Freedom, Ind.; Hobart Johns, Southbend, Ind. (Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

F. P. Fortner Manufacturing Co., locomotive cranes, $100,000; Charles Harris, Milkboro, M. A. Fortner, Clifton, Ind. (Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

Cambria Oil and Gas Co., Dover, marketing oil, $100,000. (U. S. Corporation Co.)

Fi-Boston Co., asbestos products, $100,000; David S. Letwin, Joseph Sandler, Nathan Frankel, New York. (Boyce & Magee, Dover.)

Federal Insurance Agency, exporting and importing, $50,000; John Bandiera, D. E. Keesler, Charles A. King, Jr., New York. Jacques E. Wales, Wilmington.

International Display Corp., Wilmington, mechanical devices, $40,000. (Colonial Charter Co.)

J. G. Garck Manufacturing Co., automobiles, $40,000; C. Garck, Jr., Carlos Garck, Tonby, Neb.; J. J. Peltz, Linwood, Md. (Delaware Registration Trust Co.)

Williams Radio Battery Co., Wilmington, manufacture, $30,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

Lincoln Piston Ring Co., manufacture, $2,000; Edwin S. Berry, Charles A. Berry, Philadelphia; Robert M. Woodrow, Sea Isle City, N. J. (U. S. Corporation Co.)

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Montana Producers' Corp., New York, $10,000 to $17,500,000.

Glaxo Film and Chemical Co., Philadelphia, $100,000 to $1,500,000.

Thomas Manufacturing Corp., Wilmington, $150,000 to $600,000.

NAME CHANGE.

Regulator Manufacturing Corp., to National Carburetor Manufacturing Corp., Philadelphia.

Asia Banking Corporation

美國友華銀行

An American Bank rendering complete service for trade with the Orient and other parts of the world

CHARLES H. SABIN, *Chairman of the Board*

CHARLES A. HOLDER
President

T. FRED. ASPDEN, *Vice President* — IRVING V. SCOTT, *Vice President*

E. B. MACKENZIE, *Secretary* — F. R. SANDFORD, JR., *Treasurer*

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Municipal Bonds

Yielding 4.20% to 4.95%

City of Lincoln, Nebraska
School District 4's
Due 1951—optional 1924
Yield 4.20%

Columbus, Ohio
School District 5's
Due 1946
Yield 4.25%

State of North Carolina 4½'s
Due 1955
Yield 4.25%

Jefferson County, Texas
Road District 5's
Due 1944
Price 101 and interest

Federal Land Bank 4½'s
Due 1942—optional 1932
Price 100¼ and interest

Chicago Joint Stock
Land Bank 5's
Due 1951—optional 1931
Price 103¼ and interest

Fremont Joint Stock
Land Bank 5's
Due 1951—optional 1931
Price 103 and interest

Ask for Circulars

MINTON, LAMPERT & COMPANY
29 South La Salle Street
Chicago

FOR SALE

20M Central Iron & Coal 6s @ 75 & Interest

25M Col. Graph. 8% Ctfs. @ 38

10M B'way & 7 Ave. 5s, Reg. @ 62 & Interest

10M Port Arthur Tr. 1st 5s @ 62½ & Interest

25M State of Jalisco 6s @ 41 Flat

CHATER & EDEY
35 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. Hanover 8154

DIVIDENDS.

At a meeting of directors held May 17, 1922, at London, it was decided to pay an interim dividend of Four Per Cent., free of British Income Tax, on Ordinary Shares on June 30, 1922. Coupon No. 91 must be used for dividend.

All transfers received in order at London on or before June 13, 1922, will be in time for payment of dividend to transferees.

BRITISH-AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY LIMITED

Notice to Stockholders and Holders of Voting Dividend Warrants of CONSOLIDATED DISTRIBUTORS, INC.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that holders of stock or scrip dividend warrants of Consolidated Distributors, Inc., desiring to participate in the Plan must stay Receivership Suit and present their stock or scrip at the office of INGRAM, TAYLOR & SCHENCK, Attorneys for Reorganization Committee, No. 280 West 57th Street, New York City, on or before June 16, 1922. By order of

REORGANIZATION COMMITTEE.

Dated, May 18, 1922.

BEACH ROYALTIES CORPORATION
Wichita Falls, Texas.

May 15, 1922.

Dividend No. 6.

The Board of Directors of this Company has declared the regular monthly dividend of 2% on the Capital Stock outstanding of the Company, payable June 15, 1922, to Stockholders of record May 31, 1922.

H. BEACH, Secretary.

BLACKSTONE VALLEY GAS & ELEC. CO.
Preferred Dividend No. 79.

A $1.50 semi-annual dividend is payable June 1 to Stockholders of record May 20, 1922.

STONE & WEBSTER, INC.
General Manager.

BLACKSTONE VALLEY GAS & ELEC. CO.
Common Dividend No. 33.

(Shares no par value.)

A $1.25 quarterly dividend is payable June 1 to Stockholders of record May 20, 1922.

STONE & WEBSTER, INC.
General Manager.

MERCHANTS'& LENOX CO.
Brooklyn, N. Y., May 18, 1922.

DIVIDEND 106.

A regular quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent on the capital stock of the Merchants' Lenox Company will be paid on June 20, 1922, to the stockholders of record as they appear at the close of business on June 5, 1922. The Transfer Books will not be closed.

JOS. T. MACKEY, Treasurer.

Every Traveler Needs

a means of securing money quickly and easily whenever and wherever desired.

The Letters of Credit issued by this Company fulfill these requirements and in addition serve as an introduction to our correspondents throughout the world.

A suggestion: While you are traveling, deposit your securities with our Trust Department, thereby assuring the prompt collection of income.

FOUR CONVENIENTLY LOCATED OFFICES
55 Cedar Street.
B'way at 73rd St.
Madison Ave. at 75th St.
125th St. at Eighth Ave.

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY

Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits $7,000,000

NEW YORK

The First National Bank of Boston

The leading financial institution of New England

Foreign and domestic commercial banking of every nature

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The New York Trust Company

Capital, Surplus & Undivided Profits - - - $26,500,000

SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS

We invite inspection of the unusually complete facilities offered for the safe keeping of valuables at our Fifth Avenue Office.

100 Broadway — 57th St. & Fifth Ave.

DIVIDENDS.

THE MACKAY COMPANIES.
PREFERRED DIVIDEND NO. 74.
COMMON DIVIDEND NO. 48.

The regular quarterly dividend of one per cent on the preferred shares and the regular quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent on the common shares in The Mackay Companies will be paid July 1st, 1922, to shareholders of record as they appear at the close of business June 7th, 1922. The transfer books will not be closed.

EDWARD O. PLATT, Treasurer.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS covering sale of miscellaneous scrap metal will be received at Waterloo, Delaware County, Pennsylvania, until 11 A. M. of June 7, 1922.

Central Union Trust Co.
of New York
80 BROADWAY
BRANCHES
5th Avenue at 43d Street
Madison Avenue at 42d Street
Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits $20,000,000

THE DOMINION BANK
Head Office, Toronto, Canada
New York Agency, 51 Broadway
G. S. HOWARD, Agent

WE WISH TO BUY
500 Shares
(or any part)
Int'l Cigar Machinery Co.
Stock
Offerings Wanted
Dawson, Lyon & Co.
50 Pine St. Phone John 5854 New York

WE HAVE ORDERS IN
Bucyrus Co. Com. & Pfd.
Carbon Steel (All issues)
City Investing Com. & Pfd.
Mercantile Stores
Schulte Retail Stores
Todd Shipyards
Ward Baking 6s, 1937
KIELY & HORTON
40 Wall St. New York.

Irving Nat. Bank
National Park Bank
New York Trust Co.
Guaranty Trust Co.
Hocking Valley Prod. 5s
Mercantile Stores
Deb. 5s, 1933, & Stock
Wm. C. Orton & Co.
54 Wall St., N.Y. Tel. Hanover 9680-9687

Allied Packers
All Issues
Bought—Sold—Quoted
E. L. WITTMEYER & CO.
Members New York Curb Market
42 Broadway New York
Phone Broad 900

Daniels Motor Co.
Common Stock
Bought—Sold—Quoted
Maguire & Burleigh
Members New York Curb Market
125 Broadway New York
Telephone Rector 9322.

Amer. Cyanamid
Stock
J.K.Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phone 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
Kirby Lumber Com. & Pfd.
Wm. C. Orton & Co.
54 Wall St., N.Y. Tel. Hanover 9680-9687

New York Mutual
Gas Light Stock
J.K.Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phone 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

Cinn., Indiana & W. Ry.
Com. & Pfd.
Mich. Central R. R.
Stock
Wm. C. Orton & Co.
54 Wall St., N.Y. Tel. Hanover 9680-9687

We offer
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30 Broad Street New York
Phone Broad 1970-1971-1972

Singer Mfg. Co.
J.K.Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phone 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

Bought—Sold—Quoted
URBAN MOTION PICTURES
Com. & Pfd.
FRANK DUNNE & CO
170 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
TEL. REGTOR 6880-4881

DOWNWARD PLUNGE IN CHICAGO WHEAT

Free Selling of the May at Market's Close Sends Prices Off Again Sharply.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 18.—Wheat traders waited for something to happen the greater part of the morning, and prices held within narrow limits until the last half hour, when selling of May credited to local longs led to increased pressure on the July. The market dropped sharply and closed about the bottom, with May off ¾ cents and the new crop futures ¼@1¼ cents lower.

There was little in the character of the news to attract attention, and, while Broomhall's confirmation of his 14,000,000 bushels estimate on the Argentine exportable surplus was given as the cause for the late break, the news had been out for several hours before the market showed it.

The main factor in making the decline was the selling of a liberal amount of July by a local professional, who covered on the break without attracting attention. A majority of the pit element was short at the last.

Commission house sentiment was more mixed, with a disposition to regard the deferred deliveries as a purchase on any further decline. Commission houses bought July on scale orders, commencing at $1.27 and again at $1.26¾, and at $1.26¼.

The possibility of a severe break in the May tends to restrict outside trade in the deferred deliveries, especially as the possibility of a crop scare is several weeks away, despite the generally less favorable tenor of the reports from the Southwest and parts of Nebraska.

There were rumors of liberal sales of cash wheat to Minneapolis interests with mills at Buffalo, and, while the sales could not be confirmed, the leading long also refused to deny the report. The early selling of May was by a local professional.

In June wheat was traded in on a fair scale, selling at $1.33¼@$1.32⅞ and closing at $1.33⅜, or 8 cents under the May. Illinois sold 50,000 bushels new crop Winters, for shipment by July 20, at equal to 1¼ cents under the future after allowing for the commission.

Export sales at the seaboard were estimated at 600,000 bushels in all positions, with intimations that the day's business exceeded this figure. Western markets were said to have made sales of new crop Winters. France was after new crop grain.

Local selling of corn and oats was effective in making a lower range in the absence of aggressive buying. Export sales of corn, including 700,000 bushels via Montreal yesterday, were reported at 800,000 bushels for the day, with 100,000 bushels of oats, and local handlers sold 65,000 bushels of oats to the seaboard.

While the crop outlook in general is none too favorable, on account of the late seeding and planting, there is nothing in the situation at the moment to cause the bears any alarm. Country offerings of corn were held at 1 to 1¼ above a working basis.

Primary arrivals of wheat today were 707,000 bushels; previous week, 860,000; last year, 722,000. Shipments were 573,000 bushels; week ago, 866,000; last year, 651,000.

Corn receipts were 631,000 bushels; week ago, 767,000; last year, 294,000, and shipments, 1,120,000 bushels; previous week, 674,000; last year, 479,000.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	$1.46⅝	$1.41⅝	$1.41⅝	$1.46	$1.53
July	1.27¼	1.24⅝	1.25⅝	1.26⅝	1.20¾
Sept.	1.21¾	1.20	1.20⅝	1.20⅝	

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	.61⅝	.61¼	.61¼	.61⅝	.57⅝
July	.64⅝	.63¾	.63¾	.64¼	.60½
Sept.	.67¼	.66⅝	.66⅝	.67	.62⅝

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	.38¼	.37	.37	.38⅛	.36½
July	.40-40¼	.39⅝	.39⅝	.40	.38⅝
Sept.	.41¼-⅜	.41	.41	.41⅛	.39⅝

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	1.10⅝	1.08⅝	1.08⅝	1.10½	1.40
July	1.09¼	1.06	1.06	1.09¼	1.14
Sept.	1.01⅝	1.00⅝	1.00⅝	1.01¼	1.00⅝

PROVISIONS.

	Lard.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May		11.37	11.37	11.37	11.65	9.95
July		11.67-11.60	11.62	11.60	9.60	
Sept.		11.85-11.80	11.80	11.82	9.92	

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

COTTONSEED OIL.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.
Spot			11.60	11.06
May			11.60	11.06
June			11.79	11.71
July	11.90	11.90	11.90	11.80
August	11.81	11.80	11.80	11.70
September	11.85	11.60	11.80	11.80
October	11.30	11.28	11.35	11.27
November	10.35	10.25	10.23	10.28
December	10.08	10.08	10.06	10.06
Total sales, 10,100.				

COFFEE.

The coffee market closed 14@15 points net lower.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	10.17	10.15	10.15	10.31	5.90
September	9.70	9.70	9.74	9.87	6.30
December	9.45	9.41	9.44	9.59	6.16
March	9.32	9.28	9.27		7.00

SUGAR.

The raw sugar market was steady.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	2.68	2.64	2.63	2.66	2.04
September	2.76	2.66	2.65	2.68	2.16
December	2.80	2.68	2.68	2.68	2.40
March	2.87	2.80	1.85	2.86	
November	2.83	2.82	1.83		

*Closing price.

German Floating Debt Increasing.

BERLIN, May 18.—Germany's floating debt increased between April 1 and May 10 by 10,655,000,000 marks, and now amounts to 262,590,000,000, says the Allgemeine Zeitung today.

COMMODITY PRICES.

Grains Weak and Suffer Declines—Cotton and Steel Billets Advance.

Grains were weak and lower in the cash dealings yesterday, wheat, corn and oats dropping from ¼ to 2¼ cents the bushel. The advance in spot cotton continued, middling uplands moving up 5 points to 21.65 cents, another new high. Billets at Pittsburgh advanced to $35 the ton, showing a gain of $1 to year's high. The groceries, provisions, other metals were firm.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Thursday, a week before and a year ago:

	May 18, 1922.	May 11, 1922.	May 19, 1921.
FOODSTUFFS—			
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.50	$1.54	$1.75
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.60¼	.60¼	.75⅝
Oats, No. 2 white	.50	.49⅝	.50¼
Flour, Minn. patent	8.75	8.75	6.50
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.11	.11¼	.06¼
Sugar, granulated	.05¼	.053	.063
Butter, cream, 92 score	.34½	.37½	.33¼
Eggs, fresh-gathered, firsts, per dozen	.23	.27	.22½
Lard, Mid. W	12.50	12.00	9.80
Pork, mess	27.00	27.00	25.50
Beef, family	37.00	37.00	30.00
METALS—			
Iron, No. 2, Phila	28.00	28.25	28.75
Steel billets, Pitts	35.00	32.00	27.00
Lead	5.40	5.50	5.10
Copper	13.25	13.00	13.00
Tin	31.50	30.50	32.00
TEXTILES—			
Cotton, mid. upland	21.65	20.15	12.65
Print cloths	.09½	.09½	.09¾

Range of prices for year to date:

	Highest.	Lowest.
Wheat	$1.61½ Apr. 22	$1.18 Jan. 3
Corn	.61¼ May 15	.61¼ Jan. 2
Oats	.50¼ May 18	.46¾ Jan. 3
Flour	9.25 Feb. 27	7.25 Jan. 4
Coffee	.11¼ Apr. 21	.08⅞ Jan. 24
Sugar	.05¾ May 16	.048 Jan. 3
Butter	.40 Jan. 4	.34½ Jan. 10
Copper	.13 Jan. 25	.12¾ Mar. 27
Lard	12.85 Feb. 28	9.40 Jan. 3
Pork	27.00 May 8	22.50 Jan. 24
Beef	37.00 Mar. 27	14.00 Feb. 6
Iron	28.25 May 18	21.36 Jan. 3
Steel	35.00 May 18	28.00 Jan. 10
Lead	5.40 May 17	4.07½ Feb. 9
Tin	36.25 Jan. 12	28.50 Mar. 14
Copper	13.38 Jan. 3	12.00 Feb. 21
Cotton	21.65 May 18	16.45 Jan. 30
Print cloths	.09¾ May 10	.09¾ Feb. 2

Ruling on Rogers-Brown Bonds.

The Committee of Securities of the New York Stock Exchange has ruled that contracts for the Rogers-Brown Iron Company twenty-year general and refunding mortgage, 7 per cent. gold bonds due May 1, 1942, now traded in on a when issued basis, must be settled on Monday, May 22, by delivery of temporary bonds. Only bonds of $500 and $1,000 denominations are a delivery unless otherwise agreed. Settlement of contracts may be enforced under the rule, beginning Monday.

Green Bay & Western Surplus Up.

The Green Bay & Western Railroad reports for the year ended Dec. 31, 1921, a surplus of $232,548 after taxes and charges, compared with $218,462 for 1920. Gross income for 1921 was $1,195,156 against $1,087,019 in 1920, while expenses stood at $1,076,859 in 1921, against $967,152 for 1920. The report shows that other income from non-operating sources amounted to $78,548 last year, compared with $277,582 for 1920.

Orders 2,000 Refrigerator Cars.

ST. LOUIS, May 18.—The American Car and Foundry Company announced today it had received an order for 2,000 refrigerator cars from the American Refrigerator Company, to cost approximately $5,000,000. Under the contract the equipment is to be delivered by September to take care of a large increase in the transportation of fruits, vegetables and dairy products which is done by the American Refrigerator Transit Company.

Southern Ry. to Raise $9,300,000.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—The Southern Railway was granted permission today to guarantee payment of the interest and principal of $9,300,000 in equipment trust certificates. The securities will be sold by a Philadelphia financial institution as trustee, but the funds will go to the railroad for the purchase of new rolling stock.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts yesterday, 5,642 packages. Market unsettled on finest grades. Creamery higher-priced than 92c; 92score, 92 score, 34@35c; firsts, 34@35c; seconds, 32¼@33c; lower grades, 31@32c; centralized cars, 90 score, 35½c; 89 score, 34½c; 88 score, 34c; 87 score, 32½@33c; unsalted higher than extras, 35½c; 92 score, 37¼@38c; firsts, 36@37c; seconds, 35¼@34½c; lower grades, 32@33c. State dairy, fresh, 32@34c; common to fair, 30@32c; packing stock, current make, extra, 27c; firsts, 23@25c; seconds, 21¼@22c; lower grades, 20@21c; packing stock, current make, 20@21c; 1921, 22c; No. 2, 21c; lower grades, 16@19c.

EGGS—Receipts yesterday, 37,010 cases. Trade quiet, receipts heavy, accumulations rapid and prices lower. Fresh gathered extras, 30@30½c; storage packed extras, 29@29½c; firsts, 27¼@28½c; regular packed, extra firsts, 27¼@28½c; regular packed firsts, 25¼@27c; seconds and poorer, 19@23c; trade eggs, 23@25c; dirties, storage packed, No. 1, 24½@25c; dirties, regular packed, No. 1, 23@24½c; No. 2 and poorer, 19@22½c. Western, fresh, gathered extras, 30@31c; near-by and nearby Western hennery whites, average extras, 34@35c; uncandled extras, 30@32c; near-by and nearby Western hennery whites, average extras, 34@35c; extra firsts, 32@33c; firsts, 29@31c; nearby, gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 29@32c; under grades, 19@25c; Pacific Coast whites, average extras, 35@36c; firsts, 32@34c; under grades, 28@30c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 27@31c; nearby and nearby Western hennery, browns, extra, 31@32c; firsts to extra firsts, 29@30c; nearby, gathered, browns, firsts to extra firsts, 26@28c; under grades, 19@25c; fresh-gathered extras, 30@31c; firsts to extra firsts, 29@30c; dirty cases, 20@22c.

CONSORTIUM IS UNCHANGED.

Is Still Ready to Assist China, Lamont Announces.

LONDON, May 18 (Associated Press). The policy of the Chinese consortium remains unchanged as to assistance to China, declared Thomas W. Lamont of New York in a statement this afternoon.

"The council of the Chinese consortium, meetings of which were held here this week with representatives of the British, French, Japanese and American banking groups present," said Mr. Lamont's statement, "expressed the unanimous opinion that the consortium should continue unchanged its policy of holding itself prepared to assist China in her economic and financial development if, upon the establishment of more stable political conditions in China, its good offices should be requested."

Mr. Lamont added that there was absolutely no truth in any report that the consortium was considering withdrawal from Chinese affairs.

PUBLIC UTILITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Gas & Electric	135	136
Am. Gas & Electric pf.	44¾	45¾
Am. Light & Traction	140	142
Am. Light & Traction pf.	98	101
Am. Power & Light	113	115
Am. Power & Light pf.	57	59
Appalachian Power	18	20
Appalachian Power pf.	96	100
Ark. Light & Power	14	17
Carolina Power & Light	43	46
Cities Service	252	254
Cities Service pf.	64	65
Cities Service pf. B	63	65
Cities Service bankers' shares	29⅝	30⅞
Colorado Power	16¾	17¾
Colorado Power pf.	81	83
Columbus Elec. pfd.	88	91
Com. Power, Ry. & Light	31¼	32¼
Com. Power, Ry. & Light pf.	67	68¼
Cent. Light & Power pf.	106	108¼
Continental Gas & Electric pf.	70½	73½
Consumers Power pf.	87	90
East Texas Electric	88	95
East Texas Electric pf.	82	88
Eq. Gas. Electric	111	113
Eastern Power & Share	85½	86¼
Federal Light & Traction	25½	27
Federal Light & Traction pf.	72	75
Galveston-Houston Electric	32	32¼
Galveston-Houston Electric pf.	74	77
Lehigh Power Sec.	17½	18¼
Miss. River Power	23	24
Miss. River Power pf.	78	81
Northern States Power	87½	90¼
Northern States Power pf.	97½	
North. Ont. Light & Power	50	52¼
Northern Texas Electric	52½	55
North. Ohio Light & Power	62½	65
Pacific Gas & Electric	57	58½
Pacific Gas & Electric pf.	98¾	100
Puget Sound Power & Light	42	44
Puget Sound Power & Light pf.	88	90
Republic Ry. & Light	16½	17
Republic Ry. & Light pf.	47	49¾
Southern Col. Edison	101	102
Southern Col. Edison pf.	90	92
Standard Gas & Electric	16¾	17¼
Standard Gas & Electric pf.	46¾	47¾
Tampa Electric	132	134
Tenn. Ry., Light & Power	256	261
United Light & Railways	67	70
Western Power	21	22½
Western Power pf.	78¾	80
BONDS.		
Adirondack P. & L. 5s, '50	99	100
Am. Gas & Elec. 6s, 2014	94	95
Am. Power & Light 6s, 2016	89½	91
Appalachian Power 1st 5s	88	89
Cities Service deb. B	134	
Cities Service deb. C	95	
Cities Service deb. D	91	94
City Light & T. 5s, '53	67½	72
Col. Power 1st 5s, '43	87	90
Cons. Power 5s, '51	87	90
Denver Gas & Electric 6s, '49	91	93
East Texas Electric 6s, '42	78	81
El Paso Electric 1st 5s, '38	93	95
Empire Gas & Fuel 8s, '34	100¼	
Galveston El. 1st 5s, '49	82	85
Galveston-Houston 5s, '54	82	85
Houston Electric 1st 5s, '33	85	87
Lehigh Power Sec. 6s, '41	89¾	90¾
Louisville Gas & Elec. 1st 7s, '23	100	101
Mississippi River Power 5s, '51	82	84
Mississippi River Power 1st 5s, '46	100	100¼
Northern States Power 6s, '41	99¾	100¼
Northern States Power 1st 5s, '41	97¾	98¾
Nebraska Power 1st 5s, '47	99	91
North. Util. 1st ref. 5s, 1953	94½	96
Ohio Power 1st 5s, '51	104¼	105¼
Penn. Power & Light 5s, '51	104	105
Puget Sound P. & L. 7s, '41	104	105½
Seattle Electric 5s, 1927	75	78
Southern Col. Edison 5s, '44	100¼	101¼
Southern Col. Edison 6s, '33	99¾	100¾
Standard Gas 6s, '26	95	97
Standard Gas & Electric 6s, '35	87	89
Tampa Electric 1st 5s, '52	92	94
Utah Light & Traction 5s, '44	104	106
W. States G. & E. 1st 5s, '41	90¼	

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Wednesday. Bid.
4¼s, Dec. 15, 1979	106	106¾	106
4¼s, June, 1964	105⅝	105⅞	105⅝
4¼s, June, 1965	105⅝	106⅛	105⅝
4¼s, March, 1963	105⅝	106⅛	105⅝
4¼s, Nov., 1967	105½	106⅛	105½
4¼s, May, 1957	105½	106⅛	105½
4¼s, April, 1972	106⅛	106	106⅛
4¼s, April, 1966	102	102⅝	102
4¼s, March, 1964	102	102⅝	102
4¼s, Sept., 1959	102	102⅝	102
4¼s, Nov., 1958	102	102⅝	102
4¼s, March, 1960-30	100⅝	101⅛	100⅝
4s, Nov., 1958	90¾	90	90¾
4s, May, 1959	90¾	90	90¾
4s, May, 1960	90¾	90	90¾
4s, Nov., 1956	90¾	90¾	90¾
4s, Nov., 1962	90¾	90¾	90¾
4s, Nov., 1958	90	90¾	90
3½s, Nov., 1954	89¾	90	89¾
3½s, Nov., 1955	89	90	89

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

3¼s, 1940-1943	4.25	4.05	4.30
3¼s, 1928-1930	4.30	4.05	4.30
3¼s, 1930-1935	4.30	4.05	4.30
3¼s, 1822-1924	4.30	4.05	4.30
3s, 1916-1918	4.35	4.15	4.35
3s, 1922-1925	4.35	4.10	4.35
4¼s, 1928-1952	4.30		4.30
4¼s, 1923-1927	4.30		4.30
4¼s, 1927-1937	4.30		4.30
4¼s, 1933-1938	4.30		4.30

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.
American Cigar	68	70	68
American Cigar pf.	83	89	83
American Mach. & Fdy.	210	225	210
American Tobacco, scrip	121	125	121
Conley Foil	146	152	145
George W. Helme pf.	109	112	109
MacAndrews & Forbes	104	106	104
MacAndrews & Forbes pf.	94	100	95
Reisch & Co.	38	40	37½
I. F. Young	90	94	90
J. S. Young pf.	90	94	90
Porto Rican Cigar	90	95	90
Porto Rico-American scrip	70	80	70
R. J. Reynolds, new A	89	90	89
Schulte Stores	25	30	25
Universal Leaf pf.	98	100	98
Universal Leaf pr.	102¼	103¼	102¼
U. S. Tobacco	40	47	40
U. S. Tobacco pf.	108	111	108

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
104	Alabama Co	33	31	33
5	Do 1st pf.	65	65	65
35	Arundel	39	39	39
10	Do pf.	82	82	82
100	Balt. Spinning	2¼	2¼	2¼
10	Citizens' Bk.	43½	43½	43½
100	Consol. Pow.	10¼	10¼	10¼
120	Celestine Oil	83c	83c	83c
50	Camden pf.	4¾	4¾	4¾

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$7,000	Balt. G 6s	91	90	90
4,000	Do 4s, '51	87¾	87¾	87¾
10,400	Do 4s, '55	88½	88½	88½
2,000	Do 4s, '63	88	88	88
2,000	Do 4s, '65	88	88	88
2,000	Do 4s, '85	88	88	88
2,000	Con Gas 5s	99¾	99¾	99¾
4,000	Con Pow 5s	100¼	100	100¼
2,000	Do 1s	100¼	100¼	100¼
1,000	Do 7s	104¾	104¾	104¾
6,000	Elkhorn 6s	99¾	99¾	99¾

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
535	Am Radio	40	40	40
109	Armour, pf.	91	91	91
25	Armt'r Leath	12¼	12¼	12¼
30	Booth pf.	84¾	84¾	84¾
700	Cal O & G pf	7¼	7¼	7¼
230	Chi Elev Ry.	3¼	3¼	3¼
100	Do pf.	7½	7½	7½
25	Consumers	7½	7½	7½
100	Do pf.	64	64	64
200	Coal Motors	3¼	3	3
85	Deere pf.	97	97	97
12,500	Earl Motors	4½	4	4½
100	Edison	130½	130½	130½
1,200	Emp Fuel	26½	26½	26½
300	Gedchaux	14	13½	14
600	Gossard	28¾	28	28
60	Inland Steel	56½	56½	56½
1,000	Hupp	31	30½	30½
50	Ill Brick	71	71	71
825	Libby	7¾	7¾	7¾
1,000	M&W Wool	46¼	45½	45½
225	Do pf.	75	77	75
400	Int'nat Run	8¼	8¼	8¼

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	Do price pf	50½	50½	50½
1,800	Ward, pf.	82	82	82
500	Nat Leather	2½	2	2
225	Pick	27	26¾	26¾
5,000	Pigsly Wigg	44¾	42¾	41
35	Rec.	34	32	34
30	Reynolds	40½	40½	40½
2,000	Stewart	41	40½	40½
25	Swift	102½	102½	102½
1,200	Do int	97	97¾	97¾
25	S&C Gas	17½	17½	17½
325	Thompson	46½	46	46½
130	Gypsum	55½	54¾	54¾
600	Carbide	58	57¾	57¾
100	Un Iron Wks	7	7	7
100	Un Lt & Rys	65½	65	65½
15	Do pf.	79½	79	79½
800	Wahl	62½	62	62
50	Wrigley	163	163	163
300	Yellow Mfg.	210	205½	210
200	Yellow Taxi	19½	19½	19½

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Consumers Gas 1st 5s	95	95	95

PITTSBURGH.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,820	Ark Nat. Gas	12	11½	11½
25	A W G pf.	83½	83½	83½
12	Pitts Coal pf	94	94	94
100	Carnegie L.&Z.	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
100	Tidal	14	14	14
810	Lone Star	26¼	25	26
720	Mfrs Lt & H	54	51½	53¾

DETROIT.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Am Ls & Tr.	141½	141½	141½
400	Chevrol'l	22½	22½	22½
200	Col Motors	4½	4½	4½
200	Col Sugar	5¾	5¾	5¾
900	Commerce Mts	6½	6½	6½
600	Cont'l Motors	8¼	8¼	8¼
100	Cushing Tac	6c	6c	6c
1,700	Engrs Pet.	50c	48c	49c
5,700	Federal Oil	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,100	Fensland Oil	10½	9½	9½
100	Gilliland Oil	8¾	8¾	8¾
5,600	Glen R. Oil	1¼	1¼	1¼
600	Granada Oil	9½	9½	9½
21,000	Hudson Oil	29½	28½	29½
1,000	Key Hanger	50c	50c	50c
3,100	Kirby Pet.	10¼	10¼	10¼
1,000	Lance O Ray	1¼	1¼	1¼
2,000	Livingston Pet.	1¼	1¼	1¼
4,500	Lyons Pet.	80c	82c	82c
100	Maracaibo O	22¾	22¾	22¾
800	Marine Oil	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,000	Mid'd O of M	8½	8½	8½
19,000	Meridian P.	6¼	6¼	6¼
500	Merritt Oil	12½	12½	12½
100	Mex Panuco	14	14	14
4,000	Mex Seaboard	41¾	44¾	44¾

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
60	Motor Prod.	68	67	68
425	Motor Wheel	13¾	13¾	13¾
2,600	Packard	13	12½	12½
50	Do pf	87½	87½	87½
225	Paige	20¾	20¾	20¾
400	Reo's Spgs	41	41	41

Mining Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
400	Butte N Y Cop.	80c	81c	80c
1,000	Calumet & J	20c	20c	20c
1,000	Can Cop.	40c	40c	40c
4,000	Candelaria	2c	2c	2c
1,000	Cashboy Cons.	5c	5c	5c
1,000	Comb Frac.	2c	2c	2c

BOSTON.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
90	Am Zinc	20	19¾	20
862	Ahmeek	64	60¾	64
25	Allouez	28	27¼	27¼
275	Anaconda	33¾	32¾	33¾
1,056	Arcadian	4	4	4
300	Ariz Comb.	16	15¾	16
405	Bingham	12¾	12¾	12¾
130	Cal Ariz.	32¾	30½	32
67	Cal Hecla	380	375	375
4,400	Calumet	14¾	14	14
185	Chile Copper	22¾	22¼	22¼
35	Chino Cop.	22	21¾	22
930	Cop Range	44½	43½	44
320	Davis Daly	8½	8½	8½
1,100	East Butte	11¾	11¼	11¾
10	Franklin	3¾	3¾	3¾
25	Granby	21¾	21	21¾
35	Inspiration	43	43	43
275	Island Cr.	13½	12¾	13½
10	Isle Royale	28	28	28
350	Mass Val.	2⅝	2½	2½
1,075	Mayf'r C. C.	3¾	3¾	3¾
5	Michigan	1	1	1
300	Mohawk	60¾	58	60
1,450	N. Cornelia	18¾	18¼	18¾
500	New Idria	1½	1¼	1¼

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Int Sug. Cons	35c	35c	35c
100	Lehigh P Sec	17¾	17¾	17¾
1,000	Libby	7¾	7¾	7¾
700	Lincoln Mots	9	7½	8
100	Mass Motor	2½	2½	2½
2,800	Do 1st ctfs	4¾	4¾	4¾
30	N Y Trans.	30	30	30
100	N Am P & P	2¼	2¼	2¼
2,300	Packard Mot	18¼	13	13
100	Pierce T&M	40¾	40¾	40¾
300	Perfect T & R. new	3¾	3¾	3¾
600	Pub Serv of NJ new pf	103	102¾	103
1,200	Reo Mts.	11¾	11	11
100	Rec'a Mtr.	4¾	4¾	4¾
4,200	Philip Morris	20¾	19¾	20
22,300	Radio Corp.	54¾	54	53¾
16,000	Do pf	97¾	96¾	97¾
1,100	Rec Motors	24¾	24	24¾
200	Repetti Candy	95c	95c	95c
400	Republic Rub	95c	90c	90c
1,000	Shute Pkg	10c	10c	10c
17,100	Stutz Motor Car	30¾	30¾	30¾
300	Swift Int'l	20¾	20¾	20¾
600	Tam Ry&Lt	2¾	2¾	2¾
200	Do pf	20	20	20
14,

DROP IN RESERVE'S NOTE CIRCULATION

Decline of $12,500,000 in the Week Sends It to Lowest Level in Four Years.

MORE GOLD FOR BANKS HERE

Rates Goes Higher, While Discounted Bills and Federal Securities Drag.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—Further decreases, aggregating $24,300,000 in discounted and purchased bills, and a reduction of $22,500,000 in Government securities, largely Treasury notes, are shown in the Federal Reserve Board's weekly bank statement, issued as at close of business on May 15, 1922. Gold holdings of the Reserve Banks show a slight decline, while other cash reserves—silver and lawful—went up about $1,500,000.

Member reserve deposits increased by $8,300,000, while Government deposits showed a decline of $6,100,000 and other deposits, composed largely of cashiers' checks and nonmember clearing accounts, a decline of $2,400,000.

Federal Reserve note circulation fell off $12,500,000 and stood at $2,144,700,000, marking a decrease of $359,900,000 since May 18, 1921, and a low record since Aug. 20, 1918. All Reserve Banks reported smaller circulation figures than the week earlier.

The reserve ratio, by consequence of the changes above noted, shows a further rise from 70.3 to 70.6 per cent. Holdings of gold reserves through the week exceeded those of the previous week by $12,000,000 and stood at $2,144,700,000, which sum was composed of $2,144,700,000 in the vaults of the New York bank, $34,300,000 in those of the Chicago bank, $12,000,000 in those of San Francisco and $10,000,000 in those of Cleveland, which show decreases of $36,900,000 and $10,000,000 respectively, and $10,000,000 in those of Richmond, which shows an increase of $10,000,000 for the week.

Holdings of Government paper increased from $360,300,000 to $360,700,000, the total held, $358,600,000, on May 17, 1921, were secured by Liberty and other United States bonds; $8,100,000, or $7,600,000 less than held by Treasury notes and $10,000,000, or $2,000,000 less than held by Treasury certificates, compared with $8,700,000, $8,700,000, $12,400,000 and $10,000,000, respectively, the week before.

A summary of changes in the principal earning and liability items of the Reserve Banks, as compared with a week and a year ago, is as follows:

	May 10, 1922.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
Total reserve	$2,300,000	+$2,500,000	+$62,000,000
Gold reserve	200,000	+ 600,000	+ 628,200,000
Total earning assets	1,100,000	— 24,300,000	— 1,153,200,000
Bills discounted	5,000,000	— 24,300,000	— 1,372,900,000
Bills bought in open market	—	—	—
U. S. securities	3,400,000	— 600,000	—
U. S. bonds	3,300,000	— 700,000	—
U. S. Treasury notes	8,400,000	+ 13,500,000	—
U. S. certificates, total	22,500,000	+ 206,200,000	—
Bonds and notes	21,900,000	+ 213,900,000	—
Federal reserve note circulation	12,500,000	+ 154,900,000	— 359,900,000
Other deposits, total	2,500,000	+ 144,900,000	—
Member reserve deposits	8,300,000	+ 140,400,000	—
Government deposits	6,100,000	+ 145,200,000	—
Total reserve ratio	70.6	+ 25,600,000	—
Gold reserve ratio	70.3	— 600,000	—
Total gold reserve	2,300,000	— 620,600,000	—
Gold held abroad	—	—	—
Gold held in the U. S.	—	—	—
Gold held by banks	1,700,000	— 70,500,000	—
Gold held by Treasury	—	—	—

RESERVE BANK POSITION.

Comparison of Yesterday's Items With Those of Other Periods.

In yesterday's statement for the Federal Reserve system and for the Reserve Bank of New York, gold holdings for the entire system at $3,000,143,000 failed to reach a new high record for the year. Low records for 1922 were reached by holdings accepted but other than Government collateral held by reserve note agents. The ratio of reserve of the week stood at 77.6 per cent., and of the New York bank at 82.2, failed to touch the high mark for 1922.

Following is a comparison of the highest and lowest figures of the reserve system statements for 1922 to date and for previous years. Figures are in thousands of dollars:

Total Gold Holdings.

	High.		Low.	
1922	$3,000,143	May 19	$2,879,303	Jan. 4
1921	2,928,228	Dec. 30	2,822,248	Jan. 7
1920	2,903,283	Dec. 31	2,634,261	May 14
1919	2,201,848	June 11	2,000,748	Aug. 29
1918	1,931,139	Dec. 28	1,857,739	Jan. 4
1917	1,871,136	Dec. 28	743,000	Jan. 5
1916	1,116,136	Dec. 29	481,000	May 5
1915	487,419	Dec. 31	231,300	Jan. 29

Reserve Notes.

	High.		Low.	
1922	$2,644,700	May 15	$2,359,300	Jan. 4
1921	2,504,600	Dec. 23	2,144,700	May 17
1920	2,111,100	Jan. 9	1,298,982	May 17
1919	1,488,000	Dec. 31	1,033,000	Jan. 17
1918	1,144,000	Dec. 31	1,000,000	Jan. 11
1917	1,000,000	Jan. 5	1,000,000	Jan. 5

The reserve representation of the Reserve Bank of New York compared as follows:

	High.		Low.	
1922	82.2	Jan. 4	72.1	Jan. 4
1921	84.1	Dec. 30	71.1	Jan. 7
1920	85.1	Dec. 31	43.1	Jan. 16
1919	43.1	Dec. 31	40.1	Jan. 18
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Reserve Note Circulation.

	High.		Low.	
1922	$2,644,700	May 15	$2,144,700	May 17
1921	2,504,600	Dec. 23	2,300,000	Nov. 25
1920	2,111,100	Jan. 9	1,298,982	May 17
1919	1,488,000	Dec. 31	1,033,000	Jan. 17
1918	1,144,000	Dec. 31	1,000,000	Jan. 11
1917	1,000,000	Jan. 5	1,000,000	Jan. 5

Ratio of Reserve.

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DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Holders of Record.
Atlantic Coast Line RR. Co.	1%	Q	June 26	June 12
Atlantic Refining, pref.	1%	Q	June 30	June 15
Bethlehem Steel, pref.	1%	Q	June 30	June 15
Brooklyn Union Gas	$2	Q	June 1	May 20
Cambria & Clearfield Iron	$1.50	Q	June 1	May 20
Chicago Rock Island & Pacific	1%	Q	June 30	June 15
Chicago Rock Island & Pacific, pref.	1¾%	Q	June 30	June 15
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	1%	Q	June 1	May 20
Cleveland & Pittsburgh, special guar.	1%	Q	June 1	May 20
Cleveland & Pittsburgh, regular guar.	1%	Q	June 1	May 20
Cleveland & Pittsburgh, extra

DAUGHERTY NOT LAX, DECLARES HAYWARD

U. S. District Attorney Replies to Untermyer's Attack on the Attorney General.

CITES TRUST CONVICTIONS

Hopes Lockwood Counsel Will Not Spoil His Record by Becoming a Scold.

The attack on Attorney General Daugherty and the Department of Justice, charging failure to prosecute big criminals, trusts and war profiteers, made by Samuel Untermyer Wednesday night in an address to the Dunwoodie Lodge of Masons in Yonkers, brought from United States District Attorney William Hayward yesterday a warm denial of some of Mr. Untermyer's statements and an equally warm defense of Mr. Daugherty and of his own office.

Mr. Hayward asserts that Mr. Daugherty gave his office a free hand in its prosecution of Sherman law violators; that the prosecutions instituted by him and his assistants have been successful and that Mr. Untermyer's attack on the Attorney General "appears ridiculous—scarcely worthy of attention." In his statement Mr. Hayward says:

"I read in this morning's papers the latest attack of Mr. Untermyer against the Attorney General and his false accusation of failure or indifference on the part of the Attorney General in connection with the prosecutions under the Sherman act against the so-called building trusts.

"Notwithstanding the fact that in my opinion only one person in the whole United States will be in the slightest degree affected by what Mr. Untermyer thinks of the Attorney General, it is only fair to Mr. Daugherty to say that he has in every way supported me and my staff in these prosecutions. He has authorized the employment by the Government of a large special staff of all or eight of the ablest lawyers of the New York bar, as well as special grand juries, and in every way has placed all the means and facilities for these prosecutions in my hands which any reasonable man could expect. He has never attempted in the slightest degree to interfere with my complete control of the calendar and of these cases.

"I believe the present Department of Justice and this office have made more progress in a shorter space of time than any administration has ever did before in anti-trust cases. Judge Van Fleet disposed of the tile case, imposing the first jail sentences ever obtained under the Sherman act, which sentences were served by the defendants. Judge Learned Hand disposed of the terra cotta case after full hearing on the facts following the pleas of guilty interposed by the defendants. The consent decree entered by Judge Hand against the Bricklayers' Union, including 119,000 members throughout the United States, was universally hailed as a great victory and a very fine piece of constructive work. Judge John C. Knox and a jury have been engaged for about six weeks in the trial of the so-called cement trust. This latter case is being prosecuted by two Assistant Attorney Generals. Judge Fowler and Mr. Shale, sent here directly from Mr. Daugherty's office in Washington. Over 100 defendants in these cases have been brought to the bar of justice. So far not one has been acquitted.

"Possibly Mr. Untermyer could do better with these cases than we are doing. There would be a difference of opinion on that. He, however, is neither Attorney General nor United States Attorney and it is fortunate in the interest of fair play that the public will judge by the results we obtain and not by Mr. Untermyer's opinion. In view of the fine public service that Mr. Untermyer has performed, it is my sincere hope that he will not now spoil it all by becoming a scold and venting his personal grudges."

Mr. Hayward said that he hoped Congress would shortly provide for more Federal Court Judges so that the many cases pending in the courts in this district could be disposed of.

WOOD DENIES ANY DEAL.

Says There Was No Negotiations With Japanese General.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—Major General Leonard Wood, Governor General of the Philippines, has written a letter to T. Sugimura, the Japanese Consul General at Manila, making formal denial of reports that the visit of Baron General Tanaka to General Wood at Manila was for the purpose of discussing future Japanese-American relations in the Philippine Islands. General Wood's letter, which reached Washington today through official channels, said:

"I take pleasure in informing you that the subject of the conditions at Davao was not referred to by General Tanaka during his stay here, nor did we have any discussion whatever concerning Japanese relations in the Philippine Islands. His visit was purely a visit in return of the visit of the Special Mission to Japan.

"General Wood's denial was called forth by published reports to the effect that the Japanese were working for the acquisition of property rights in the Philippines in exchange for which they were willing to agree to halt all further efforts toward emigration to the United States. Further reports had stated that Japanese capitalists were holding off investments in sugar plantations in the Philippines pending the outcome of the "negotiations" which General Tanaka was said to be undertaking in a purely unofficial capacity.

CLEARS UP LIGHT MYSTERY.

Mansfield Says Air Currents Tint Brown Mountain Rays.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—The application of science and common sense have lifted out of the supernatural the "strange lights" on Brown Mountain, which for some years have agitated residents of Burke and adjacent counties in North Carolina, it was announced today by the United States Geological Survey.

G. R. Mansfield, geologist, detailed to study the phenomena at the request of Senators Simmons and Overman, has returned after two weeks' investigation with the conclusion that the lights are common "every night" lights to which are given unusual red and yellow tints by the mountain.

Mr. Mansfield reached his conclusions with the aid of a surveyor's telescope, a good watch, a topographic map, a train register and cold mathematics. He found that the lights originated in the country miles beyond the mountain and played their weird game only at the whim of favorable natural conditions. Automobile headlights, he found, provided 47 per cent. of the lights, locomotive headlights 35 per cent., building or street lights, 10 per cent. and brush fires the remaining 10 per cent.

Brown Mountain, the geologist said, forms a wide topographic basin in which the atmosphere is disturbed by intermingling air currents of different temperatures and densities flowing down the valleys from the Blue Ridge and other mountains. The result is that variations in atmospheric density and changes in air direction imparted to the lights at their sources cause them to flare and diminish or to be extinguished and give them unexpected colors.

Osborn Goes to Yale Advisory Board

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 18.—Minott A. Osborn has resigned as Assistant Secretary of Yale University and will become permanent Secretary of the Alumni Advisory Board of Yale. The Yale corporation adopted a resolution expressing appreciation of the services of Mr. Osborn. The office of permanent Secretary of the Alumni Advisory Board is a newly created one. Mr. Osborn was graduated from Yale in 1907.

BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday ...4¼@4¼ per cent. for best names
Wednesday ...4¼@4½ per cent. for best names
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Semi-Precious Stones Selling.

Aside from the demand for small fine emeralds for use in high-priced bracelets, not much of a call is reported in this market for precious stones. On the other hand, however, the call for semi-precious ones is more active than has been the case for some time. The return of earrings to general vogue has brought with it a demand for drops in squamatines, black onyx and crystal, ranging in length from one-half inch to two inches. There is also a good call for garnets for earring purposes, but its use is somewhat limited by the shortness of the average "rough." Chinese jade for earrings is an active item, and it is also much wanted for use in wristlets. Amethysts, also, are in good request for the latter purpose.

Sheetings Dominate Gray Goods.

Although some nearby deliveries of printcloths were sold in the local market for gray goods yesterday on the basis of 8¼ cents for 38½-inch 64-60s, this business was limited by the firmness with which first hands held out for prices based on 8¼ cents for that construction. Some business was done in 27-inch 64-60s at 6½ cents. The big feature of the day was the improved movement of sheetings, most of them for June and July delivery, but with some shipments running into August. For 36-inch 56-60s buyers paid 10 cents, with terms; 7¼ cents, net, for 5.50s; 8½ cents for 36-inch 4.70s; 7½ cents for 31-inch 5-yards, and 6¾ cents for 36-inch 4.15s. For 72-80 pajama checks 9¾ cents was asked.

To Help in Survey of Ties.

The Knitted Outerwear Manufacturers Association has joined the Associated Neckwear Industries, Inc., in the style survey which the latter organization is carrying on at present. The object of the survey is to study actual styles as worn by men at various busy centres throughout the city. The knitted tie people are joining in order that there may be no bias reflected in the returns of the survey, which are expected also to show the proportional amount of cut silk and knitted ties being worn. The survey is as yet on a preliminary scale, but an effort is being made to make it national in scope. Expenses of the investigation will be borne by both bodies.

Buying of Underwear.

Buying of underwear for immediate delivery is fair. Summer lines are selling in some sections, manufacturers report, while in others the demand is irregular. Retailers are very cautious in their commitments and are apparently afraid of being caught again with large stocks. Fall orders are coming in steadily, however, although the retailer is skeptical about the recent advance in yarns and worsteds. One manufacturer claims that the costs of these items if made now would show an increase of almost 20 per cent. over the opening prices for Fall underwear. He declares that he secured the market for high quality wool and worsted yarns and cannot duplicate in any measure the prices prevailing at the time the current Fall lines were opened.

Merchandise Fair Dates.

At a meeting yesterday of the heads of the committees in charge of the Merchandise Fair, sponsored by the National Retail Dry Goods Association and the National Garment Retailers' Association, it was definitely decided to hold the show from Aug. 7th to 25th. It will be open daily from 9:30 A. M. to 6 P. M., with the exception of Saturday and Sunday. Four floors of the Grand Central Palace will house the dress goods, hosiery, notions, underwear, jewelry, chinaware, silverware and kindred exhibits. The ready to wear outer garments will be on view at the Seventy-first Regiment Armory. A style show will be staged there every day, and perhaps twice daily, depending upon the attendance. A runway 90 feet long has been erected, passing right through the middle of the armory, affording easy vision for the spectators.

Oriental Rug Prices Attractive.

That the prices asked here for Oriental rugs are relatively as reasonable as those now put upon rugs of domestic make is shown by the offerings of hand woven Oriental goods by one of the well-known local retail establishments. An extremely attractive hand woven Chinese rug, for instance, is priced at $295 for the 9 by 12 size. A beautiful Persian rug, also hand woven and of the same dimensions, may be had for $195. An Indian rug, also of the 9 by 12 size and of attractive pattern, is marked $110. Smaller sizes are priced proportionately.

Clothing Outlook in Middle West.

William Goldman of the firm of Cohen, Goldman & Co. returned yesterday from a trip through the Middle West and was very optimistic regarding the clothing conditions he found. "In Chicago and Cleveland I talked with a great many retailers," said Mr. Goldman, "and the impression I received was very satisfactory. Business has been improving, and retail sales since ten days before Easter up to the present time have shown a marked improvement. The general sentiment seems to be that further gains in buying orders will be registered. I noWhere found the pessimistic note sounded."

Coarse Silks Bring Premiums.

So active has been the demand for coarse silks in the Yokohama raw silk market of late that they are commanding premiums of 50 to 60 yen per picul. This is especially true of this type of silk for the new season, a good quantity of which has already been sold for July and August shipment. The visible supply at Yokohama is estimated at 17,000 bales, not including the syndicate holdings, but they are none too well assorted. The Canton market has advanced sharply under liberal buying for American account, and the first two crops are practically sold out. A further rise in exchange has brought new style 14-16s up to $7.45—cost, insurance and freight—in this market. Considerable business in new steam filatures has been taken at Shanghai, both for European and American account. Milan remains unchanged, according to advices received by H. L. Gwalter & Co. The local market is quiet, but firmer in the case of the silks which advanced in the primary centres.

Rains Help Umbrella Sales.

The recent rainy spell has cut into retailers stocks of umbrellas. They had been buying very lightly, according to a leading manufacturer, and an increase in orders received has been felt in the last few days. The best demand at present is for women's colored silk umbrellas in navy, green, purple, garnet and brown. These are very elaborate affairs, decorated with imitation ivory and amber effects and with ornamented leather handles. They retail up to $10. Parasols have been slower this year than usual, with the best demand being for the combination for both sun and rain. For men's umbrellas there has also been somewhat of a better demand. Here the favorite appears to be the medium grade silk mixture, although there is a good call for the higher grades.

Must Be Doubly Careful.

That the responsibilities of the retail credit man do not end when he has checked an account for his own store has been amply proved here lately in the case of an enterprising female crook with considerable "front" and a large supply of "nerve." This woman applied to the credit office of a certain store for a charge account, and the credit man gave her a limited line. She then began "snowballing" going from one store to another and opening accounts in each on the strength of the fact that other stores had opened them for her. She was careful not to operate in such a way as to arouse suspicion, but finally dropped out of sight owing to number of bills for merchandise received that ranged up to $800. Had the first credit man refused the account, it would have saved a total of several thousand dollars for the stores that were taken in.

TALK OF NEW ATTACK ON NAVY CLASS TRIP

McCormick Said to Be Preparing—Rumor of Move to Get Class Off the Henderson.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—The sailing of the transport Henderson Saturday with members of the Naval Academy class of 1881, who are going to Tokio to hold their reunion as guests of the Japanese Government, continues to worry some Senators.

Senator McCormick, author of the resolution, which was passed Tuesday, expressing the sentiment of the Senate that the Henderson should not take the '81 men, is reported to be preparing another attack. It is said that he may even demand an investigation of the Navy Department to find out whether it is being managed on economical lines.

Whether the result in Pennsylvania has anything to do with the vehemence with which some Senators comment on the Henderson matter is a question. But at all events the transport may not be many miles south of the Virginia Capes before some one rises in the Senate to call attention to the fact that the Henderson is on her way.

One report today said that an effort might be made to get the former midshipmen off the vessel at San Diego by passing an amendment to the naval bill, forbidding the use of transports for transportation of civilians.

HETTRICK PAPERS PLACED IN EVIDENCE

Witness Says Attorney's Fee From Steamfitters Was $37,000 in Ten Months.

Documents and papers seized in the offices of John T. Hettrick, attorney and reputed author of the plumbers' and steamfitters' "Code of Practice," were placed in evidence by the Attorney General yesterday at the trial of Hettrick and four others for conspiracy before Justice Alverson in the Supreme Court. The papers, many of which the prosecution contends relate to the "Code of Practice," were identified by Harry A. York, who was employed in Hettrick's office for four months.

York testified that he prepared the "Code of Practice" at Hettrick's direction and that it "was used as a model in preparing the steamfitters' code," of which 250 copies were printed. Introduction of the papers was objected to by Isaac D. Steuer of Hettrick's counsel, but Justice Alverson admitted them.

John Aisenbrey, Anna Schwaner and Edward Dean, clerks in Hettrick's office, were other witnesses. Dean identified a journal and said that it contained declarations of amounts received by each concern that belonged to the "Code of Practice." Under that system Hettrick, he said, was paid 1 per cent. of the gross on work reported each month. In ten months in 1920, Dean said, Hettrick realized $37,000 as his part in commission on the gross business of the steamfitters who belonged to the "Code." About $8,000 was still owing to Hettrick for the same period, Dean said.

Charles G. Witherspoon, President of Baker-Smith & Co., one of the five defendants, was unable to appear yesterday because of illness. The other defendants are Martin McCue, John M. Imhoff and Louis Gebhardt, walking delegates.

Endorses the Agricultural Bloc.

COLUMBIA, S. C., May 18.—Endorsement of the agricultural bloc in Congress was voted by the biennial State Democratic Convention, which adjourned early today. Enactment by Congress of a system of short-term credits for farmers also was advocated. Woodrow Wilson and James M. Cox were voted praise as party leaders.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ALBANY—Gansu Bros., L. M. Gansu, sweaters, middies; 31 W. 29th (B. F. Levis.)

ASHLAND, Ky.—McClintock-Field Co.; H. L. Kurtzhals, piece goods; 256 Church (C. H. Rice Co.)

ATTICA, Ind.—J. F. McDermond Jr., gen. mdse.; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—New York Bargain House; N. Horringer, notions, hosiery, underwear; McAlpin.

BALTIMORE—American Wholesale; W. F. Coggins, leather goods; 354 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Eisenberg's; I. Eliss, men's, boys' clothing; Claridge.

BERWICK, Pa.—Berwick Stores Co.; W. G. Garrison, gen. mdse.; Breslin.

BOSTON—Chandler & Co.; Miss M. E. Webber, gowns; Miss Welch, misses' dresses; Miss Keller, dresses; Mrs. Barrett, ladies' dresses; Miss Berry, silk waists; Mr. Reed, silks; Mr. Beck, upholstery; Miss Wertman, corsets; Miss J. Canty, muslin underwear, kimonos; Miss K. Desmond, ladies' suits; 240 Madison Av.

BOSTON—Majestic Dress Co.; N. Davis, cotton dresses; 370 7th Av. (B. Geltner.)

BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons' Co. Basement—Mr. Kahn, women's silk and cotton waists; Mr. Gainsborg, men's clothing; 225 5th Av.

BOSTON—Giddings & Burke; J. Burke, mfrs. straw, felt hats; Imperial.

BOSTON—Freedman & Hernstein; A. Freedman, ready-to-wear; Brostell.

BOSTON—Goldie Dress Co.; B. Goldoff, women's furnishings, dresses; 1,270 B'way; Breslin.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—D. M. Read Co.; C. Perkins, carpets, rugs, linoleums; R. S. Husted, upholstery; 404 4th Av.

BUFFALO—Wm. Hengerer Co.; Mrs. E. Keeney, art goods; 18 W. 20th.

CHICAGO—Adler, Bressler & Goldwach; H. Goldwach, high grade Fall suits; 1,140 B'way (B. G. Kahn.)

CHICAGO—Boston Store; Mrs. B. Tuck, jobs, read-to-wear, basement; Mrs. F. Elsenrath, coats, suits, dresses; 14 E. 32d.

CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; C. Winnieguth, shoes, bargain basement; 448 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Walker-Leavitt Co.; I. Leavitt, gen. mdse.; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—Becker-Stern Co.; M. Meyer, clothing materials; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—A. B. Gerson (Jobber), jewelry; Pennsylvania.

CLEBURNE, Texas—Bradbury Clothing Co.; W. T. Bradbury, clothing, furnishings; Breslin.

CLEVELAND—Halle Bros. Co.; H. S. Kinsman, waists, undermuslins, petticoats, sweaters; Miss L. Kerr, millinery; George Baum, dress goods; 220 5th Av. (F. Atkins).

COLUMBUS—F. & P. Lazarus & Co.; H. G. Strsich, boys' clothing, furnishings; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.)

DENVER, Col.—Reuler Costume Co.; G. C. Reuler, jobs, silk dresses; 120 W. 32d (Littman & Storch).

DUBUQUE, Iowa—Roshek Bros. Co.; F. H. Roshek, women's underwear, domestic, Philippine underwear; 48 E. 25th.

FORT WAYNE, Ind.—Frank D. G. Co.; A. H. Garey, ready-to-wear; Collingwood.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—Paul Steketee & Sons; B. Podgis, notions, laces, jewelry, leather goods; 23 E. 26th (Merchandise Reporting Co.)

HARRISBURG, Pa.—The Ladies' Bazaar; M. Schondorf, women's ready-to-wear; Imperial.

INDIANAPOLIS—L. S. Ayres & Co.; B. L. Goldberg, sport dresses, basement; Miss Jacobs, stockings, underwear; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.)

JOHNSTOWN, Pa.—Berney Bros.; M. Berney, notions, furnishings, clothing; H. Berney, muslin underwear; Pennsylvania.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa.—Penn Traffic Co.; H. Schlesinger, jobs tricotine straightline suits; 134 W. 32d (C. S. Logan).

LANCASTER, Pa.—M. L. Shay; Garvin & Co.; Miss M. Warren, infants' clothing; York.

LOS ANGELES—Paris-Walker; R. M. Walker, mdse. mgr.; C. H. Carew, asst. mdse. mgr.; T. S. Wilson, cotton piece goods, bedding, wash goods; F. P. Batz, infants' wear, sweaters, bath robes; J. Nickols, men's furnishings, women's, men's hosiery, men's underwear; 215 W. 30th (Weill & Hartman).

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—The Style Shop; M. Stone, children's dresses; 141 W. 33d (G. Silver).

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Gould-Levy Co.; S. Levy, hosiery, notions, furnishings; Pennsylvania.

MEMPHIS, Tenn.—Burk & Co.; C. Rothschild, gen. mdse., men's, boys' wear; Breslin.

MILWAUKEE—Gimbel Bros.; Miss R. Schreiber, three-piece silk suits; 32d and 9th Av. (N. Y. Office).

MINNEHOLDA, Minn.—E. R. Atkinson; Miss Lee Martin, Shantung, linen, silk suits; 16 E. 32d (Specialty Stores).

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn.—Dayton Co.; Miss E. Carey, furs (asst.); 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.)

MONTGOMERY, Ala.—Scheuer, Wise & Co.; M. Scheuer, dry goods; 43 Leonard.

NORFOLK, Va.—Miller, Rhoads & Swartz, Inc.; W. Schnorr, notions, stationery, leather, toilet goods; 432 4th Av.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla.—T. Tobias (Emporium); E. L. Tobias, waists, dresses; 1,261 B'way (J. Holbron).

PEORIA, Ill.—F. A. Bergner & Co.; F. Bergner, representative; 220 5th Av. (F. Atkins).

PHILADELPHIA—Sacks & Glasburg; J. Ginsburg, hosiery, sweaters; Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA—Franklin Sweater Mills; A. I. Lichtenstein, yarns; Breslin.

PHILADELPHIA—M. Norwick & Son; S. J. Norwick and W. I. Norwick, representing; 1,182 B'way; Pennsylvania.

PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder, Inc.; Mrs. Belzle, skirts, boys' wash suits, furnishings; 1,372 B'way (Affiliated Retail Stores).

PITTSBURGH—Broadway Cloak and Suit Co.; L. Kreiger, cloaks, suits; Herald Square.

PORTLAND, O.—Lipman Wolfe; C. Kaufman, dotted swiss, ratine, jumors 6-14, misses' 14-16; 5th 46th Av.

PORTLAND, Ore.—Weinstein Bros.; A. Weinstein, reasonable stout tricotine suits; 16 E. 26th (F. Bauer).

RICHMOND, Va.—Cohen Co.; Miss H. Engelberg, waists, sweaters; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

ROCHESTER—Duffy-Powers Co.; Miss T. Cohen, cotton dresses, jobs, skirts, basement; 1,261 B'way (S. Solomon).

ROCHESTER—E. W. Edwards & Son; A. Cunningham, rugs; McAlpin.

SAN FRANCISCO—Raphael Weill & Co.; Mrs. M. Sleeper, coats, suits, skirts, dresses, downstairs; 15 E. 26th.

SAN FRANCISCO—H. M. Heineman Sons; J. Haines, ready-to-wear, neckwear, silks; 200 5th Av.; Martinique.

ST. LOUIS—Hirschfield Bros.; A. Hirschfield, cloth, silk, Fall dresses; 38 W. 32d (H. J. Kasindorf).

ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; M. Feinberg, men's, boys' clothing, Summer clothing, basement; 37 W. 26th (S. M. Sowman).

ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. D. G. Co.; J. Wm. Kramer, clothing; 1,372 B'way (Affiliated Retail Stores).

ST. LOUIS—Ollan Dress & Waist Co.; L. G. Ollan, Fall cloth and silk dresses; 134 W. 32d (L. Weber & Co.)

ST. LOUIS—Sonnenfeld's; H. Hirsch, jobs waists; 16 W. 30th (O. Abel).

SYRACUSE—Dey Bros. & Co.; D. Day, mdse. mgr.; 220 5th Av. (F. Atkins).

TACOMA, Wash.—People's Store; Miss M. E. Brennen, toys, house furnishings; 23 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).

TOLEDO—Lasalle & Koch; B. F. Tully, sales mgr., dresses, basement; Miss J. Nelson, misses' canton crepe dresses; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.)

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Roberts; I. E. Block, gingham, canton crepe dresses, silk capes; 42 W. 32d (F. R. Schwartz).

WICHITA FALLS, Texas—United Bargain Basement; H. Silver, silk, cotton dresses; 1,225 B'way, Room 610.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa.—Max Williams; C. D. Frey, jobs tricotine straight line suits; 134 W. 32d (C. S. Logan).

YOUNGSTOWN, O.—Strouss-Hirshberg Co.; H. Lewis, silks; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

CHILDS & JOSEPH ASSETS SHRINK MORE

Wife of Former Head of Firm Claims Several Hundred Thousand Dollars Worth.

A further shrinkage in the estimated $5,000,000 assets of the bankrupt firm of Childs & Joseph, formerly importers and exporters at 60 Wall Street, who have liabilities of $8,000,000, appeared to result from claims to several hundred thousand dollars of property submitted yesterday by Mrs. Eleanor Stewart Childs, wife of Harris R. Childs, the former head of the firm. Mrs. Childs, who said she was married in 1903 and is at present living at the Cosmopolitan Club at 133 East Fortieth Street, was questioned by Godfrey Goldmark of counsel for creditors at a hearing at 299 Broadway.

It was said that the creditors are preparing to move for the sale of the $200,000 country estate of the Childses at Southport, Conn. In reply to questions concerning this property, Mrs. Childs said she owned all the furniture and objects of art in it, said to be worth more than $15,000. Details were also given by Mrs. Childs to establish her ownership of their former city home and its contents at 140 East Seventy-eighth Street.

Mrs. Childs said she had acquired the city home in 1910, by gift from her father. Three life insurance policies issued to Childs, aggregating $45,000, which were kept in his bank vault, were claimed by Mrs. Childs.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

THOMAS R. ROSEVEAR, silks, of 71 Madison Avenue and 44 East 23d St., filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday listing liabilities of $55,133 and no assets except life insurance policies to the extent of $40,000 on which he obtained loans. Principal creditors are Rockland Silk Co., Inc., $14,000; Barnard Philipps & Co., Inc., $5,276; F. H. Mills, $5,000; Infeld Bros., $5,056.

NATIONAL FOREIGN TRADE CO.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Alfonsas Mirabella, doing business as the National Foreign Trade Co., importers and exporters, at 71 Front St., by Elsie Schlesinger, on a claim of $510.

B. S. NOVELTY CO.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Bernard Schulimowitz and William Hasko, doing business as B. S. Novelty Co., at 34 West 36th St., by these creditors—Dee Bunder, $250; S. Mesinger, $225; Helen McKenzell, $200. Judge Mack appointed Herman G. Robbins custodian under $1,500 bond. The liabilities are $3,088.20; assets of $1,500.

FRED L. CHRISTIE—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Fred L. Christie, grocery and delicatessen, at 1,236 Lexington Avenue, by these creditors—Maurice F. Killeen, $286; John D. Haar & Co. $200; B. Fischer & Co., Inc., $18. Judge Mack appointed Leonard B. Ehrlich receiver, under $1,000 bond. The liabilities are about $2,500 and assets about $5,000.

SOUTH AMERICAN TOBACCO AND CANDY CO., INC.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against the South American Tobacco and Candy Company, Inc., of 206 West Fortieth Street, by these creditors: Val De Oro Cigar Company $534, Charms Company $97, Ma-To Candy Company $30.

CLINTON DRESS SHOP—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Raphael Weintraub, doing business as Clinton Dress Shop, at 60 Clinton Street, by these creditors: Grand Costume Company $412, Miriam Rosenthal $283, Louis Markowitz $85.

ST. PAUL LUNCH—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Joe Berman, Max Estrais and Meyer Berain, doing business as St. Paul Lunch, at 257 West Fifty-ninth Street, by these creditors: Goldmark, Gindel & Bergwerk $130, Anna L. Ellentuch $600, Lee Bunder $220.

ABRAHAM A. ROSENTHAL, doing business as A. A. Rosenthal & Co., jobber of celluloid novelties, at 126 LaSalle St., filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $10,614 and assets of $700.

LEWIS H. INGRAM, Water Mill, L. I., has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $10,248.21 and assets of $5,610.14.

ARTHUR ORNSTEIN, 567 Ocean Parkway, Brooklyn, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $75,778 and assets of $11,209.

WIENER & COHEN—Abraham Wiener & Hyman Cohen, trading as Wiener & Cohen, 104 Sumner Avenue, Brooklyn, have filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $5,020 and assets of $3,400.

ABRAHAM A. RABINOWITZ—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Abraham Rabinowitz, 5,002 Third Avenue, Brooklyn, by Evelyn Clotzman for $600, Joseph Rader, $410, and Moscowitz $100.

SAMUEL SCHWARTZ—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Samuel Schwartz, 1,763 Pennsylvania Place, Brooklyn, by Gertrude Cashdan for $125, Louis Markowitz, $500, and Max Jacobs, $32.

RITZWOLLER & CO., INC.—Judge Mack yesterday appointed Carl D. Ritzweller receiver for Ritzweller & Co., Inc., manufacturers of children's clothing at 14 East Thirty-second Street, under $10,000 bond.

BENJAMIN M. BARISH—Judge Mack yesterday appointed Leonard B. Ehrlich receiver for Benjamin M. Barish, druggist, at 8 East Eighth Avenue, under $1,500 bond.

ROSENZWEIG BROS. KNITTING MILLS, INC.—Judge Mack yesterday appointed Myles Purvin ancillary receiver for Rosenzweig Bros. Knitting Mills, Inc., of 452 Seneca Avenue, Brooklyn, and 16 West Nineteenth Street, Manhattan, under $1,000 bond.

ST. LOUIS LUNCH—Judge Mack yesterday appointed Walter H. Mikman ancillary receiver for Israel Gellman, Israel Ettinger, Samuel Korsch, Julius Witkoff and Harry Lande, doing business as St. Louis Lunch and Nassau Lunch, at 144 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn, and 149 East Forty-second Street, Manhattan, under $1,250 bond.

HARTMANN FOOD PRODUCTS CO., INC., of 287 East Twenty-second Street, filed schedules in bankruptcy yesterday showing liabilities of $37,108 and assets of $17,842, main item of which is accounts, $16,629. Principal creditors listed are Union Liberty State Bank $7,000, secured; Carl Hartmann, $1,735; H. Schiffman, $1,618.

HUDSON LEATHER GOODS CO.—Judge Mack yesterday appointed Max Ehrlich receiver in bankruptcy filed on May 2 against John J. Fogelman, doing business as Hudson Leather Goods Co., at 320 Broadway. The creditors consented as a settlement of 30 per cent.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

TAMPA, Fla., May 18.—Joseph E. Suarez & Co., wholesale grocers, have made an assignment without preferences to the Tampa Association of Credit Men. The liabilities are said to be $54,000 and assets $15,500.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 18.—A voluntary petition in bankruptcy has been filed here by Charles M. Thulis, 7,220 South Carpenter Street, with liabilities of $17,569 and assets of $400.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed Saturday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

American Jewish Book Co., Inc.—B. Lichtenberg, mdse. 3,083.20
Adelphi Hotel, Inc.—Jaburg Bros., Inc. 125.50
Abrahams, Theodore, and Henry Shapiro (Abrahams Costume Co.)—C. Fontana 121.82
Abrams, Theodore, and Henry Shapiro (Abrams Costume Co.)—C. Fontana 357.84
Andre Weil & Co. (a Delaware Corp.)—Pierre Cartaud & Co. 2,241.67
Bertha, Martin—J. G. Pembleton 113.83
Blatt, Jacob S., Fay Blatt and Leopold Schlessel—Anderson Motor Co. 376.35
Cohlsch, Carl—J. Lobe 335.80
Cristall, Benjamin—Orinoco Realty Co., Inc. 325.98
Courtright, Dimnick Co.—F. A. Brands 1,005.20
Cohen Bros. & Miller, Inc.—H. Bellman 521.00
Coenca, Davis J.—J. C. Bossong 5,501.96
Curtis, Walter—J. B. Gardner 275.20
Cutler, Jacob—Fuller, Lent & Canter, Inc. 294.90
Douglas, Albert, and Fidelity & Casualty Co. of N. Y.—People, &c. 1,000.00
Downs, Arthur, and Indemnity Ins. Co. of North America—People, &c. 1,000.00
Dramatic Mirror Co.—H. W. Williams Co. 1,817.38
Davis, Wm. H.—Forest Hotel Co. 1,517.70
Emmerich, Wm.—Bank of America 10,258.96
Edmund Wright-Ginsberg Co., Inc. 19,992.36
Cohen Bros. Mfg. Co., Inc. 19,992.36
Eurenjy, Keghan H. (American General Trading Co.)—W. U. Telegraph Co. 197.38
Elect Waist Co., Inc.—Braid Products Co., Inc. 289.45
Eventoff, Max—A. Cohen et al. 151.05
Eno, Joseph—M. Maier 125.20
Evelyn Cloak & Suit Co., Inc.—W. Cadeau 483.21
Friedman, Wm. and Alice—Oppenheim, Collins & Co. 176.65
Finger, David—F. A. Levine 134.79
Fischler, Marx (Seton Shoe Co.)—M. Schwartz 305.57
Fitzer, Sol—C. Halperin et al. 101.40
Flatman, Isidore and Nathan Hollander—S. Fink 2,408.82
Sams—Sams 1,172.50
Frowley, Edward—D. Spinn 122.60
Healy, Patrick J.—Gowanus Towing Co., Inc. 348.11
Heller, Abraham—Madiss Realty Corp. 112.80
Horsfall, Wm. H.—M. K. Sesslir 1,908.31
Ideal Cloak Co.—F. Diamond 2,005.56
Samuel, Theodore—Henry Graubarth, Inc. 488.09
Kafka, Sonko—Apex Leasing Co., Inc. 121.50
Klein, Albert (Trade Advertising Co.)—J. Peder 139.60
Kremer, Charles—Nicosia Bros. Co., Inc. 2,111.03
Kastel, Ida—Sternberg—H. S. Hall & Co., Inc. 681.82
Kornberg, Louis—H. Kass 229.10
Lipskin, Louis—D. Pogel et al. 1,734.77
Lipskin, Henry S.—Acme Veneer Panel Co., Inc. 151.10
Minister, Frank M.—Fischer Covrant Co., Inc. 118
Metal Products Corp.—H. Brandes 225.37
Neuscharwell, Dennick and Nil. Surety Co.—People, &c. 1,000.00
Mahlow, Hilaire (H. Mahlow & Co.)—Mahlow, Hilaire et al. 1,324.75
Neuva Paper Co., Inc.—N. Ingadona et al. 976.47
Sams—White Tar Aniline Corp. 581.10
O'Connell, Margaret, M. Nolan—Pleasant Sate Realty Corp.—B. H. Clapp 115.27
Plevich, Harry and Frank C. Corson—Miller Rubber Co. of N. Y. 1,888.39
Phillips, Willis A. and Michael Herman—J. D. Kroog 602.22
Priore, Michael G.—Superior Firewood Dealer Ice Seal Co. Inc. 1,109.00
Ranesberg, Ernest—A. A. Anderson 188.13
Raymond, Jean—Stewart & Co. 460.14
Reds, John and John Mondell—E. Rosenthal, Inc. 2,150.00
Rosenthal, Louis—E. Hirsch 1,457.00
Reynieri, Isabella—Marine Mfg. & Supply Co. 548.70
Rosenblum, Benjamin—S. Katz 349.80
Dyker, Samuel and Herman—First Nat. Bank of Belleville N. J. 384.42
Seligman, Herman—Pashard Oil Corp. 106.08
S. N. Gallert & Co., Inc.—R. Schreiber 6,555.85
Seiber, Emile, and Gertrude Kanne (Seiber Express & Van Co.)—J. Biller 500.00
Stein, Henry—J. Stone 228.50
Shover, Edward—T. J. Heigsland 327.41
Sager, Joseph—W. Veclovate et al. 141.41
Sheridan, Charles — Arrow Cylinder Grinding Co. 168.00
Slutskin, Maxwell R.—E. E. Clapp 121.45
Slutskin, Rae J. and Maxwell R.—E. E. Clapp 167.18
Silverman, Arthur C.—J. Brosmyer et al. 115.41
Serin & Co., Inc.—Max Eisenhardt 207.68
Silverstein, Theodore—Nil. Cash Register Co. 147.08
Silbert, Dorothy—J. Weissinger et al. 148.52
Sludikoff, Mary—M. Kaplan et al. 253.40
Silkworth, Albert H.—A. B. Smith 233.67
Underhill, Ralph—H. F. Pierson 1,446.17
Kinty Underwear Co., Inc.—M. Sedmerwitz et al. 107.45
Universal Audit Co.—A. B. Haagens 121.38
Valentine, Antonio—I. I. Katz 199.71
Westchester Electric Appliance Co., Inc.—Alpha Electric Co., Inc. 216.61
Wilson, James B., and George T. Wilson—Mfrs. Trust Co. 3,796.24
Wolaston,

ZICHY WILL RESIST $1,063 JUDGMENT

Count Takes Legal Steps in an Action Growing Out of Auto Collision.

ORDER SERVED AT 1:30 A. M.

He Says Plaintiff Was Equally Responsible for Accident and Makes Counter-Claim.

Count Edward George Zichy, the young Hungarian who was married a week ago to Miss Charlotte Gardiner Demarest on the eve of her marriage to George Burton and who was served on Wednesday with an execution for $1,063 on a judgment obtained by Samuel J. Goldberg, a taxicab owner, for damage to his machine in a collision, took steps yesterday to have the judgment vacated.

The proceeding to vacate the judgment was started by the Count's attorney, Mark S. Fuller of 44 Court Street, Brooklyn, after Count Zichy had been served with an order for his examination in supplementary proceedings in the City Court today in which Max L. Kane of 50 Court Street, Brooklyn, attorney for Goldberg, intended to find out whether the Count has any property.

Kane got an order from City Court Justice Schmuck to examine the Count, and sent four persons to the Hotel Warrington on Wednesday night to see that the order was served, which was done at 1:30 Thursday morning.

Count Zichy communicated yesterday with his attorney, and when he learned of the supplementary proceedings order Mr. Fuller went before Municipal Court Justice Estabrook in Brooklyn and got an order directing Goldberg and his attorney to show cause why the judgment should not be set aside on the ground that it was entered by default and without an opportunity being given to the Count to defend the case. The case will be heard before Justice Glore in the Seventh District in Brooklyn on Monday.

Count Zichy told reporters yesterday that on the occasion of the accident Goldberg's car, driven by Nathan Solomon, was as much responsible for the collision as the Count and that the Count was not driving recklessly, as was alleged. He asserted that the taxicab was not worth more than the $1,000 sued for and stated that a counter-claim for $1,000 was made against Goldberg.

SIMPLIFIES RADIO SET.

B. F. Miessner Reduces Apparatus and Uses New Amplifier.

CHICAGO, May 18.—The discovery of a new type of radio receiving device without aerial electrical power line connection or any existing apparatus, except several yards of wire tacked on the back of the cabinet which houses the set, was announced today by B. F. Miessner, radio engineer.

Adequate reception of signals is accomplished by a super-amplifier which, according to Mr. Miessner, magnifies the signal about fifty times more than the ordinary three-tube amplifier, rendering it fully as audible as signals received with aerial antennae.

The receiving set is simplified, having only a button to turn on the power, generated in small storage batteries housed in the cabinet, and a dial on which the wave lengths are marked. After adjusting the dial to the wave length on which the operator wishes to receive no other adjustments are necessary.

Loans Placed.

A loan of $675,000 has been obtained by the Forty-eighth Street Company, Henry Claman, President, from the Metropolitan Insurance Company on the fourteen-story apartment house to be erected at the southwest corner of Broadway and Eighty-fifth Street. The building loan is for eleven years and bears interest at the rate of 6 per cent. The Forty-eighth Street Company acquired the land from the Japanese Fan Company in 1910 at a cost of about $400,000.

The Coll-Clare Realty Company has loaned $275,000 on the Claremont apartment house at the southwest corner of West End Avenue and Ninety-ninth Street to the Winter Realties, Inc., Benjamin Winter, President. The loan is for ten years and bears interest at the rate of 6 per cent.

Buy Flat for Business.

The five-story double flat with stores on the grade floor, at 1,510 Third Avenue, was sold by Duff & Conger, Inc., for Rhinelander Waldo to Harry Lowenthal and Jacob Alpert, who anticipate making extensive alterations in this property an occupying same for their business. The brokers also procured for the buyers a first mortgage on this property for a long term of years.

The same brokers sold the four-story single flat at 424 Pleasant Avenue, for Mrs. Etha Dahigren Rhett to Vincenza La Cagnino.

Commercial Leases.

J. Wilson Gordon leased the entire building at 1,500 Third Avenue for a term of years to Louis Firstenberg, who will occupy same for his trunk and bag business after extensive alterations have been made. Duff & Conger were the brokers.

The store at 16 East Thirty-third Street has been leased by the Loton H. Slawson Company to the Seekonee Silk Company. The same brokers leased the store at 40 and 42 West Twenty-seventh Street to M. Wulfsohn & Co.

Fordham Road Corner Sold.

The six-story elevator apartment, with four stores, at the southeast corner of Fordham Road and University Avenue, known as 2,174 University Avenue and 46 to 56 West Fordham Road, has been purchased by Handy Brothers. The building is on a plot 154 by 84.8 and was held at $150,000. Armstrong Brothers were the brokers.

Glen Cove Estate Sold.

The Henry L. Maxwell residence at Glen Cove, L. I., with 22½ acres of land, has been purchased by J. Morris Miller for occupancy. The property was held at $120,000. Warren Murdock was the broker.

Sisters of Mt. St. Vincent Buy House.

The Sisters of Mt. St. Vincent purchased through George R. Doolan the Dr. Dugbee Institution and the Schoeper home at the corner of Hamilton Avenue and Church Street, White Plains. The property was held at $100,000.

Apartment Hotel for Heights.

H. C. MacCully, of E. S. Willard & Company, sold for I. Randolph and Bassett Jacobs the property 41-43 West Eighty-first Street, 100 feet east of Columbus Avenue, opposite Manhattan Park (plot 125 by 102), held at $300,000, to Joseph G. Siegel, incorporated, who plans to erect a fifteen-story apartment hotel on the site. Mr. Siegel is at present erecting a fifteen-story hotel on the northeast corner of Broadway and Seventy-fourth Street.

THE BROOKLYN MARKET.

Many Private Houses Purchased for Permanent Occupancy.

The Art Building Corporation sold to J. Koch for immediate occupancy a one-family brick and stucco house with double garage on the east side of East Ninth Street, 220 feet south of Avenue J, for $19,750. J. Lacey was the broker.

William Liss, Inc., sold for the Sparago Construction Company a new two-family detached stucco house with double garage, consisting of eleven rooms and two enclosed porches, on a plot 30 by 100, located on the west side of East Tenth Street, 100 feet south of East Tenth Street, 100 feet south of Avenue P, known as 1,860 East Tenth Street, to Edward Spitz for occupancy. The house was held at $16,000.

The Cokeni Bros. Construction Company sold to D. S. Gottlieb a one-family dwelling and garage on a plot 40 by 100 on East Eighth Street, between Avenue I and J. The property was held for $19,000. A. Mishkin, as broker, negotiated the deal.

The residence at 1,287 President Street has been sold by Benjamin Blacow to a buyer for occupancy. Lester J. Robinson & Co. were the brokers.

The same broker sold 643 St. John's Place for Mr. Gallier to the Misses Demerrit, who will occupy it.

Realty Associates sold to Beech Contracting Company vacant plot 80 by 100 feet on the north side of East Eighty-seventh Street, 100 feet east of Avenue L, which the purchaser is improving by erecting detached one-family houses.

In the Flatbush section Bulkley & Horton Company sold a plot 70 by 100 on the east side of Fourteenth Street, 280 feet north of Avenue O, to a client for development.

APARTMENT TRADING.

Adnew Estate Sells Four Upper West Side Houses.

The estate of John R. Adnew sold the four five-story apartments, each on a plot 38.7 by 100 feet, at 616 to 622 West 138th Street, between Broadway and Riverside Drive. The buyer is the College Holding Company, Joseph Shenk, President.

The buildings have accommodations for twenty families, with a rent roll of $30,000. They were held at $300,000. J. S. Maxwell was the broker in the transaction.

Jerome G. and Mortimer G. Meyer bought from the Vivian Green Construction Company the four four-story tenements at 226 to 232 East Seventieth Street, on a plot 100 by 100.5, located 105 feet west of Second Avenue, held at $95,000 and renting for about $14,000. Henry Snydam was the broker.

Spotts, Sterr, Inc., sold for the Chemical Realty Company the Norwood, a six-story elevator apartment house, on a plot 50 by 100, at 102 West 119th Street, renting for $18,000 and valued at $100,000. It adjoins the southwest corner of Lenox Avenue.

Ancowitz & Cohen sold for J. Sagat to Hyman & Klevan the five-story apartment on plot 75 by 100 at 437 and 439 West 214th Street, renting for $10,000 and held at $110,000.

Bronx Borough Deals.

Julius Trattner sold for Ludwig Buhler the five-story double flat with stores at 3044 Third Avenue, near 156th Street, on a lot 25 by 98, to a client for investment.

Butler & Baldwin, Inc., resold to the Pelren Realty Company, Inc., 541 East 182d Street, a five-story new law apartment house on a lot 40 by 140. The property was held at $60,000.

The Prudential Iron Works, which acquired recently the plot 75 by 140 on the north side of 140th Street, 416.8 feet east of Southern Boulevard, purchased from the Fort Morris Land and Improvement Company the plot 50 by 100 adjoining on the west.

The Bethlehem Engineering Company sold to Jennie E. Byrne the two-story dwelling and stable, 100 by 59, at 2271 Grand Concourse, ninety-three feet south of 183d Street.

Grudin & Sawitch sold for the Femma Realty Company to Joseph Realty Company a plot 196 by 100 on Undercliff and Sedgwick Avenues to dwelling builders.

The Johnson-Deichsel Building Company bought from Meta Ripke the northwest corner of Decatur Avenue and 204th Street, 26 by 125, for immediate improvement with a one-story business building. The buyers are now completing a taxpayer, 52 by 100, on 204th Street, seventy-five feet from the proposed building.

Ancowitz & Cohen sold for Hyman & Klevan the five and a half-story apartment on plot 100 by 145 at 806 East 175th Street, renting for $40,000 yearly and held at $210,000. J. Sagat is the buyer.

Business Property Deals.

An investing client at Wm. A. White & Sons purchased 198 Greenwich Street, a five-story store and loft building, 24 by 65 by irregular. The property is the home of the MacNiff Horticultural Company, who hold the building under a long lease. The Duross Company represented the seller.

The Chas. M. De Rose Co. sold for Koppel Cohen the northwest corner of Twenty-fourth Street and First Avenue, improved with a five-story building, on a plot 25 by 100, known as 411 First Avenue, and 545 to 547 East Twenty-fourth Street, to a client of A F C Foreign Money Exchange. The purchaser will open a branch office on premises.

The Pittman Realty and Holding Company sold the five-story hotel, 54.3 by 103.10 by irregular, at 5 Thompson St.

Hotel Kennedy Leased.

The Cusack Company leased the five-story Kennedy Hotel at 201 West Eighty-seventh Street, northwest corner of Amsterdam Avenue, and sold the furnishings for $40,000 to a client from Ohio.

LATEST DEALINGS IN REALTY FIELD

Investor Buys Greenwich Village Corner for Improvement With Business Building.

FIFTH AV. DEAL PENDING

Phipps Estate Negotiating for Site Near Forty-Ninth Street Held at $550,000.

As a site for a big business building, the southwest corner of Sixth Avenue and Washington place has been purchased by an investor, who is said to be a large holder of real estate in the Greenwich Village section.

This sale marks the third transfer of the property, it having been purchased ten days ago by Harris and Maurice Mandelbaum and Fisher and Irving Lewine from the Lemmon estate of Washington, D. C. Mandelbaum & Lewine have now sold it to an investing client of E. H. Ludlow & Co.

The property consists of a four-story brick building with stores at 57 Sixth Avenue and a three-story and basement dwelling at 104 Washington Place, on a plot 32.4 by 81 feet. The corner is near Sheridan Square at the centre of Greenwich Village.

The Lemmon estate held the property for thirty-five years before it was acquired by the present sellers. E. J. Crawford was the broker in the transaction.

Fifth Avenue Deal Pending.

The Henry Phipps Estate, Inc., is negotiating for the purchase of the six-story building with stores at 606 Fifth Avenue from Frederic Brunswick, jeweler, who values it at about $550,000. The structure stands on a lot 25 by 100, located on the east side of the avenue, 48 feet south of Forty-ninth Street, on the block below the proposed new home of Saks & Co. Mr. Brunswick bought the property a couple of years ago from J. Frederick Kernochan.

Suburban Buyers.

The Elsner-Stevens Company bought a corner plot on Fenimore Road, in the Fox Meadow development at Hartsdale, N. Y., from Miss Emily Butler and will improve at once with a residence. W. P. Johnston was the broker.

Howe & Thompson sold the Mark S. Holman residence on Alexander Avenue, White Plains, to George A. Halsey of New York City, who will occupy it as a residence.

The dwelling at 439 Walton Road, South Orange, N. J., was sold by William H. Kemp to Mary A. Corbett. Eugene E. Hughes & Brother were the brokers.

The same brokers sold dwelling 194 South Third Street for L. J. Corbett to Margaret W. Brown and the dwelling 20 Ridgeview Avenue for Anna R. Meeker to Donald Lane.

Included among recent sales in Larchmont through the office of George Howe are the following: To Mary B. Vermilye five plots on Cherry Street in Larchmont Gardens; to Henry J. Heick two plots on Myrtle Boulevard, and to Mary M. Housman of Brooklyn four plots on Brookside Drive. All these buyers will build residences for their own occupancy. The same broker also sold an additional plot to Miss Matilda Thornton, adjoining property previously purchased on Weaver Street.

Title to the premises 30 St. Andrews Place, Yonkers, has been conveyed by Max Isakowitz to Ida M. Drake. Mrs. Drake and family will use the dwelling for their own occupancy. Thomas S. Burke was the broker.

H. Richter & Co. resold for the Sisters of St. Dominic a house on Beach 137th Street, Belle Harbor, for A. Randi; they sold a plot of two lots on the same street.

Friedman & Gordon sold for Morris Rich to Rose Edelstein premises known as 3,106 Edgemere Avenue, Edgemere, L. I., a two-story cottage on a plot 40 by 60. It was held at $9,500.

Would Buy Opposite Morgan's.

If a court decision sought by the American Bible Society is favorable the society may purchase for its quarters the residence of the late Captain Joseph Raphael de Lamar at the northeast corner of Madison Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street, said to have cost $1,000,000.

It is a seven-story house directly opposite the two Morgan residences which occupy the easterly side of Madison Avenue, between Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh Streets. It has a frontage of 40 feet on the avenue and 100 feet along Thirty-seventh Street.

Estate Sells at Throggs Neck.

A. H. and J. Helen Morris sold the 150-acre estate at Throggs Neck to a buyer for occupancy. The property has a frontage on Long Island Sound adjoining he Huntington estate and was held at $600,000.

It is improved with two mansions and was held by the Morris estate for seventy years. E. K. Van Winkle was the broker and E. J. Welling associate broker.

PRIVATE HOUSE SALES.

Trading Indicates Continued Demand for Manhattan Residences.

The four-story private residence at 148 West Seventy-fifth Street, on a plot 20 by 57 by 102.2 feet, was sold by Mrs. Miriam Gotthelf to a physician for his occupancy. Pease & Elliman were the brokers in the transaction.

Otto H. Kahn sold to Frank W. Polk, former Assistant Secretary of State, through the Brown, Wheelock Company, Inc., the five-story English basement house at 8 East Sixty-eighth Street, 22 by 100.5. Mr. Kahn built the three houses at 6, 8 and 10 East Sixty-eighth Street and sold the other two to Dr. J. Bentley Squier and Harold C. Matthews.

William S. Coffin, who recently bought the row of old dwellings at 199 to 201 West Houston Street from Trinity Church Corporation, resold 197 and 199 to Mrs. Ellen T. Anderson, and 201 to Mrs. Madeline Canevari, lessees of the property. The purchases and resales were negotiated by the Brown, Wheelock Company, Inc.

The three-story dwelling, 25x100, at 125 East 128th Street has been sold for Mrs. Annie T. Buttle to Charles Dix through George W. Brettel.

John J. Pulleyn, President of the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, sold the five-story dwelling, 502 West 160th Street, on a lot 19 by 100.11. The property was held at $40,000. Thomas J. O'Reilly was the broker.

Hines & Smith sold for the Bucki Holding Company, Inc., Herbert A. Wolff, Treasurer, 155 West Ninety-fifth Street, a three-story dwelling, to a client for occupancy.

Astoria Building Project.

Louis Gold & Co. sold to a Jamaica builder forty-one lots, facing on Seventh Avenue and Wolcott Avenue, Astoria, Long Island City, which is part of the tract recently acquired by them from the American Real Estate Company. The builder will immediately erect twenty-five semi-detached two-family houses.

Auction Results.

AT 14 VESEY ST.
By Henry Berman.

Broadway, s. w. 214.11 ft. s. of Sherman Av, 100x202x irreg; vacant; Georgianna and George C. Kemp against Joseph G. Cohen and Bernard J. McCann, as executors; Weyland & Bernard, Geller, Rolston & Black, attorneys; John J. Dwyer, receiver; due $16,102.08, taxes, &c., $615.30; to the Andrew F. Kennedy Realty Corporation for $26,500.

By Joseph P. Day.

79th St., 146 West, s. s. 225 ft. e. of Amsterdam Av, 20x102.2; 4-story dwelling; Clara Gerdau against Elizabeth B. Paynter and others; Hoadley, Lauterbach & Johnson, attorneys; John J. Lonergan, receiver; due $34,610.29, taxes, &c., $419.50; to the plaintiff for $30,000.

Sherman Av, s. e. cor. of Kilwood St., 100.3x245, vacant; Italian Savings Bank against Joseph G. Cohen and Bernard J. McCann, as executors; Weyland & Bernard, attorneys; John J. Rogers, receiver; due $11,448.31, taxes, &c., $344.31; to Paul Braun for $25,000.

Nagle Av, w. s. 400 ft. s. of Kilwood Av, 141.4x178.10x irreg; vacant; Italian Savings Bank against William E. Kennedy and others; Weyland & Bernard, attorneys; Alexander Holtzoff, receiver; due $10,707.35, taxes, &c., $681.91; to the plaintiff for $13,750.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—IN BANKRUPTCY. NO. 81,818. FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK.—In the matter of JOHN METER, individually and trading as F. B. WARREN & CO., Bankrupt.

On reading and filing the annexed petition of ROGER B. WOOD, verified May 8, 1922, and the affidavit of HENRY WOOD, verified May 8, 1922, and on all papers and proceedings had and taken herein, it is

On motion of HENRY WOOD, attorney for the petitioning creditor,

ORDERED, that all creditors of the above-named bankrupt and all persons, firms or corporations claiming specific stocks, bonds, securities or the proceeds thereof, or cash on hand, or cash on deposit, interest in special trust fund, interest in any bank account, or other assets in the possession, custody or control of Roger B. Wood, Esq., the receiver herein, or claiming any alleged preferential claim against the general assets of the estate herein, be and they hereby are required and directed to file their claims thereto, duly verified, with Thomas Sellers Ross, Referee in Bankruptcy herein, who is hereby appointed Special Master, at his office, 2 Rector Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, State of New York, on or before the 25th day of June, 1922, and it is

FURTHER ORDERED that all creditors, firms or corporations who shall fail to file such claims on or before June 25, 1922, be forever barred and foreclosed from making or asserting any claim against any specific stocks, securities or the proceeds thereof, or cash on hand, cash on deposit, interest in special trust fund, interest in any bank account, or other assets in the possession, custody or control of Roger B. Wood, Esq., the receiver herein, or asserting any alleged preferential claim against the general assets of the estate herein, and that such creditors, persons, firms or corporations be debarred and forever enjoined and restrained from making claim or asserting any such right, title and interest therein and thereto, and it is

FURTHER ORDERED that the determination of all claims to any right, title or interest in and to any or all of said bonds, stocks, securities, cash on deposit, or other assets, and all preferential claims filed as aforesaid, be referred to Seaman Miller, Esq., as Special Master, to report to this Court his determination therein and thereon, and it is

FURTHER ORDERED that the service of this order be made upon the creditors and other persons, firms and corporations interested herein, by mailing on or before the 20th day of May, 1922, a copy of this order to each of them at their respective addresses as the same may appear in the books of said bankrupt, or in the papers filed herein, and by publishing a copy of this order in The New York Times prior to May 25th, 1922, which shall and hereby is declared to be sufficient service thereof, and it is

FURTHER ORDERED that the petition herein filed herein by Julius Klein be considered as a claim filed pursuant to this order and to be heard as aforesaid; and it is

FURTHER ORDERED that the proceedings under this order shall not delay the filing and settlement of his accounts by the receiver herein, but that any claims asserted under this order and the proceedings thereunder shall be deemed proceedings against any of the assets, whether in the hands of the receiver or trustee.

Dated at New York City, this May 11, 1922.

J. W. MACK, U. S. C. J.

ROGER B. WOOD, Receiver, 37 Wall St., N. Y. City.
HENRY WOOD, Attorney for Receiver, 45 Cedar St., N. Y. City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of SLATTERY & CO., INC., Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy, No. 31568.

On reading and filing the annexed petition of ALBERT H. KORMAN duly verified the 12th day of May, 1922, and upon all the papers and proceedings heretofore had herein, and on motion of BLEUS, GERARDON, VOORHIS & PROSSER, attorneys for the petitioner, it is hereby

Ordered, that all creditors of the above named bankrupt and all other persons, firms and corporations claiming bonds, stocks, securities, cash on deposit, other assets or the proceeds thereof in the custody or under the control of the petitioner herein, be and they hereby are directed to show cause before one of the judges of this Court, in Room 1, and to hold the term for the hearing of motions thereof on the 19th day of June, 1922, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, in the Post Office Building on Park Avenue, in the City of New York, City of New York, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard why an order and decree should not be made and entered directing said creditors, persons, firms or corporations to file said claims against the said bonds, stocks, securities, cash on deposit and other assets in the possession, custody or under the control of petitioner herein, or the proceeds thereof, or before the 26th day of June, 1922; and why the said claims, if any, should not be referred to a Special Master herein for the hearing, testimony and report thereof; and why in default of any such claim being filed as aforesaid, the persons, firm or corporation claiming said bonds, stocks, securities, cash on deposit and other assets, or the proceeds thereof, shall be forever barred and foreclosed from making or asserting any such claim, title to or ownership therein, or thereto, in whole or in part.

Sufficient reason appearing therefor, it is hereby

Ordered, that service of this order, together with the petition upon which it is granted, be made by mailing a copy of said order to the creditors whose names appear on the books of the bankrupt herein or in the affidavit according upon the books of the above-named bankrupt and to all other persons interested herein who shall have filed notices of appearance herein at the addresses designated by them on or before the 20th day of May, 1922, and by publishing a copy of this order in The New York Times and The Daily News Record once a week for two successive weeks, the last publication to be not later than the 10th day of June, 1922, which shall be and is hereby declared to be due and sufficient service thereof.

Dated New York, May 16, 1922.

J. W. MACK, U. S. C. J.

$300,000 HARLEM SALE.

The J. M. Horton Estate Sells West 125th Street Buildings.

The J. M. Horton Estate has sold the Horton holdings at 146 and 150, valued at about $300,000, and consisting of two five-story structures with stores on a plot 60 by 100.11, located 125 feet east of the southeast corner of Seventh Avenue and 125th Street.

The property adjoins the Harlem home of Ludwig Baumann & Co. on the east and is just back of Loew's Seventh Avenue Theatre on the Seventh Avenue and 124th Street corner.

Identity of the new owners of the Horton realty could not be definitely established, but report had it that the purchase was made by F. Baron, cloak and suit dealer, and other tenants in the premises.

Realty Notes.

Sherman D. Archbold has purchased an apartment in 143 Twenty-third Street. Jackson Heights; an apartment in 122 Twenty-first Street was purchased by De Witt C. Conkling.

Lawrence, Blake & Jewell have placed for C. F. Sheehan a first mortgage of $16,000 and a second mortgage of $6,000 on 322 West Thirty-fourth Street, a four-story dwelling; for M. Schembrum $18,000 at 6 per cent. on 25 Coenties Slip, a four-story business building, and, for L. E. Peck $35,000 at 6 per cent. on 23 West Seventy-sixth Street, a four-story apartment house.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

5½% First Mortgage Money for good, well located properties. In amounts of $10,000 to $500,000. Reasonable charges.
DUROSS CO., 261 BROADWAY.

REAL ESTATE.

AND DECENT RENTALS

CONVENIENT location, plenty of daylight and fresh air, thorough-going service, tenants of high character and decent rentals—*rentals no higher than those charged in ordinary buildings.*

These in brief, are the essentials which characterize the ideal office building.

Many people consider the Borden Building at Madison Avenue and 45th Street to be the fulfilment of this ideal.

Inquiries and inspection are confidently invited.

Space available in large and small units. Ready this month.

BORDEN BUILDING
BRADY & BOWMAN, Inc.
Agents
350 Madison Avenue
Vanderbilt 7403

BROKER WANTED

To manage well established Country Department. Familiarity with high class Westchester or Long Island properties essential. Splendid opportunity for the right man. Apply in person or by mail.

Albert B. Ashforth, Inc.
12 East 44th Street
Murray Hill 1100

Investor's Opportunity
Large Apartment House
LOW RENTS
Modern Building For Sale
PRINCIPALS ONLY
J. Romaine Brown Co.
10 EAST 43D ST.

SUMMER HOMES—For Sale or To Let.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED
IDEAL SUMMER HOME
In The
CATSKILL MTS.
9-Room Cottage, near Village. Wonderful view, overlooking Lake; fishing, boating, bathing. Through connections on West Shore from N. Y. C.
July to October, $400.
Miss Jane H. Dunham
Pine Hill, Ulster Co., N. Y.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Is your office near Grand Central Station? If not want a new place to live and save-a-fee fee an auto, look at my 6 or 7 room houses on Van Cortlandt Place, "MARBLE HILL station, or Broadway line in 230th St. Price and Terms right. Ask for Mr. Bingham.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Today It's Popular to Build but we know a place at $10,000 that's built "for keeps," and would cost over $10,000 in excess of quoted price if duplicated today. Yes, hot water heat, hardwood, plate glass, 2 baths—one bathroom; tiled; very large plot; fruits and shade. See this before you decide to build.

Edward M. West, Inc.
Office: Chester Station.
Opp. Station. WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.

At Arthur Manor, Scarsdale.
Delightful modern home, 3 rooms, bath, large porch; plot 132x100; price $11,500, cash or easy terms; additional land if desired.
E. OSBORN SMITH, INC.
JEROME AND BURNSIDE AVS., BRONX.
TELEPHONE FORDHAM 1868.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

For Sale on North Shore of Long Island is
BELLE TERRE PARK, PORT JEFFERSON,
beautiful English brick and stucco house, 10 rooms, 3 baths, fully furnished; 3 acres, adjoining golf and country club; outdoor bathing and boating; 1½ car garage and chauffeur's quarters; will sell for the sum of $[illegible]
F. H. SELLECK
2 Rector St. Phone Rector 8460

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

5c FARE —JAMAICA— The Next Big Centre of Population on Long Island

B. R. T.—Jamaica "L" to Terminus. L. I. R. R. to Union Hall Street Sta.

Follow the Crowds!

Rapid transit, at a 5-cent fare, has been the one big factor in the growth of Jamaica, where during the last year 2,228 homes, 171 business buildings, 9 factories and 29 miscellaneous buildings were erected.

700 Jamaica Estates LOTS
New York City

On Hillside Ave., Homelawn Ave., Roxbury Road, Doncaster Blvd. and adjoining streets in Jamaica.

ABSOLUTE AUCTION
two o'clock on the premises, under tent, rain or shine

TO-MORROW

Title Guarantee & Trust Company Policies Free
10% on day of sale
10% in 30 days
80% in monthly installments of 2%
or 70% on mortgage

SEND FOR BOOKMAP
67 Liberty St.
New York City
Joseph P. Day Auctioneer Inc.
Telephone Cortlandt 0744

Buy Your Homesite in a *Real* Home Community

Port Chester Next Saturday
(May 20th)

505 Lots with mansion and two 10-room houses
Estate of Edward B. Wesley, Dec'd.
at Westchester Ave. and N. Regent St.

At Absolute Auction
at 1 o'clock on the Premises, in mammoth tent, rain or shine.

1. 43 minutes commuting from Grand Central.
2. Homes exempt from village taxes for 5 years.
3. 2-3 of purchase price on mortgage at 5½%.
4. Every city convenience, yet the freedom of the country.

SATURDAY TRAINS
to Port Chester (Daylight Saving Time) 10:37; 12:07; 12:36.

Herman A. Schupp, Esq.
Atty., 1st Nat. Bank Bldg.
Port Chester, N. Y.

Bryan L. Kennelly, Inc.
Real Estate Auctioneers 149 Broadway, N. Y.

THE LAST OF THE OLD DUTCH HOLDINGS
ON THE SHORE ROAD
EXECUTOR'S AUCTION SALE
Estate of Van Brunt Bergen, Deceased
Wednesday Night, May 24, 8 P.M.
In the Brooklyn Real Estate Exchange, 189 Montague St.

33 Bay Ridge Lots & Plots
including 4 buildings—The Van Brunt Bergen Residence, the Old Tunis G. Bergen Homestead, and a stable capable of being altered into a dwelling.

SHORE ROAD, 77th ST. & NARROWS AV.
Overlooking New York Bay and the Narrows
In one of the most attractive locations in the Shore Road section of Bay Ridge, Brooklyn. Most of the lots are extra deep, the Shore Road lots ranging from 140 to 200 ft. in depth.
66⅔% MAY REMAIN ON MORTGAGE—TITLE INSURED.
SEND FOR MAP WITH PHOTOS—GARRISS & BURD, Mgrs., Attys., 25 Exchange Place, New York. JERE JOHNSON, JR., CO., AUCTIONEERS, 189 Montague St., Brooklyn. Telephone 1766 Main.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Gentleman's Home For Sale
One of the most elegant houses on Long Island, located on a picturesque spot on the North Shore. Has 10 exceptionally desirable rooms, with modern conveniences, including gas, electricity, etc.
The entire house is well laid out; some rooms have fireplaces, etc., large wardrobes, two sleeping porches; 2-car garage; plenty of storage room, etc.
Will sell at reasonable terms.
Address G. R., 66 Times.

Beacon Hill
Port Washington
280 Feet Above the Sound
Overlooking Manhasset Bay, Hempstead Harbor and Long Island Sound, with an unbroken view for 15 miles to Throgs Neck Bridge and the lights of Manhattan.
A few Village Building Plots, adjacent for Beauty of Surroundings, Private Bathing Beach, Concrete Roads. All Improvements.
Homes for immediate occupancy.
EDGEWORTH SMITH, Inc.
1 West 34th St. Opposite Station.
Fitzroy 6320 Port Washington 261

AT MATTITUCK Shore front property suitable for summer resort or bungalow sites, beautifully situated on inlet from the Sound. Price lower at Point Pleasant. Write for illustrated circular.
Lilliendahl REAL ESTATE, MATTITUCK, N. Y.

NORTH SHORE ONLY $12,000
60 acres rolling, picturesque land, magnificent beach, bluff, buildings, abundance of fruit; bathing, sailing, fishing; for businessman, family or sportsman. L. J. GILDERSLEEVE, 1 West 34th St., New York City.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

EASTERN LONG ISLAND
Peconic Bay & L. I. Sound
Illustrated booklet will be mailed upon request at all times.
COTTAGES, SUMMER HOMES and CAMPS for Rent and Sale. Also SHORE FRONT.
Lilliendahl Real Estate, Mattituck, N. Y.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

OFFICES
Overlooking Times Sq.
Small Units Single or En Suite
$3 Per Sq. Ft. Up.
Unusual Display Windows
1493 Broadway
Renting Agent on premises or Phone Longacre 7100.
Ask for Mr. Young.
FULL COMMISSION TO BROKERS

Stores to Lease
WITH FINISHED BASEMENT and BEAUTIFUL SHOW WINDOW
145 Nagle Ave.
at Dyckman St. Subway Station
SUITABLE FOR ANY BUSINESS
Very Reasonable Rents
APPLY ON PREMISES

HANCOOD BUILDING
500 WEST 125TH STREET
Two large rooms, second floor, for office or light manufacturing purposes; all light, with windows facing street.
ARTHUR L. SHAW
4,000 BROADWAY.

SUBLEASE OPPORTUNITY
2 DESIRABLE OFFICES
Bright, cheerful, unexcelled service. 21x14—3 outside windows, $100. 10x16—outside window, $75. Will rent as unit or separately.
ALEXANDER 20 FIFTH AVE. Monitor 4111.

LOFT-VACANT
241-5 W. 37th St.
Abt. 2000 ft., 4 elevators, sprinkler system.
M. J. MULQUEEN, 291 Broadway.

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LOW RENTS
122 Fifth Avenue
18th AND 19th Sts.
LIGHT LOFTS
Offices & Showrooms
NEW FIRMS
Just starting in business, with good references, will be accepted. A Fifth Avenue address will help you so decided to business.
763 Sq. Ft. $1150
1222 " " 1500
2650 " " 3200
5141 " " 4900
Or will divide to suit.
Immediate Possession.
Manufacturing allowed. Sprinkler system. Fire proof. 100% Occupancy. Our name indicative of the building.
E. SHARUM CO.
170 Broadway. Tel. Cortlandt 7260

43 West 16th St.
37 West 20th St.
16 West 22nd St.
SMALL MANUFACTURING LOFTS—For Rent—Splendid Light—Immediate Possession.
BING & BING
119 WEST 40th STREET
or your own broker

280 Madison Ave.
S. W. Cor. 40th St.
Attractive, Outside
Small OFFICES
165 to 610 Sq. Ft.
Rental $700 to $1800
Also Larger Units
Julius Tishman & Sons
280 Madison Ave. Vand. 1977

144-150 W. 18th St.
Loft 90x92
100% SPRINKLER
OR WILL DIVIDE
STUYVESANT 1960

STORE
49 West 24th St.
45x100
Julius Tishman & Sons
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Brooklyn
Downtown Brooklyn
A very attractive office on Court Street, overlooking Borough Hall; 4th floor, modern building; reasonable rent. For particulars call Mr. Meeker, Broad 2908.

Fulton St., Near Nostrand Ave.
1,200-1,300, near Brooklyn, modern stores; best section; neighbors are Loew's Theatre, Schulte United Cigars, Acker, Merrall & Condit, Hadnutt Candy, public market on corner; other big business; good trade. Wittemann, builder; 189 Montague St. Phone Main 2900. Renting office 1,202 Fulton St.

FACTORIES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

ANY KIND ANYWHERE
FACTORIES
WATERFRONTS, R. R. SIDINGS
STEEL REALTY
189 West 42d St. Bryant 8945
We specialize in the sale of Factories. If you have a plant for sale send us details.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Unfurnished—East Side.

New Building
4 East 88th St.
At Fifth Avenue
4-5-6-7 Rooms
1 TO 3 BATHS
$2,500 to $5,000
ALMAB CORP., Owner
6 E. 41st St. Tel. Vanderbilt 6962
Inquire Finke & Hillman, 488 Madison Ave., Renting Agents, or your own broker.

120 East 31st St.
6 Rooms & Bath—Murray Hill
Frequent Elevator Apartment
Unexcelled Service—Modern Home

Unfurnished—West Side.

574 West End Avenue
Cor. 86th St. (The Chesterpen)
High Class Apartments, overlooking Hudson, 8 large rooms and hall, dining room (full, living room 30x20, three exactly laid-out); southern exposure; three bath rooms. For immediate possession.
Schuyler 3600, E. W. Bishop.

DESIRABLE NEWLY RENOVATED APTS.
6 Rooms, 2 Baths
Large; Sunny; All Improvements.
Rent $1,000 yearly. Immediate possession.
258 WEST 22nd STREET
Agent on premises 2 to 6 P. M.

Highest Elevation in Manhattan.
192D ST., 600 WEST
4 Room Apts.
ELEVATOR. RENT MODERATE.
WARREN & SKILLIN, 18 PARK ROW.

Convent Ave. (435). Cor. 149th St.
Prospect view.
6 to 9-Room Cor. Elevator Apts.
Apply on Premises or
SELKIRK, 225 Broadway. Tel. Rector [illegible]

Today's Radio Program

STATION WJZ, NEWARK, N. J.
360-Meter Wave Length.
(Daylight Saving Time.)

In addition to a musical program every hour from 9 A. M. to 7 P. M., the Newark station sends out the following broadcasting program by radio telephone:

6:00 A. M. to 12:00 M.—Agricultural reports.
12:00 M.—Official weather forecast.
12:25 P. M. to 1 P. M.—Standard time signals from Arlington.
2:00 P. M.—Shipping news.
4:00 P. M.—Baseball scores.
6:00 P. M.—Official weather forecast, agricultural reports and shipping news.
7:00 P. M.—Final baseball scores and "Max in the Moon" stories.
7:15 P. M.—"Athletics," by William F. Hagarty, Past President of the Crescent Athletic Club of Brooklyn.
7:40 P. M.—"Corns and Their Uses," by Martha J. Phillips.
7:55 P. M.—"The Trend of Business Conditions," by the Magazine of Wall Street.
8:00 P. M.—Final baseball scores and marine.
8 to 10:15 P. M.—Concert arranged by the New York Conn Company.
8 P. M.—Eddie Elkins' Orchestra.
8:10 P. M.—John Dolan, cornet soloist.
8:25 P. M.—Ralph Carey, trombone soloist.
8:35 P. M.—Kitty McLaughlin, vocalist.
8:45 P. M.—Madelaine MacGuigan, violin soloist.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET. | NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

$70 Monthly Pays 1st Mtge, Interest, Taxes, Water and Insurance

COMPARE THIS OFFER WITH YOUR YEARLY WASTE IN RENT EXPENSE
800 FEET ELEVATION HIGH ABOVE MOSQUITO ZONE — GOLF, TENNIS, BATHING, BOATING

ONLY 3 MIN. WALK TO TROLLEY STA. — FROM ACTUAL PHOTOGRAPH. — 12 BIG ROOMS 3 BATHS SLEEPING PORCH. 51 MIN. ON TRAIN

$5,500 CASH AND

Easy Term Mortgages of $19,500 Buys It

Country advantages and the same conveniences that prevail in New York City. Extensive grounds, exquisitely landscaped; many flowers and shrubs; large two-car garage included. No extras.

M. J. BOUCHER. Tel. Cortlandt 1522 Suite 1312 170 B'way, N. Y. C.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET. | APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Jackson Heights

22 MINUTES FROM 42nd ST.

New Elevator Garden Apartment Homes

5 to 10 Rooms—2 to 4 Baths

Golf, Tennis, Children's Playgrounds, Etc.

Tenant-Ownership Plan—Liberal Terms
Social and Business References Required

VISIT JACKSON HEIGHTS TO-DAY

Take Subway to Grand Central transfer to Queensboro Subway (Corona Line) to 25th St. (Jackson Heights) Station—(Office Opposite Station)

By Motor,—39th via Queensboro Bridge, Jackson Ave to 25th St., (20 minutes from Columbus Circle)

THE QUEENSBORO CORPORATION, Manhattan Office, 50 EAST 42nd ST

Unfurnished—West Side.

161 West 86th St.

10 rooms—3 baths

119 W. 71st St.

4 rooms and 1 bath
6 Rooms and 2 Baths
Attractive
APARTMENTS
From Oct. 1st, 1922.
Apply on premises or to
A. L. MORDECAI & SON
30 East 42nd St.

7 ROOMS

An Exceptionally Attractive Apartment in a Modern House.
Elevator and Hall Attendants.
Rental $1,800 per annum
210 West 107th St.
Superintendent on premises.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS
3 MINUTES TO WALL ST.

2-3-4-5 ROOMS
New Elevator Apartments.
Subway Corner Clark & Henry Sts.
Take Broadway, I. R. T. Sub. to Clark St.
J. W. Mengel, on prem. Tel. Beekman 9430

Unfurnished—Queens.

Garden Apartments
Queens Boulev'd Court
NOW READY
12 minutes by Queensboro Subway (Corona Line) from Grand Central to Lowery St. Sta., at Door
Just a Few Left
4 ROOMS
Rents $76 and $80
Built Around Beautiful Interior Park (62 ft. x 125 ft.), making every room an outside room. Finest Appointments and Equipment Throughout.
DAY AND NIGHT SERVICE
ROMAN-CALLMAN CO.
On Premises or Bridge Plaza North.
Hunters Point 4790. Astoria 6178.
LONG ISLAND CITY

MORTGAGE LOANS.

SECOND MORTGAGE MONEY!
WE PLACE OR PURCHASE 2D MORTGAGES ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.
AMDUR-SELLER CO., INC.
Canadian Pacific Bldg., Madison Av., 43d St.

WE have money for mortgage investment on Manhattan and Bronx real estate. Edwards, Dowdney & Richart, 156 Broadway. Telephone Cortlandt 1571-2.

Will lend money on second (Mortgage New York City property. Williams-Dexter Co., 72 Greenwich Av. Chelsea 8096.

HAVE money for first and second mortgage on improved real estate. Reply Nathan Hirch, 120 7th Av.

MORTGAGE LOANS WANTED.

FIRST MORTGAGE WANTED.
From $2,000 to $5,000, on private suburban home; 3-per cent. bonus; no brokers. C. Heath, Moresmere, N. J.

WANTED—$20,000 mortgage from private party on residential property situated at Beechurst, L. I. S 314 Times.

$20,000 ON four-story basement brick flat and stores. D 409 Times.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

SIX-STORY new-law, near Broadway, 50x100, 2-6, 1-5 each floor; all modern improvements; renting for $17,500; price $85,000; cash, $20,000, netting $9,400. Coughlan & Co., Inc., 200 West 72d.

25x100, CORNER Tremont and Wyatt Sts., adjoining subway station, East 177th, also adjoining plot, 75x99; may subordinate to first mortgage loan. Reffon Realty Co., 32 West 31st.

FOR SALE, 186 E. 112th, 4½-story, 25x100; rent $3,200 yearly; mortgage $12,000, five years, 6 per cent.; price $18,000. David Lion, owner, 26 Cortlandt St. Tel. Rector 4218.

REAL BARGAIN—4-story and base, dwelling, near 86th St.; subway and elevated; 4 stories, apts. (terms); 3-year mort. $25,000; M. H. Gallard & Co., B'way and 82d.

46TH ST., 146 WEST (near Broadway)—Store; also parlor story; any high class business; will alter to suit; moderate rental; long lease. Simon Realty Co., 1,465 B'way.

A MANSION 25 large rooms, adjoins city park, 90th St.; suitable rooming, health resort, school; beautiful scenery, sun rooms, verandas. Hickis, 139 East 90th St.

5TH, 23-25 WEST—11 rooms, 2 baths; excellent condition; early possession; $35,000. DEXTER-LAMB-DEXTER CO., 72 Greenwich Av. Chelsea 8096.

57TH ST., W.—Near express station; house 16 ft. front; steam heat, electricity; first-class condition; two upper floors rented for $3,000; price $60,000. Elkins 1186.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

SAVE ON YOUR RENT!
Become owner of new two-family house; all stucco; ten rooms, two enclosed porches, tile bath; instantaneous hot water; price $14,500; cash, $3,000; your rent costs not over $75 per month; near Flatbush Av. station at Nostrand Av., on I. R. T., 30 minutes from Wall St. Davis, 1,518 Flatbush Av. Phone 9183 Mansfield.

NEW 2-family brick and stucco house, 13 rooms, all modern improvements; garage; tax empt; one block from Church Av. car; two blocks from 18th Av. station. Inquire Field, 38 Clara St., between Chester Av. and Dahlia Road. Windsor 7790.

FLATBUSH—For sale, 15 rooms, 2-family detached frame with garage; all improvements; restricted neighborhood; price $15,500. Phone Stuyvesant 9171, between 1-5; no brokers.

BUILDERS, ATTENTION!
Six lots near Church Av. subway station, Brooklyn; special terms; reasonable prices. Hall, 185 Lee Av. Yonkers 4737.

FLATBUSH—Easy housekeeping home; no basement; limestone; 6 rooms; every modern improvement; $14,000. 189 Maple St. Phone Flatbush 2239.

LOT for sale, 60 ft., in Midwood Manor, $6,500. Y 2361 Times Annex.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

BARGAIN IN HOLLIS.
Beautiful 6-room house, with private driveway, in restricted section; has tiled kitchen and bath, enclosed porch, artistic lighting fixtures, handsome decorations; near L. I. R. R. Station, 30 minutes to Penn Station or Flatbush Av.; near schools, churches and stores; price $7,500, cash $1,500, balance easy terms; tax exempt; selling before completion. Act quick! For particulars apply J. H. Riener, 429 Jamaica Av., Jamaica, L. I. Phone 4057 Jamaica.

COLLEGE POINT, tax exempt, six rooms and bath, Colonial tapestry brick, restricted residential section, oak floors, composition tile bath and kitchen floors, fireplace, built in bath, screens, garage; price reasonable; cash arranged. Longacre 1460.

10 MINUTES TO 42D ST.
4-5 rooms, $50-$60; modern, electric. 172 Nott Av., L. I. City, 2 blocks 11th St. Station, Queensboro subway.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

HOUSE, FRUITS, 3 ACRES.
House, bath, electric lights, 3 open fireplaces, outbuildings, State road, walking distance from station; 38 miles from Grand Central, or 6 minutes' ride from White Plains; last year 300 barrels of apples; old-fashioned flowers and shade; all this for $10,500. Why pay rent? Act quickly. Phone 2767-2766 White Plains.
EDWARD M. WEST, INC.,
Offices closed Sundays.
Opposite station. WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.

WE BUILD HOMES ANYWHERE AND ASSIST IN FINANCING.
CHOICE PLOTS AT LOW PRICES.
Write or Call for Handsome Book of Prize-Winning House Plans, 50c.
OWNERS' CONSTRUCTION CORP., 25 West 43d St. Tel. Murray Hill 0780.

TOP OF THE WORLD
A new modern home, view for 10 miles over Bronx Parkway, Cedar Farm and Pusshaw; steam heated garage, sleeping porch large enough for whole family, shower bath and tiled bathroom; owner moving West in two weeks; bargain $12,500; $4,000 cash.
EDWARD M. WEST, INC.
Offices closed Sundays.
Opp. Station
WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.
Phones 2767, 2768.

SALE OR RENT, TWO HOUSES.
AT PELHAM MANOR—7 rooms, 2 baths, steam-heated garage, $300 monthly; price $18,500.
AT MOUNT VERNON (adjoining Bailey estate)—Nine rooms, 3 baths, beautifully decorated; large plot; 2-car garage; $250 monthly; price $35,500.
W. F. Ross, Room 1518, 25 West 43d St., New York. Telephone 0780 Murray Hill.

THE UNUSUAL.
Our client, who has moved out of town, is compelled to sell his 7-acre estate with 12-room house, 3 baths, hot-water heat, electric light, hardwood floors, 2-car garage, stable, greenhouse; this is an opportunity seldom offered, and it will pay you to make an immediate inspection; terms will be made to the right party. Chauncey B. Griffen, 18 East 41st St. Tel. Murray Hill 0326.

NEW ROCHELLE—Opportunity to buy or rent show place in beautiful Beechmont Park; stucco home with tile roof, artistically set in gorgeously shrubbed grounds of over an acre; eight rooms, three baths; hot water heat; one-car garage; exceptional and worth inspection. DRUMMOND, 17 East 42d St. Telephone Murray Hill 1822, or 226 Huguenot St., New Rochelle. Telephone 3242.

PELHAM—This is a real dandy, different from any house at this price, $18,000, and just as good as the $40,000 in style of architecture, English stucco; seven rooms, two baths, every modern appointment; will sell at once. Inspect today. DRUMMOND, 17 East 42d St. Telephone Murray Hill 1822, or 4,768 Boston Post Road, Pelham Manor. Telephone 5100.

PROPERTY FOR SALE on Broadway at Tarrytown, N. Y.—Consists of three vacant lots, each 40 feet frontage on Broadway, and 153 feet deep; also dwelling and garage combined on a lot fronting 80 feet on Broadway and 153 feet deep. Property can be sold as one parcel or in lots. Carl A. Peterson, Owner, Tarrytown, N. Y. Telephone Tarrytown 1037.

JUNE 1 occupancy, the most frequently admired, quaint Colonial house in the country; nine rooms, three baths, on quarter-acre, in most desirable location at Philipse Manor; five years old; can be purchased $5,000 cash, $18,000 on mortgage, or rented; not a speculation, but my home; you deal with owner. Telephone Tarrytown 377, and my wife will arrange to show you.

WHITE PLAINS—UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY—$7,500—LITTLE CASH. Easy terms, Craftsman home, six large rooms and tiled bath; every city improvement; just completed; fine neighborhood; near station; open for inspection; Battle Av., near Waldo Av. V. GREEN CONSTRUCTION CO., 45 West 34th St., N. Y. City. Tel. Fitzroy 2806, or on premises.

PELHAM—We have just had a big reduction in price on one of the most desirable homes in the best residence section. Large living room, 3 master bedrooms, tiled bath; 2 rooms and bath on the third floor; hot water heat, gas and electric light; plot 150 feet front. Decided bargain for quick sale. Chauncey B. Griffen, 18 East 41st St. Tel. Murray Hill 0326.

WATERFRONT houses on high bluff overlooking Sound (choice section of City Island); small private park at southwest end; private beach, good anchorage; several houses ready for rent at $1,800 and $1,500 per year, unfurnished; large living rooms, enclosed porches, 4 bedrooms. H. S. Sayers, Rochelle St., City Island.

LARCHMONT—Enjoy the Summer in this unusually constructed 7-room Colonial home on plot 55x115 feet; large living room, 4 bedrooms and bath; garage; city water; 2 blocks from station in best residence section; price $18,500, $5,000 cash. Chauncey B. Griffen, 18 East 41st St. Tel. Murray Hill 0326.

NEW ROCHELLE.
Artistic English stucco built home, stone and stucco construction; 9 rooms, 2 sun parlors, 3 baths, garage, large plot, in finest neighborhood; $33,000.
H. E. COLWELL & SONS, INC.,
542 Main St. Tel. 400 New Rochelle, N. Y.

OWNER will sacrifice well built 8-room house (park location), gas and electric lights, tiled bath, large plot; 12x20 garage with electric light, cement floor and drain; $13,500 for quick sale. L. P. Harris, 10 North Av. Tel. 1186 New Rochelle, N. Y.

HASTINGS-ON-THE-HUDSON,
overlooking river and Palisades; two-family houses, five rooms and bath each; modern improvements; on corner plot 50x100; garage; all condition; price $12,500; reasonable terms. Goodwin & Goodwin, 146 West 57th St. Circle 6005.

FOR RENT OR SALE.
Scarsdale—Six-room bungalow, 4 acres, chicken houses, cows, hay for cows; excellent furnace; high ground; wonderful view; rental $100 per month, or will sell for $17,000. Angell & Co., Scarsdale, N. Y. Telephone 100.

NEW ROCHELLE—For rent, unfurnished, attractive house, near Sound; 9 rooms, 3 baths; hot-water heat, gas, electricity; two-car garage; half acre ground, beautifully planted. Owe broker or Briggs, 619 Centre Av., New Rochelle, N. Y. Vanderbilt 10268, New Rochelle 4176.

BRONXVILLE.
Lawrence Park, 7 rooms, 3 baths, $17,500; attractive stucco residence, fireplace, porch, steam heat, gas and electric lights, garage built in; will rent $175 per month; immediate possession. Burke Stone, Inc., Bronxville 1480.

NEW ROCHELLE.
Seven rooms and bath, new stucco house, residential park, all improvements, can be bought for $13,000; terms. H. E. COLWELL & SONS, INC., 542 Main St. Tel. 400 New Rochelle, N. Y.

HOME in finest residence section New Rochelle; equipped with every modern convenience; ten rooms, hot water heating, two baths, extra toilet, lavatory; lot 100x135; garage 16x18, price $26,000; easy terms. Owner, New Rochelle 4008.

PELHAM—Very attractive English stucco, 8 rooms, 2 baths, vapor heat; large shady plot; heated garage. Special price $18,000.
OLCOTT & ROGERS,
Tel. Murray Hill 8325. 17 East 42d St.

LARCHMONT MANOR,
overlooking Sound, private bathing; 12 rooms, 3 baths, 2-car garage for rent, furnished, for the Summer. Location, 4 Clinton Av., off Prince & Rising, 243 Madison Ave.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

FOR RENT at Rye, surrounded by trees, attractive house, 5 master bedrooms, 2 master baths, 2 servants' rooms and bath, convenient to station; reduced from $3,000 to $1,500.

Magnificent view of Sound; 7 master bedrooms, 3 baths, 4 servants' bedrooms and bath; reduced from $6,000 to $4,000.

Positively must rent; beautiful stone house surrounded by trees; convenient to clubs and station; a great opportunity; reduced from $3,000 to $1,500.

BLAKEMAN QUINTARD MEYER, 30 East 42d St., N. Y. Tel. 2468 Murray Hill or 522 Rye.

A HOME OF CHARACTER.
This house at Pelham is out of the ordinary, its setting on a beautiful big plot overlooking the golf course is excellent; the sweeping curve of its roof line, its massive oak door, with its many secluded porches and balconies are suggestive of the English homestead; it has a distinct atmosphere quite different from the usual suburban house; if you are looking for about a nine-room house with a real character you should see this, and its price is very interesting. Prince & Ripley, Pelham Manor. Telephone Pelham 1103, or call Murray Hill 635.

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR QUICK PURCHASER.
Dutch Colonial house, just completed, in White Plains, on large plot in exclusive residential section; magnificent view of Westchester Hills, adjoining golf links, country club and Sidney Farms Hotel; 12 rooms, 3 baths, showers; every modern appointment; 2-car garage; price right; terms liberal.
H. R. MONROE,
44 Grand St., White Plains, N. Y. Tel. 2066.

SEND for booklet, SUBURBAN WESTCHESTER, giving vital information about the various towns of Westchester County; send postage, 4 cents. Prince & Ripley, 342 Madison Av., New York City.

BARGAIN—Eight-room house, 2 baths, electric, suitable for one or two families; price, $7,500; reasonable terms; near station. Jacob Levy, 14 Spencer Place, Mamaroneck, N. Y.

SCARSDALE—Houses, newly decorated, 8 and 10 rooms, furnished, unfurnished, garages, sleeping porches; rental monthly $100, $150; sale $12,000, $15,000. Telephone Scarsdale 625.

SCARSDALE "Edgemont Estate" will finance your home and have it built for you in our picturesque community. Scarsdale Edgemont Corp., 41 West 34th. Fitzroy 1376.

NEW HOUSE, 6 rooms and bath; up-to-date improvements; price $10,000. M. C. Brewer, 15 Court St. Tel. 1162 White Plains, N. Y.

FOR RENT, PELHAM MANOR, attractive home, 10 rooms, 2 baths; acre plot, shaded; $300 mo. Bowling Green 9147 or address W 873 Times Downtown.

HOUSE, 7 rooms, slate roof, all improvements, 100x200, fine section, $7,500. Brown-Brown, Depot Square, Harrison, N.Y.

GIFFORD PARK, Tuckahoe, 9-room house on large corner plot; 2-car garage; bargain; $14,000. Phone Tuckahoe 3083.

126 ST., 162 WEST—6 rooms, unfurnished, $75, electricity included; exclusive section, write owner. Simon.

NEW house, exceptional value; description mailed. Hall, 185 Lee Av. Yonkers 4737.

MODERN small all-year bungalow, $5,500; terms Owner. Tel. 1286 White Plains.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

WESTBURY—$7,250 up; strictly high-class dwellings; near depot. Henry Pierson, Maple, near Ellison Av. Phone Westbury 260.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

FLUSHING—MURRAY HILL SECTION. 177 per month carries, including taxes and water and allows $35 monthly on principal; 12,500 cash; new tax exemption; 6 rooms; Dutch Colonial house; fireplace; open and unexpected; large open porch for two bedrooms; 40 x 100; fine high elevation; splendid neighborhood; fine schools and railroad service. Phone Jere Johnson, Flushing 3823.

ON THE BLUFF—SEA CLIFF.
Actual water front, 40x200; shade, boat-house, bathing; incomparable water view; refined, convenient location; 10-room cottage, bath, laundry, gas, electricity, telephone; price $10,000, little cash; $1,500 per annum; furnished if desired; unusual opportunity. OWNER, 149 West 13th St. Chelsea 9331. (Sunday, Glen Cove 997W).

STONY BROOK—Beautiful new 6-room Colonial bungalow, with large sleeping porch, balcony; toilet and bath; garage; lights and running water; large corner plot, with shade trees and salt water rights restricted; surrounding sweeping Sound view; $5,500; suitable mortgage. Edwin P. Roche, 2266 Bryanton St., Brooklyn. Phone 9173 Prospect.

HOLLIS, L. I.—For sale my beautiful villa, 300x110 feet, on the Boulevard; restricted section; 12 rooms, 3 baths, 2 sun parlors; artistic construction, stucco and half timber; hot water heat, gas, electric; 5 minutes to station, 28 minutes to Penn. Station, New York; very desirable terms. Ferdinand Delenne, Hollis Park Boulevard, Hollis, L. I.

FOR SALE OR RENT.
New Colonial bungalow, 6 rooms, parquet floors, steam heat, electricity; finest section Freeport; ten minutes to salt water; prices from $9,750 and up. For information apply Robert T. Rasmussen, 1 W. Corner Archer St. and Elliot Place, Phone 1361 Freeport, or your broker. Easy terms.

A SHORE FRONT HOME
An attractive 7-room house with an acre of land; beautiful view of Long Island Sound; shore frontage at Centre Moriches, will be sold for $7,500. See me about it. Howard Goldsmith, 63 Park Row. Beekman 2598.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING.
New two-family house, tax exemption, 11 rooms, two tiled baths, steam heat, all modern improvements; well located, near Broadway station; garage; plot 42x100; price $13,500, terms. Durand, Broadway and 23d St., Flushing. Telephone Flushing 3824.

LONG BEACH—NEW HOUSE JUST FINISHED; CHOICE LOCATION; 6 BEDROOMS, 3 BATHS, KITCHEN, DINING ROOM, LIVING ROOM AND POYER; ALL IMPROVEMENTS; REASONABLE. ABEL & DILLMEIER, LONG BEACH. TELEPHONE LONG BEACH 0479.

LONG BEACH bungalows, five rooms and bath, all improvements, $450 and up. Phone Longacre 5486 for information, or automobile will meet you at Long Beach Station. William H. Lilly, care F. G. Van Der Veer & Co., 201 West 33d St., opposite Pennsylvania Station.

HUNTINGTON, L. I.,
2 minutes' walk to station, lot 90x175, new 4-room bungalow, bath, range, stationary tubs, electric lights; price $3,800; $1,000 cash; snap; act quick.
CHARLES E. SAMMIS JR.,
Huntington, L. I. Telephone Huntington 425.

FOR SALE, LONG BEACH.
Lots 600 feet from board walk, Walnut Street; no restrictions; 200x100, $8,500; 60x100 for stores, $3,750. Hoffman, 161 77th St., Arverne, L. I.

FOR SALE or rent, 14x exempt brick and stucco, brand new, six rooms, two tiled baths, sun porch, reception room and pantry; garage for two cars; high corner plot overlooking Sound; best in market. Glenwood and Summit Av., Westmoreland, Little Neck, L. I. Owner Benson, Astoria 1220.

OYSTER BAY—Gentleman's home, 8 acres; dwelling, 25 rooms, 4 baths; all improvements; garage and other buildings; will rent fully furnished or sell at a sacrifice. Henry S. Mott Co., Northport, L. I. Phone 22.

A REAL HOME INVESTMENT.
Douglas Manor, near water; Colonial centre hall; 9 large rooms, 3 tiled baths, open fireplace; sleeping and day porches; oak floors; corner plot; landscaped; reasonable cash term mortgages. Freeman, 220 Broadway, City. Cortlandt 8363.

FOR RENT.
New Colonial cottages; large plots; all improvements; finest section Freeport; ten minutes to salt water; rent $85 per month and up. Apply George Rasmussen, 230 Rose St. Phone 1110 Freeport, or your broker.

HUNTINGTON—600 feet shore front, 19 acres; Colonial dwelling, 16 rooms; cottage, garage, boat house, extensive views; price reduced for quick action. Henry S. Mott Co., Northport, L. I. Phone 22.

ROSLYN ESTATES—Eight rooms, three baths, sleeping porch, sun parlor, breakfast room; two-car garage; gas and electricity; 160x200; $20,000. E. W. Rogers, 135 Broadway. Rector 1135.

FOREST HILL GARDENS—For rent June 1, attractive, well furnished, modern brick and stucco house, containing 8 rooms, 2 baths, steam heat; garage. Telephone Boulevard 8075J.

HAVE two new houses, just completed, with all improvements, in the finest residential section in Woodmere, Long Island; will sell at a sacrifice. Call Far Rockaway 2826.

EAST WILLISTON, L. I.—New large 6-room house, all improvements, glassed-in porch; garage; 2 minutes from station; ideal location; price $9,500. Fred Neitzel, Nassau Blvd.

PRETTY 8-room house, enclosed porch, all modern improvements, garden plot, near Mineola station; bargain $6,500. Wetzel, 25 West 42d. Longacre 0719.

$2,000 CASH NEEDED—Owner will sacrifice twenty 8-room dwelling, plot 60x100, electric light, no gas; 40 minutes from Penn. station; price $5,250; act quick. Phone Lynbrook 1994.

NEW ONSIT—Rent beautiful, furnished California bungalows; 5, 8 rooms and bath; take Rockaway car Rockaway Park station to office, 144th St. and Newport Av.

FAR ROCKAWAY—New furnished bungalows, five rooms; extra pantry; block from ocean. 208 Grandview Av. Phone Far Rockaway 4202.

FAR ROCKAWAY—8-room brick home; all improvements; large plots; restricted section. 6084 Far Rockaway, Beekman 0936.

LONG BEACH—Bungalows, lots; bargains. Make bus to Keech's office, West End.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

EAST ELMHURST, L. I.
Four blocks from Flushing Bay, delightful neighborhood; buy six and seven room detached frame houses, most modern construction; tax exempt; tile baths and kitchens, hot water heat, parquet floors, decorated; electric lights; gas; sewer; street asphalted, cement sidewalks; $1,500 to $2,500 cash, balance same as rent; boating, bathing, fishing; twenty-two minutes from 42d St. via Queensboro subway; also via 2d Av. "L" over Queensboro bridge. For particulars, call or write investors L. I. Realty Co., 3 East 44th St., N. Y. C. Telephone 0064 Murray Hill.

PORT WASHINGTON.
Beautifully shaded hilltop plot of about one-half acre overlooking Manhasset Bay and Long Island Sound; elevation of more than 200 feet above water; private bathing beach, concrete roads, all improvements; $6,200, terms.
EDGEWORTH-SMITH, INC.,
1 West 34th St. Opposite Station,
Fitzroy 5250. Port Washington 381.

FORT JEFFERSON, LONG ISLAND,
Belle Terre Estates.
Beautiful old English 12-room house, two tile baths with showers, maid's bath, house fully furnished, 2-car garage, wonderful large grounds, with shrubberies and trees, 2 minutes' walk to water; rent $25,000; estate, will sacrifice for $17,000; large mortgage may remain. Address Attorney, Room 303 Lawyers Building, Newark, N. J.

PINEAIRE, L. I.—Block from station, new 5-room stucco bungalow, all improvements; immediate possession. Tel. Walker 6048.

HOUSES AND FARMS for sale on LONG ISLAND. Send for printed list. W. F. BOGART, Front St., Mineola, L. I.

FOR SALE—Stucco house with garage, just finished; newly furnished; West Holme, Long Beach. B 312, Times.

SHELTER ISLAND—10 rooms, bath, laundry, furnished; $5,000. Curtis, 180 Montague, Brooklyn.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

A GENTLEMAN'S ESTATE AND DAIRY FARM IN ORANGE COUNTY.
250 acres (300 cultivated), splendid undulating land, great elevation; extensive views in all directions; thoroughly modern and attractive; owner's residence with 9 modern cottages for help; abundance of water; 2 ponds; completely equipped and practical dairy farm in successful operation. For full particulars address
S. S. WALSTRUM, GORDON & FORMAN,
75 Maiden Lane, New York and Ridgewood, N. J.

AT Pearl River, N. Y.—Eight-room house, fully improved; 800 feet on Erie Railroad, garage, 4 poultry houses, much fruit; 10 minutes' walk to depot; price $10,000. Box 21, Nanuet, N. Y.

DUTCHESS COUNTY, Stanfordville, 18 miles from Poughkeepsie, gentleman's place, 14 rooms; electric lights, 4 baths; finely decorated; 88 acres, brook, outbuildings; $30,000. Eaglebrook.

MODERN stucco cottage, 7 rooms; improved; garage; corner plot, 105x120; hour express service; 2 minutes depot; $7,500. Kahlbaum, Nanuet, N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

A REAL BARGAIN IN BOGOTA.
New Jersey's Most Convenient Suburb.
Well built six-room detached house, fully decorated, screens and shades, hardwood floors and trim; dining room with beamed ceilings and paneled walls; kitchen with gas and coal range; steam heat, electric light; open fireplace; beautiful location overlooking the Ramapos in the west and the Palisades in the east; plot 50x100. Price for a quick sale, $6,800, on terms.
Hallberg & Longfellow, Inc., Builders,
Opposite Station, Hillsfield Park, Bogota.

RIDGEWOOD—Artistic 6, 7, 8 room houses; garages, large plots; 1 or 2 baths; exceptional improvements; finest construction and materials; refined locality; $12,500 upward; unusual terms. See representative Saturday, Sunday, East Ridgewood Av. corner North Irving St., or phone or write Ridgewood Corp., 277 Broadway, Room 1006. Worth 1823.

FOR RENT, July and August, attractively furnished 8-room house and 2 baths; all improvements; garage; ideal country location, Netherwood (Plainfield), within commuting distance New York. Can be seen 330 Dixie Lane or phone E. A. Dunn, Worth 1400, between 10 and 4. Rental $200 per month. References required.

BEAUTIFUL ESTATE, 45 acres, on State road, easy commuting distance; private family; fine, modern house, electricity, hot and cold running water; large porch; garage; swimming pool; tennis; refined country surroundings; adults; references. Box 34, R. F. D. 2, Allendale, N. J. Phone Saddle River 38-J.

RIDGEFIELD PARK—New artistic home, 8 rooms, bath, steam heat, gas, kitchen, electricity, city improvements, large plot, near station, stores and school; $1,000 cash, $52.50 monthly; 30 minutes New York City. Come out today. West 42d St., Cortlandt St. 23d St. and Hudson tubes. John A. Baldwin, opposite station.

WE GIVE YOU THE MONEY
To secure your building plot if you let us build your home whenever you are ready; easy monthly payments; have contracted to build 250 houses Northern Jersey town; 30 minutes out. Write for details. "Builders," P. O. Box 912, City Hall Station.

WEST ENGLEWOOD, N. J.—Well furnished home, six large rooms and bath; for one year's lease; selected neighborhood; references required; 20 minutes from New York by West Shore railroad; reasonable rent. Telephone Rosich 979-W Englewood.

MY BEAUTIFUL and artistically furnished home in exclusive and fashionable district Ventnor, Atlantic City, N. J.; 7 bedrooms, 3 baths, Chinese rug throughout; all furnishings new 3 years ago. Address Gilliland, 33 West 52d. Phone Columbus 0312.

MONTCLAIR—$9,500; 8 rooms, bath; plot 50x114; Also 9 rooms and 2 baths; plot 50x150; asking $13,500; both have steam heat; all improvements; fine location; near station and schools; modern cash payments. Cortlandt 3263, or Montclair 0447.

FOR SALE—15-room house, 4th Av., Asbury Park, 2 short blocks from ocean; ideal hotel location; garage for 4 cars, living quarters over garage; furniture, $117,000; $5,000 cash. Apply Louis E. Bronson, 53 Main Av., Ocean Grove, N. J.

WILL SACRIFICE attractive residence, almost new, of seven exceptional rooms, tiled bath; very attractive plot; every city improvement; best neighborhood; near station, express depot convenient. Buckley Wheeler, Ridgewood, N. J.

LEASE, ALLENDALE, $140 MONTHLY.
Completely furnished, modern home, 11 rooms, two baths; 2 acre, shade, garden, tennis court; very attractive. West Den, snap, 334 5th Av., New York, or Allendale.

MOUNTAIN LAKES, N. J.—Complete modern residence for sale or rent; see to appreciate; must sacrifice. W. L. Sawyer, 15 Park Row, New York. Phone Barclay 8160. Not connected with Mountain Lakes, Inc.

LEONIA—Six-room house, all improvements; plot 50x170; near school, train and trolley; good neighborhood; $9,000, on convenient terms. BOWLSBY & CO., Broad and Central Av., Leonia, N. J.

ARTISTIC, modern eight rooms, tiled bath, sun parlor, breakfast room; wonderful surroundings; cost $10,000, sacrifice $7,900; terms. Plainfield (Builder), 317 East 17th. 9439 Stuyvesant.

CHARMING six-room house, large attic; plot 50x100; half hour out; conveniently located; immediate possession; easy terms. Jones & Sullivan, 151 West 42d.

TENAFLY—$10,500; handsome modern home; terms; latest improvements; garage; 1 acre plot; abundance fruit. Young, city station.

LEONIA—Will rent unfurnished, 6-room house, glass porch; beautiful hill section; easy commuting; lease. Phone Greenpoint 5614.

FOR RENT—A tea room, also a studio and a cottage. Address O. B. Van Camp, Arnold Av., Point Pleasant, N. J.

FOR RENT—$70, $100 and choice home for $13; one especially good sacrifice buy, $21,000. Titus, P. O. Bldg., Plainfield.

CRANFORD—New homes from $6,750 up; easy terms. OWNER, V 607 Times Downtown.

FREE list of houses for sale and rent. Write VAN WINKLE CO., Rutherford, N. J.

TWO HOUSES, six lots, Hoffleys Lane, West Fort Lee, N. J.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

City Property.

WANTED TO LEASE.
50 or 75 foot building with live steam, anywhere between 10th and 30th Sts.; immediate possession of store cellar.
BAUER, MILBANK & MOLLOY, Inc.,
51 East 42d St. Murray Hill 1936.

WANTED—Income property; I will also buy your leasehold. M. J. Belmont, 1,451 Broadway. Watkins 8697.

Country Property.

WANTED, by responsible Christian family of 3, to rent 7 or 8 room house around Jamaica on the hill, or Kew Gardens; occupancy June 15; year's lease with option to buy. Address A. D. B., 301 Clinton Av., Jamaica. Telephone Jamaica 1367W.

WANT to rent, with intention to buy, a 7-room house from 1st July; commuting distance from Grand Central Station; state particulars. No agents; references. John Kalix, White Plains, N. Y.

WAREHOUSE with railroad siding containing 50,000 square feet in Long Island City, New York City, Jersey City or Hoboken. William D. Bloodgood & Co., Bridge Plaza, Long Island City.

OPEN for property of all kinds. Commercial Buildings, Houses, Farms; only reliable principals and rock-bottom figures considered. Box 208, 1,659 Broadway, New York.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Country Property.

$500 DOWN; 6-room house in suburbs; modern improvements; state price, &c. S N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

HOTEL, 75 rooms, Long Island, fully equipped, ready to open; equity $20,000; offers entertained. Rosenthal, 518 3d Av.

LEXINGTON AV.—Flat with stores, equity $5,000, any fair offer entertained; also larger equities. Rosenthal, 518 3d Av.

FARMS.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

30 ACRES RIVERFRONT & WOODLAND.
Bungalow, garage, &c.
Beautiful Summer home or farming.
$6,500; terms.

DAIRY, POULTRY & GENERAL FARMS.
Tuttle, Far Hills, N. J.

FARMS, all sizes; commuting list. Weiner, The Farm Man, Round Brook, N. J.

SUMMER HOMES

Brooklyn.

FLATBUSH—July and August, fine, detached house; player piano, Victrola, electric washer; reasonable; adult family; references. Midwood 3785-W.

Staten Island.

SMALL modern cottage, July-August; all conveniences; restricted section, north shore, Staten Island; 45 min. Manhattan; terms; to responsible parties. C 853 Times Downtown.

VERY moderate rental to desirable family to occupy attractive suburban home; June-October. F 307 Times.

Westchester County.

AT OSSINING.
For rent, furnished, June 15 to Sept. 15, comfortable, livable home, attractively furnished, with a beautiful view of the Hudson; station only five minutes' walk from the house; excellent commuting service; one hour to Grand Central Terminal; house has fifteen rooms, electricity and gas; high ceilings and large windows insure good air; grounds consist of 1½ acres, all improved; rent $225 per month.

This property can also be bought at a reasonable price. Apply Mrs. C. E. Acker, 80 Main St., Ossining, N. Y.

A COOL, comfortable, modern, convenient brick house in Greenacres section of Scarsdale, near White Plains; 6 master's bedrooms, 3 baths, 2 sleeping rooms and bath on first floor; large piazza and sleeping porch; completely furnished; three-car brick garage; garden, &c.; to let for Summer months. William B. Curtis, 251 West 10th. Watkins 8320.

ATTRACTIVE Westchester residence, 1 hour New York, 5 minutes bathing beach; 7 large rooms, tiled bath, garage, sleeping porch, open fireplace; all improvements; furnished; rent $300 month; available June 15, $1,000; photographs and other rates upon application. Address, Owner, Y 3403 Times Annex.

FURNISHED, cozy 7-room country house; 4 bedrooms, bath, electricity, porch, shade, one-half acre; mile west Scarsdale station. Phone 214 J Scarsdale. Hurnur.

FOR RENT—Furnished house, seven big rooms, small garage; 45 minutes to Grand Central, Crestwood Station; season June 1 to middle September; $400. 136 Park Av., Westchester Park, or 2022-W Tuckahoe.

FOR RENT—6 rooms, 2 baths, completely furnished; grand piano, Victrola, &c.; best suburb, Bronxville, N. Y.; for four months from June 1; $200 per month. Call Mr. Baird, Beekman 1303.

VERY attractive homes in Rye, N. Y., and Larchmont, N. Y., on lake, with water and back country, at reduced rentals. Apply to Herbert A. Sherman, 41 East 41st St. Murray Hill 2075.

FORT CHESTER—Furnished 7-room, modern home, 4 bedrooms; golf, tennis adjoining; bath

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Desk Room.

Continued from preceding page.

HUDSON TERMINAL, 50 Church—One desk and complete service; $25. Room 3022.

DESK, also private room, facing Park; all facilities. 23 Union Square, Room 601.

DESK, 505 5th Av; free to party recording phone calls. Allen.

Bronx.

OFFICES, $50 UP. 354 E. 149th St., cor. Courtlandt, 200 ft. west of 3d Av. and 149th subway and "L" stations. Agent, Room 1.

GOOD STORE, 840 EAST (Cor. Kelly)—Storeroom suitable for drug, millinery, music and ladies' wear. Barclay 2780.

STORE, Feathered Lane, surrounding apartments without stores; good any business. Underhill 0068.

Brooklyn.

LOFTS TO LEASE.
6,000 sq. ft., heat, good light, $2,400.
14,000 sq. ft., ground floor, 24,000.
36,000 sq. ft., sprinklers, concrete, $15,000.
84,000 sq. ft., fireproof and land, $17,400.
JAMES B. FISHER
174 Montague St. Main 7207.

STORE to lease, Broadway, Brooklyn, 28-116; four doors from Gates Av., on good side of street; greatest retail section. Lovcraft Realty Corp., Main 8400.

Long Island.

LONG ISLAND CITY.
5,000 TO 10,000 SQ. FT. SPACE.
Immediate occupancy; will build to suit.
ROMAN-CALLMAN COMPANY,
Bridge Plaza. LONG ISLAND CITY.

New Jersey.

STORES FOR RENT
Newly completed stores on the main street in New Brunswick, N. J.; best shopping district. D. Berrouty, 128 Albany St., New Brunswick, N. J.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS.

600 FEET furnished office, Grand Central. Christopher Realty, 347 Madison. Vanderbilt 0853.

FACTORIES.

4 LONG ISLAND CITY.
Factory and Building Sites.
Lots at 40 to 50 cents per sq. ft.
CLAY, 9 Jackson Av. (Subway Station), Long Island City.

RUBBER footwear factory, fully equipped; 50 miles New York; $60 p. month; belt and engines; sale or rent with option of purchase. Henry S. Mot: Co., Northport, L. I. Phone 22.

FINCH'S FACTORY SPECIAL—Fully equipped factory suitable for radio or any small manufacturing. 214 Broad, Elizabeth.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

6TH ST., 9 EAST (Opp. Stuyvesant)—Extensive garden, Washington Mews; living room, bedroom, bath, kitchen. Philips, Spring 2780.

19TH ST., 143 EAST—Reasonable, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath. Gramercy 6974.

20TH ST., 30 EAST—COMFORTABLE, ATTRACTIVE PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH; $25 PER WEEK. MARTHA WASHINGTON HOTEL (FOR WOMEN).

23D, 24 EAST (Hotel Regent)—Attractive, newly decorated front apartment, 2, 3 rooms, $30-$35 weekly; one year, $25; convenient everywhere. Madison Square 3554.

37TH, 126 EAST—Eight-room elevator apartment, beautifully furnished; telephone; long or short lease to reliable party. Kelsey.

38TH, 59 EAST—2 rooms, kitchenette and bath, furnished or unfurnished, from June 1 to October. Apply Supt.

46TH ST. (Park and Lexington)—Handsomely furnished, living room, bedroom, real kitchen and bath; until October. Vanderbilt 8401.

47TH, 122 EAST—Charming two large rooms, cool, airy, spacious, awnings, bath and servants' quarters; excellent man servant will remain; opportunity for people who desire service and home cooking. Murray Hill 8004.

56TH, 38 EAST—Beautiful, furnished, three-room apartment; regular kitchen; $100 monthly.

59TH ST., 124 EAST—Unusually large, attractively furnished room, bath; residential section; reference.

40TH, 123 EAST—Furnished apartment, large living room, alcove, bath; meals; maid service; June to October; $100.

45TH, Near 5th Av.—Two rooms, exceptionally well furnished; hundred twenty-five month; references. Murray Hill 2256.

48TH, (414 Madison)—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; elevator; maid service included; $100.

50th—Attractive 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette apartment, near 5th Av. Fitzroy 8162.

51ST, 3 EAST—Unusually spacious two-room apartment; palatial furnishings; Summer sacrifice.

53D, EAST—Three to four months, five-room and bath apartment, elevator service, separate maid's room; high-class, modern building; excellent service. Phone Plaza 8158.

53D ST., 105 EAST—Furnished, 6 room housekeeping duplex, 2 baths; June 1 to Sept. 1; $250 per month. Tel. Plaza 2864.

53D, 105 EAST—Beautiful 3 rooms, bath, entire maid's room; May-November; references essential; moderate. Superintendent.

54TH ST., NEAR PARK AV.
6 rooms, 2 baths, very attractively furnished. $900 per month from June 1 to Sept. 15. Miss Lewis, Real Estate, 17 West 47th St.

54TH, 123 EAST—3 rooms, bath, shower, open fireplace, telephone; permanent.

55TH, 56 EAST, NEAR FIFTH AV.
Summer bargain, charming two rooms, bath, kitchen; $125 month; immediate. Plaza 5719.

55TH (Park-Madison)—Entire floor, beautifully furnished; short, long lease. Bryant 8008.

56TH ST. (Near Park Av.)—Large kitchen, living room, bedroom, bath; with sleeping porch, private phone, baby grand piano, silver, linen, &c.; southern exposure; rent by week or month. Plaza 6031.

57TH, 123 EAST—Exceptionally furnished, light floor, four rooms, bath, kitchen, till November; $100. Colton, Plaza 9025-7346.

57TH, 40 EAST—Two perfectly appointed rooms; service; cool; suitable three persons.

58TH ST. AND 5TH AV.—Beautiful apartment, parlor, bedroom and bath to sublet by the month or to Oct. 1 at low rate. Inquire Clerk, Netherland Hotel.

58TH ST., 19 EAST—Studio, furnished, June 15 to Nov. 1; kitchenette, bath; gas, electricity; references required. Phone Plaza 7286.

60TH, 18 EAST—Half price, single, double, two rooms, bath; day, week, month, year; special rates. Jacinto Hotel.

60TH, 42 EAST—Entire upper floor, exquisitely equipped. Phone Plaza 2074.

63D ST. (Madison Av.)—Two front rooms, attractively furnished, bath; full hotel service; restaurant; sublet June to October; reduced rate. Phone Madison Sq. 0962. Roberts.

66TH, 20 EAST—Two rooms, bath; Summer rate, $125; maid service. Superintendent.

70TH—Two rooms and bath, $100; beautifully furnished. Phone Vanderbilt 1158.

82D, 145 EAST—To sublet 4 rooms and bath; nicely furnished, elevator service; from June 1 to Oct. 1; rent $175 monthly. Doorman will show any time.

82D, 166 EAST—Attractive 2 rooms, furnished apartment; private phone; reasonable.

82D, 71 EAST—Seven rooms, tastefully furnished, grand piano, June 1 to Sept. 1; references. Appointment by phone, Lenox 4800.

82D ST. (at Madison Av., Hotel Ashton)—Newly decorated two rooms, bath, $35 includes rooms and bath; buses, surface cars, subways; $20 weekly up; hotel service; restaurant.

GRAMERCY PARK, 18—Unusual opportunity; artistic, cool apartment; large living room, 3 single bedrooms, kitchen; excellent service; immediate possession; references. Miss Ingram.

GRAMERCY PARK, 36—Two rooms and bath, unusually cool, delightful neighborhood; rates very reasonable. Phone 6284 Gramercy.

LEXINGTON AV., 510 (26th St.)—Two large front rooms, second floor; bath, large closets; bachelors; private residence; references.

MADISON AV., 680—Artistically furnished studio apartment; grand piano, kitchenette facilities; unusual opportunity for Summer months; $60 a month; references given and required. Plaza 8352.

MADISON AV., 402 (Carlton Chambers), at 47th St., Hotel Wellington annex; furnished or unfurnished; maid service; reasonable rent. Charles B. Plummer, 400 Madison Av. Murray Hill 2200.

MADISON AV., 90—7-room apartment, $175; also 4-room apartment, $75; very desirable; well-furnished. Phone, Plaza 4561.

MADISON AV. (824 St.)—2 and 3 room apartments; bath; hotel service. Hotel Bibb. Phone Lenox 8200.

MADISON AV., 416—Lady leaving town; sacrifices room, bath, elevator; June-October.

MRS. LANG
200 Madison Av., Murray Hill 0214; 34th to 40th sections, apartments furnished or unfurnished, two to seven rooms; also bungalow on roof, large storage.

PARK AV.—10 rooms, 3 baths, attractively furnished; will make for summer or to October. Phone Lenox 0180, Evgs. Gilbert & Hardy, 101 Park Av. Murray Hill 2500.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

PARK AV. (70th)—7 rooms, duplex apartment, furnished, Summer months, unusual concessions; only $200 per month. Particulars, telephone Vanderbilt 0848.

PARK AV., 840—Furnished or unfurnished, 7 light outside rooms, 2 baths; man, afternoons. Lenox 8463.

PARK AV.—Near Ambassador, two rooms, electric kitchen; reduced rental. Schuyler 8805.

PARK AV., 58—Elegant, furnished front apartment, with alcove; private bath; $100.

PARK AV.—Exceptionally fine 7 rooms, furnished; reasonable. 204, 17 East 49d.

TO SUBLET—Attractive apartment, choice Murray Hill district, furnished or unfurnished; owner going abroad. Vanderbilt 7045.

TWO-ROOM, bath, housekeeping apartment, artistically furnished, to September; $100; gas, electricity included. Murray Hill 2852 (for appointment).

WASHINGTON SQ. District—Large studio apartment, beautifully furnished; 3 rooms, kitchen, bath. Telephone Spring 4827.

WAVERLY PLACE—Large living room, two bedrooms, kitchenette, bath; furnished luxuriously.

81st St. (near Ambassador Hotel)—Two and three rooms and bath apartments; completely equipped for housekeeping; to children only.
$75 TO $175 PER MONTH
TELEPHONE PLAZA 645.

Furnished—West Side.

6TH AV., 178—Studio apartment, 2 rooms, bath, foyer; June to October. Miller.

9TH ST., 17 WEST—4-room apartment, handsomely furnished; $175 month, 3 months; seen 1 to 5 daily. Apply Mrs. Seldon or R. De Fiores, 6 Vanderbilt 0848.

9TH ST. (near 5th Av.)—Seven rooms, spacious, furnished; uncommonly quiet; $175 monthly. June 15-Sept. 15. Stuyvesant 6904.

11TH—Seven rooms, two baths, piano; $150. Ellerson, 25 West 42d.

11TH, 265 WEST—Large living room, 2 bedrooms, kitchenette, bath; grand piano, books; attractively furnished; cool; leafy outlook; June-October. Parsons.

11TH ST., 142 WEST—Entire floor, large living room, two bedrooms, kitchenette, bath; piano, Victrola; quiet; June-Oct. Watkins 8111.

13TH ST., WEST—Airy, cool, quiet; sunny 2 rooms, bath, leafy outlook; Summer or longer; all conveniences; electricity, telephone. Phone Chelsea 1426.

16TH, 51 WEST—Charming one, two room suites; Colonial furnishings; electricity, linen, maid service; $25-$60 monthly until October; cool, garden terrace restaurant.

24TH, 450 WEST—Charming two rooms, sun room, bath, kitchenette, grand piano; all conveniences; reasonable; references. Watkins 7372.

32D, 9 WEST—High-class spacious two-room, bath, kitchenette suites; service.

34TH, 133 WEST—Modern studio apt.; new, October; large studio, bedroom, kitchenette, bath, telephone, electricity, gas, maid service; $85. Fitzroy 0750. Steinhilber.

36TH—Attractive two-room, bath, kitchenette apartment; sacrifice Summer; $100. Bryant 7496.

405 (bet. 5th and 6th Ave.)—Small 2-room apartment for Summer, hotel service; very reasonable; exclusive family hotel. S 250 Times.

45TH, 341 WEST—New elevator building; cleanliness, furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, kitchenettes, showers, tiled kitchen, kitchenettes; unquestionable applicants; highest references essential; $75-$125 up monthly. Longacre 8560.

47TH—Two rooms, kitchenette, bath, $55 month. Ellerson, 25 West 42d.

48TH, 59 WEST—Large living room, small bedroom, bath, extremely well-furnished apartment, $110. Darrah, Bryant 2707.

48TH, 61 WEST—Seven rooms and bath; furnished; reasonable. Hoyer, Bryant 3843.

49TH ST., NEAR 5TH AV.
Beautifully furnished 8 rooms, housekeeping apartment; Summer months; $135 per month. Miss Lewis, Real Estate, 17 West 47th St.

49TH, 21 WEST—Beautifully furnished 2-room apt., bath, real kitchen, basement.

50TH ST., 9 WEST—Roof bungalow with balcony; open four sides; extremely cool, charmingly furnished; June-October; reasonable rent. Phone Circle 7049.

50TH, 73 WEST—Gentleman will rent front room of elegant apartment to gentleman; kitchenette; $75. Telephone 9662 Circle.

50th—Apartment, two rooms, kitchenette, bath, piano; $100. Ellerson, 25 West 42d.

50TH ST., 3 WEST—Living room, bedroom, kitchenette, Circle 5087, Vedder.

50th—3 rooms, completely furnished; elevator house; $135. Circle 2443.

52D ST., 222 WEST (CORNER BROADWAY) — MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE; NEWLY FURNISHED; HOTEL SERVICE; 1 ROOM AND BATH, $75; 2 ROOMS AND BATH, $110 UP; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

52D, 33 WEST—June 1 to Oct. 1, or longer, my beautiful and furnished apartment, large living floor bedroom, kitchenette and bath; grand piano, Victrola; (twin beds; phone; at reduction price, $175; no agent. Call Gilliland, Columbus 0612.

54TH ST., 209 WEST—Hotel Harding, two rooms, splendidly furnished apartment, consisting outside living room, sunny front bedroom, tile bath, $85 weekly or $125 monthly, for one person; also suite, $60 weekly, for two persons, with complete hotel service. Restaurant; double room and bath, $75-$90 monthly. Phone Circle 2500.

54TH ST. AND BROADWAY—TO SUBLET BY THE WEEK, MONTH OR TO OCT. 1 AT GREATLY REDUCED RATE, PARLOR, TWO BEDROOMS AND BATH. E. M. GODWIN, HOTEL CUMBERLAND.

55TH ST., CORNER 7TH AV.
THE SPECIAL MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE; NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID AND VALET SERVICES; TWO ROOMS AND BATH, $100 TO $175; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

55TH—Two room, kitchenette, bath apartment; all outside; elevator, magnificently furnished; sacrifice; $750. Apartment Renting Co. Columbus 1278.

55TH, 347 WEST—Delightful small apartment, all conveniences, June to September, or longer. Phone Colman, Circle 7120.

55TH, 105 WEST—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, southern exposure, 8th floor; actual rent $135; 3 months. Circle 4620.

56TH ST., 49 WEST—Until Sept. 1, entire floor, large living room, two bedrooms, kitchen; $110; remodeled house. Alexander, Circle 3327.

56TH, 308 WEST (HOTEL THORNDYKE)—VERY ATTRACTIVE TWO-ROOM SUITE WITH PRIVATE BATH; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

56TH ST., 52 WEST
Two to four delightful well-furnished rooms; grand piano; real kitchen; reasonable.

57TH ST., 116 WEST—PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH TO SUBLET AT GREATLY REDUCED RATE BY WEEK, MONTH OR TO OCT. 1. C. R. SCHMIDT, GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL.

57TH ST., 157 WEST—Beautiful three-room apartment, all conveniences; real kitchen; elevator building. Phone Circle 2077.

58TH, 21 WEST—Beautifully furnished rooms, bath and kitchenette; rent; maid service; light included. Apt. 74.

58TH, 34 WEST—Facing Central Park, beautiful cool apartment; very large living room, two bedrooms, two baths, kitchen; immediate possession; Summer rate till Oct. 1. Kilbye, Plaza 9000, for appointment. Plaza 4800, Mr. Eberhardt.

58TH ST., 322 WEST (Gainsborough Studios)—Handsomely furnished studio apartment, taking Central Park from now until Oct. 1 or longer; lease if desired. Apt. 5. Telephone Guardhouse, Circle 0600.

59TH ST. (overlooking park)—Well-furnished housekeeping apartment, till October, possibly longer; concession in rent to responsible tenant. For particulars telephone Bryant 478.

59TH ST., 100 WEST
Near Plaza, overlooking Park; nicely furnished 3 rooms, kitchen and bath, reduced rates. Apt. 6C. Phone Riverside 9087.

59TH, 36 WEST—Sublet special bargain, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette; $165. Brunell.

59TH, 36 WEST—Sublet 2, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, overlooking park.

61ST ST., 10 WEST (CORNER B'WAY), HOTEL PASADENA—
SELECT FAMILY AND TRANSIENT HOTEL, OVERLOOKING CENTRAL PARK. ATTRACTIVE SUITES OF TWO ROOMS AND BATH, $25-$30 UP WEEKLY; SPECIAL MONTHLY RATES. COLUMBUS 7187.

61ST ST., 10 WEST—Beautiful parlor bedroom, bathroom, kitchenette, bath; $100. James.

61TH, 15 WEST—One large room, bedroom, bath, kitchenette, 2 closets; 3 months; cool, attractive. Apply on premises.

61TH, 118 WEST—VERY EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED 1-2-3 ROOM SUITES; PRIVATE TILED BATHS, SEPARATE KITCHENS; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; DISHES, LINENS, SILVER; WEEKLY, MONTHLY; REASONABLE.

62D, 25 WEST—2 beautiful rooms, spacious wardrobes, kitchen, bath and sun porch, southern exposure; Victrola; attractively furnished and equipped for housekeeping; $110 monthly. Apt. 4.

64TH, 135 WEST—Modern apartment, living room, bedroom, kitchenette, bath; June to October; $160 monthly; inspection afternoons. Wippler.

64TH, 139 WEST—Beautiful, small, front floor, bedroom, bath; attractively furnished; sublet October. Apt. 3.

64TH, 62 WEST—Two large rooms, bath, kitchen; telephone; suitable studio; refined.

71ST ST., 332 WEST—Entire floor, living room, bedroom, bath, kitchen; telephone; $75.

71ST, 25 WEST—High-class 1-room apartment, private bath; complete kitchenette.

72D, 118 WEST (Harlton Apartments)—Unique management; very desirable, 2 rooms, bath; furnished in excellent taste; housekeeping; June-October; Summer rates; hotel service; restaurant.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

72D, 344 WEST, Apt. 7C, Chatsworth (corner, overlooking Hudson River and Riverside Drive)—Nine all light rooms and two baths, furnished, June 1 to Oct. 1; $300 month. Sea Captain.

72D—Four rooms, elevator, new building, piano; Victrola; beautifully furnished; sacrifice; $150. Apartment Renting Co. Columbus 1278.

72D ST. 42 WEST (Sherman Apt. Hotel)—Attractively furnished 3-room suite, with bath; hotel service, restaurant; references required.

73D, 115 WEST—4 sumptuously furnished rooms, piano; elevator apartment; reasonable. Harris.

75TH, 312 WEST—Studio, 20x30, antique entire furnishings; grand piano; kitchenette; nothing like it; sublet.

75D ST., 129 WEST (Hotel Nobleton)—Newly decorated and furnished 1-2-3 outside rooms, bath; elevated, surface cars, subway; rooms, bath, $60 monthly and up; full hotel service; restaurant.

74TH, 3 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED TWO ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH, LAVATORY, KITCHENETTE; REASONABLE; DISHES, LINEN; WEEKLY, MONTHLY.

74TH, 131 WEST—Exquisitely furnished two front room elevator apartment, kitchenette; refined surroundings; highly respectable; Summer rates; references.

74TH, 156 WEST—Modern apartments, two rooms and bath; immediate possession. Apply Supt. on premises.

76TH, 256 WEST—Less than rent; 4 sunny rooms, kitchenette, elevator; $110.

76TH, 125 WEST—Opportunity securing high-class luxurious 2-room apartment, $75.

77TH, 22 WEST (Apartment 33)—$100, finely furnished; possession immediate; kitchenette, shower.

77TH, 140 WEST—Beautiful 4 room apartment; elegantly furnished; $200; references essential.

80TH, 235 WEST (Apt. 6 West)—Four-room front elevator apartment, new furnishings, two bedrooms, real kitchen; overlooking Hudson River; immediate; reasonable. Schuyler 3715.

80E—Here's your chance for ideal apartment; Summer months; five rooms; high-class elevator; sacrifice rent. Bryant 7496.

80TH ST., 102 WEST (Anderson Hotel)—1 and 2-room suites; moderate rentals; homelike.

80TH—Seven rooms, two baths (bargain), $150; piano. Ellerson, 25 West 42d.

81ST ST. (Columbus Av., Hotel Colonial)—Newly decorated, furnished, 1-2-3-4 outside rooms, bath; elevated, surface cars, subway; room, bath, $60 monthly and up; full hotel service; restaurant.

81ST ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.—PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH TO SUBLET, $100 PER MONTH. M. A. BROWER, HOTEL ENDICOTT.

81ST ST., 2,272 Broadway—Two rooms, newly furnished; cool; Summer rates, $60.

82D, 41 WEST—Ideal small apartment, furnished; reasonable for Summer. Suet.

83D, 320 WEST—Six rooms, June 15 to Sept. 15; $400 or will sell furnishings and lease. Phone Schuyler 2840.

84TH—5 rooms, front, all outside; elevator, new bldg; beautifully furnished; sacrifice, $165. Apartment Renting Co., Columbus 1278.

85TH, 77 WEST—Six room apartment, all outside rooms, beautifully furnished, elevator building; rent four months; $250 per month. Apt. 2D. Tel. Schuyler 5328.

86TH, 309 WEST—3 rooms and bath, southwest exposure, river view; ideal for Summer; rent and restaurant service.

86TH, 309 WEST (at West End Av.)—3 rooms, bath and kitchenette; reasonable. Apply Supt. on premises.

86TH, BROADWAY (Euclid Hall)—3, 4, 7 rooms, furnished; week, month. Telephone Schuyler 4900.

86TH, 204 WEST—Housekeeping, complete, 4 beautifully furnished rooms; $250 apt. $125.

87TH ST., 3 WEST
Very desirable, beautifully furnished three-room front corner apartment; large living room; very real kitchen; private phone. Apply Superintendent.

87TH, 3 WEST—Ideal suite, two, three, bachelors; completely furnished, shower, kitchenette, private phone; $125 until October. Wise.

87TH, 173 WEST—Three large, beautifully furnished rooms and bath; housekeeping; gas, electricity, linen, service included; reasonable.

87TH, 250 WEST—Six-room corner apartment, beautifully light, well furnished; immediate occupancy. Schuyler 5784.

87TH, 305 WEST—Suite, bath, kitchen, $75; one, two rooms.

88th (facing Drive)—Seven rooms, all light; two baths; rented during Summer months below actual rent. Schuyler 6855.

91ST ST., 20 WEST—Bell 2-room, kitchenette and bath, $250; rent $75; particulars, Murray Hill 1647, 2 to 6.

93D, 102 WEST—Artist's family, leaving town for four months, completely furnished seven-room apartment at $100; overlooks open space, west and south; 15 outside windows. Steele.

93D, 317 WEST—Seven-room apartment for rent furnished; beautiful location; bargain. Apply to Superintendent.

94TH ST., (near West End Av.)—Modern six rooms, elegantly furnished; family leaving town immediately; $250 month, to October or longer. Telephone 0609 Schuyler, 6 to 8 evenings.

94TH, 90 WEST—Five rooms, corner apartment, to October; $90. E. Hahn.

96TH ST., WEST (Riverside)—Five light furnished rooms, front; lease June 1-Oct. 1; $125 monthly. Riverside 6763.

96TH (No. 534 Broadway)—Ordway, three rooms, bath, kitchenette; $115; service. Riverside 4753.

96TH, 320 W.—Apartment hotel, 2 connecting rooms, kitchenette, electricity, phone, $15.

98TH, 305-311 WEST.
HOTEL SCHUYLER ARMS.
2 rooms, bath and kitchenette, attractively furnished and equipped for housekeeping; $100 per month.

103D, 150 WEST—Furnished, attractive 4 large outside rooms, 2 bedrooms, piano, electric cleaner, silver, linen; October or longer; Academy 2487, or Supt.

103D, 91 WEST—3 rooms, housekeeping, bath; telephone; couple; $18 weekly. Brask.

106D, 305 WEST—Very desirable 4-room apartment, reasonable rent. Apply Supt.

109TH, 301 WEST—Real home, 6 rooms, tile bath; electricity; elevator. Schuyler 8116.

109TH ST. (215 MANHATTAN AV.)
HOTEL PRESCOTT.
Two to six rooms, elevator, non-elevator; kitchen and kitchenette; $70 month and up; open from 6 A. M. to 8 P. M.; references required. Telephone Academy 1647.

109TH ST., 107 WEST.
PRE-WAR PRICES.
2 and 3 rooms, high class; $18 up weekly. Academy 1611. Open 9 A. M. to 8 P. M.

110TH ST. (bet. Amsterdam and Col. Av.), 100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY.
High-class elevator apartment, two and three rooms, with kitchenette; hotel service if desired; complete for housekeeping, from $80 upward; open from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Phone Academy 613.

110TH ST.—Six rooms, every one overlooking Hudson, high, cool; refined paies Summer right tenant. Phone Academy 0112.

110TH, 537 WEST—2-3 beautifully furnished rooms, bath; foyer; housekeeping; high-class fireproof apartment house; $120-$180.

111TH, 500 WEST—My attractive apartment, 4 rooms, $100 monthly until October; 3 rooms, piano, $75; well kept elevator house. Information, Rhinelander 1564.

111TH, 528 WEST—Five rooms, completely furnished; very comfortable; immediate possession, to Oct. 1; rent very reasonable. Warshaw.

111TH, 538 WEST—Elegantly furnished four rooms. Telephone Cathedral 8570.

113TH, 610 WEST—Charming home; six light airy rooms; elevator; 3 bedrooms, large kitchen; reasonable; June-October. Atwell.

113TH ST., 622 WEST—Five or six rooms, fully furnished; piano, Victrola; southern exposure; maid if desired. Apt. 73.

117TH, 507 WEST—2-3-4-5 high-grade elevator apartments; unusually artistic.

117TH ST. (Manhattan Av.)—Seven-room corner apartment, two floors; up; well furnished, piano, &c.; beautiful park view from living and dining rooms; elevator, telephone service; sublet June-Sept. 15; $180 month; first-class references required. 439 Manhattan Av. Apart. 32. Telephone Cathedral 9600.

118TH (Corner 44 Morningside Drive)—Five exceptionally light rooms, overlooking Morningside; three bedrooms; complete kitchen; immediate possession. Apt. 9E.

119TH, 69 WEST—Six rooms, furnished, ground floor, east. Apply after 3 o'clock, all week. References.

116TH—Beautiful five-room apartment; 8th floor; grand piano; $125 a month. Bryant 7496.

118TH, 210 WEST (HOTEL CECIL)—ATTRACTIVE ONE, TWO ROOM SUITES, WITH, WITHOUT BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

120TH, 314 WEST—Seven furnished apartment; May to October; near Columbia; reasonable rental. Meadow, 2014 Madison Square.

124TH, 300 WEST—Three rooms, use of kitchen, electric telephone, twin beds, piano, childless couple who appreciate real home. Apt. 11. Ring Jorgensen's bell.

136TH, 615 WEST—3 rooms, comfortably furnished, clean, light; $60. Apt. 12.

137TH, 612 WEST—Five-room, elevator apartment (or 4); beautiful Sheraton mahogany furniture; southern exposure; responsible party. MacLaughlin.

139TH, 540 WEST—Sublet, or lady share with lady. Riverside, Apartment 35.

141ST, 422 WEST—Six rooms, all outside, two baths, for Summer months; living furniture exceptionally cool. France.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

143D, 504 WEST—Four attractive rooms, sunny, clean; kitchen; summer, longer. Arnold.

151ST ST. (Dr. B'way)—Four beautiful, cool rooms; piano. Audubon 1740, Apt. 26.

151ST ST. (30 St. Nicholas Place)—Cool, beautifully furnished 5-room, front apartment; will sacrifice reasonable for Summer months to reliable person. Always Healthy.

155TH, 550 WEST.
3 or 4 rooms and bath, completely furnished; high-class, elevator; $35. Apt. 32.

156TH, 36 WEST—Nicely furnished small 2-room apartment, bath and kitchenette; exceptional surroundings; $135; references required. Apply on premises or phone Circle 0547.

160TH ST. (near Broadway)—5-room apartment; nicely furnished; telephone; immediate possession; $75 per month. Phone Wadsworth 8147.

160TH, 605 WEST, Apt. 2C (Riverside Drive)—Five-room, elevator apartment, all conveniences; $75 monthly; reasonable.

172D, 601 WEST—Six outside corner rooms, southwestern exposure, elevator; 2 or 3 months, unfurnished rental; references. Grimage.

174TH, 550 WEST—Beautiful 4-room apartment, sublet. Apt. 6. Wadsworth 272.

179TH, WEST (117 Wadsworth Av.)—4 rooms, front; near subway; piano, sewing machine, vacuum cleaner; $65 month to October. Carpenter, Wadsworth 0276.

181ST, 601 WEST—Light, cool, front 4 rooms, near Drive; immediate possession; rent low. Wadsworth 0300. Apt. 21.

192D ST., 573 WEST (Apt. 3-D.)—4 rooms; beautiful view; June to Oct. 1.

204TH, 636 WEST—Large, light, airy three-room apartment; sublet three months; ground floor; reasonable. Apply any day before 8 P. M. Ziff.

AIRY, light apartment, overlooking Central Park; beautifully furnished; piano, kitchenette, linen, silver; private phone; June 1 to Oct. 1. Riverside 2014.

AIRY, large and comfortable entire floor, 2 rooms, bath; owner leaving town will sacrifice. Telephone Riverside 4435.

APARTMENT, 6 rooms, 3 baths, high class; will sell $6,000. 302 Central Park West, Riverside 3521.

ATTENTION! Will sublet furnished 3-room apartment for Summer; pianola, Victrola, vacuum cleaner, shower; exceptionally large rooms; one of the best bargains on Morningside Drive; convince yourself. Phone before 10 A. M., Morningside 7950, Apt. 9L, or write S 288 Times.

ATTRACTIVE five room apartment in exclusive building, overlooking Columbia Campus; vacant June 1; completely furnished, including linen and silver. H 541 Times.

ATTRACTIVE OFFERINGS.
FURNISHED. UNFURNISHED.
All prices. Consult Mrs. DINGEMAN, Renting Specialist, 138 West 72d. Col. 8340.

ATTRACTIVE eight room apartment; Broadway (94th); price $336. Phone Riverside 3433. Rich.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished, three rooms, front, all outside, elevator, piano, victrola; sacrifice; $75. Apartment Renting Co. Columbus 1278.

BRIDE offers five artistic, cool, comfortable light rooms; high-class elevator apartment; any period. W 960 Times Downtown.

CENTRAL PARK WEST (74th St.-Sublet at sacrifice, commodious 4-room suite, facing Park; furnished, unfurnished; October or longer. Hotel San Remo, Apt. 807.

COMFORTABLE five-room apartment, $85; convenient subway, cars; June-Oct. Morningside 0300.

CORNER apartment, southern exposure; 12th floor; beautifully furnished; grand piano. Pitzroy 5162.

ELEGANTLY furnished six-room, completely equipped, for housekeeping; library, baby grand piano, victrola; $140 monthly. Phone Cathedral 0028.

FIVE ROOMS, beautifully furnished; walk-up, 112th St. and Broadway; $90 per month. T. J. O'Reilly, Broadway at 109th St.

FOR the Summer, 4-room, nicely furnished apartment; tennis courts and children's playground in connection; $70 month. Call Hayes, Bensonhurst 0604, T. 311 17th Av., Brooklyn.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 35—Four rooms, with bath; attractively furnished; references required. Seen mornings, V. J. Greff. Phone Billings 1154.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 95—Five rooms, beautifully furnished, from June 1 to Oct. 1; moderate rent. Phone Wadsworth 2080.

FOUR rooms, beautifully furnished, complete for housekeeping; reasonable rent; responsible party for summer months. Wadsworth 5100.

FOUR ROOMS, bath, kitchenette; piano, Victrola; $81 less than unfurnished rental; 652 Riverside Drive. Phone Morningside 0030. Apt. 8C.

GREENWICH VILLAGE (84 Grove St.)—Half block from Sheridan Square station, 6th Av. subway, near bus and elevated; 2 and 3 rooms, light rooms, kitchenettes; open fireplaces; new, private, elevator house; opposite park; reasonable rent.

GREENWICH VILLAGE—Furnished, 2 large rooms, bath; $65. Telephone Canal 7730, or call Berk, 6 Christopher St.

HAMILTON TERRACE, 53 (West 144th St., one block east Convent Av., Apt. 6T)—Five elegant furnished rooms; June 1 to Oct. 1; reasonable.

HAVEN AV., 285 (near 178th St.)—Three rooms, tastefully furnished; piano, victrola; possession June-October; reasonable. Apt. 12E.

HIGH-CLASS apartment, six rooms and bath; references; lease. Cathedral 7410.

HOTEL THORNDYKE,
308 WEST 56TH ST.
Three very desirable rooms with private bath, furnished or unfurnished, with or without meals.
FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

LADY to share an exceptionally attractive large studio on Washington Square with a woman artist. Apply mornings at office of Hotel Judson, 119 Washington Square.

LADY will share with business girl tastefully furnished four-room apartment, separate bedrooms; reference; reasonable. Phone Wadsworth 4872.

LARGE room, with private bath and complete kitchen; comfortably furnished; for one or two persons; $100 monthly. Apply 11 to 5, Bell, 206 West 107th St.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 90 (near Columbia University)—Nicely furnished apartment, five large rooms, ample closet space, real kitchen. till Oct. 1. See Supt. or telephone Longacre 7100.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 14—Attractively furnished eight-room apartment; $125; sublet to Oct. 1. Phone Cathedral 10276 mornings.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 114 (near Columbia College)—6 cool rooms, piano. Whiting.

PLEASE TELL MRS. PRESCOTT
what you want in a furnished apartment; she lives at the Rodin Studios, 200 West 57th St.; her telephone is 5360 Circle.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 303 (Corner 136th)—June 1-Sept. 30, 7 large, airy rooms, all outside; 3 small balconies overlooking river; southern and western exposure; grand piano, Victor phonograph, records; one block bus, subway; very reasonable to right tenant. Telephone Audubon 4088. Apt. 4D.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 448 (near 116th St.) Apartment 7B—Attractively furnished apartment, large living room, overlooking Hudson, large airy bedrooms; Steinway piano, good library; 6 rooms, 2 baths; rent for Summer months; low rental to satisfactory tenant.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE—Furnished apartment, 7 rooms, 2 baths, all outside; overlooking Columbia College; very beautiful view of Hudson River; June 15 to Sept. 15, $200 month; referenced. Telephone Morningside 6326.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 325—VERY BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED TWO-ROOM SUITE, PRIVATE BATH, LAVATORY, SEPARATE KITCHENS; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; WEEKLY OR MONTHLY; REASONABLE.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 214.
Seven rooms and bath; every improvement; fully furnished; $275 monthly. Apply Superintendent on premises or
Goodwin & Goodwin, 289 Lenox Av.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, at 119th St., near Columbia—June 1 to Sept. 15, or longer, eight rooms, two baths, beautifully and completely furnished; grand piano. For particulars phone Morningside 8727.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 610 (near 137th St. subway)—Six rooms, beautifully furnished; overlooking Hudson River; ideal Summer location; June 1 to Oct. 1; rent $185. Phone Audubon 8325, Apt. 61.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 320—Sublease attractively furnished five-room complete housekeeping apartment, overlooking Riverside; piano; exceptional opportunity; $82.50 monthly.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (Cor. 151st)—Six rooms, 2 baths; elegantly furnished; overlooking Hudson; Palisades; $125. Wadsworth 8212. Apartment 5G.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 593 (135th St.)—Gem furnished attractively furnished rooms; housekeeping; piano, Victrola. Apply all week, Apartment 2-E.

RIVERSIDE (90's)—Elegantly furnished ten room; baby grand, silver; every window Hudson; outlook; ninth floor; less rent, $125 Rhinelander.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 606 (Cor. 119th)—Right rooms, completely furnished, two baths, extra lavatory, six windows facing Drive. Supt.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 587 (Apt. 5C)—7 front rooms, Gen. grand piano; very richly furnished renaissance and lacquer; $200.

RIVERSIDE D

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

90TH, 38 WEST—Newly furnished, decorated, double rooms; twin beds; bath floor.

90TH, 33 WEST—Nicely furnished single or suite, kitchenette; running water.

90TH, 313 WEST—Attractive room; running water, electricity, phone; references.

90TH, 19 WEST—Two large, one single room, opposite baths; exclusive residence.

90TH, 328 WEST—Room with kitchenette; business couple; newly decorated.

91ST, 15 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DUPLEX FRONT ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH, COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; SPECIAL SUMMER RATES.

91ST, 61 WEST—DOUBLE ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES, $15; ATTRACTIVE SKYLIGHT ROOM, $8.

91ST, 63 WEST—DOUBLE ROOM, PRIVATE BATH, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $161; SINGLE, $7.

91ST, 314 WEST—Large room, bath, kitchenette; phone; suitable two, three.

91ST, 45 WEST—Nicely furnished room, electricity, phone, running water.

91ST, 324 WEST—Large light room, 2 beds; rent $8 each; $14.

91ST, 97 WEST—Attractive, beautiful large, cool back parlor; complete tiled bathroom.

91ST, 39 WEST—High class large room, private bath, kitchenette; other rooms.

92D, 317 WEST—Attractive, 2-room, shower bath and kitchen; French windows; northeast corner; 11th floor; very light and cool; party going West, will sacrifice from $35 to $150. Telephone for appointment, Columbus 7540, between 9-12, 2-4, 7-8.

92D, 30 WEST — EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOMS, BATH; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $17.

92D, 337 WEST—Newly furnished housekeeping; private baths; kitchenette.

92D ST., 261 WEST—American home; large room, twin beds, private bath; references.

92D, 242 WEST—Furnished rooms, clean, attractive, near Broadway.

92D, 183 WEST.

EXCEPTIONAL, $60 PER MONTH.

Elegantly furnished single room, bath, large closets; maid service; linens; phone in room; breakfast if desired; men only.

92D, 30 WEST—ATTRACTIVE ROOM, $8.

PRIVATE HOUSE; GENTLEMAN PREFERRED. TELEPHONE COLUMBUS 1953.

92D, 140 WEST—DOUBLE FRONT ROOM; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $16; SINGLE ROOM, $7.

92D, 106 WEST—Well furnished rooms, running water, electricity, phone, kitchenette.

92D, 343 WEST—Very desirable, large robin, comfort; references.

92D, WEST—Beautifully furnished large room, bath and electricity. Columbus 3297.

92D, 344 WEST—Room in private house, hot water, electricity; gentleman; references.

92TH, 41 WEST — MAGNIFICENTLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM, BATH, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $14 UPWARD.

92TH, 136 WEST—DOUBLE FRONT ROOMS, PRIVATE BATHS; KITCHENETTES PRIVILEGES; SUMMER RATES.

92TH, 3 WEST—DOUBLE ROOM, PRIVATE BATH, COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $17 UPWARD.

92TH, 48 WEST—DOUBLE ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES, $10 UPWARD; SINGLE ROOM, $6.

92TH, 145 WEST—Rooms, with, without private bath; twin beds; closets; references.

92ST ST., 251 WEST—Attractive double, single rooms; adjoining bath. Columbus 1620.

92TH, 2 WEST — HANDSOMELY FURNISHED FRONT BASEMENT; PRIVATE BATH; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES, $14; MEDIUM ROOM, $9.

92TH, 318 WEST—Beautiful Summer location, overlooking Hudson, two doors from Riverside Drive; rates greatly reduced.

92TH, 250 WEST—Comfortable, medium room, adjoining bath; reasonable; gentleman.

92TH, 221 WEST (at Drive)—Attractive rooms, with, without bath; excellent service.

92TH, 105 WEST—Elegantly furnished front parlor, alcove, private bath; parquet floor.

92TH, 140 WEST—Handsomely furnished room, private bath, electricity, suitable one or two gentlemen; smaller room, bath adjoining.

92TH, 116TH WEST—Large rooms, private bath, kitchenette; front basement; telephone, electricity.

92TH, 18 WEST—Attractive double front room, well furnished; electricity; kitchenette.

92TH, 237 WEST—Single, double rooms; private bath; phone, electricity; cleanliness; reasonable.

92TH, 305 WEST (near Drive)—Attractive rooms, with, without bath; excellent service.

92TH, 42 WEST—Attractively furnished single front room, bath same floor; exclusive.

92TH, 117 WEST.

Several well-furnished vacancies, housekeeping privileges; continuous hot water; private home; moderate.

92TH, 117 WEST.

Front basement, well furnished, housekeeping privileges, private bath; continuous hot water; moderate.

92TH, 140 WEST—Comfortable, large room; twin beds; private bath; electricity; reasonable.

92TH, 272 WEST—Attractive room, running water, with, without bath; excellent service.

92TH, 100 WEST—Newly decorated residence; rooms, single; and suite; $18-$25.

92TH, 43 WEST—Large, light, cool room; hot water, use of bath; best service; transportation and amusements convenient; sublet Oct. 1; Summer rates.

92TH, 320 WEST (Drive)—Two large rooms; private bath; kitchenette; river view.

92TH, 312 WEST—Second floor front, dressing room, running water, excellent cooking.

92TH, 312 WEST—Second floor suite, private bath, dressing room.

92TH, 128 WEST—Exceptionally beautiful front room, newly renovated; private bath, kitchenette.

92TH ST., 102 WEST—Anderson Hotel, 2 and 3 room suites, moderate rentals; homelike.

93D ST. and Columbus Av.—Rooms with running water, use of bath, $1.50 per day or $9 per week; large double room with private bath to sublet by the week or until Sept. 1, one or two persons, $20 per week. Hotel Endicott.

93D ST., COLUMBUS AV. (Colonial Hotel)—Newly decorated, furnished room; use of bath; $12 weekly up; elevated, surface cars, subway; full hotel service; restaurant.

93D ST. (at Columbus Av.), Hotel Colonial—Single rooms for men only; running water, telephone; complete hotel service; $8 to $10 weekly.

93D, 114 WEST—Just opened, exceptional rooms, large, small; everything new; conveniences.

93D, 30 WEST.

Beautiful large room; refined home, owner.

93D, 310 WEST—Large and small room, electricity; private house; gentleman; references.

93D, 15 WEST—Parlor bedroom, private bath, lavatory; electric kitchenette; desirable.

93TH, 100 WEST—Neatly furnished parlor and bedroom, bath adjoining; electricity; $12. Joyce, 6Morningside 2281.

93TH (near Riverside)—Large room, bath, private residence; business gentleman. Schuyler 10199.

93TH, 47 WEST—Desirable rooms in owner's residence; every modern convenience; references.

93TH, 48 WEST—Large room, adjoining bath; gas, electricity, phone; reasonable.

93TH, 152 WEST—Private family, exceptional front room, electricity, running water, $8; gentleman; convenient, desirable location; references. Schuyler 2171.

93TH, near Broadway—Attractive room for business people; private family. Schuyler 6053.

93TH, 76 WEST—Attractive front rooms, one floor; electricity; $10-$12. McLean.

93TH, 258 WEST—Luxuriously furnished, exceptionally large room and washroom.

93TH ST., 38 WEST—Rooms with or without private baths, half block from elevated station; reference.

93TH, 347 WEST—Desirable room, with private bath; housekeeping privileges; service rates.

93TH, 162 WEST—Handsomely furnished large room, private bath; also small room.

93TH, 122 WEST (Riverside)—Large front, southern exposure, $20; other rooms, $15.

93TH, 31 WEST—Furnished front room, suitable for studio or two persons.

93TH, 308 WEST—Front suite; piano; kitchenettes; other rooms; elevator, Parrin.

93TH, 63 WEST—Exquisitely furnished immense double room, piano, kitchenette, private bath, shower, electricity, telephone; refs.; owner's residence.

93TH, 340 WEST — Suite of three large rooms, private bath and kitchenette on parlor floor; very reasonable; also double and single rooms.

93TH, 48 WEST—ATTRACTIVE DOUBLE FRONT ROOM; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; DISHES, LINEN; REASONABLE.

93TH, 347 WEST (Drive)—Beautiful room; private bath; select neighborhood; price $8.

93TH, 152 WEST—Large room, three windows; southern exposure; kitchenette; reasonable.

93TH, 152 WEST—Desirable small room, private family; continental references.

93TH, 178 WEST—Cheerful bath room; lease of mistresses; reasonable.

93TH, 321 WEST—Beautifully furnished room, twin beds, private bath; other rooms.

93TH, 311 WEST—Attractive large room, adjoining room, adjoining bath; entrance; private.

West Side.

94TH, 301 WEST—Lady leaving city, sun, 2-room suite, furnished; $12; immediate possession; reference. Telephone 8149 River side.

94TH, 15 WEST—Large front parlor and bedroom, handsomely furnished; Summer rates for desirable tenant; one, two people; not to other roomers. Apt. 2 east.

94TH, 56 WEST—Large room, bath adjoining; running water; must be seen to be appreciated; gentleman; private house.

94TH, 314 WEST—Nicely kept large, airy rooms, facing Broadway; three windows; fine bath; gentleman preferred. Apt. 10.

94TH, 48 WEST—Beautiful room, private bath; twin beds; electricity; Summer rates.

94TH, 305 WEST—Large, running water; small room, bath; references; moderate. Palmer.

94TH, 43 WEST—Large, bright room, furniture, water unfurnished, with privacy of owner's house; all conveniences.

94TH, 230 WEST—Rooms, apartment hotel; with kitchenette, telephone; electricity, $7 and $10.

94TH, 324 WEST—Exclusive accommodations; gentlemen; large, comfortable room; running water (hot), with shower; subway surrounds. Apt. 2.

94TH, 315 WEST—Very comfortable large room, private bath; Summer location; reasonable.

94TH, 306 WEST (near Drive)—Attractive, comfortable room, high class apartment; convenient subway, bus; references. Apt. 5 West.

94TH, 353 WEST—Large, front room; running water; suitable two; references; gentlemen.

94TH, 308 WEST—Elevator apartment, near Drive; attractive front room; reasonable. Smith.

102D, 320 WEST—Sunny, attractive, large, medium; private baths; kitchenette; reasonable; reference.

103D, 211 WEST (Broadway)—Large outside room, suitable two; electricity, telephone. Cornell.

104TH-BROADWAY.

Large, sunny, outside room; private family; gentlemen only. Academy 5285.

104TH, 300 WEST—Large room, private bath, near Drive; also front basement.

105TH AND BROADWAY.

Large, airy, running water in room, bath adjoining; gentleman. Academy 1518.

105TH, 151 WEST—Well furnished room for gentleman; telephone and elevator. Hiller.

107TH, 318 WEST—Elegant, spacious front room, south; conveniences; high-class residence.

107TH, 301 WEST—Beautiful, large, airy room, high-class apartment; housekeeping privileges; Broadway.

111TH, 101 WEST—Attractive room for one or two; elevator; reasonable. Stockbridge.

111TH ST. (near Columbia)—Front room; kitchen privileges; $7. Cathedral 8244. Hodges.

111TH, 631 WEST (Apt. 46)—Airy, light room; with, without; private family.

112TH (near Broadway)—Beautiful double and single room, private bath; reasonable; one block subway and Drive. Phone Circle 8077.

112TH ST., 567 (Corner Broadway), Apt. 7W—Large, airy, outside rooms in well-kept elevator apartment; furnished or unfurnished; kitchenette privileges; single or double, $15; special rates to permanent guests.

115TH, 611 WEST—Attractive front room, southern exposure; business lady, gentleman. Tallman.

115TH, 410 WEST (Apt. 1E)—Connecting rooms, select neighborhood, single or suite; lavatory for each suite; kitchenette privileges.

115TH, WEST (opposite Columbia)—Large outside room, elevator; private. Cathedral 6876.

116TH, 438 WEST—Large, front room; business woman; evenings. Apt. 22B.

116TH, 110 WEST (HOTEL CECIL).

ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT PRIVATE BATHS; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

116TH, 416 WEST—Large and small rooms; together or separate; Kitchen. Welch.

119TH—Nicely furnished, medium size, $14.50; private family. Peterson, 54 Morningside Av.

121ST, 420 WEST—Large room for a gentleman in French family; $8 per week. Apt. 2.

123D, 512 WEST—Single, double rooms; elevator, shower; private family; reasonable. NICHOLS.

123D, 630 WEST—Newly decorated, handsomely furnished suites; single, double rooms. Superior.

124TH, 240 WEST—Front corner connecting; well furnished; housekeeping; modern. Apt. 61.

124TH, 267 WEST—Desirable rooms, all improvements, $5 and $6. Apt. 34.

127TH, 602 WEST—Apt. 53; nicely furnished court room; gentleman; $6.50.

136TH, 540 WEST—Exceptionally clean, nicely furnished room; references. Apt. 2.

141ST, 443 WEST—Large outside room, private bath, kitchenette, electricity; private house, couple, three or single. Audubon 7332.

141ST (94 Hamilton Place), (Apt. 73)—Bright, airy room, twin beds, $12.

143D ST., 415 WEST—Apt. 63; cool, comfortable room in private family; reasonable.

149TH (3,603 Broadway)—Large comfortable outside room; couple or two gentlemen; private family; reasonable; reference. 2A.

152D, 511 WEST—Large room, twin beds, adjoining bath; also small room; reasonable, in owner's home; private house.

155D, 456 WEST—Single $5, double $7 up; private house. Audubon 9400.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

162D, 616 WEST—Nicely furnished room, adjoining bath; private family. Apt. 22.

166TH, 501 WEST, Apt. 14—Corner Broadway; large, sunny, well-furnished room, in congenial Christian home; reasonable; couple or two ladies; kitchen privileges.

166TH, 554 WEST—Nice, airy room; nurse or business woman; electricity, private phone; kitchen privilege. Phone Wadsworth 7854. McGuire.

172D ST., 547 WEST—Attractively clean room; private; reasonable. Call after 4. Kaufman.

AMSTERDAM AV., 423—Furnished room, kitchenette department; reasonable. Cooper.

BROADWAY, Corner 186th St.—Comfortable, clean room; reasonable. Apt. 52.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 70—Attractive, home atmosphere (kitchen); ladies only; $8.50. Apt. 2.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 232—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOMS; PRIVATE BATH; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; OTHER DOUBLE AND SINGLE ROOMS, $15-$7.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 325—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE AND SINGLE FRONT ROOMS; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $15-$7. SUMMER RATES.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE—Two beautifully furnished rooms, private bath, modern apartment; exclusive; reasonable. Tel. Schuyler 0044 from 10-5.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 151—Large Summer rooms, kitchenette; elevator; dining room in house.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 314—Three beautifully furnished rooms, private family; corner apartment; single or en suite. Riverside 8304.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 314—Charming room, running water; private apartment. Lewis, Apartment 54.

ROOMS IN PLEASANT HOMES.

All investigated; our service FREE.

HOME RENTAL EXCHANGE,

116 West 39th St. Fitzroy 1588.

TWIN BED, chamber, three windows, overlooking river; elevator apartment. String-fellow, 5397 Riverside.

WEST END AV., 700 (94th)—Two connecting rooms; southwestern exposure; housekeeping; furnished; piano, lavatory, electricity, shower; also other rooms; kitchen privileges. "Bittles."

WEST END AV., 881 (96th)—Large, light, comfortable front room; running water; kitchenette privileges; telephone; $14-$15-$18.

WEST END AV., 941 (Entrance 101st, Apt. 11B)—Exceptionally attractive outside room; running water, large area.

WEST END (101ST)—Private family; attractive front room; gentleman; $10. Riverside 9612.

WEST END AV., 340 (101st)—SD.—Large outside room, handsomely furnished; lavatory.

WEST END, 411—Cool, single room for lady, $6; elevator apartment. Jeffery.

WEST END AV., 854—Large front rooms, suitable 2-3; back parlor; reasonable.

Brooklyn.

TWO nicely furnished outside rooms, kitchen use; all improvements. Phone Prospect 6540.

Westchester County.

ATTRACTIVE room, small Christian family; new house; one or two gentlemen; Rye, near Oakland Beach; excellent board near. Phone Rye 265R.

Long Island.

KEW GARDENS (Near Station)—Large front room; breakfast optional. Richmond Hill 7606.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished room in superior suburban home. Telephone Flushing 3646.

New Jersey.

EXCLUSIVE accommodation, gentleman, comfortable room, modern, pretty country home, $8; easy commuting. Owner, Box 86, Norwood, N. J.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

SEVERAL beautiful rooms, all improvements; remarkable locations, east, west side; $30-$40. Apply 291 Riverside Drive (101st).

94TH, WEST—Two rooms, furnished, unfurnished; running water, electricity; ladies. Riverside 9556.

38TH ST., 302 (Lexington)—Large room for housekeeping; running water, electricity; lease.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

READ THIS TESTIMONIAL:

"You have sent us very nice tenants. They seem to have been made to order." L. H. Hall.

HOME RENTAL EXCHANGE,

116 West 39th St. Fitzroy 1588.

WANTED—Room and bath for two teachers, near Columbia University; Summer session. Address William P. Field, Bronxville, N. Y.

ROOM desired by young man in strictly private family; between 14th and 42d, west of 3d Av.; state terms. C 294 Times.

CHRISTIAN SCIENTIST desires outside room, breakfast, $10; west side; give all particulars. B 1156 Times Harlem.

GENTLEMAN, Jewish, wants room with refined family, above 60th. F 213 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED

East Side.

30TH ST., (at Lexington Av.)—Hotel Rutland, for ladies; one room and meals from $18 up; elevator, telephone, &c.; full hotel service; newly decorated.

30TH, 29 EAST—LARGE ROOM, PRIVATE BATH; ALSO SMALL ROOM.

1 EAST 63D ST.

Vacancies, present, June 1; overlooking park; minimum Summer terms; exclusive, homelike; unobtrusive.

MADISON AV., 212 (Near 26th)—Attractive room; excellent table; references.

West Side.

108 WEST—In exclusive, airy apartment; board optional; Summer rates. Columbus 1045.

72D, 218 WEST (RIVERSIDE DRIVE).

Unusual accommodations; beautiful rooms, double, single, private baths; table guests; telephone; complete hotel service; $8 to $10 weekly.

81ST, 114 WEST—Just opened, exceptional rooms, large, small; everything new; conveniences.

86TH, 30 WEST.

Beautiful large room; refined home, owner.

86D, 310 WEST—Large and small room, electricity; private house; gentleman; references.

86D, 15 WEST—Parlor bedroom, private bath, lavatory; electric kitchenette; desirable.

86TH, 100 WEST—Neatly furnished parlor and bedroom, bath adjoining; electricity; $12. Joyce, 6Morningside 2281.

86TH (near Riverside)—Large room, bath, private residence; business gentleman. Schuyler 10199.

86TH, 47 WEST—Desirable rooms in owner's residence; every modern convenience; references.

86TH, 48 WEST—Large room, adjoining bath; gas, electricity, phone; reasonable.

86TH, 152 WEST—Private family, exceptional front room, electricity, running water, $8; gentleman; convenient, desirable location; references. Schuyler 2171.

86TH, near Broadway—Attractive room for business people; private family. Schuyler 6053.

86TH, 76 WEST—Attractive front rooms, one floor; electricity; $10-$12. McLean.

86TH, 258 WEST—Luxuriously furnished, exceptionally large room and washroom.

86TH ST., 38 WEST—Rooms with or without private baths, half block from elevated station; reference.

86TH, 347 WEST—Desirable room, with private bath; housekeeping privileges; service rates.

86TH, 162 WEST—Handsomely furnished large room, private bath; also small room.

86TH, 122 WEST (Riverside)—Large front, southern exposure, $20; other rooms, $15.

86TH, 31 WEST—Furnished front room, suitable for studio or two persons.

86TH, 308 WEST—Front suite; piano; kitchenettes; other rooms; elevator, Parrin.

86TH, 63 WEST—Exquisitely furnished immense double room, piano, kitchenette, private bath, shower, electricity, telephone; refs.; owner's residence.

86TH, 340 WEST — Suite of three large rooms, private bath and kitchenette on parlor floor; very reasonable; also double and single rooms.

86TH, 48 WEST—ATTRACTIVE DOUBLE FRONT ROOM; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; DISHES, LINEN; REASONABLE.

86TH, 347 WEST (Drive)—Beautiful room; private bath; select neighborhood; price $8.

86TH, 152 WEST—Large room, three windows; southern exposure; kitchenette; reasonable.

86TH, 152 WEST—Desirable small room, private family; continental references.

86TH, 178 WEST—Cheerful bath room; lease of mistresses; reasonable.

86TH, 321 WEST—Beautifully furnished room, twin beds, private bath; other rooms.

86TH, 311 WEST—Attractive large room, adjoining room, adjoining bath; entrance; private.

86TH (corner Riverside)—Double front room, bath, windows overlooking Hudson; Christian household; home cooking. 2138 Columbus.

79TH, 114 WEST (Norton Hall).

79TH, 126 WEST (Voehnert).

82D, 124 WEST (Greycourt).

Homelike and attractive residential hotel; electricity, private telephones, spacious parlors and lounge; rooms and suites with and without bath.

84TH, 16 WEST—Attractive large and small rooms, electricity, table board; references.

105TH, 320 WEST — Delightful Summer rooms; Hudson Drive; excellent table; table guests.

THIRTY, 416 WEST (Near Columbia)—Rooms, board; table guests; home cooking. Apt. 2.

A mother's care is offered a selected number of children in refined widow's home. Phone Riverside 8483. Rich.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 320 (104th)—Wonderful large rooms, accommodations for families; arrangements for the Summer made now. M. Root.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 324 (102d St.)—Comfortable rooms; desirable location; table a specialty.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 540—Attractive rooms, bath, telephone, excellent meals; two $25. Perry.

WEST END AV., 541 (Corner 86th)—Single room; private bath; table guests.

COUNTRY BOARD.

EIGHTEEN MINUTES FROM PENN. STATION NEW YORK CITY; A RESIDENTIAL AMERICAN PLAN HOTEL IN THE COUNTRY WITH CITY CONVENIENCES; WONDERFUL FOR THE KIDDIES; TENNIS, GOLF, SWIMMING, GOLF, TENNIS, CHILDREN'S PLAYGROUND, KINDERGARTEN SCHOOL, WIRELESS CONCERTS DAILY. KEW GARDENS INN, KEW GARDENS, L. I. TELEPHONE RICHMOND HILL 0692.

HEMLOCK HEALTH REST.

A quiet, refined health resort; outstriking roughnecks, overlooking Hudson, for those requiring diversion and rest with selected and nutritious fare; large, comfortable and beautiful private park of its own; accommodations twenty, comfortably open year round; physician and dietitian in charge. Address for particulars and reservations, Dr. D. E. Kyrus, 11 East 36th St., N. Y. C.

35 MINUTES' delightful sail from South Ferry; large, airy, outside rooms, facing bay; lovely furnished; tasty home table; select clientele; parlors, porches, lawns; comfortable; charming residence; 14 years one management; weekly with meals, $18 up single; $32 up double. Evelyn Lodge, 71 Central Av., St. George, S. I. Tel. 279 Tompkinsville.

SUNSET LODGE.

Beach 90th and Rockaway Av., Rockaway Beach, N. Y.

Comfortable, sea-washed rooms, with or without bath; 45 minutes Times Sq., 25 minutes Chambers St., municipal subways; reasonable; excellent cuisine and immaculate accommodations. Phone Coney Island 1371.

THE DAUBEL WREATH COTTAGE—Quiet, restful; fine bathing; French cooking; only 25 minutes from Jamaica and 15 minutes from Far Rockaway; reasonable rates. George Daubel, Prop., Shop, Meadow Manor, Far Rockaway.

COLONIAL INN, Plainfield, N. J., West 7th St. and Park Ave.; is a quiet, refined place to live; rates $18 single; $30 double; 35 minutes from New York on Central of New Jersey; large, airy rooms, long piazza and beautiful grounds. Phone 2075.

CAN accommodate few select people with the best of food and beds; exclusive Far Rockaway section for Summer season or all year; 5 blocks from beach; only applicating with unquestionable references considered. F 242 Times Annex.

SUMMER BOARDERS, in modern farmhouse; electric light; all sanitary improvements; delightful surroundings; fresh eggs and cream; $12 up. For particulars Address Holley, Arlanza, N. Y.

COUNTRY BOARD.

PLUSHING (Phone 2781)—Double rooms; running water, four baths; beautiful table; beautiful estate; not usual boarding proposition; Penn-Station 16 minutes; Christian house.

EPILEPSY.

Private sanitarium in Westchester offers treatment for epilepsy; successful in hundreds of cases. Office, 152 West 65th St. Hours 1-3. Phone Columbus 2032.

GRACE A. SMITH,

50 WEST 64TH ST.

Summer, Asbury Park, opening May 21; Winter, Miami, Fla.

MOUNT VERNON (Summit Av., 108)—Double and single rooms; excellent board; exclusive section; five minutes station. Hillcrest 5488.

REST UP at mountain farmhouse; hundreds of chickens, cows; home cooking; write for special low spring rate. Goetz, Maple House, Westbrookville, Sullivan County, N. Y.

ATTRACTIVE accommodations, commuting distance; real country, refined surroundings; $25 weekly; camp for children. Oratamin Inn., Blairstown, New York.

PRIVATE family desires two adult guests; permanent preferred; 20 miles out. F 240 Times Annex.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED.

BUSINESS girl, Hebrew, wants Summer board commuting distance. C 281 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, college graduate; capable executive, correspondent; six years' experience; complete charge; reader statements; $35. D 1 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, Christian; full set of books; quick, accurate, reliable; excellent references; salary $27 weekly. C 914 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 5 years' experience; trial balance, contracting accounts; payable, billing. H 988 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, filing; three years' experience Underwood; $20. Seltzer, 31 Lenox Av.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, four years' experience; thoroughly competent; $22. M 705 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, long experience, knowledge, initiative, minutes, $25. D 248 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

COMPANION, woman physician desires covering expenses California in June by accompanying lady or children. Y 2315 Times Annex.

COMPANION to lady or elderly couple; generally useful; references. D 969 Times.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR, office assistant; $24 years' experience; references; $30. D 400 Times.

DRESSMAKER; expert suits, coats, evening gowns, remodeling, out or home. Address 168 West 85th; Phone Schuyler 4065.

DRESSMAKER, French, first class; Summer dresses, $7 up; references. Morningside 1870.

GIRL, light colored, position as waitress. Write Marguerite, 30 West 68th, or phone Circle 6308.

GIRL, young, Irish, wants position as chambermaid, waitress; little experience; private family. 317 Convent Av., City. O'Brien.

GOVERNESS—Cultured, refined lady, accomplished musician, linguist, desires artistic or educational situation; best references. D 207 Times.

NURSE—English lady, trained nurse, seeks holiday post, June 24 to Sept. 9; care of invalid (no lifting) or charge of child; good boarding school experience; excellent references. Miss Lesley, 651 Spadina Av., Toronto, Canada.

NURSE, graduate, as nurse, companion to invalid; best reference; $25 weekly. Kennedy, 870 East 167th.

NURSE—Housekeeper, trained nurse wants care infant and housekeeping, where maid is kept; reference exchanged. D 404 Times.

NURSE, undergraduate, for invalid lady or delicate child; can be highly recommended by doctors and patients. Y 2338 Times Annex.

NURSES, undergraduates, at Wyckoff Heights Hospital, 374 Nicholas Av., near De Kalb Av., Brooklyn.

NURSE—Irish girl, care for child 3 years. Hanrahan, 110 West 134th.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, experienced, conscientious worker; knowledge stenography, typing, bookkeeping. Harlem 8740.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, Christian, varied experience, capable, reliable, will take extra confidential work; private office; also substituting. Room 1505, 2 Rector St. Rector 8178.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, with executive ability and experience, would like temporary position. D 410 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, executive experience, commercial, advertising, excellent education, $35. H 566 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, adaptable, dependable, capable, experienced, Audubon 1106, Copenhagen, 340 West 146th.

STENOGRAPHER, four years' experience; rapid typist; accurate, willing, refined, desires position small office; $22. F 308 Times.

STENOGRAPHER desires position as secretary and stenographer; 3 years' experience; excellent references; $25. C 290 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY — Conscientious, 3 years' experience; $25. Rost, 248 Willoughby Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, 4 years' experience; uptown preferred; refined, conscientious, references. Bronx 4178.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, wishes position in country; club or hotel preferred. Tel. New Rochelle 1018.

STENOGRAPHER, bright, intelligent, willing worker; high school graduate; $12 start. Cortlandt 4540.

STENOGRAPHER, five years' experience; rapid, reliable; $20; references. B 972 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, educated, 5 years' experience; $25. B. M., 828 New Jersey Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHY, typing of every description, at home; thoroughly experienced. Bingham 7818-J.

STENOGRAPHER—Six months' experience; high school education; $12. Q 927 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, accurate, competent; capable of handling detail. R. E. Rc. 207 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, three years' experience; competent, refined; references; $18. C 897 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and typist, expert, wishes position; salary $25. D 260 Times.

TYPIST, clerical worker, experienced, seeks permanent position. H 892 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, one year stenography; steady, willing; age 23; $15. Learner, care of Gilman, 865 Howard Av., Brooklyn.

TYPIST, 4 years' experience; temporary or permanent. C 920 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, general office assistant, 3 years' experience; $18. C 922 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, capable handling busy board; Christian; $16. C 976 Times Downtown.

WOMAN, splendid, wants work by day, laundress or cleaning. Write 3,324 Broadway.

YOUNG LADY, experienced bookkeeper, accountant, foreign exchange, shipping, desires position with banking institution. H 996 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, cultured, desires position as secretary or governess over Summer; willing to travel; best references. Address X 2400 Times Annex.

YOUNG LADY, neat appearing, position as cashier or butcher's assistant; excellent references. D 416 Times.

YOUNG LADY desires evening employment, cashier or housework. F 130 Times.

Employment Agencies.

SOUTHERN HELP, references investigated. Williams Colored Agency, 45 West 99th St. Schuyler 8068.

MISS GENEVE'S NURSES REGISTRATE, 527 Madison Av. Plaza 9634.

BEST colored help, whole, part time; city, country; references. Agency, Aud. 6012.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR.

Books opened; arrangements firms without bookkeepers; reasonable. Telephone Cortlandt 1879.

ACCOUNTANT—Permanent connection desired where several years' experience, ability and a serious purpose are the main requisites. H 750 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, 3 years' experience, financial statements, trial balance sheets; capable correspondent; modern methods; highest references. F 317 Times.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR.

Books opened; arrangements firms without bookkeepers; reasonable. Telephone Cortlandt 1879.

ACCOUNTANT—Books opened, arrangements firms without bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly up. Goldwater, 286 8th Av. Longacre 6138.

ACCOUNTANT, books opened, closed; arrangements firms without bookkeepers; reasonable. C 258 Times.

ACCOUNTANT—Books opened; bookkeeping service conducted; $2.50 weekly up. Verified, 25 West 42d. Longacre 8628.

ACCOUNTANTS—TAX SPECIALISTS.

Books opened, audited, bookkeeping arrangements; reasonable. Worth 3850.

ACCOUNTANT, audits, bookkeeping arrangements; personal service. C 912 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, one year's public accounting experience; salary $25. D 267 Times.

ACCOUNTANT—Pace graduate, senior accountant evenings; small remuneration. H 967 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT installs garage and service station systems; moderate. Babcock, 304 West 125th.

ACCOUNTANT, thoroughly experienced; university trained, seeks part-time work. H 918 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, desires part time position. C 912 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING PRINTING EXECUTIVE.

Advertising production manager, seeks solicitation of direct mail advertising or medium; also printing department, including printer, estimator, typographical layouts, systematizer. T N. 74 Times Brooklyn Branch.

BOOKKEEPER who understands his business thoroughly; is good in financing; call or write to the present employer, The Henry Brunel Co., 108 William St., New York, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, open and close books, statements, trial balances, seven years' experience, desires full or part-time position. Call John 0422.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, $3, varied experience and training, financial statements; salary $30 start. 4 Louis Blum, 217 Summer Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, 36, controlling accounts, financial statements; twenty years' same firm as head bookkeeper; $2.50 hour. D 375 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, H., experienced, high school graduate, accountancy student, desires permanent position. F N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

BOOKKEEPER-OFFICE MANAGER, 28, married; nine years' experience; take complete charge; $35. Q 897 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, take full charge books for firms having no bookkeeper; monthly, weekly; moderate terms. F 136 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 36, thoroughly experienced, controlling accounts, credits, correspondence; $35. C 227 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 35, thoroughly experienced, financial statements; salary secondary. C 876 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, stenographer, 23, married, 10 years' experience; moderate. Snyder, Wetkind 5046.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 21, experienced, financial statements; university junior. C 870 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—OFFICE MANAGER.

All references. H 986 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

BOOKKEEPER, 24, six years' practical experience; A1 ledger man. D 390 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, ten years' experience; $35. D 307 Times.

BOY wishes position; Christian, reliable, smart; good reference. C 878 Times Downtown.

BOY—Clean cut, Christian, wants office position; $12. H 767 Times Downtown.

BUTLER, valet, English, age 45; lifetime experience; free after June 1; personal reference. Butler, 185 Prospect St., East Orange.

CHAUFFEURS—We have several good men with from 3 to 9 years' referenced on last positions; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Handymen, 1,947 Broadway. Telephone Columbus 10276.

CHAUFFEURS — We have several unemployed members with first-class, private references desiring positions. Professional Chauffeurs' Club of America, 10 West 60th St., Columbus 8462.

CHAUFFEUR - MECHANIC — Young man, married, no children; 9 years in present position, still employed, desires to make a change; wages not below $125 monthly. Write W. R., 187 East 47th.

CHAUFFEUR, 34, married, desires steady position; Pierce, Packard, Cadillac; last position 3 years; present employer going abroad; references. E. Kohler, 64 West 86th St.

CHAUFFEUR - MECHANIC, middle-aged, thoroughly experienced; city; only car; personal reference; employer going abroad. Flood, 770 Amsterdam Av.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, single, expert driver; good habits; neat appearance, obliging; exceptional references. Man, 126 West 81st. Riverside 0877.

CHAUFFEUR, single, wishes position private family, city, country; drive any car; first-class reference. Paddok Smith, 1040 Riverside.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, wishes private position; last place 5 years, driving Cadillac cars; best references. Albrecht, 222 East 84th.

CHAUFFEUR — COLLEGE STUDENT, WISHES POSITION, SPARE TIME; BEST REFERENCES. C 268 TIMES.

CHAUFFEUR, Swiss, 31, last position three years, references, good mechanic, wishes position in private family. Phone Elmsford 6540.

CHAUFFEUR, good mechanic, six years' experience, careful driver; three years last place; reference. E. Morris, 115 7th Av. Chelsea 6747.

CHAUFFEUR, private or commercial; four years' experience; good references. Wingler, Riverside 4846.

CHAUFFEUR would like to secure position, private or truck; seven years' experience. George McGrath, 319 East 134 St.

CHAUFFEUR, col

The New York Times

Classified Advertising Rates

Count six words to an Agate line. (Minimum space two lines)	Per Agate Line.
Situations Wanted	40c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted	40c
Boarders and Board Wanted	40c
Help Wanted	50c
Real Estate, &c.	55c
Lost and Found	55c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	55c
Country Board	60c
Mortgage Loans	60c
For Sale	60c
Automobile Exchange	65c
Agents Wanted	65c
Employment Agencies	75c
	Per Word
Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 20c)	10c
Buyers' Wants and Offerings to Buyers	15c
Book Exchange (Sunday)	12c

For insertion in the Sunday edition, advertisements of schools, stenographic, hotels and resorts must be received in The Times Building by noon Thursday. Real Estate and apartment announcements by midnight Thursday. Advertisements for insertion in the Financial Section by 8 P. M. today. Business Opportunities by 11 A. M. tomorrow. All other classified advertisements accepted for them 1 P. M. tomorrow.

Advertisements for insertion in the daily edition of The New York Times, if received after 5 P. M. on the day preceding insertion, are subject to cancelation. The final closing time is 6 P. M.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Continued from preceding page.

CHAUFFEUR for 2½ ton Mack truck; take care of car; familiar with freight shipments; state salary and references. S 268 Times.

CHAUFFEUR for twin-six Packard; five years' experience; mechanic; written reference required. Call 149 Chambers St.

CLERK, for cost and ledger work; knowledge stenography; Christian firm. Write Box 809, 2 Rector St.

CLERK, good at figures and able to typewrite; state experience, age and salary. W 16 Times Brooklyn.

COUPLE to go to New Canaan; woman to do cooking and personal laundry; man houseworker, including valet; must be experienced and have good references. Rhinebeck 3431.

DIE SINKERS wanted; two first-class men; good wages, steady work; no labor trouble. Endicott Forging and Manufacturing Co., Inc., Endicott, N. Y.

DISTRICT SALES REPRESENTATIVE—La Salle Extension University needs a few men who possess originality, initiative, ambition and qualifications essential to dealing quite personally with business men, selling business training; field offers much better than average opportunities to the right man; permanent territory; commission basis. Phone for interview, F. E. Baseler, Bryant 1262.

DRAFTSMAN, heating and ventilating; young man; give experience, references, salary and age in first letter. D 256 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural; must be A1 construction man and designer. Call between 5-6. Architect, 870 East 149th.

DRAFTSMAN on ornamental iron works; long experience. S 268 Times.

EDITORIAL ASSISTANT, young man who knows how to prepare copy for the printer; who can write and be of actual assistance to the editor; $50. Apply 573 4th Av. Room 1201.

ELEVATOR and liability inspector wanted; experience; state age and salary desired. H 755 Times Downtown.

ELLIOTT FISHER OPERATOR.

Billing machine operator with at least two years' experience wanted by Christian financial corporation. Telephone Murray Hill 5950. Friday, between 9:30 and 11:30 A. M.

EMBROIDERER, experienced, to take charge of embroidery plant; steady position. Zalud, 17 West 45th.

ENGRAVER—Good man on steel stamps; steady work; in modern shop. Schwerdtle Stamp Co., Bridgeport, Conn.

ERRAND BOY wanted; salary $6. 16 East 34d St., 9th floor.

ESTIMATOR—One who is at present or very recently has been engaged in the Port of New York in estimating on hull and engine repairs for sea-going vessels; must be capable of sizing up conditions from a practical and economical construction standpoint and able to work harmoniously with both operating and engineering departments. The successful applicant must have had at least five years' practical experience and carry credentials verifying same.

INDUSTRIAL PERSONAL SERVICE, INC., Room 815, 671 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

EXAMINER of silk piece goods; best experience only. Eastern District Piece Dye Works, 260 Norman Av., Brooklyn.

EXECUTIVE WANTED—BATHING SUIT. Executive to take charge of bathing suit and sweater department in large knitting mill; must be capable, energetic, thoroughly experienced; an excellent opportunity for the right man. H 69 Times.

FIRE SETTER FOR SEALING VACUUM TUBES. WORK IS IN RADIO DEPARTMENT. CALL OR WRITE EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT, WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC & MANUFACTURING COMPANY, EAST PITTSBURGH, PA.

FOREMAN canvas goods shop; state age, experience, salary expected; shop near Trenton, N. J. Y 2393 Times Annex.

GLASS BLOWERS, MUST BE EXPERIENCED AND HAVE SKILL IN LABORATORY WORK. CALL OR WRITE EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT, WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC & MANUFACTURING COMPANY, EAST PITTSBURGH, PA.

HAIRDRESSER, marcel waver and water waver; good salary to good man; on following passenger; steady position; write for interview. Y 2223 Times Annex.

MANAGER GENERAL INSURANCE.

Must be thoroughly familiar with the companies, all forms of policies, endorsements, &c.; a man well qualified to adjust claims and understands how to handle clients; one possessing tact and initiative and managerial qualifications; state previous experience, age and salary expected. Y 2414 Times Annex.

MANAGER wanted by New York manufacturer for out-of-town sales business; exceptional opportunity for man who qualifies. Suite 2201, 1,600 Broadway.

MAN of about 40 years of age to act as porter and messenger for large textile house; must be able to furnish references as to honesty and past record; state salary desired. D 395 Times.

MAN Wanted—Editor country weekly newspaper desires services of energetic man, good on editorials and securing advertising; state fully experience and salary expected. For particulars address Y 2276 Times Annex.

MAN—Corporation requires the services of a bright man; salary $40 a week; highest references expected. Address only Corporation, Room 815, 1 Broadway, New York.

MAN WANTED—Experienced for 5-10-25c store; must know business thoroughly; good salary; steady position. Catskill 5-10-25c Store, Catskill, N. Y.

MARKER AND CUTTER on bath robes and house dresses. Apply in writing only, stating experience in these lines, furnishing references. Albert Rosenblatt & Son, 333 7th Av.

MEN wanted (5), with general office experience and ability to operate a typewriter; this work is in connection with the statistical department of a mill concern, where there are excellent opportunities to learn and for advancement; single men about 28 years old preferred; the mill is located in the woods in northern part of this State. Newton Falls Paper Co., Newton Falls, N. Y.

PACKER, experienced in paper, by Bush Terminal manufacturer; steady position; give references, age and salary expected. W 15 N. Y. Times Brooklyn.

PAINTER—Auto repainting company with big prospects wants a responsible, thorough painter of high character. Reply by letter, Hamilton, 3 West 66th.

OFFICE BOY—Opportunity is offered by Christian firm to boy about 18 to start business life where advancement is assured if merited. Address W 808 Times Downtown.

OFFICE assistant, young man; splendid position; apply 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Room 29 East 22d St.

PHARMACIST, registered, can capable of managing small store; state references and full particulars. F 189 Times.

REAL ESTATE MORTGAGE.

Large office requires experienced mortgage man; only those with wide acquaintance and general knowledge of New York City real estate need apply; reply, stating years of experience and approximate annual average commissions earned; your letter will be treated in strict confidence and an interview arranged for if your reply justifies it. W 1181 Times Uptown.

REPRESENTATIVE, a long established manufacturer of chemical medical, surgical and pharmaceutical sundries, wishes representative at following points: New York, Chicago, Cincinnati and Boston; liberal commission basis. Address, President, Dover Glass Company, Vineland, N. J.

MALE HELP WANTED.

STEAMSHIP MAN, with experience in waiting on counter; must also know how to compose tours; wanted as manager in steamship agency; good salary to right man. V 611 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Competent young man on staff of busy executive in publishing business; moderate salary at start; excellent opportunity for ambitious young man to develop along advertising and executive lines; state age, experience, salary desired. S 1092 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, with at least high school education; excellent opportunity for bright, intelligent young man who wishes to learn advertising and executive work; moderate salary to start; give age and salary desired. S 1091 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, quick and accurate, assist generally export office; $95 monthly; give education, experience, creed. H 1000 Times Downtown.

SUPPLY CLERK—Prominent fire insurance company wants man for head of its supply department who has had experience and training in same work; applicants will please state experience, age and salary expected. O 850 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, young man with purchasing Dept. or mechanical experience preferred; write stating experience and salary. 432 East 80th.

TYPIST, billing; Jersey resident; $120 month. Murray Hill Agency, 21 East 40th.

WORKS MANAGER position available for M. I. T. mechanical engineering graduate to be in charge of quantity, quality and cost of production in a factory increasing production in present lines and adding new lines. Address Shambow Shuttle Co., Woonsocket, R. I.

UNDERWRITER, junior, burglary or surety, experienced; $125-$150 month; state age, qualifications in full. R. Y., 378 Times Downtown.

YOUNG (SINGLE) MEN.

Telephone, central office installation; work is light, clean and highly interesting and should appeal to young men of the best types whether previous experience has been clerical or mechanical; reasonable education and good personality only requirements; those who are ambitious to assume supervisory responsibilities will find ample opportunities for development; we can use a few such men at this time. Write, stating age, education and experience.

WESTERN ELECTRIC COMPANY, INC., Installation Training School, 135 West 17th St.

AMBITIOUS BOYS.

Owing to expanding business a well-known company has openings for a few boys, 17 years of age or over, in clerical positions; initial salary $12. Advance positions are filled by promotion based on merit; splendid opportunities for boys of ability graduating from school who show proper interest; no experience necessary to start; state full particulars as to age, education and experience if any. W. W., 580 Times.

INDUSTRIAL EXTENSION INSTITUTE wants men to sell its common and preferred stock; those who have had experience with security selling along the same or similar lines will find this to be an exceptional opportunity; an attractive commission basis affords adequate compensation; apply in person between the hours of 9 and 12 A. M. Industrial Extension Institute, 5th floor, 9 East 45th St., New York City.

GOOD OPENING for a man able to take care of a department in a growing manufacturing firm; must have had good mechanical training and be capable of writing letters in good English; we prefer a married man who can speak or understand Italian. Write, giving full references. Y 2275 Times Annex.

WANTED, 4-piece jazz orchestra for big liner; wonderful opportunity for right person to reach San Francisco. Reply by letter only, giving terms and previous experience. Pacific S. S. Co., 17 State St.

ALERT, aggressive, Westchester County real estate salesman; commission basis; state experience in writing. Room 814, 41 East 42d.

Salesmen.

COFFEE AND RICE SALESMEN wanted to sell one-pound containers, wholesale and retail trade; a magnificent opportunity for live wires; good commission; references required. W 806 Times Downtown.

FURNITURE SALESMEN to carry case goods and kitchen cabinets on commission; state experience and business produced; territories open. New England, New York State, New Jersey and part of metropolitan district. C 290 Times.

HOSIERY SALESMAN—WE WANT A HOSIERY OR DRY GOODS SALESMAN WHO IS NOW TRAVELING WESTERN NEW YORK AND NORTHERN PENNSYLVANIA AND IS DOING OVER $100,000 PER ANNUM; TO A MAN WHO HAS A FOLLOWING IN THIS TERRITORY AND IS QUALIFIED, WE WILL OFFER AN ATTRACTIVE AND PROFITABLE PROPOSITION ON COMMISSION BASIS AND BONUS; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS ABOUT YOURSELF. PACKARD HOSIERY CO., GREEN AND BEAVER STS., ALBANY, N. Y.

POWER PLANT SPECIALTY SALESMAN.

We have the best fire cement on the market and can offer a liberal proposition to a salesman capable of marketing this in quantity; salary and commission. Y 2397 Times Annex and arrange an interview in person.

PRINTING MACHINERY SALESMAN—SALESMAN WHO KNOWS THOROUGHLY WELL THE PRINTING AND PRINTING MACHINERY BUSINESS, BOTH COMPOSING AND PRESSROOM EQUIPMENTS, PRACTICES AND ACTIVITIES AS THEY PREVAIL IN MODERN HIGH CLASS SHOPS; MAN MUST BE UNDER FORTY YEARS OF AGE, LIVE, ACTIVE, FINE ADDRESS, HAVE HIGHEST REFERENCES; MAKE APPLICATION IN LONGHAND, FURNISHING NAME PRESENT EMPLOYERS AND ACTIVITIES DURING LAST FIVE YEARS; COMMISSION BASIS. W 872 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALES POSITION—I sell a popular price automobile; car is among the three leading sellers in New York; need more help and offer an exceptional job to the person; if you are made of selling qualities; the advantages you will receive under my supervision will prove to you in time, your greatest assets; earnings from the start; if you believe in yourself, speak up. Y 405 Times.

SECURITY SALESMEN.

Corporation established 24 years and with over 10,000 customers is planning to further offer its business and wants 9 or 10 experienced security salesmen who can furnish references; these men will be given a personal introduction to customers of the firm for the purpose of securing subscriptions; company is well rated; has paid dividends regularly; will furnish a balance sheet, and is very well and favorably known; commission basis. Call and be convinced. Room 3,103, 220 West 42d St.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Salesmen.

SHOE SALESMEN, MEN'S SHOE STORES; CAPABLE MEN WITH GOOD PAST RECORDS ONLY; WRITE, GIVING AGE AND EXPERIENCE IN DETAIL. W 841 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SHOE salesman, to carry sideline of welts; children's, misses' and growing girls' and women's shoes, for State of New Jersey; commission. Y 2344 Times Annex.

SILK SALESMAN.

Large New York silk house has opening for a man with experience with cutting-up retail and jobbing trades, for Boston; commission basis; state full particulars. Application confidential. V 581 Times.

STOCK SALESMEN.

LEADS FURNISHED.

Old-established local manufacturing company desires three or four high-grade security salesmen to offer its well-secured dividend-paying preferred stock; liberal commission basis to those willing to conscientiously work a list of names which will be furnished; commission should be very large during the next four months. S 269 Times.

SALESMEN—We require at once several additional men to complete our sales organization; we manufacture a number of building material specialties which are in great demand, such as waterproofing compound, asbestos plastic roofing, concrete hardeners, &c.; experience in our line is not essential. This is an exceptional opportunity for able and industrious men who qualify to make a highly remunerative connection on a liberal commission basis and drawing account, after proving worth. Hart Products Corp., 44 East 23d.

SALESMEN

wanted to sell the new model Chandler Cleveland automobiles; this is a really unusual opportunity for one or two high-class, fast-working men, who desire to operate on a salary and commission basis; we are convinced that we have the best proposition in the Bronx for a real salesman. Apply by letter only, stating concisely your age and qualifications, Elsey Motor Company, 2,442 Grand Concourse.

SALESMEN.

The manufacturer of a high-grade line of men's sweaters and mufflers made of pure worsted, vicuna and camel's hair of the finest quality, has openings for representatives, carrying one or two men's wear lines, for Coast, Middle West and Southern territories; commission.

Experienced men, soliciting the best retail trade required. Write, stating lines carried at present and territory, R. C. P., Box 40, Station F.

SALESMEN.

Large corporation desires 5 active, ambitious men to sell Income Certificates in New York and New Jersey; our men making from $6,000 to $18,000 annually; successful lead system; salary or advances upon commission basis; state age, experience. G 1023 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN wanted to take charge of domestic and dress goods department in small department store; must have experience; state full particulars and salary required in first letter. Genung & Lesner, Tarrytown, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN, good penman, not afraid of work, look after stock in silk house; high school graduate preferred; salary $15 start. H 592 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 17 to 19 years of age; beginner in drafting room; no previous experience necessary; write, stating age, salary, &c. V 613 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, familiar with printing telegraph equipment for inspection and engineering work; state experience, education and salary expected. Write S 802 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted; must come well recommended. Haberdasher, 2,178 Broadway, 77th St.

YOUNG MEN,

telephone central office installation; work is light, clean and highly interesting and should appeal to young men of the best types, whether previous experience has been clerical or mechanical; reasonable education and good personality only requirements; those who are ambitious to assume supervisory responsibilities will find ample opportunities for development; we can use a few such men at this time. Write, stating age, education and experience.

WESTERN ELECTRIC COMPANY, INC., Installation Training School, 135 West 17th St.

YOUNG (SINGLE) MEN.

Telephone, central office installation; work is light, clean and highly interesting and should appeal to young men of the best types whether previous experience has been clerical or mechanical; reasonable education and good personality only requirements; those who are ambitious to assume supervisory responsibilities will find ample opportunities for development; we can use a few such men at this time. Call.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC. INSTALLATION TRAINING SCHOOL 135 W. 17TH ST., NEW YORK. OR 224-226 MARKET ST., COLUMBIA BLDG., NEWARK, N. J.

YOUNG MAN—Wholesale concern has an opening in its Bronx office for capable young man; permanent position, with splendid opportunity for advancement; hours 8:30 to 5:30, Saturday 12:30; salary $18; Reply in own handwriting, stating age, education, experience. G 1022 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN wanted to take charge of domestic and dress goods department in small department store; must have experience; state full particulars and salary required in first letter. Genung & Lesner, Tarrytown, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN, good penman, not afraid of work, look after stock in silk house; high school graduate preferred; salary $15 start. H 592 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 17 to 19 years of age; beginner in drafting room; no previous experience necessary; write, stating age, salary, &c. V 613 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, familiar with printing telegraph equipment for inspection and engineering work; state experience, education and salary expected. Write S 802 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted; must come well recommended. Haberdasher, 2,178 Broadway, 77th St.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Salesmen.

SALESMEN, MOTOR TRUCKS.

Excellent opportunity is open to several high-grade, experienced motor salesmen with a following; men with ability to sell Rainier worm drive trucks; salary and commission.

RAINIER MOTOR CORP., 1,167 ATLANTIC AV., BROOKLYN.

SALESMEN.

We can and will prove to you that you will average $200 weekly if you are really a high-class salesman; the work consists of securing opinions, references and testimonials for the official source records on which we are doing advance publicity work; commission basis; you are cordially invited to call and investigate. Call between 10 and 3.

PRESS SYNDICATE, HUDSON TERMINAL BLDG., 30 CHURCH ST., N. Y.

SALESMEN.

An investment house of high standing has an opening for several high-class men accustomed to earning $6,000 or more yearly on commission basis; this is an unusual opportunity for the right men if they are seeking a permanent connection where they can do business with the same clients right along; leads furnished.

Sales experience not essential, but is desirable. Write, giving experience and reference.

P. O. Box 403, City Hall Station, New York City.

SALESMEN.

Experienced men wanted to sell to plumbers a high-grade line of plumbers' specialties, well known and nationally advertised; salesmen with a following among the trade desired; strictly commission basis.

UNION RUBBER PRODUCTS CORP., 315 WEST 33D ST., N. Y. C.

SALESMEN—Six experienced men to work small towns Northern Jersey selling dinner ware, silverware, crenolines and aluminum on instalment plan; transportation paid; weekly drawing account against commission, payable weekly; references absolutely necessary. Ask for Mr. Smith or Mr. Wright, Room 702, 20 West 22d St.

SALESMEN,

THE FORD MICA CO., 14 CHRISTOPHER ST.,

requires the services of high-class Radio Salesmen; must have excellent recommendations; strictly commission basis.

SALESMAN

who has been selling to the manufacturers in New York City and who actually has a personal following among the principals of responsible firms; must have personality and force to close business, can make an attractive connection; salary, commissions and an alluring future. S 251 Times.

SALESMAN

to present tax and ordinance service covering all cities and counties; demonstrations indispensable; cannot be obtained elsewhere; commission. Apply Room 2102, 110 West 40th St., Friday and Saturday morning. Ask for Walter Scott.

SALESMEN—A limited number of men to carry on intensive sales campaign, Greater New York and Northern New Jersey; a waterless soap, used by motorists, machinists, plumbers, electricians and others; approximately 100 per cent commission allowed. Room 712, 55 Park Place, City.

SALESMEN to represent manufacturer of high-grade electrical automobile specialty; those only experienced in this line need apply; salary or commission. Call Saturday 9-10, Electrical Specialties Mfg. Co., 303 Canal St.

SALESMEN calling on department stores trade to carry small line of infants' novelty dolls as a side line; exclusive territory; liberal commission. Write L. S. Kaufmann, 2,214 Lawrence, Toledo, Ohio. State territory covered.

SALESMAN, clothing, highest type man only considered; steady. Matthews, Broadway, corner 28th St.

SALESMAN, with following among resident buyers and department stores, for popular line of silk underwear; reliable concern; commission basis; reply, giving references and past experience. F K 233 Times.

SALESMEN for men's hats, retail, on Saturday; experience absolutely required; salary; apply 9 A. M. to noon today. Young's Hats, 805 Broadway.

SALESMEN—Commissions $10 to $15 per day selling a novel specialty to come. Apply 9 to 12 only. Room 905, Woolworth Bldg.

SALESMEN, sales agencies, to handle liquid soap, shampoos, &c.; good commission. F 168 Times.

SALESMEN for city and other territory; automobile article; ready market; commission basis. 1 Wickham, 1 White St.

SALESMEN to handle new, superior type of electric incandescent lamp; commission. DUALITE, 111 West 42d.

SALESMAN, experienced men's soft hats; commission; out of town. Wear Ever Hat Co., 53 Pitt St., 2d floor.

Employment Agencies.

MERTON PLACEMENT ASSOCIATION, INC., 96 5th Av., S. W. corner 18th St. (Elevator entrance 2 West 18th St.). CLERK—Purchasing dept., handy, versatile, excellent opp., $35. CLERK—Accurate, careful figurer, leading concern; $20-$18. LEDGER CLERK—Bank or brokerage exp., $100 month. TYPIST—Shipping and stock exp., $18. Call 9 to 5; no charge for registration. 5th Av. Buses pass the door.

MANAGER for a first-class shoe store, to take full charge; experience in shoe business essential. W 870 Times Downtown.

FOR SALE

BILLIARD AND POCKET TABLES.

New and second-hand; low prices; easy payments.

THE BRUNSWICK - BALKE - COLLENDER CO., 39 West 32d St., near Broadway.

REFRIGERATORS for sale, grocers and restaurants, of all sizes, new and partly used, at very cheap prices; Hill, Alaska and many makes; act quick; International Jobbing and Export Co., 622 Broadway.

CHANDELIERS—Magnificent large crystal; new cost $400 each; price $150 each; suitable ballroom, hall or hotel. Box 8 217 Times.

House Furnishings.

FURNISHINGS for 8-room apartment, including chiffarobe, highboy, day bed, folding bed, breakfast room set, curtains, rugs, chairs, mirror, &c.; fine condition; $150 for all; owner leaving city. Call Vanderbilt 8266, Mr. Alexander.

FOR SALE—Dining room suite, 12 pieces, handsomely carved, Flemish oak; can be seen Saturday, 9 to 12; no dealers. 849 Central Park West, near 94th St.

PHYSICIAN, moving, will dispose of some choice oriental rugs, filing cabinet, etc. Apply Schuyler 8756.

HANDSOME furnishings from Park Av., overstuffed sofa, chairs, china. 120 East 40th.

LEAVING city, 8 rooms. 680 West 193d St., Apt. 32. Wadsworth 9423.

Jewelry.

COST $900, sacrifice $425, blue-white 1¼-carat engagement ring, exquisite platinum-studded setting; opportunity. H 896 Times Downtown.

LADY sacrificing platinum flexible bracelet, exquisite, wide design, 128 stones; (the new); appraisal allowed $600. T 196 Times.

LADY sacrifices $750 3/4-carat blue-white, gorgeous platinum-diamond ring; cost lately $1,450; quick. C 923 Times Downtown.

Musical Instruments.

STEINWAY baby grand, mahogany, $600; also Steinway miniature grand, 1 year old. Owner, 2,095 Lexington Av. (125th).

SACRIFICE, Ampico Knabe in Grand piano. Telephone Flushing 3648.

DUO-ART upright pianola, like new; must sell immediately. Paul, 320 East 44d.

STEINWAY—Small Baby Grand, one year; (mention); going abroad. T, West 125th.

STEINWAY—Mahogany, small parlor grand; owner must sell immediately. S 815 Times.

Office Furniture and Supplies.

FOR A QUICK TURNOVER.

Office furniture, desks, chairs, tables, &c. An assortment of used goods taken in exchange; also some furniture, slightly shopworn, but otherwise in perfect condition, at unusually low prices to sell quickly.

U. S. DESK CO., 119 East 34th.

CHAIRS, DESKS, TABLES, FILES. Slightly used, in oak and mahogany. New 4-drawer steel files, $22. Prices 25 per cent lower than elsewhere. Call and be convinced.

Dalick Bros., 499 Broadway, Canal 7861.

Office Furniture and Supplies.

SAFE, Mosler, 50x30 inches; good condition; specially fitted with fibre boxes; also other office furniture, Royal typewriter, &c.; will sell at great sacrifice; no dealers. 909 5th Av., Room 711.

BIG BARGAINS—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 452 Broadway.

MAHOGANY desks, 50 in., flat top, $35; typewriter desks, $25 and up; tables, chairs, cabinets, &c., oak or mahogany, at very low prices. M. Individual & Bro., 80 Broad St. Telephone Broad 4600.

GREAT OVERSTOCK SALE.

Desks, chairs, tables, filing cabinets. AT PRE-WAR PRICES. Store, 322 West 59th St. Columbus 2062.

THREE mahogany-finish desks, three revolving chairs, three side chairs, one costumer; fine condition; price reasonable; no dealers. Call Room 66, 19 Park Place.

ADDRESSING MACHINE, with stencils, complete; perfect; bargain. 160 Grand St. Canal 9430.

FOUR dark oak desks and two Remington typewriters; good condition. Manufacturing Jewelers' Export Co., 54 Day St.

OFFICE furniture, new, used, at bargain prices. Lapedes, 58 Pearl. Broad 4314.

OFFICE FURNITURE for sale, cheap; oak and mahogany. Store, 87 Barclay St.

FOR SALE—Office desks, chairs, typewriter rail. 1133 Broadway, room 727.

DISCONTINUING OFFICE will sell several Underwoods cheap. Room 504, 231 5th Av.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS—Remington, L. C. Smith, Visible; like new; $25 each. United Typewriter Co., 116 Nassau St. Beekman 4067.

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

FURNITURE WANTED.

Highest cash prices contents houses, apartments; pianos, rugs, works of art, silverware, &c. Henry, 815 University Place. Stuyvesant 5571.

WANTED—Pay full value contents apartments, houses; pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 139 University Place. Stuyvesant 3768.

DON'T sacrifice your furniture; pianos, bronzes, silverware, rugs, books, &c., before seeing Dawson, 119 West 94th. Riverside 9112.

WANTED—Sheridan dye press, either 37 or 42-inch; must be in perfect condition. Goshen Shirt Mfg. Co., Franklin and Van Buren St., Chicago.

HIGHEST cash for furniture, contents houses, apartments; pianos, china, rugs, bronzes, etc. Polmon, 187 East 47th. Stuyvesant 10161.

FULL value paid for diamonds, jewelry, &c. L. HALPERT, P. ZINNER, 141 West 45d St., near Broadway. Bryant 5842.

BOUGHT FOR SPOT CASH.

High-grade household goods and furniture. R. Greenman, 68 West 80th. Vanderbilt 8284.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE, INC. 115 BROADWAY.

EXCLUSIVE Agent for Many of the MOST PROMINENT Concerns of New York.

FIVE DEPARTMENTS FOR MEN, Each Managed by an Expert, Present the Following Immediate Openings AND MANY OTHERS.

STENO. SEC'Y—Willing to travel; advertising exp. preferred; wonderful opening; $3,000-$3,600 yr.

DRAFTSMAN—Architectural exp. essential; $1,800-$2,000 yr.

CASHIER and BRANCH MANAGER—for large packing house; must have previous exp. in this line, $1,600-$2,400 yr.

STENO. and EXPORT CLERK—Must thoroughly understand preparing of export documents, $1,800 yr.

RATE CLERK—Must have exp. in R. R. freight rates, excellent opening, $1,800 yr.

SHIPPING CLERK—Electrical exp. preferred, splendid opportunity, $25.

STENOGRAPHER—Familiar with instalment collections, $25.

MULTIGRAPH OPR.—Able to set type, &c., position for expert, $30-$35.

YOUNG MAN (ASST. MGR.)—Advancement assured right party; must live conveniently near Paterson, N. J., $25.

STOCK CLERK—Experience in machine parts, $20.

LEDGER CLERK—Exceptional opening to clean cut young chap, $20.

CLERKS (2)—Good at figures, good penman, knowledge of keeping accounts receivable ledger; excellent chance to connect with A-1 mercantile house, $18 to start.

BILLING CLERK—Experienced on gas standard typewriter, 22 yrs. or over, $18 to start.

TYPIST-CLERK—Experienced, able to intelligently use the telephone; purchasing experience advantageous, $18 to start.

MULTIGRAPH and ADDRESSOGRAPH OPERATOR—Experienced; Richmond Hill, $18.

CLERKS—(1) 2 yrs. H. S., clean cut, very fine future, $16; (1) good at figures, good penman, $16; (1) live wire, 2 yrs. H. S., $18.

ADDRESSOGRAPH OPERATOR—Experienced on No. 3 automatic, excellent company, $16 to start.

TYPISTS—(3) high grade young beginners will qualify if snappy and ambitious; excellent companies, $15 to start.

LAY CLERKS—(2) must have law office experience; unlimited opportunities, $15-$16.

BOYS! BOYS! BOYS! Your Chance Is Here Today.

So far this week we have placed an unusually large number of fine American boys. TODAY IS THE DAY to get a position where you will be satisfied and where promotions are sure to follow good work. We have (41) openings in the VERY BEST BUSINESS HOUSES in town for wide-awake, clean cut, snappy, American boys, $10-$12.

CALL BEFORE 1 P. M. ROOMS 708-9-10.

ALWAYS—"AMERICAN FIRST."

CONTINENTAL EMPLOYMENT Exchange, 20 Broadway—Cashier, bookkeeper, $35; must be well recommended; stock record clerk, $35, bring references; bank openings; young men, understanding rack work and Burroughs bookkeeping machine, $1,800.

Instruction.

YOU CAN BECOME A SUCCESSFUL SALESMAN.

Consider these two facts.

First: There is an unlimited demand for salesmen. Second: Salesmanship is the highest paid of all business vocations.

That is a world-beating combination, isn't it?

Unlimited opportunities and highest pay. You can make these opportunities yours by adequate training and the will to make good.

La Salle Extension University training in salesmanship is based on the La Salle Problem Method by which you learn what to do and how to do it.

If you want to enter the sales field or if you desire to become a better salesman, take advantage of our low introductory tuition fee offered for a limited time. Act Now.

Write, phone or call. Dept. T. 52, LA SALLE EXTENSION UNIVERSITY, 112 West 42d St., New York. Open Evenings. Phone Bryant 9320.

ACCOUNTANCY.

Are you interested in training for the C. P. A. degree or for an executive position as Controller, Treasurer or Office Manager? If so, investigate the professional course of Pace Institute. Write for helpful booklet, "Making Good," and Bulletin 25. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

AUTO TRAINING BY EXPERTS.

Thorough practical instruction in operating, care and construction; best school in New York; day and eve. classes; easy monthly payment plan; ask for our Catalog T, full of pictures and all details.

STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL, 225 West 57th St. Circle 8270. Leading School—Founded 1909.

SHALL I STAY? SHALL I GO? Before seeking another position, find out what your life work should be. Our trained analysts will know from the study of your face the right job for YOU. This study is based on scientific laws. Ask us all about it. Booklet "K" free. Merton Institute, 96 5th Av. (at 15th St.). Tel. Watkins 9795.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED MEN.

Nation-wide demand for trained men; all departments, hotels, clubs, apartment houses, tea rooms; refreshing, outdoor field; good living, quick advancement. Our methods endorsed by leading hotels everywhere. Write for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 123, Washington, D. C.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

Rate 65 cents an agate line.

Advertisements subject to censorship. These columns scanned by thousands interested in the sale or purchase of used cars. Telephone Bryant 1000.

ABBOTT-DETROIT 1922 town car.
CADILLACS, all models.
CROW ELKHART 6-pass. sport, brand new.
HUDSON 1921, 1920 tour., sed. and limo.
KISSEL 1921 4-pass. sport coupe.
LOCOMOBILE 1922 cabriolet, custom body.
MARMON 1921 speedster.
PACKARD 1920 Heilbrock special phaeton.
PACKARD 1919 7-pass. touring.
STANDARD 1921 4-pass. sport.
STUTZ 1922 4-pass. sport 19 Bearcat.
200 other cars of late models.
Time Payments Arranged. Trades Considered.
Written Guarantee with Every Car.
HERMAN N. KARP, EST. 1902.
Leader of Used Cars of Known Value.
Iceland, Broadway at 52d St.
World's Largest Used Motor Car Salon.
Circle 0065, 5252, 6268. Open Evenings.
Open Sundays, 2 to 5.

BENZ chummy roadster, strictly up-to-date, starting and lighting system; car absolutely as good as new; can be bought at bargain. Kaplan, 214 West 65th.

BREWSTER 1921 Suburban Sedan.
BREWSTER 1919 Collapsible landaulet.
ROLLS-ROYCE 1913 Collapsible cabriolet.
CRANE 1916 Sub. Brewster sedan.
PIERCE 1921 Touring, 7-pass.
MARMON 1921 Rubay Sport sedan.
LOCOMOBILE 1920 Sport 4-pass.
CUNNINGHAM 1920 Sport 4-pass.
LOCOMOBILE 1919 Special limousine.
LANCIA 1916 Limousine.
6 Months' Guarantee with Above Cars.
DOUGLAS C. BURRELLE, 1,860 Broadway (51st-52d). Columbus 8860.

BREWSTER vestibule sedan, special built body; excellent condition. Harrolds, Pierce-Arrow distributors, 233 West 54th. Circle 1800.

BUICK 1921 Roadster.
BUICK 1920 7-pass. Sedan.
CADILLAC 55, 5-pass. Sedan.
CADILLAC 59, 4-pass. Sport.
CADILLAC 59, Roadster.
CADILLAC 1919 Coupe.
DANIELS 1922 Speedster.
DANIELS 1921 4-pass. Sport.
DODGE 1921 Roadster.
DODGE 1920 Comb. Station and Delivery.
HUDSON 1921 Tour. Sedan.
HUDSON 1921 Coupe.
HUDSON 1916 Coupe.
JORDAN 1921 Spec. Sub. Sedan.
MERCER 1916 4-pass. Sport.
MARMON 1917 Chummy Roadster.
NOMA 1921 Speedster.
PAIGE 1922 Speedster.
PIERCE-ARROW 1920 4-pass. Sport.
PIERCE-ARROW 1917 39 Limousine.
ROAMER 1921 Coupe.
Also many others. Time payments.
MEYERS & STARK, 1,890 B'way. Col. 8070.

BUICK 1921 sedan and touring.
CADILLAC "59" Imperial partitioned sedan.
CADILLAC 1919 limousine, phaeton, tour.
CADILLAC 1918 limousine, phaeton, tour.
LOCOMOBILE 1919 4-pass. sport.
STUTZ 1921 speedster.
PACKARD 1920 4-pass. Fleetwood sport.
MERCER 1920 4-pass. sport.
PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE, 10 West 60th St. Columbus 5078.

BUICK roadster 1920; excellent condition; must sell. Telephone Riverside 10071. Mr. Peters.

BUICK 1920 touring, perfect, beautiful every respect; $750; private owner. Riverside 7626.

BUICK coupe, 1921, like new; fully equipped; $1,300. Call Sterling 6547.

BUICK TOURINGS AND ROADSTERS. Black Co., 238-240 West 54th St.

CADILLAC 1921 4-pass. phaeton, $2,150.
CADILLAC 1921 sport roadster, like new.
CADILLAC 1919 4-pass. coupe, $1,450.
CADILLAC 1919 Amesbury touring.
McFARLAN 1922 sport model.
DE LAGE 1921 Locke cabriolet.
PIERCE 1921 4-pass. sport model.
PIERCE 1920 "38" Flat cabriolet.
PIERCE 1919 "48" sport roadster.
CUNNINGHAM 1921 sport model, like new.
MERCER 1921 4-pass sport, $1,975.
PACKARD 1920 Fleetwood speedster.
PACKARD 1919 Fleetwood cabriolet.
ALL CARS GUARANTEED.
Trades Considered. Time Payments.
RUPPERTH MOTOR CAR CO., INC., 1,750 Broadway (56th). Circle 227.

CADILLAC "61" Phaeton.
CADILLAC "61" Touring.
CADILLAC "59" Sedan.
FIAT 1921 Sedan.
HUDSON 1921 Touring Limousine.
PEERLESS 1921 Chummy Roadster.
PEERLESS 1920 Touring.
MERCER 1920 4-Pass. Sport.
L. F. JACOD & COMPANY, 1,860 Broadway. Columbus 7541.

CADILLAC 1921, four-passenger touring; entirely reconditioned by thorough workman; newly painted; new slip covers; six cord tires; reasonable. Mr. Murphy, 45 West 92d St. Riverside 5414. 7 to 9 P. M. No deal

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Infantry.

Tidball, Col. G. F., to Org. Res., 4th Corps Area.
Jackson, Col. G. E., to Org. Res., 3d Corps Area.
Morrow, Col. F. J., to Los Angeles as instr. Nat. Guard, Ore.
McCreave, Col. R., to instr. of inf., Ore. N. G.
Drum, Col. M. A., to instr. of inf., N. Y. N. G.
Wallace, Lt. Col. W. S., to instr. of inf., Mich. N. G.
Coleman, Lt. Col. W. P., to instr. of inf., Tex. N. G.
Bailey, Maj. C. A., to 20th, Camp Travis.
McNeill, Maj. P. F., to Camp Lewis.
Llewellyn, Maj. F. W., attached to 58th.
Capts. Slade, A. V.; Jenkinson, L. W., to Cav. school, Ft. Riley.
McCurdy, R. M., to his home and await retirement.

Medical Corps.

Capts. Foster, W. B., jr.; Moore, F. McA.; Weaver, L. M.; Hutton, F. R.; Bryant, W. M., to report, etc., at Walter Reed Hosp.
Capts. Hardeman, S.; Schieffl, C. F.; Vedala, A. J., to Ft. Benning.
Samuels, Capt. J. M., to Camp Bragg.
Hicks, Capt. H. H., to Langley Field.
Harris, Capt. G. R., jr., to Plattsburg Barr.
McLelland, Capt. W. D., to Ft. Dupont.

Cavalry.

Covey, Lt. Col. E. H., is retired as a Col.
Buchan, Lt. Col. F. E., to Org. Res., 1st Corps Area.

Miscellaneous.

Erickson, Lt. Col. H., E. A., to instr. of inf., Wis. N. G.
Quinlan, Lt. Col. D. P., Judge Adv., to Ft. Reno; Harrison, as Judge Adv., 5th Corps Area.
Sassaman, Maj. P. S., C. of E., to Buffalo.
Riordan, Capt. E. J., to Walter Reed Hosp., sick.

Leaves.

Kerr, Lt. Col. W. A., Adj. Gen., 3 mos.
Shok, Maj. T. C., C. A. C., 2 mos.
Gardner, Maj. D. C., Q. M. C., 1 mo.
Colby, Capt. L. H., Cav., 1 mos.
Jusek, 1st Lt. H. J., Vet. Corps, 3 mos.
Gunning, 1st Lt. U. G., F. A., 12 days.
Burcaw, 1st Lt. L. G., C. of E., 2 mos.

National Guard Orders.

ALBANY, May 18.—These National Guard orders were issued yesterday from the office of the Adjutant General:

The 5th and 8th Divisions of the Second Battalion, Naval Militia, New York, will be at once disbanded and mustered out of service. The commissioned officers of these units will be placed upon the Reserve List or assigned to other units of the Naval Militia as the exigencies of the service require. The enlisted men will be transferred to the 4th Division of the Second Battalion, Naval Militia, New York.

Capt. Harry Ehrenberg, 106th Inf., hon. discharged.
Lt. William H. Wellman, 87th Infy. Brig., discharged.
Lt. William H. Wellman, 87th Infy. Brig., placed upon the Reserve List.
Master Gouverneur M. Penix, 4th Separate Nav. Mil., placed upon the Reserve List.

Marine Corps Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—The Navy Department issued these orders, as of the dates indicated:

May 12—Hale, Capt. A. B., to Quantico; Hill, Capt. W. P. T., to Dept. of Pac.; Russell, Capt. E. L., to Yorktown, Va.; Richards, 1st Lt. W. W., jr., to Paris Island upon expiration of present leave.
May 15—East, Capt. N., to Hdqrs., Mar. Corps, Washington; Arnold, Capt. R., to Quantico.
May 16—Coyle, Maj. W. H., son discharged, Mar. Corps Res.; Stocker, Capt. G. F., to Guam; Birkbright, 1st Lt. F. F., to Quantico, Va.
May 17—Mills, Capt. W., to Cavite, P. I.
May 18—Woodrich, 1st Lt. R. J., to Nav. Hosp., Mare Id., sick.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

CAPTAIN.

Tarrant, W. T., to command Mine Squadron 2, Pac. fleet.

COMMANDERS.

Taylor, T. H., to the Arkansas as Exec. Offr.
Court, A. B., to 15th Nav. Dist.

LIEUTENANTS.

Brewster, G. P., to Nav. Acad.
Cochrane, S. F., to the Eagle 33.
Lindblad, A., to the Putnam.
Nichols, C. L., to the Rochester.
Forney, W. H., to Nav. Acad., under instruction.
Ramsdell, C. H., to the Black Hawk.
Rice, T. D., to sec'y, ship at San Fran.
Simms, E. R., to the Stewart.
Wittersell, W. A., to the Ringgold.
Whitfield, W. M., to rec'g. ship at Phila.
Wilson, R. E., to Navy Sup. Depot, St. Brooklyn, N. Y.
Boyer, L. R., to Disbg. and Accg. Offr., 14th Nav. Dist.
Seifert, J. H., to Navy Moving Picture Exchange, San Fran.

Naval Reserve Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

Washington, May 18.—Orders have been issued by the Navy Bureau:

Commander, M. C., to rec. bkrs., Manchester, N. H.
Lieut. Burk, P. L., Hutchison, L. R., Parent, J. M., hon. discharged.
Lieut. Noble, L. F., Rowles, R., to home.

The Civil Service.

City.

An examination has been ordered for physiologist. Candidates must be at least 21 years of age. The subjects and weights of the examination will be, experience, 2; duties, 6; practical test, 2; citizenship, 1. There is a vacancy in the Children's Court at $1,600 a year, part time service.

United States.

The commission announces an examination on June 21 for assistant in date scale production, either sex, age 18 to 45, for vacancies in the Federal Horticultural Board, Department of Agriculture; duty in the field, at $1,200 to $1,500 a year. Appointees may be allowed the increase granted by Congress of $20 a month. Competitors will be rated on practical questions in handling date palms; interested with scale, including detection and methods of eradication, 40; theory, 25; education, training, and experience, 35. Age limits do not apply to persons entitled to preference because of military or naval service. Classified employees who have reached the retirement age and have served fifteen years are entitled to share with an annuity.

Will for Probate.

MORRIS, MRS. CORA, April 11. The will makes bequests of $10,000 each to two daughters-in-law, Jessie Harding Davis of Throgs Neck, the Bronx, and Alice Vanderbilt Morris of 19 East Seventieth Street; $5,000 to Lewis Cass Ledyard, son-in-law, of 27 East Seventy-second Street; $5,000 each to fifteen grandchildren and great-grandchildren; $1,000 to the Presbyterian Church at Throgs Neck; residue equally among her children, Alfred Homer Morris of Throgs Neck, David Hunter Morris of 10 East Seventieth Street and Isabel Ledyard of 21 East Seventy-second Street.

INSTRUCTION

Miss Conklin's Secretarial School
Twenty-third Year
A school for professional training. High standard of excellence attained. Bureau of Placement for all graduates. Booklet on request. Summer Session. Studios of the Tuldon Building. 108 West 40th Street.

PRATT SCHOOL, 66 West 48th St. Secretarial training; Math. Instruction. Students under sixteen not admitted. Open all Summer. Pratt Bldg.

PUBLIC SPEAKING
SELF-CONFIDENCE—VOICE BUILDING. Now classes forming. Write, call, or phone Walter Robinson, Carnegie Hall, Circle 4363.

BE A STENOGRAPHER in 30 days or secretary in 60 days; free trial lessons given at our school. Special Summer rates. Moon's Schools, 34 East 45th St., New York.

Dancing.

ALBERT H. HARRIS
637 Madison Avenue, Cor. 59th Street. Real instruction in Society Dancing, should be the highest tribute toward freshening. 9 A. M. to 10 P. M. daily. You are under invitation to witness our work by personal application; take elevator to 4th floor. Phone Plaza 1256.

Miss Muriel Parker, expert teacher Modern dancing; private lessons, $2; special course beginners, $10 West 46th. Bryant 8874.

KAY STERLIN teaches ballrooms modern dancing in the private lessons; advanced daily classes. 34 West 46th. Bryant 8228.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—A storm of marked intensity and wide extent was central over the upper Ohio Valley and lower lake region Thursday night and moving east northeastward. It has been attended by general showers within the last twenty-four hours east of the Mississippi River, except in portions of the East Gulf States.

Another disturbance of wide extent was central over Alberta Thursday night and moving slowly eastward. It has been attended by scattered showers west of the Rocky Mountains. Pressure remained high Thursday from the Canada Maritime Provinces southward to Bermuda.

The temperature was lower Friday generally west of the Rocky Mountains except along the immediate Pacific Coast, and it was somewhat higher in the East Gulf States. In other parts of the country there has been little change in temperature during the last twenty-four hours.

COUNTRY-WIDE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Observations at United States Weather Bureau stations during the twenty-four hours preceding 8 P. M. yesterday:

Stations.	Temperature. High.	Temperature. Low.	Rain.	Rain. fall.	Weather.
Abilene	82	52	30.08		Clear
Albany	66	44	30.12	.38	Rain
Atlanta	72	52	29.86	.01	Cloudy
Atlantic City	62	52	30.02	.42	Cloudy
Baltimore	68	50	30.02	.82	Rain
Bismarck	62				
Boston	64	50	30.22	.44	Cloudy
Buffalo	70	48	29.72		Cloudy
Cincinnati	80	54	29.92	.12	Cloudy
Charleston	78	64	29.92		Clear
Chicago	58	50	29.78	.22	Cloudy
Cleveland	66	56	29.54	.64	Rain
Denver	74	50	29.72		Cloudy
Detroit	68	54	29.94	.94	Rain
Galveston	82	70	29.74		Clear
Helena	70	48	29.60		Cloudy
Jacksonville	78	62	29.72		Clear
Kansas City	78	56	29.84		Clear
Los Angeles	64	50	29.84		Cloudy
Milwaukee	56	52		.06	Rain
New Orleans	84	64	29.84		Clear
Oklahoma	74	52			Clear
Philadelphia	70	58	30.08	.18	Cloudy
Pittsburgh	70	56	29.98	.08	Cloudy
Portland, Me.	60	42	30.06	1.18	Cloudy
Portland, Ore.	56	50	29.86	.06	Cloudy
Salt Lake City	74	52	29.88		Pt. Cl'dy
San Antonio	88	68	29.86		Pt. Cl'dy
San Diego	66	54	29.96	.14	Rain
San Francisco	60	52	29.90		Cloudy
Seattle	62	48	29.94	.06	Pt. Cl'dy
St. Louis	70	58	29.84		Pt. Cl'dy
Washington	70	52	29.88	.12	Cloudy

FORECAST TODAY AND SATURDAY.

Northern New England—Rain Friday and probably Saturday; not much change in temperature.

Southern New England, Eastern New York, New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Showers Friday. Saturday fair; not much change in temperature.

Western New York—Showers and cooler Friday. Saturday cloudy.

NEW YORK CITY WEATHER RECORD.

Official Temperatures—Average, 60.

3 AM (low)	53	12 M.	65
6 AM	56	1 PM (high)	68
9 AM	57	2 PM	64
10 AM	59	3 PM	63
11 AM	59	4 PM	62
12 AM	64	5 PM	63
6 PM	60	8 PM	60
7 PM	60	9 PM	62
8 PM	61	10 PM	60
9 PM	62	11 PM	60

Average same date last 22 years, 60.

Barometer, 29.78 at 8 A. M.; 29.57 at 8 P. M.

Humidity, 91 at 8 A. M.; 91 at 8 P. M.

Winds at 8 A. M., east, velocity 16 miles; at 8 P. M., southeast, velocity 20 miles.

Weather, cloudy at 8 A. M.; cloudy at 8 P. M.

Precipitation, .38.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—Weather forecast:

Illinois and Wisconsin—Fair Friday, somewhat warmer except near Lake Michigan. Saturday unsettled.

Missouri—Fair Friday. Saturday increasing cloudiness; warmer Friday.

Minnesota—Increasing cloudiness, warmer Friday. Saturday unsettled, probably showers.

Iowa—Fair, warmer Friday. Saturday unsettled, probably showers west.

North and South Dakota and Nebraska—Increasing cloudiness and warmer Friday; probably showers Friday night or Saturday.

Kansas—Increasing cloudiness, warmer Friday. Saturday unsettled.

Montana—Unsettled Friday and Saturday, probably showers, except fair Saturday west; not much change temperature.

Wyoming—Unsettled Friday and Saturday, probably scattered thunder showers; not much change temperature.

Fire Record.

A. M.	Loss.
12:00—302 Lafayette St.; Uzall & Landau	Not given
12:45—324 Canal St., S. Horwitz	Slight
1:45—2,111 So. Blvd., S. Tanner	Not given
10:50—239 Livingston St.; Friseiman & Brenner	Not given
11:20—52 E. 111 St., B. Pittman	Slight
11:45—Front of 74 Spring St. (auto truck); Stand Gas Light Co.	Slight
11:50—422 E. 124 St.; J. Calzone	Slight
P. M.	
12:40—618 E. 12 St.; Philmia de Bocco	Not given
1:20—420 1 Av.	Not given
1:30—230 E. 66 St.	Not given
8:45—174 Lexington Av.; A. Batarapella	Not given
8:45—2,160 Baychester Av.; Rudolph Hoffman	Not given
7:00—17 Sheriff St.; R. Cohen	Slight
9:25—180 Mercer St.; Mercer Hat Co.	
8:30—112 E. 23 St.; I. Saxron	Not given
9:00—Palisade Av., 4, 247 St. (auto); Patrick Meehan	Not given
9:10—528 W. 50 St.; L. Harting	Slight
10:15—410 E. 84 St.; William Ballinger	Not given
10:40—30 St. & 2 Av.	Slight
10:40—174 W. 65 St. (awning)	Not given
10:55—111 Lenox Av.	Not given

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JOINT SERVICE WITH HAMBURG AMERICAN LINE
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Reliance June 13, July 11, Aug. 8
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Large new American ships offering most comfortable accommodations. Direct route to South America. Unequalled cuisine.
S.S. Santa Teresa, May 24
S.S. Santa Rosa, June 14
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10 Hanover Sq., N. Y.
GRACE LINE

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To JAPAN, CHINA, MANILA
Passenger and Freight Service
Merchants Building, 4-10 Bridge St., N. Y.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

(All the Times Indicated Are Under Daylight Saving.)

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook. A. M.	Sandy Hook. P. M.	Governors Island. A. M.	Governors Island. P. M.	Hell Gate. A. M.	Hell Gate. P. M.
High water	2:36	3:19	3:22	4:11	1:33	6:16
Low water	8:08	9:32	8:56	10:26	12:48	12:12

THE SUN.

	Rises. A. M.	Sets. P. M.
	5:26	8:00

Incoming Steamships Carrying Mail

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Touraine	Havre	May 9
Metapan	Kingston	May 13

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Saxonia	Liverpool	May 13
Asuncion	Montevideo	April 30
Aquitania	Southampton	May 12
President Pierce	Cherbourg	May 11

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Stockholm	Gothenburg	May 6
Constantinople	Fiume	May 6
Paris	Havre	May 14

DUE SUNDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Finland	Southampton	May 12
Adriatic	Queenstown	May 14
Columbia	Glasgow	May 6
Pastores	Port Limon	May 14

DUE MONDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Orduna	Southampton	May 13
United States	Copenhagen	May 11
Sulia	Mayaguez	May 17
San Lorenzo	San Juan	May 17

DUE TUESDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Columbia	Glasgow	May 13
Orizaba	Havana	May 20

DUE WEDNESDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Bayern	Hamburg	May 12
Manchuria	Hamburg	May 13

Other Incoming Steamships

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Gallia	Sagua	May 8
Princess May	Port Morant	May 12
Kathlamba	Philadelphia	May 17
Byron D. Enos	Boston	May 17
Kerhonkson	Dublin	April 26
Borkholm	Murray Bay	May 21
Sagamore	Boston	May 16
Sandfiltz	Boston	May 16
Alex	Boston	May 18
Lake Winthrop	Turks Island	May 18
Catalina	Martinique	May 12
Snarefjord	Dublin	May 10
Caddo	Cristobal	May 10
Penang Maru	Philadelphia	May 17
East Side	Bordeaux	May 17
Tuscan	Norfolk	May 17
Apache	Jacksonville	May 16
Ville du Havre	Havre	April 19
Jacona	Constantinople	April 21
Kotonia	Jucaro	May 10
Basse	Sierra Leone	April 22
Paloma	Nuevitas	May 18
Janus	Malaga	May 1
Paul H. Harwood	Tampico	May 17
Jefferson	Norfolk	May 17
Cohasset	Norfolk	May 17
J. H. Devereux	Norfolk	May 17

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Assyria	Glasgow	May 3
Aladdin	Christiania	April 28
Maine	London	May 6
Country	Sierra Leone	May 8
Cassiana	Lisbon	May 6
Varg	P'to Colombia	May 6

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Zaramba	London	May 6
Virginia	Cristobal	May 10
Tyne	Dunkirk	May 6

DUE SUNDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
City of Lincoln	Hull	May 1
Ryuku Maru	Liverpool	May 4
Eastern Admiral	Lisbon	May 3
Chickasaw	Hamburg	May 6

DUE MONDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Eastern Tempest	Dublin	April 30

DUE TUESDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Georgia	Malaga	April 30

DUE WEDNESDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Montana	London	May 13
Veronica	Liverpool	May 13

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer.	Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Stavangerfjord	Bergen	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Norway, Sweden and Finland.
Munargo	Nassau	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Bahamas.
Segovia	Savanilla	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.	Haiti, Jamaica and Colombia.
Lake Floravista	Nassau	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Bahamas.
Steel Engineer	Buenos Aires	10:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.	Argentina, Uruguay and Paraguay.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Steamer.	Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Presidente Wilson	Dubrovnik	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Azores. (Italy, Greece and Jugoslavia specially addressed.)
Ryndam	Rotterdam	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia. (Specially addressed.)
Lafayette	Havre	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia. (Specially addressed.)
Bereby	Accra	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Senegal and Gambia. (Canary Islands and other parts of West Africa specially addressed.)
America	Bremen	9:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Great Britain, Ireland, South Africa and Madeira and Cape Verde Islands.
Gotland	Antwerp	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Belgium and Luxemburg. (Specially addressed.)
Dante Alighieri	Naples	10:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Italy.
Cédric	Liverpool		12:00 M.	No mails.
Majestic	Southampton	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia.
Escapa	Tela	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Jamaica, Guatemala and British Honduras. (Cuba specially addressed.)
Siboney	Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Cuba. (Specially addressed only.)
Porto Rico	San Juan	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Porto Rico, St. Thomas and St. Croix. (Specially addressed.)
Philadelphia	Puerto Cabello	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Curacao and Venezuela. (Porto Rico specially addressed.)
Calamares	Port Limon	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Costa Rica and Nicaragua. (Cuba and parts of Honduras specially addressed.)
Huron	Barahona	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Turks Island and Dominican Republic.
Dominic	Iquitos	11:00 A.M.	3:00 P.M.	North Brazil and Iquitos.
Quiaca	Barbados	11:00 A.M.	3:00 P.M.	St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts and Barbados.

SAIL MONDAY.

Steamer.	Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Ft. Hamilton	Hamilton	7:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Bermuda.
Ecuador	Corinto	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Salvador. (Canal Zone, Panama, Nicaragua and Guatemala must be specially addressed.)

SAIL TUESDAY.

Steamer.	Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Aquitania	Southampton	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia.
Wm. M. Tupper	Georgetown	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.	Grenada, St. Vincent, Trinidad, Ciudad Bolivar and British Guiana.

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer & Destination.	Date.	Time of Sailing. Hour.
Storm King, Rotterdam	May 19	12:00 M.
Servian Prince, Buenos Aires	May 18	12:00 M.
Amerika, Glasgow	May 20	12:00 M.
Vardulia, London	May 20	12:00 M.
Nile, Calcutta	May 20	
Assiout, Gibraltar	May 20	12:00 M.
Matilda Peirce, Genoa	May 20	12:00 M.
Romania, Marseilles	May 20	12:00 M.
Burgos, Manila	May 20	12:00 M.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
Syria	Marseilles	May 12
Corsica	Marseilles	May 14
Cabo Ortegal	Tarragona	May 14
St. Paul	Hamburg	May 14
Northwestern Miller	Hull	May 15
Asia	Lisbon	May 16
Chateau Thierry	Flushing	May 16
Port Hacking	Fremantle	May 14
Huronian	Liverpool	May 17
Kroonland	Antwerp	May 17
Carrillo	Cristobal	May 17
Portuguese Prince	Buenos Aires	May 19
Panchaud	Marseilles	May 17
Solbors	Swansea	May 17
Noordam	Rotterdam	May 17
Gradiana	Leith	May 16
Mathven	Suez	May 16

SAILED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Almagro	Cristobal	May 17
Sixaola	Cristobal	May 17
A. L. Kent	Cristobal	May 17
Harmonides	Buenos Aires	May 17
Western Scout	Hamburg	May 17
Kentucky	Colombo	May 17
Bandeide	Valencia	May 16
Consort	Bristol	May 17

Transpacific Mails

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Station at 5 P. M. as follows:

Hawaii, via San Francisco	Manoa	May 18
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed only), via Seattle	Tydareus	May 19
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed only), via Seattle	Welsh Prince	May 20
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, French Indo-China, Netherlands East Indies (except Sumatra), Straits Settlements, Philippine Islands, via Seattle; also parcel post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indo-China and Straits Settlements	Bay State	May 22
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, French Indo-China and Netherlands East Indies (except Sumatra), via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indo-China and Straits Settlements	China	May 23
Japan, Korea and Siberia, via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Japan and Korea	Siberia Maru	May 29
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Society Islands, Cook Islands, New Zealand and Australia	Marama	May 26

Pacific Mails

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Perth, April 13; Adelaide, April 17; Hobart, April 17; Brisbane, April 18; Melbourne, April 19; Sydney, April 19; Wellington, April 24; Auckland, April 25; Suva, April 26, and Honolulu, May 6—which arrived per steamer Niagara, were dispatched east from Seattle on May 13, and are due in New York this morning.

CUNARD AND ANCHOR LINES
N. Y. to Cherbourg and Southampton
AQUITANIA ..... May 23 June 13 July 4
BERENGARIA ..... May 30 June 20 July 11
MAURETANIA ..... June 6 June 27 July 18
N. Y. to Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg
SAXONIA ..... May 20 July 1 Aug. 12
CARONIA ..... June 17 July 29 Aug. 31
N. Y. to Cobh (Queenstown) and Liverpool
CARMANIA ..... May 18 *June 15 July 13
SCYTHIA (new) ..... May 25 June 22 July 20
SAMARIA (new) *May 31 *June 28 *July 26
LACONIA (new) ..... June 8 July 6 Aug. 3
CARMANIA ..... *June 16 July 14 Aug. 11
*Sailing from Boston. †Calls Boston June 14.
N. Y. to London Direct.
PANNONIA ..... June 23
N. Y. to Londonderry and Glasgow
COLUMBIA ..... May 27 June 24 July 22
CAMERONIA ..... June 3 Oct. 7
ALGERIA ..... June 14 July 12 Aug. 26
N. Y. to Vigo & Mediterranean Ports.
ITALIA ..... June 10
Boston to Londonderry, Liverpool and Glasgow.
ASSYRIA ..... May 24 July 5 Sept. 13
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To CADIZ and BARCELONA
S. S. Antonio Lopez ..... About June 28
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To VIGO, CORUNA, GIJON, SANTANDER and BILBAO
S. S. Reina Maria Cristina ..... May 19
(Passengers sailed to or from N. Y. M. May 22)
To HAVANA & VERA CRUZ
S. S. Antonio Lopez ..... About May 31
S. S. Montserrat ..... About June 16
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Southern Cross ..... May 31
American Legion ..... June 14
Pan America ..... July 5
Western World ..... July 26
Fortnightly thereafter
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S. S. Pastores ..... June 8th
S. S. Venezuela ..... June 20th
From Norfolk One Day Later.
Information from any Steamship, Tourist or Railroad agent, or
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To Cherbourg—Southampton
MAGNIFICENT TRIO WEEKLY SAILINGS
Majestic (new) P.M. May 19 June 17 July 15
Olympic (1) P.M. June 8 June 29 July 27
Homeric (new) (1) P.M. June 22 July 1 July 29
To Cobh (Queenstown) and Liverpool
UNEXCELLED WEEKLY SERVICE.
Celtic ..... May 20 June 17 July 15
Adriatic ..... May 27 June 24 July 22
Celtic ..... June 3 July 1 July 29
Baltic ..... June 10 July 8 Aug. 5
To Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples and Genoa.
Arabic (11,224 tons) ..... 11 A.M. July 8 Aug. 29
Cretic ..... 11 A.M. Aug. 8 Sept. 27

RED STAR LINE
To Plymouth, Cherbourg and Antwerp
Finland ..... May 27 July 1 Aug. 5
Kroonland ..... June 3 July 8 Aug. 12
Lapland ..... June 10 July 15 Aug. 19
Zeeland ..... June 17 July 22 Aug. 26
TO ANTWERP
Gothland ..... May 20

AMERICAN LINE
To Hamburg via Plymouth and Cherbourg
Hamburg (2d class) P.M. May 24 June 21
Manchuria ..... P.M. May 31 July 12
St. Paul ..... P.M. June 7 July 12
Mongolia ..... P.M. June 21
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Special Trips TO ATLANTIC HIGHLANDS AND RETURN
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SALESMANAGER will invest ability and money in proposition of merit; full particulars. A 328 Times

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WANTED—For the exploitation of an unusually promising patent of the dyestuff industry the co-operation of high-grade party with $25,000 is desired. Address Expert, C 805 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE of genuine ability and mentality desires to form partnership with man who has capital to invest, but who does not necessarily wish to devote his time. D 398 Times.

$100,000 additional capital needed by French perfume firm, having already a fairly large distribution in United States; the money will be used to advertise and increase the sales; no brokers wanted. F 135 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21 to 24 years of age, wanted by growing manufacturing concern; must be willing to start in factory; investment $2,000 necessary. V 787 Times Downtown.

PARTNER wanted to match $15,000 investment in profitable manufacturing of a building necessity; demand exceeds supply. C 982 Times.

WANTED—Imported merchandise, describe with lowest price. D 418 Times.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

ONE of my clients, with a proven local demand for the fastest selling automotive accessory on the market, desires to find a man who can secure a national demand for their product by placing exclusive State or county distributors; give full information of your ability in first application. Address, by mail only, H. N. McClenahan, Suite 1021, 3 Hanover St., New York.

REPRESENTATIVE wanted—Company manufacturing a mechanical device of exceptional merit and indorsed by qualified engineers desires a representative in New York City. This is a legitimate proposition and men of ability and high standing only need apply. Appointment by telephone. Pennsylvania 5000, extension 122. 9 A. M.-6 P. M.

PRIVATE SANITARIUM ASSOCIATE WANTED—Intend opening high-class medical and surgical city sanitarium; wish partner provably capable conducting such; investing half necessary capital; opportunity hospital superintendent or sanitarium executive to enter this business. Replies strictly confidential. J 849 Times.

RADIO engineer or instrument maker wanted as partner by an electrical engineer; only persons prepared to share in moderate investment and hard work may answer; references given and required. D 389 Times.

OPPORTUNITY for experienced woman as manager of cafeteria to become an active partner in well paying tea room; must invest about $2,000; income guaranteed. H 561 Times.

REPRESENTATIVE of American corporation about to leave for Germany and Holland would negotiate personal or commercial business for individual or corporation. Y 2401 Times Annex.

LARGE plant in Hoboken, N. J., fully equipped and now building hoisting machinery can take on extra work. J. Matteson, 1,228 Willow Av., Hoboken, N. J.

AMERICAN-RUSSIAN business man seeks connection with high-grade firm or individuals who desire to enter Russian market. S 96 Times.

C. P. A. with staff of 10 catering to wearing apparel industry would like to meet C. P. A. with like qualifications for mutual advantage. Z. Y. Z, 181 Times.

IMPORTERS buy directly from Europe, take advantage of low rate of exchange; we find what you want, mornings or afternoons. G. Seiler, 1416 Woolworth Bldg.

HAVE equipped office with selling organization; also warehouse whose facilities open for any proposition. C 929 Times Downtown.

WE HAVE cracker-jack selling organization, with offices downtown; open to a live proposition. H 990 Times Downtown.

LEAVING for Europe, will represent textile concerns; commission basis. F 220 Times.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—High-class dressmaking establishment on 5th Av.; established 20 years. For particulars write R. X., 1,267 Broadway.

FOR SALE—Multigraph business, within 2 blocks Wall St.; space 20x50; established two years. C 806 Times Downtown.

GOOD dairy and dry goods business; must sell, account sickness; reasonable. Call 806 Hall Av., Perth Amboy, N. J.

PATENT covering horse-drawn bobsled for lumbering and farming. N. M. McEachern, Mitchel Field, Long Island, N. Y.

TEN-YEAR lease, entire building, two stores, four apartments, upper 40's; bargain. Longacre 8751.

GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY—Gas station for sale; large profits. J. & J., 3,020 Fort Hamilton Parkway, Brooklyn.

REAL ESTATE office fruit and candy store, subway terminal; 13-year lease, $5,000. Y 2337 Times Annex.

FOR SALE—High-class electrical stores doing a large supply and contracting business; also radio; select neighborhood. D 403 Times.

FOR SALE—Knitting plant, new equipment, 10 Britton machines. 674 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn.

PLANT, in garment centre district; very light loft; $2,000. Max Litwin, 231 West 29th St.

DRESS PLANT, light loft, 12 machines, complete equipment, cheap. 30-32 W. 26th.

SHOE store fixtures; lease, desirable location; sacrified; act quickly. F 140 Times.

EXCLUSIVE men's shop for sale; best location in Newark. Call Market 8380.

BIG department store for sale; long lease; established 30 years. S 873 Times.

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Readers of The New York Times will render valuable aid by supplying information regarding misleading advertisements that may appear in spite of careful censorship.—Advt.

SUSPECT DRUGGISTS OF BOOTLEG SCHEME

Two Hundred and Eighty Concerns Face Questioning Over Illegal Withdrawals.

BOBBED BLOND A SLEUTH

Cafe Royale and Farragut Inn Are Raided—Ex-Pugilists Guard Steamship Piers.

Two hundred and eighty retail drug concerns have come under the suspicion of Zone Chief John D. Appleby, in charge of the general prohibition agents in New York and New Jersey, because of the receipts in New York and New Jersey of liquors consigned to them which had been withdrawn on forged liquor withdrawal papers. Withdrawals were in small quantities—under fifteen cases—and under a ruling that no verification was required from the Director's office.

A total of 500 cases of liquors has been seized by Mr. Appleby's agents, 300 cases being confiscated yesterday morning in raids at the American Railway Express Company's offices in Jersey City and Brooklyn. The liquors seized yesterday were consigned to druggists in Manhattan, The Bronx and Brooklyn. Already seventy-five retail druggists who are alleged to have received liquors on forged permits have visited Chief Appleby's office in response to an invitation to appear and explain.

Chief Appiby said he is satisfied that there exists a well organized and heavily financed liquor ring involving retail druggists, warehouse men and distillers. He said indictments would follow.

The Royale, 7 East Fifty-second Street, was raided early yesterday morning. No one is allowed to dine there, it was said, in anything but evening clothes. Three agents, accompanied by a blond bobbed-haired young woman, failed to observe this rule. Frank Bussa, the waiter, declined to wait on them.

The agents then called in Frank Imbrici, the head waiter.

"We're a party from up-State," explained one of the agents. "We've just arrived and haven't had time to change our clothes yet."

Dinner was ordered. It cost $17.75, and was scant at that. A round of drinks cost $10. The agents then arrested Bussa and Imbrici and left a summons for Anthony Borgol, the owner.

Just before this raid one of the agents and the bobbed-haired girl visited the confectionery store of Frank Gannon at 1,103 Third Avenue. The pair consumed ice cream sodas. Then the girl, it is alleged, whispered to Charles Hoffman, a clerk, "I've got a sucker here. Will you let us have some whisky?"

It is alleged that Hoffman got a pint of whisky from a "speak easy" upstairs for $4.50. Hoffman was arrested. A summons was left for Frank Gannon, the owner, according to Colonel Chris Fortman, chief of the city agents.

It became known yesterday that steamship companies have recruited unemployed pugilists to guard piers from an invasion of bootleggers. "Gunboat" Smith, former pugilist, who is now stevedore at Pier 7, East River, and commander of the guards, routed some bootleggers yesterday morning who had attempted to buy liquor from the Princess May, a fruit steamer which arrived yesterday from Jamaica. The alleged bootleggers fired two shots.

Speedy motor boats appeared as the ship docked. The crews of the motor boats displayed money and asked for liquor. Smith knocked down four alleged bootleggers on the pier and with two of his men and a rowboat chased the motor boats away.

Mr. and Mrs. Morris Bogoslofsky, 384 Dumont Street, Brooklyn, were arrested on a charge of selling a pint of "White Mule" whisky for $3 to Prohibition Agent Sam Weisenberg.

Edmund T. La Brecque, former owner of a warehouse bearing his name at 600 Ogden Street, Newark, John Lieboldt, a former employe, and Oscar Friedrich, a former saloonkeeper, were placed on trial yesterday before Judge Rellstab in Federal Court in Newark, charged with conspiracy to withdraw liquor from the La Brecque warehouse.

The Farragut Inn, 564 Warburton Avenue, Hastings, N. Y., owned by Kaufman Brothers, was raided yesterday on a search warrant by Federal Prohibition Agents Kern, Ward, Barry, John Wilson and Michael Prendergast. Kern and Ward were there Tuesday evening and allege that they bought drinks at 75 cents each. About 5,000 worth of Scotch and rye liquors, champagne and wine and one bottle of benedictine were seized. Summonses were left for the owners.

Led by Colonel Fortman, several agents late yesterday afternoon raided three rooms in the building of the Faultless Box and Lumber Company, 610-614 East Nineteenth Street, and seized three stills and a quantity of denatured alcohol. The raid followed the arrest yesterday morning by Agents Kerrigan and Stafford of Vincent Eckers of 400 East Seventy-fifth Street, driver of a truck, which was seen to leave the place with a load of denatured alcohol in five-gallon cans. Commissioner Hitchcock held the driver in $500 bail for further examination.

Theodore H. Densmore of Nassau, pilot, and Clinton Saunders, captain of the British sloop Grace and Edna, which was seized Monday night off the coast of Monmouth Beach, N. J., with more than 1,000 cases of whisky aboard, were arraigned before Federal Judge Rellstab in Newark yesterday and held in $2,500 bail as material witnesses.

A large quantity of liquor obtained by the police of Brooklyn in 300 or more seizures dating back to 1921 has been ordered destroyed by judges in the County Court.

SEES PROHIBITION GAINING.

Anderson Praises Republicans for Efforts to Enforce Law.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., May 18.—Speaking today before the New York Congregational Conference, William H. Anderson, State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, declared that the tide is turning in the enforcement of prohibition and that "as usual it is the wets who are destroying themselves. He praised Ralph A. Day, Federal Prohibition Director of this State, especially because of his announced purpose to have nothing but straight and efficient agents on his staff.

"There will be an attempt," Mr. Anderson said, "to penalize the Republican Party for this action on the part of Mr. Day, who has squarely faced the fact that most of the enforcement agents in New York City are either inefficient or dishonest. New York City politicians who have persistently refused to recommend honest men will rend the heavens with their shrieks over Mr. Day's announced purpose to appoint for operation in New York City tested, honest men of character from up-State."

"The moral forces of the State should know," he added, "that to the best of our information and belief the responsible leaders of the Republican organization in this State are making an honest effort to discharge its responsibility. Yet a lot of politicians have loaded down the service with ex-convicts, bootleggers, political soldiers of fortune and tools of politicians for revenue. Things are far from perfect, but they are being improved and the best way to continue the improvement is to stand by the men who are serving the public."

PROTESTS CONVICTION OF OFFICER IN FRANCE

Senator Watson Insists Military Court Lacked Jurisdiction in Slaying of Home Wrecker.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—Protest against the conviction in France of Captain Rosser C. Malone of Albany, Ga., for killing a fellow-officer who had broken up his home, was made in the Senate today by Senator Watson, Democrat, of Georgia, after he, with Senator Harris, Democrat, of Georgia, and Representative Park, Democrat, of Georgia, had visited the War Department.

Senator Watson said that Captain Malone was sentenced to twenty years' imprisonment by the military court-martial, although, the Senator asserted, the offense was beyond the powers of a military tribunal. Citing the Constitution, the Articles of War and other statutes, Senator Watson contended that a military court has no jurisdiction over other than military offenses. He said all such convictions should be set aside.

Senator Watson said that if Captain Malone had been able to summon witnesses from Panama he would have been acquitted within ten minutes by a civil jury by getting "the benefit of the unwritten law." Senator Watson said he had so advised the Assistant Secretary of War, and he asked that the authorities give immediate and careful consideration to his point that military tribunals were without jurisdiction over civil offenses.

SUES COL. W. B. THOMPSON.

Russian Symphony Society Asks $37,500 as Due on Guaranty.

Colonel William Boyce Thompson was sued in the Supreme Court yesterday by the Russian Symphony Society for a balance of $37,500 alleged to be due under an agreement made in 1918 by which he became a guarantor for the society and agreed to pay up to $60,000 in behalf of the society. The complaint alleges that Colonel Thompson was elected President; Boris A. Bakhmeteff, the Russian Ambassador, Honorary President; Percy Rockefeller, Vice President, and Margaret Woodrow Wilson, Chairman of the Ladies' Committee.

The society alleges that as a result of Colonel Thompson's agreement it arranged a season of twenty weeks in 1918-1919 and engaged Modest Altschuler as conductor, with an orchestra of fifty artists. It is stated that when the season ended the society was heavily in debt and some of its obligations are still unpaid, and that Colonel Thompson refuses to pay the balance of $37,500 due on his guaranty.

POLICE FINES LISTED.

Many Lose From One to Four Days' Pay for Breaches of Rules.

Fines imposed on patrolmen found guilty of being off post or other neglect of duty, many of the cases going back to the first of the year, were published in the Police Department orders yesterday. The fines range from one to four days' pay, several patrolmen having two charges against them.

The charges mostly are for improper patrol, for being in former saloons, or for talking to citizens for a length of time which could be held as gossiping. There are several charges of failing to prevent or discover burglaries, and of being in conversation with women. One man was fined two days' pay for smoking a cigar in an automobile while off duty.

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15 cents a word each insertion.

Bank and business references required from all advertisers in this classification.

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INSTALMENT men's and women's clothing business, established 6 months, outstanding accounts between $6,000 and $7,000, merchandise $2,000, furniture and fixtures $1,500; owner ill; must sell; bargain to right party; location in Harlem, with good trade name. Answer Wieder, 752 Broadway.

MOVIES, seating 600, wonderful location, cheap rent, long lease; for sale, $4,000; cannot attend account of other business; partnership considered. Inquire Feinberg, 1,545 Broadway, Room 409, from 11 to 1 and 5 to 7; terms to suit.

FOR SALE.

Souvenir store, located on Surf Av., Coney Island; doing good business; must have $4,000 cash. John Bergman, Henderson Building, Coney Island, N. Y.

DAYLIGHT MOVIE THEATRE.

Wonderful for open air audiences; exclusive rights for sale. Write Arthur L. Macbeth, inventor and patentee, 1,530 Pennsylvania Av., Baltimore, Md.

COMPLETELY equipped trimmed hat plant for sale, including showroom and factory; ideal location; immediate possession; moderate rental. Nemo Hat Co., Inc., 55 W. 26th.

ATTENTION, travelers going to Germany! Wonderful opportunity to buy house in Stuttgart; newly renovated; improvements. Globe, 1,493 2d Av.

DRESS PLANT for sale, 16 machines, every improvement, modern building, with or without showroom. Clement Dress Co., 129 West 26th.

STORE for sale; brick building; best business location of Elmhurst and Jackson Heights. A. Barrymore, foot of 25th St. subway station, Elmhurst.

PROFITABLE upstairs clothing shop for sale; heart of main street of booming city; 35 minute ride from New York. Y 2853 Times Annex.

$300 BUYS spare time outdoor business; substantial returns; opportunity for immediate buyer. D 407 Times.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WONDERFUL OPPORTUNITY for drug store, ice cream parlor, butcher, grocer, restaurant and delicatessen; best location on Long Beach; stores will be ready for occupancy June 1; we'll give an exceptional good inducement to responsible people the first year. Victor Baking Co., 304 Hillside Av., Jamaica, N. Y.

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EMERGENCY FINANCING—Our clientele includes many successful and respected merchants; jewelry collateral only; large or small amounts; strictly legal rates. J. H. Lemon & Co. (Est. 1878), 478 6th Av., at 26th St. Telephone Watkins 6129.

MONEY!! MONEY MAKES MONEY! Money loaned in any amounts on diamonds, jewelry and silverware. Equitable Pledge Society, Inc., 8 East 14th St., near 5th Av. Safe Deposit vaults.

MONEY loaned on automobiles while in your possession; strictly confidential. Circle 6027.

LOANS, any amount, on good collateral. Goldwater, 266 5th Av. Longacre 8165.

LOANS, any amount, on good collateral. Wiedaver, 530 Grand St. Canal 6276-4490.

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PATENTS—Over 71 years' practice; all communications strictly confidential; handbook of patents free on request; special facilities for office consultation. MUNN & CO., patent attorneys, 618 Woolworth Bldg., New York.

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WAR DEPARTMENT

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Drive constipation out of your system with Kellogg's Bran!

Get away from the dangers that confront you and every member of your family if you are neglecting constipation or constipation conditions! Eat Kellogg's Bran, cooked and crumbled, every day, and you will be astonished at the improvement in your health and spirit!

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Kellogg's Bran, as nature's corrective food, sweeps, cleans and purifies. It regulates the bowels naturally and does not cause irritation or discomfort like pills and cathartics, which cannot afford permanent relief and only aggravate dangerous conditions!

You will like Kellogg's Bran, cooked and crumbled. Its nut-like flavor is delicious. Eat it as a cereal, sprinkle it over your favorite cereal, or use it in countless delightful ways in baking, such as in pancakes, gems, raisin bread, muffins, etc. Buy Kellogg's Bran at all grocers.

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MAKES A CLEAR MIND

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Times Square, New York

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Coat, Vest, Knickers and Regular Trousers

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Hart Schaffner & Marx
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Today and Saturday are the last two days of this offering

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